"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and probably Thursday; not much change in temperature; moderate south winds.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 21,053. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1915.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

## GERMAN ATTACK ON ALLIES' LOAN

### Nevertheless It Has Gained Favor as Protecting Our Own Interests.

### WEST ASKS FOR COLLATERAL

### Opponents Suggest a German $500,000,000 Credit to Absorb Available Funds.

### HILL CALLS ON J. H. SCHIFF

**Anglo-French Agents Try to Enlist Great Financial Houses Like That of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.**

Germans and their attitude toward the proposed credit of $1,000,000,000 for the Allies cut a large figure in yesterday's discussion of that financial transaction. On the one hand it was suggested that Germany embarrass its enemies by bringing out a $500,000,000 loan here. On the other it was intimated that great banking firms with German affiliations might participate in the huge loan proposed by the Anglo-French commission. The threat of German depositors to start runs on banks participating in the loan continued to be a live topic, but the danger was minimized.

There was a report in the financial district that efforts were making to arouse several big banking firms with pronounced Teutonic sympathies to a recognition of the helpful effect of the proposed financing in the determination of the war, and that if sufficient encouragement were received a backfire to the work of the commission would be started in the form of a big German loan. It was suggested that if a loan of $500,000,000 were brought out for Germany the subscriptions would absorb a large share of the free investment capital in this country, and would seriously impede the flotation of the credit for the Allies.

This propaganda was not taken seriously in quarters close to the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., partly because it would be impossible to get any considerable amount of goods from this country into Germany, and partly because of the lack of enthusiasm shown by German-Americans over the relatively small offering of $10,000,000 of German Government notes brought out some months ago by Chandler Bros. & Co. It is understood that enthusiasm over the German cause did not extend to the point of any widespread response to this offering, and that most of the notes were left on the underwriters' hands.

**Seeking More Banking Aid.**

The other development was what was regarded as an eleventh-hour effort to conciliate firms with German sympathies which felt affronted because none of their members had been invited to meet the visiting bankers on their arrival here. A visit by James J. Hill to the offices of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. was construed as the first step in an effort to enlist the powerful aid of that firm, which is the second largest private banking institution in the country, in support of the loan.

Mr. Hill said afterward that he had only made a social call on Jacob H. Schiff as an old friend, but it was regarded as significant that Mr. Schiff had suddenly returned to the city for the day It was reported afterward that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. would not take unkindly an invitation to join hands with other big firms in financing a commercial credit.

A banker who is looked upon as a leader among the larger pro-German banking houses in New York said of these overtures:

"There is no doubt in my mind that many banking houses with Teutonic affiliations might be induced to take part in this undertaking, despite the natural course of their sympathies, not because it would be helpful to the Allies, but because it may be essential to the maintenance of the commerce and industries of the United States."

It was made plain that some pro-German bankers felt keenly the failure of the men who are guiding the activities of the Anglo-French commission to include them in the invitations to meet the Commissioners. These men said yesterday that they were primarily Americans, regardless of the direction of their sympathies toward foreigners. They regard their interests and the welfare of the United States as bound together, and would not hesitate to join in the loan if convinced that it was for the furtherance of American trade.

**Depositors' Threats Minimized.**

Neither the Commissioners nor the American bankers with whom they had talked, outside of a few from the Middle West, appear to be seriously concerned over the threat of German opposition to the proposed loan. A number of threatening letters have been received by the commission, but these are no more than they expected, and none of them bore evidence of having emanated from responsible quarters. The National City Bank, with 2,500 correspondent banks throughout the country, had not received a single protest from these banks yesterday, and of its tens of thousands of depositors only one had objected to the bank participating in the loan. Other institutions were less fortunate in that respect, having heard from a number of their depositors who protested vigorously.

The real opposition, if it develops, is looked for in the Middle West, and it is believed that Mr. Hill had this in mind when he called attention to the relation between the proposed credit and the market for the tremendous harvests now being gathered. It is with the possibility of concerted opposition in mind that the negotiations are proceeding slowly. It is the desire of both the Commissioners and the local bankers that the educational campaign being carried on should keep pace with

Continued on Page 3.

## TWO ZEPPELINS GONE AFTER LATEST RAID?

### Five Pass By Holland; Three Return—Six Air Attacks on England in Eight Days.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent sends the following dispatch:

"A telegram from Ameland, Holland, says that only three of five Zeppelins which last evening sailed westward returned this morning, flying in an easterly direction."

Another German air raid was made over the east coast of England last night, but so far as appears there were no casualties and no damage was done.

A single Zeppelin was the raiding aircraft, according to the official announcement, which read:

A Zeppelin visited the east coast last night. Bombs were dropped. Anti-aircraft guns, fixed and mobile, were in action.

So far as can be ascertained, there were no casualties, and no damage was done.

The Star says that the total casualties from airship raids in the last seven days amount to 166.

"During this period there have been no fewer than five air raids on England," The Star says. "The first raid of the series took place on Tuesday night, resulting in fifty-six casualties. The second, in the eastern counties, occurred on the following night, when there were 106 victims. The third and fourth were both futile. Yesterday's (Monday's) attack, with four victims, brings up the total for the five raids to 166."

The question of defense against airship raids was brought up in the House of Commons today, an attempt being made to interrogate Thomas J. MacNamara, Financial Secretary of the Admiralty. Mr. MacNamara evaded discussion of this point by saying it would be improper to give any information in regard to what was being done. The member who questioned Mr. MacNamara was anxious to know whether the Government at this late date was seriously considering for the first time the defense of London, and whether the Admiralty had studied carefully the steps so successfully taken for the protection of Paris from air attacks.

## 2,300 TRAWLERS VIE IN SUBMARINE HUNT

### Great Patrol Fleet Now Guards British Isles—U-Boats Leave a Tell-tale Wake.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—The telltale wake they leave is responsible for the losses of German submarines, according to The Daily News, which says:

"The losses have been more than formidable; they are irretrievable."

The submarine leaves a peculiar trail on the surface, marked by air bubbles. Auxiliary boats follow this curious wave, which seamen soon learn to recognize, although it is not easy to distinguish in rough weather.

Twenty-three hundred trawlers are now engaged in the submarine hunt, constantly patrolling the waters around the British Isles.

The writer in The Daily News tells how he stood on the seacoast, watching through binoculars three destroyers which were steaming at half speed, two abreast and one behind.

"Suddenly," he says, "the rear destroyer spurted forward and gathered speed, foam dashing over her bows; while the others zigzagged and guns crackled.

"Soon the firing ceased and the destroyers steamed on again as before. When the next tide came in, the water was coated with oil."

## GERMAN SUBMARINES PERFORM NEW FEATS

### Seize British Subject from Norwegian Ship and Take Another Vessel to Germany as a Prize.

CHRISTIANIA, Sept. 14, (via London.)—The latest exploit of a German submarine is the halting of a Norwegian vessel and the seizure, by a boarding party, of a British subject, who was carried off a prisoner.

This incident is reported by the captain of the steamer Bessheim, from whose ship the Englishman was taken. The Norwegian Legation at Berlin has been instructed to lodge a protest.

CHRISTIANSAND, Sept. 14, (via London.)—A German submarine operating along the Norwegian coast seized the timber steamer Randulf Hansen, from Arendal, Norway, for England, and took her to Germany as a prize. The same submarine set fire to the schooner Wansbeck, also bound from a Norwegian port for England, after placing the schooner's crew on board a Norwegian sailing vessel.

## GERMAN CROWN PRINCE A MENTAL WRECK?

### Rotterdam Report Says Argonne Campaign Worries Caused His Breakdown.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—A despatch to the Central News from Northern France gives this sensational report from a German source via Rotterdam.

"The Crown Prince is suffering from mental aberration, the result of the worries of the campaign. The Crown Prince has undoubtedly not spared himself in the atemtpt to strike a decisive blow on the Western front. Prisoners state that he did not sleep for three days during the recent offensive. He has now broken under the strain, but despite the Crown Princess's entreaties, he refuses to relinquish his command even temporarily."

Before going to the Panama Exposition be sure and buy an Accident Policy in The Travelers Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.—Advt.

## ROFRANO INDICTED, POLICE HUNT HIM

### Break Into Lawyer-Politician's Home with Bench Warrant Charging Murder.

### WATCH TRAINS AND BOATS

### Frank Fennimore Tells Grand Jury He Offered $2,000 for Killing of Gaimari.

### STARTED SECOND A. D. FEUD

**Ex-Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner Left Municipal Building Hurriedly on Monday.**

Michael A. Rofrano, former Deputy Commissioner of the Street Cleaning Department and for many years a strong political power in the Second Assembly District, was indicted yesterday by the Grand Jury for murder in the first degree. He is charged with having instigated the killing of Tom Foley's lieutenant, Mike Gaimari. Frank Fennimore, one of his henchmen, revealed his alleged connection with the crime to the District Attorney in his confession of Monday.

Detectives started to hunt for Rofrano on Monday. He was last seen on that afternoon in the corridor of the Municipal Building, where, it is believed, he was informed by a friend of Fennimore's intention to confess.

Detectives Wood and Jessup of the Central Office, who were assigned to make the arrest, wasted a lot of time chasing after Rofrano's brother. Yesterday morning, armed with a bench warrant for his arrest, they went to Rofrano's home at 11 Oliver Street and got in by way of the skylight. They found nobody home.

At the office of Rofrano's lawyer, Emory Buckner, of Root, Clark, Buckner & Howland, 31 Nassau Street, Mr. Howland said he had received a telephone massage from Rofrano's brother, who promised Rofrano would walk into the District Attorney's office as soon as he learned he was wanted. Mr. Buckner is recovering from an operation for appendicitis, and in his absence, Elihu Root, Jr., is prepared to act as Rofrano's counsel.

**Police Hue and Cry for Rofrano.**

Rofrano kept in hiding all day, and last night a general hue and cry was started for the man, who only a few months ago held an important $5,000 place in the Mitchel Administration. His Summer home in Keansburg, N. J., was watched without success. The Second District was seething with excitement last night which centred around the politician's Home Rule Democratic Club in Madison Street. To the police of every precinct a description of the fugitive was furnished and ferry slips and all railroad stations were watched.

The confession of Fennimore, repeated in part to the Grand Jury yesterday, stamped the politician-lawyer as the instigator of at least one murder and a principal in the political feud which has been marked by killings, assaults, and bomb outrages in the Second Assembly District for two years.

Fennimore told the Grand Jury that he had known Rofrano for more than five years. He had a poolroom in the Second District frequented by young Italians whose support Rofrano wanted after his break with Tom Foley. Many were persuaded to join Rofrano's new club, but Fennimore said they began to drift back into the Foley ranks as soon as they realized that Rofrano had no real political strength in the district and could not get them jobs. For this reason they were easy prey for Mike Gaimari, who, acting as Foley's lieutenant, lured his countrymen away from Rofrano.

**Plotted Murder for Two Years.**

Fennimore told the Grand Jury that for nearly two years he heard Rofrano discuss the advisability of killing Gaimari. Fennimore said he, Gaetano Montimagno and "Rocks" Cornell engaged in these talks. Rofrano seemed to have plenty of money to back his supporters in any scheme, but the plot to kill Gaimari did not come to a head until early last March.

Conferences were held in Brooklyn and Manhattan, and Fennimore said Rofrano was the guiding spirit in all the arrangements which led up to the murder. Fennimore told the Grand Jury that Montimagno did the shooting for which he has since been sentenced to the electric chair. He said Rofrano offered to pay $2,000 for the murder of Gaimari. Of this amount Montimagno was to get $200, but he was fleeced out of it because he had been caught.

The Grand Jury heard Louis De Mar, who was arrested on Monday as a material witness, and dismissed him after half an hour. Tomasso Porcaro and Joseph Brondini, who were arrested for subornation of perjury after Fennimore's confession, were held in $25,000 bail each by Magistrate Simms, in the Tombs Court, for examination tomorrow. Assistant District Attorney Murphy said both were also wanted by the Federal authorities. Rocco Leggiardo, also arrested as a material witness, was discharged from custody.

**Rofrano a Self-Made Man.**

Rofrano was born forty-two years ago on the lower east side of Italian immigrant parentage. He attended the public schools. He was apt at his books and handy with his fists as a boy. As a young man he entered politics and joined "Big Tom" Foley's Second District Tammany Club. His success in lining up Italian voters won him favor in Foley's eyes. Then he went into business as a contractor and made money.

He attended St. Joseph's Collegiate Institute in Buffalo for four years ended with 1894, so he swore on the stand once. His enemies tried to prove that he never went to the school, but several years afterward obtained an illegal certificate of graduation. His name does not appear on the school records.

In 1896 he was the leader of a Tammany club run in rivalry to another club under the leadership of Andrew Gambera. The two clubhouses were opposite each other in James Street. Each club held an outing on July 5, 1908, and on their return the members shot epithets and the balls of Roman candles at each other across the street. At the

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## Supposed Bombs Found on Liner Lapland; She Was to Sail Today With War Munitions

Excitement was caused last night on the White Star liner Lapland which is loading war munitions at West Nineteenth Street and is to sail at noon today for Liverpool; by the discovery in number two hatch on the orop deck of two small thick glass bottles containing chemicals.

Between 5 and 6 o'clock, when the longshoremen had quit work for supper, six of the company's private detectives employed to search for bombs, went through the holds carefully with electric torches. The detective who found the bottles notified Eddy Mallon, who was in charge, and he telephoned to Police Headquarters. Meantime nothing was said to the men at work on board or to the officers or crew of the Lapland.

Inspector Owen Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles went alone to the Lapland soon after 7 o'clock and inspected the place where the supposed explosives had been found. He looked at the two bottles and questioned Detective Enright who found them. If they simply contained chemicals for fire extinguishing purposes, the Inspector said, it was strange that they had been hidden in the hatch. The incident was considered significant in view of the fact that dynamite was found hidden in one of the cabins on the liner Arabic the night before she sailed, and on the following outward voyage she was torpedoed.

"The bottles are 4½ inches long and 1½ inches wide." Inspector Eagan continued, "and contain about four ounces. In one there is a dark liquid which may be bromine gas. This gas would be likely to burst and be highly inflammable to any vegetable fibre it came in contact with and in the hatchway flames could easily spread to the cargo. The other bottle contained a gray, smoky liquid resembling a foaming acid and was similar in color to nitric acid which is highly inflammable.

"The ordinary glass hand grenade fire extinguishers have corks at one end where the chemical is poured in, but in the two queer-shaped bottles found in the hatchway of the Lapland the neck had been turned over and blown back into the body of the bottle. At the other end there were two depressions in the glass as if made by fingers clutching it when the material was hot."

Inspector Eagan said that he could not give a definite answer as to the composition of the liquids in the bottles, but he took them to his laboratory and will analyze them today. The greatest care has been taken to guard the Lapland from being tampered with by German agents during her stay in port. Six private detectives have been on duty day and night, and the detectives from Police Headquarters have made daily visits to the ship to see if any strange characters lurked about the pier. Last night the Lapland was taking on motor trucks and each machine was carefully examined before it was slung on board to see if any fire bombs had been concealed in it.

The detective said that the bottles found might be bombs of the type that caused the fire in No. 2 hold of the Fabre liner Sant' Anna, which is now being escorted into the Azores by the Italian liner Ancona.

## RUSSIANS CAPTURE 14,000 TEUTONS

### Continue Success in Galicia and Assume Vigorous Offensive in South Russia.

### HINDENBURG NEARS DVINSK

**His Army in Great Drive at Czar's Northern Stronghold Takes 5,200 Prisoners.**

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—While the German drive toward Dvinsk goes forward unchecked, according to the Berlin official statement issued yesterday, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg's army has taken 5,200 prisoners in the encounters of the last twenty-four hours and forged ahead to within about thirty miles of the Dvinsk defenses, the Russians have not only sombred their successes in Galicia, where they are pressing the Austrians back, but have assumed the offensive in South Russia.

In the operations in these regions they are displaying the amazing energy that marked their sweep through Galicia in the latter part of last Winter. On Monday they captured near 14,000 officers and men, some artillery and machine guns and considerable other booty, besides inflicting great losses in killed and wounded. These captures, according to the official statements issued in Petrograd, brings the total of Austro-Germans taken since August 30 close to 55,000.

To revert to the operations in the north, Riga for the time being is left unthreatened by direct attack, but should von Hindenburg succeed in getting effective astride the Petrograd railway further south it would expose the Baltic port to a serious enveloping movement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 14, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Hitherto the German advance has been made by monotonous employment of a single method continued and repeated, the threat of one gigantic encircling movement after another compelling retirement of the Russian centre. The belief that the Germans are nearing their immediate objective is strengthened by the fact they now threaten no large encircling movement, but only a series of smaller movements.

Experts are of the opinion that the enemy are giving up hope of surrounding or destroying the Russian armies and now are merely seeking positions which will allow them to dig in and turn their attention to the western front. They cannot stop exactly where they are and send forces westward without exposing the armies that remain to extreme danger. They must either retire a considerable distance, an operation so hazardous that it is very unlikely, or obtain a firm hold on Dvinsk - Vilna - Lida - Rovno Railway. They must also secure this line from being outflanked in south and must seize and hold the River Dvina and railway on the eastern side, it running from Dvinsk to Riga.

As a result of the new movements the Germans have already reached the Dvinsk-Vilna-Lida-Rovno line at several points, and their present efforts are directed to compelling a Russian retirement between these points. The most important of the operations are concerned with Dvinsk and Vilna. The German occupation of Sventziany cuts the line between these places and gives the Germans means of quick transport by railway from Ponewitz southward to Vilna.

The Germans at Orany on the line of Bialystok-Vilna are slowly approaching the Mosty junction of the lines Grodno-Wolkowysk-Lida, southeast of Mosty. They are gradually forcing their way to the Slonina-Baronowitchy junction of the lines Vilna to Rovno and Brest to Moscow.

North and south of Dvinsk the Germans command the railway, but not near the Russian communications to the east. The Russians at points southwest and west of Dvinsk have fortified themselves between and behind lakes, which make outflanking impossible, and across ground swept by the fire of the Russian guns.

Nowhere on the whole front are the Germans making a step unpaid for. In a single day the altogether insignificant rear guard action at Skidel cost them several thousands, from which fact the gigantic daily cost of the increasingly slow advance may be judged.

Never since the war began has Russia had a larger share of allied collaboration.

### OFFICIAL WAR BULLETINS.

**Berlin Reports Continued Success on the Russian Front.**

BERLIN, Sept. 14, (via London).—The following report of the operations on the Eastern front was issued today:

Eastern Theatre of War.

Army Group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg: On the front between

Continued on Page 2.

## ALLIES REINFORCED AT DARDANELLES

### This and Silencing of Asiatic Batteries Cause Alarm in Constantinople.

### GERMAN SUBMARINE SUNK

**French Torpedo Boats Did It—Turks Reported Evacuating Asia Minor Towns.**

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A German submarine has been torpedoed and sunk by a French torpedo boat patrol between Mytilene and Tenedos, says an Athens dispatch to the Journal.

The Allied fleet has succeeded in locating Turkish batteries along the Asiatic shore of the Dardanelles, according to another Journal dispatch from Athens. Observers in a captive balloon spied out the Ottoman artillery, which was silenced by shells from British and French guns, with the result that the camps of the Allied troops now are more tenable.

Advices from Mytilene received at Athens are to the effect that large bodies of Franco-British troops are disembarking on the Gallipoli Peninsula. Steady progress by the Allies is reported to be causing consternation in Constantinople.

The absence of news from French soldiers who were fighting in the Dardanelles and had been reported missing has caused their families to become anxious regarding them. Since the early engagements in the Dardanelles the Turks have not reported the taking of prisoners, while the French and British continue to report men who have disappeared.

Relatives of such men, who became alarmed by telegrams from the Near East averring that the Turks were executing prisoners, have inquired through official channels of the American Embassy in Constantinople as to the reports. The Embassy was unable to give further satisfaction than the information that the Turks were sending prisoners to interior Asia, where they could be better fed, but with which communication is difficult.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The town of Fokia, Asia Minor, twenty-five miles northwest of Smyrna, is reported to be in flames, according to a Reuter dispatch from Athens, which says it is inferred that the Turks are destroying coast towns and retiring into the interior in expectation of the fall of the Dardanelles.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 14, (via London, Wednesday, Sept. 15.)—The War Office today made public the following official communication:

In the districts of Anafarta and Ari Burnu, in the Gallipoli Peninsula, Monday night our reconnoitring columns surprised the enemy trenches at several points.

Our artillery on Monday bombarded the enemy's concentration and provision column near Sedd-el-Bahr. The enemy bombarded a portion of our central trenches unsuccessfully.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 15.—Tonight's official bulletin says:

On the Black Sea our torpedo boats cruising in the coal region have destroyed a big steamer.

## GERMAN AVIATORS FALL FIGHTING TO DEATH

### Engine Crippled by British, They Kept Fighting Until Dashed to Earth.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—Writing from British General Headquarters under date of Sept. 13, a correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says:

"Two German aeroplanes were brought down in our lines today. The fate of one of them was preceded by an act of desperate bravery which won the admiration of our men in spite of their own peril.

"This Taube was sighted over our lines early this morning. It was one of the latest types armed with two machine guns—one fore and one aft—and flew at great speed. Nevertheless, one of our own aeroplanes, with smaller wing-spread and of lighter make, immediately mounted and gave chase. The enemy accepted the challenge and a thrilling duel took place, the two machines circling about each other, manoeuvring for position and firing at each other repeatedly.

"The pilot of our aeroplane showed the finest skill in banking about his adversary, and a remarkable shot hit the German machine in the petrol tank. It began to fall, and it was then clear to the two unhappy men in the biplane that they were dashing down to certain death; yet, without losing their nerve or pluck, they maintained their rapid fire. The men crashed to earth, and both were killed, but the machine was not much damaged and may be flown by our own aviators.

"The second Taube, which appeared later in the day, was also hit in a vital part, and burst into flames."

# LATEST ORDERS SENT TO SUBMARINES MEET OUR DEMANDS, BERLIN BELIEVES; DICTATED BY NEW SPIRIT IN GERMANY

### Berlin Explanation of Note on Hesperian Giving Reasons for Believing Mine Sank Liner

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—In connection with the delivery today to Ambassador Gerard by the German Government of a note in regard to the sinking of the steamship Hesperian, this semi-official explanation of the German position was given out:

"As we are informed from a competent source, the news already received, taken in connection with facts officially known, seems to exclude almost absolutely the possibility that a German submarine could under any circumstances have been concerned in sinking the British passenger steamer Hesperian.

"First, according to the pre-arranged distribution, no German submarine should have been on Sept. 4 in that part of the ocean in which the Hesperian sank.

"Furthermore, the explosion, according to descriptions received from British sources, was of such a nature as to indicate from its effects that it was rather of a mine than of a torpedo.

"The circumstances that, according to these descriptions, the vessel was struck near the bow and that the bow compartments filled with water, goes to confirm this assumption."

## DUMBA ON LEAVE SUITS WILSON

### Indeed, His Request Was Submitted to Lansing Before It Was Sent to Vienna.

### DEEMED A HAPPY SOLUTION

### Understood Ambassador Won't Return—Advance Publication Angers Diplomat.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—If the Austro-Hungarian Government recalls its Ambassador, Dr. Dumba, "on leave of absence for personal report," as requested by Dr. Dumba, the Government of the United States will regard this action as a very happy solution of the situation created by the offense given to the United States through Dr. Dumba's scheme to cripple munition plants in this country.

That the Washington Government would make no objection to the recall of Dr. Dumba on leave of absence was indicated by the fact, which became known today, that his telegram to the Minister for Foreign Affairs at Vienna, requesting that he be granted leave of absence to return to the capital of the Dual Monarchy in order to report personally, was submitted to Secretary Lansing before it was sent.

At the Summer Embassy of Austria-Hungary at Lenox today Dr. Dumba made public the text of his telegram to the Minister for Foreign Affairs. It read:

"I beg your Excellency to recall me on leave of absence for personal report."

He indicated that he was led to authorize its publication by the fact that the text of his telegram had appeared in a newspaper this morning, much to his astonishment. As a result of telegraphic correspondence between Ambassador Dumba and Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, the latter wrote to Secretary Lansing today complaining of the publication of the text of Dr. Dumba's telegram and expressing the opinion that it was obtained illegally. The indignation felt by the two Ambassadors was echoed at the State Department, where it was intimated that the matter would be called to the attention of the Department of Justice. In his note to the State Department Count von Bernstorff asserted that there had been other cases where suspicion was aroused that messages passing through Lenox had become known.

There is reason to believe that the request sent by Dr. Dumba to the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs was satisfactory to the Washington Government. It is now likely that the Dumba incident will be adjusted by his return to Vienna without further action by the United States. In his departure from this country the main object of the Washington Government will have been accomplished. There is no disposition to cause any humiliation to the Austro-Hungarian Envoy. Before he leaves this country it will be understood by the Government that he is not to return here. The probability is that after he reaches Vienna the United States will be notified that he will not go back to Washington, and that his letters of recall will be presented in due course.

### HAS ASKED LEAVE, SAYS DUMBA

**Will Return to Austria on That Basis—Engaging Passage.**

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 14.—Ambassador Dumba today announced that he had requested the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Office to recall him on leave of absence in order that he might make a personal report on the situation in the United States which resulted in the request by the United States Government for his recall. In authorizing The Associated Press to make the above announcement, Dr. Dumba expressed indignation that his message to the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs, Baron von Burian, already had become public without his consent or knowledge.

"I may say," said Dr. Dumba, "that I have sent this message to our Minister for Foreign Affairs: 'I beg your

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## DISAVOWAL NOW THE VITAL ISSUE

### Washington Insists Also That Germany Must Clarify Her Submarine Policy

### IF SHE WOULD END CRISIS

### Officials Optimistic, but Tension Remains and Continued Possibility of Rupture.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Indignation that was felt in official circles today over statements that the Government had agreed to arbitrate the differences with Germany on the Arabic sinking was responsible for a denial, authoritative, although not official, which left no doubt that President Wilson was opposed at the present stage of the negotiations to concede that there was any question for arbitration. There is no disposition to submit to an arbitral tribunal any matter involving the loss of American lives, and it is denied that the arbitration proposal of Germany has formed any part of the discussion now in progress between the two Governments.

The present efforts of the United States are directed toward convincing Germany that she was wrong in sustaining the commander of the submarine which attacked the Arabic. What this Government desires before details of the Arabic case are taken up for adjustment is a disavowal from Berlin of responsibility for the act of the submarine Captain. There is a possibility that the German Government may furnish this, and in that lies, in part, the basis for hopes here that the serious issue may be adjusted in an amicable manner.

No definite development is expected for a week or ten days, and Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, who came here Sunday to discuss the Arabic case with Secretary Lansing, will leave for Cedarhurst tomorrow and remain away until he hears from his Government with respect to the representations of the United States, made known to him in an informal way yesterday by the Secretary of State.

Secretary Lansing also is to take a needed rest. After attending the Mexican Peace Conference in New York on Saturday, he will probably not return to Washington, but will go to a cool place to recuperate from the mental and physical strain to which he has been subjected ever since the took the office.

Even to those who are inclined to take a gloomy view, it is apparent that there is no immediate danger of a clash. But among the best-informed the feeling is optimistic. The fact that negotiations over the Arabic are not to be conducted through formal notes, but in heart-to-heart talks between two trained diplomats—the German Ambassador and the Secretary of State—gives assurances to those concerned in the situation that a favorable adjustment is likely.

**Want Text of Instructions.**

This Government hopes to find in the settlement of the issue arising out of the sinking of the Arabic, a definite adjustment of the whole submarine controversy. The one thing needed is a determination whether after the pledge of Sept. 1, given through Count von Bernstorff, the German Government still intends to allow to submarine commanders a broad discretion as to the circumstances that may lead them to torpedo passenger vessels.

A clearer definition of the German position is desired, and it is believed that the suggestion has been made to Berlin that the best evidence of its good faith in the matter of sinking passenger ships can be furnished by the production of the instructions to submarine commanders modifying their original orders to make war on merchant shipping.

For the present this Government is aiming to obtain from Germany a disavowal of responsibility of the act of a submarine commander in ordering the attack on the Arabic. The evidence, collected by the United States concerning the circumstances of the Arabic incident, has been telegraphed to Berlin. It is regarded as so convincing that the

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## CANNOT BE MADE PUBLIC

### Would Prove the Hesperian Not Hit by Torpedo, It Is Intimated.

### TWO OTHER REASONS GIVEN

### One Is That No U-Boat Was Near the Scene of the Latest Attack on a Liner.

### HOLDS SHIP VICTIM OF MINE

**Place and Nature of Explosion Regarded as Proof of Cause of Disaster.**

BERLIN, Sept. 14, (via London, Sept. 15.)—It is believed here that the Hesperian note, handed to Ambassador Gerard today by the Foreign Office, will go far toward removing one factor of possible tension in the German-American negotiations regarding submarine warfare. In this note the German Government indicates two reasons for its faith that the Hesperian was not torpedoed—the fact that no German submarine was stationed in the sea zone where the Hesperian sank and that the damage to the ship bears evidence of an explosion of a mine.

Other reasons, even stronger, exist, to which it is difficult to refer, owing to the limitations imposed by the censorship.

Attention is given to the doubtfulness of similar incidents occurring again.

The political leaders of Germany express themselves as confident that the possibility for future error or accident with respect to the sinking of liners without warning has been minimized.

They hope that the Arabic case may be settled on the basis of Germany's offer to refer the question of reparation to The Hague, and that the difficulties with the United States over the submarine question, if they still exist, may be eliminated by reason of the instructions issued to submarine commanders, which are in clear, well-defined form.

It is pointed out in Berlin that if these instructions are interpreted and considered in connection with the changes which have taken place here, and the new spirit prevailing in the quarter most directly interested, they are adequate to meet the demands of the United States.

It is understood that only one submarine, which was engaged in commerce raiding on Sept. 4, the date of the Hesperian incident, is still out. This boat was operating, according to the statement made here, in a different section of the ocean.

### BERLIN GETS "EXPLANATION."

**Newspapers Continue Significantly Silent on American Relations.**

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—The afternoon papers print the official "explanation" of the Hesperian case along the line foreshadowed a week ago. The authorities announce that it is practically out of the question that a German submarine was concerned in the sinking, stating that on Sept. 4 no submarine was in the sea zone where the Hesperian was sunk, that according to accounts from English sources, the explosion was of such a nature as indicates that a mine rather than a torpedo hit the ship, and that this supposition is further strengthened by the fact that the ship struck near the bow and the two forward compartments were flooded.

The significant restraint, almost complete silence, of the German press on the relations with America continues. Particularly noticeable is the almost total absence of reference to American ammunition.

BERLIN, Sept. 14, (via London.)—The German Government, in a note from the Foreign Office to Ambassador Gerard, delivered at noon today, made a qualified disclaimer of responsibility for the sinking of the steamship Hesperian. On the face of the evidence thus far at hand the Government is satisfied that the Hesperian was not sunk by a German submarine.

The communication is a preliminary note which may be supplemented when all the facts in connection with the Hesperian incident are established definitely.

The German Government says that on the basis of the information thus far obtained, the theory that the Hesperian was sunk by a German submarine may apparently be abandoned absolutely.

It is stated that official records show that no submarine should have been in the vicinity of the Hesperian at the time she was blown up. Furthermore, the point is made that the violence of the explosion and the point at which the steamship was struck, as set forth in accounts of the disaster, indicate that it was due to a mine.

The report does not profess to be final, but is based on evidence so convincing to the Government that it feels safe in asserting that the Hesperian could not have been attacked by a German submarine.

The note contains, in addition to the statements thus made semi-officially, a paragraph to the effect that all the submarines, which were at sea on Septem-

ber 4, have not yet returned, but that there is no reason to expect that the reports, which they will supply will change the situation.

The note is a simple recital of the facts as the German Government sees them without any expression of sentiment or comment on the German submarine policy.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Dispatches from Berlin, announcing that the German Government had handed a note to Ambassador Gerard, disclaiming responsibility for the sinking of the Hesperian, and expressing the belief that the liner struck a mine, attracted comparatively little attention here.

As the Hesperian was struck when well beyond the zone in which German submarines usually operate, and as no one on board saw a submarine or a torpedo, officials had not expected an issue to develop over the case.

Up to a late hour tonight the note had not been received at the State Department.

## LONDON TALE OF CHASE OF AMERICAN LINER

### St. Paul Said to Have Been Pursued, But Passengers Deny Seeing U-Boat.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Word reached London today of an exciting chase of the American liner St. Paul by a German submarine as the former steamed toward Liverpool on Sunday. The story was told here in this way:

The St. Paul was toping easily along south of the Irish Coast early on Sunday when the Captain spied a submarine in the distance off the stern. The Captain evidently decided that it would be discreet to avoid contact with the German submarine and signaled the engine room to put on top speed. At the same time he ordered the wireless to signal for help. The wireless messages were caught up by the Admiralty and help arrived in due time.

Before the Admiralty got word, however, the St. Paul found itself in a hot chase. Although words were painted twelve feet high on the sides of the steamer, reading "American Line, St. Paul," that didn't in the least deter the submarine from the pursuit.

It was early in the morning, and the sun was just over the horizon. The submarine clung to a straight course off the stern of the ship, some 250 yards away. The St. Paul speeded up to twenty knots an hour, and the submarine was unable to gain, although evidently intent on reaching her. The submarine kept up the effort to come abreast of the liner until the St. Paul had got to the bar leading to the channel. By that time help had arrived, and the submarine turned tail and disappeared into the water.

Inquiries of passengers who have arrived in London fail to confirm the story thus told, and the American line manager at Liverpool denies it.

P. A. S. Franklin, President of the American Line, said last night at the Hotel Plaza he had heard nothing of a submarine chase of the liner St. Paul.

"No one told me about it," he said. "I know that the St. Paul docked safely. That is all."

## STILL BOMBARDING WESTERN TRENCHES

### Violent Artillery Exchanges Between French and Germans —More Allied Air Raids.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Continued activity of the artillery on both sides of the eastern battle front is the burden of the oficial reports from Paris and Berlin. The German communication records the air attacks on towns in Germany of which the French told yesterday, and Paris reports additional aeroplane bombardments of German positions in France and Belgium.

Tonight's communiqué from the French War Office is as follows:

The artillery fighting in still violent around Arras, in the region of Roye and Nouvron, and on the Champagne front, especially near Auberive, Souain and Perthes.

A rather violent cannonade is likewise reported in the Apremont Forest, to the north of Fliry and in Lorraine in the region of Embermenil.

This is the text of the French afternoon communication:

There is continued activity today on the part of the artillery along the front in Artois. To the south of the River Somme, in the environs of Tilloloy-le-Cessier and Deuvraignes, there has been an artillery bombardment of particular violence in which both sides participated.

Artillery fighting continues along the canal from the Aisne to the Marne; near Sapigneul and Godat, in Champagne; to the north of the camp of Châlons, and along the western frontier of the Argonne. In the Forest of Mortmare our batteries put an end to the fire of the German machine guns, and directed an efficacious fire upon certain salients of the German line. The night passed quietly on the remainder of the front.

French aviators have bombarded the railroad station at the junction of Bensdorf, near Morhange, as well as the barracks of the enemy at Châtel, in the Argonne, and at Langemarck, to the north of Ypres.

The Berlin official report says:

The day passed without incidents of importance aside from lively artillery activity. A weak advance by the French against the blockhouse at Sapigneul, northwest of Rheims, was repulsed.

Trier, [Treves, Rhenish Prussia,] Moerchingen, [in Lorraine,] Château Salins, [in Lorraine,] and Donaueschingen [in Baden] were bombarded by enemy aviators. At Donaueschingen a pasenger train was shot at with machine guns. A few persons were killed or injured. One aeroplane which appeared over Trier was shot down at Loomeringen, southwest of Frentch.

## RENOUNCES U. S. TO FIGHT.

### Son of Western Reserve University Head Joins British Army.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CLEVELAND, Sept. 14. — Francis Thwing, son of the President of Western Reserve University, has renounced his allegiance to the United States in order that he may fight for Great Britain.

That was the announcement contained in a letter received from the twenty-four-year-old Cleveland boy—now Second Lieutenant Thwing of the Fifth Lancers. He wrote to his father from Kildare, Ireland, where he is stationed.

"I'm proud of the boy," declared Dr. Charles Franklin Thwing tonight. "I admire his pluck. What if he did give up his allegiance to his native country? He has the courage of his convictions—and he can be naturalized to American citizenship when he comes home."

Young Thwing graduated from Harvard in 1914 and went to France to study at Tours. Later he went to Oxford.

## SUGGESTS JOB FOR ROSEBERY.

### London Globe Wants Him to Run the Official Press Bureau.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—"As constituted at present," The Globe says, "the Press Bureau too often is the agent for enforcing trivial prejudices of permanent officials at the Admiralty, War, and Foreign Offices. We do not suggest that the power of the Press Bureau be diminished, but rather that it should adopt a definite policy.

"The present Directors are well-meaning gentlemen, but they are merely underlings whose duty it is to carry out instructions of Government departments. We believe great improvements could be effected if a broad-minded, statesmanlike man of the world were made Director. He would need to be big enough to keep politicians and permanent officials in their places, as well as the newspapers, but would see that there was fair play and would have little sympathy with foolish restrictions."

The Globe suggests that Lord Rosebery would be a suitable Director, if he could be induced to accept the place.

## CONSCRIPTION ISSUE IS BEING DECIDED

### Asquith Tells Parliament the Matter Is Under Discussion by the Cabinet.

### TO ASK BIG CREDIT TODAY

### Amount May Be $1,250,000,000—Kitchener in the Upper House to Review Progress of the War.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—After six weeks' recess Parliament reassembled today, the first session developing nothing notable except Premier Asquith's flat refusal to discuss conscription proposals.

The Prime Minister will move tomorrow a vote of credit variously estimated at from $750,000,000 to $1,250,000,000.

Official admission that the Cabinet is seriously debating the subject of conscription was made publicly for the first time in the House of Commons this afternoon. The subject was raised when the motion for adjournment was made. It was brought up by both the opponents and the advocates of conscription. Mr. Asquith finally rose and announced:

"This is not a matter which has escaped the attention of the Government. When the Government, without undue delay and with the due deliberation which the gravity of the subject demands, have arrived at their conclusions they will be presented to the House, and will then become the subject of parliamentary discussion."

The Premier expressed regret that the question of the best way "in which this country shall meet the call to bring the war to a successful conclusion" had become a matter of public controversy. He hoped there would be no further debate on this subject for the present, and said it was not a matter "which can be dealt with conveniently by way of a deputation."

Mr. Asquith rapped the knuckles of the army officers, members of the House of Commons, who recently returned from the front and signed a memorial urging that the Government hasten to adopt conscription. The Premier repudiated any desire to close their lips, but he added that "they ought to feel themselves under the most strict sense of responsibility."

"Let them remember," said the Premier, "that they sit in the House of Commons not as representatives of the army, but of their constituents. It would be most unjust that because they happen to be in the army they should pretend to come to the House with any mandate from the army. That would be an evil thing for the army and a bad thing for the Commons. It is a claim I would never admit."

In the House of Lords tomorrow Field Marshal Earl Kitchener the Secretary of State for War, will review the progress of the war and explain the present state of recruiting.

### The Feeling Against Conscription.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—The Daily Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent, writing of the reassembling of Parliament yesterday, says:

"That the question of compulsory service raises strong and deep feelings was evident from the discussion this afternoon on the adjournment motion. There was no mistaking the import of the cheers and exclamations that came from the Radical, Labor, and Nationalist benches in approval of John Dillon's impassioned speech.

"Whatever the case for national service, it has been gravely prejudiced by the character and methods of some of its journalistic champions. It is hardly possible now to discuss the subject on its merits, and there is a certainty that any proposal to introduce compulsion will divide the nation from top to bottom.

"Mr. Dillon, who has been a strong supporter of the war from the outset, appealed with obvious sincerity to the Prime Minister and the War Office not to allow themselves to be stampeded into conscription. 'For God's sake,' he said, 'do not introduce into the army this contentious question.'

"From Mr. Hodge, leader of the Labor Party, came a reminder that it is not soldiers that we want, but material. The people who are promoting this agitation are, said Mr. Hodge, doing a great disservice to the country, for 'They are dissuading us in face of a common danger.'

"Mr. Pringle described Mr. Lloyd George's preface to the collection of his war speech as 'a deliberate challenge to the Cabinet.'"

The Daily Chronicle in an editorial article says:

"No one acquainted with politics has any difficulty in seeing that most of the advocates of conscription have quite other things in their mind's eye than the war needs of the nation.

"On the blindness and anti-patriotism, not to say the wickedness of such conduct, it is unnecessary to comment, but it certainly does not lie with those engaged in it to reproach any of their fellow countrymen with failure to realize the seriousness of the war. No worse example of such failure could be afforded than this itch to carry on squabbles and intrigues for party motives in the face of the enemy."

## SPANISH STEAMER DETAINED.

### British Authorities Assert Charterer of the Valbanera Is a German.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to the Havas News Agency from Madrid says that the Spanish steamer Valbanera, bound from Barcelona to South America, has been seized and conducted to Gibraltar on the ground that her charterer is a German.

The company owning the vessel protested, declaring that the German referred to is not the charterer, but simply the shipping agent.

## BRITISH ARMY LOSSES 381,983 UP TO AUG. 21

### Number of Officers Killed 4,965, Other Ranks 70,992—Average Loss a Day Recently Decreased.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Official announcement was made today in the House of Commons that the total of British war casualties up to Aug. 21 was 381,983 officers and men killed, wounded, or missing.

Detailed figures of the casualties were announced as follows:

Killed and died from wounds: Officers, 4,965; other ranks, 70,992.

Wounded: Officers, 9,973; other ranks, 241,086.

Missing: Officers, 1,501; other ranks, 53,466.

These figures refer to the army alone.

The losses of the British Army during the Summer were somewhat smaller than in April and May. This is probably accounted for by the comparative inaction along the Franco-Belgian front. It may be assumed that the heaviest proportion of losses was at the Dardanelles.

The last previous statement of the total of British casualties was made by Premier Asquith on June 9. It gave a total of 258,069 up to May 31. The losses from that time up to Aug. 21 are therefore shown to have been 123,914, a daily average of about 1,500. In the two months before the end of May, the period covered in the preceding announcement, the losses averaged roughly about 2,000 a day.

## BOMB-THROWERS WIN FOUR VICTORIA CROSSES

### Sergeant Sommers, at Gallipoli, Held Turks at Bay Single-handed.

LONDON, Sept. 2, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The award of five additional Victoria Crosses is announced in The London Gazette. Four of them were won by "most conspicuous bravery" in connection with bomb-throwing exploits, which now constitute such an important feature of trench warfare. It was during operations southwest of Krithia on the Gallipoli Peninsula that Captain Gerald Robert O'Sullivan, First Battalion, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, won the highest award for valor. This is what he did, as narrated in the official report:

"On the night of the 1st-2d July, 1915, when it was essential that a portion of a trench which had been lost should be regained, Captain O'Sullivan, although not belonging to the troops at this point, volunteered to lead a party of bomb-throwers to effect the recapture.

"He advanced in the open under a very heavy fire, and, in order to throw his bombs with greater effect, got up on the parapet, where he was exposed to the fire of the enemy occupying the trench. He was finally wounded, but not before his inspiring example had led on his party to make further efforts, which resulted in the recapture of the trench.

"On the night of the 18th-19th June, 1915, Captain O'Sullivan saved a critical situation in the same locality by his great personal gallantry and good leading."

On the day following this announcement came another, more sinister, in the official casualty list, giving Captain O'Sullivan in the list of "missing."

Sergeant James Sommers of the same battalion won the Victoria Cross at the same time. "When, owing to hostile bombing, some of the troops had retired from a sap," says the report in The London Gazette, "Sergeant Sommers remained alone on the spot until a party brought up bombs. He then climbed over into the Turkish trench and bombed the Turks with good effect. Later on he advanced into the open under very heavy fire and held back the enemy by throwing bombs into their flank until a barricade had been established. During this period he frequently ran to and from our trenches to obtain fresh supplies of bombs."

What Second Lieut. Herbert James of the Worcestershire Regiment did to win the cross in the Gallipoli operations is thus described:

"On the 28th June, 1915, when a portion of the regiment had been checked, owing to all of the officers being put out of action, Second Lieut. James, who belonged to a neighboring unit, entirely on his own initiative gathered together a body of men and led them forward under heavy shell and rifle fire. He then returned, organized a second party, and again advanced. His gallant example put fresh life into the attack.

"On the 2d July, in the same locality, he headed a party of bombthrowers up a Turkish communication trench, and, after nearly all his bombthrowers had been killed or wounded, he remained alone at the head of the trench and kept back the enemy single-handed till a barrier had been built behind him and the trench secured. He was throughout exposed to a murderous fire."

It was between Cambrin and La Bassée, in France, on Aug. 3 of this year, that Second Lieut. George A. B. Rochefort of the Scots Guards displayed "most conspicuous gallantry" and won the Victoria Cross.

"At 2 A. M. a German trench mortar bomb landed on the side of the parapet of the communicating trench in which he stood close to a small working party of his battalion. He might easily have stepped back a few yards round the border into perfect safety, but, shouting to his men to look out, he rushed at the bomb, seized it, and hurled it over the parapet, where it at once exploded.

"There is no doubt," adds the official report, "that this splendid combination of presence of mind and courage saved the lives of many of the working party."

The wish is expressed in the London papers that some enterprising film producer turn out a series of moving pictures depicting various exploits by which the Victoria Cross has been won.

## DISAVOWAL NOW THE VITAL ISSUE

Continued from Page 1.

German Government is being urged to modify its assertion that the submarine commander was justified in attacking the White Star liner. If Germany should change her view after examining this evidence, the form in which her disavowal would be made would be a matter to be arranged by informal exchanges between the two Governments.

Although the impression is given in some quarters here that the situation is critical, it is undeniable that more generally a hopeful feeling prevails that there will be a favorable outcome of the Arabic incident. This optimism is marked enough to justify repetition of the statement made in a Washington dispatch, printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES today, that there is a possibility that Germany will furnish a disavowal.

### Disavowal the One Requisite.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Prospects for a favorable adjustment of the controversies between the United States and Germany depend entirely on the attitude which the Berlin Foreign Office takes toward the recommendations made today by Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, following his conference yesterday with Secretary Lansing, and his scrutiny of evidence gathered here concerning the sinking of the Arabic.

Details of the conference became known today, throwing light on the tensity of the crisis between the two countries. The Washington Government was almost ready to sever diplomatic relations, but decided to delay taking any step until the German authorities could study the evidence on the Arabic case.

Friendliness and candor are understood to have characterized the conversation between Mr. Lansing and the Ambassador. The latter now has an opportunity to communicate freely with his Government, so that it may be clearly understood in Berlin why officials here are convinced that the torpedoing of the Arabic could not have been a mistake, justified or unjustified.

The evidence, which has been submitted by the United States, is regarded here as proving that until she submerged to launch the torpedo against the Arabic, the German submarine was concealed behind the sinking British steamer Dunsley and could not have been seen by the Captain of the Arabic. Furthermore, it is shown that the Arabic was struck in such a way that the submarine must have been at right angles from her when the torpedo was fired, instead of in a position to make ramming by the liner a possibility.

In view of the evidence the United States wants a disavowal of the act and this has been made clear to Count von Bernstorff.

Should the Berlin authorities fail to satisfy the American demand for disavowal, the indications tonight were that the Washington Government would follow its original purpose and sever diplomatic relations with Germany.

If a disavowal of the submarine commander's act is made, officials here feel that questions of indemnity can then be left to arbitral tribunals. But arbitration cannot be an issue for consideration until the attitude of the German Government toward the attack itself is made plain. Later the American Government may take under consideration a proposal to arbitrate, not the principle, but the question of how much shall be paid for lives lost.

## SUES FOR ARABIC LOSSES.

### Formal Claim for Indemnity Filed Against Germany.

BUFFALO, Sept. 14.—Formal claim against Germany for indemnity has been filed with Secretary Lansing by Philip W. Collier and his wife Maybelle of this city, who lost all their possessions in the sinking of the Arabic, upon which they were passengers.

## RUSSIANS DEMAND NUMEROUS REFORMS

### Liberal and Democratic Want Many Put Into Effect Before War Ends.

### SOME AIMED AT GERMANY

### Discussion of the Program of the New Duma Majority Considered Untimely by the Government.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—I have ascertained from a reliable source the following facts about the reforms that occupy the attention of the Liberal and Democratic Parties in Russia at the present moment. I have divided them under two headings—reforms demanded during the war and reforms demanded ultimately.

The reforms demanded during war are:

1. The autonomy of Poland, the three divisions to be united within ethnographical limits under one Parliament with common Ministers for war, marine, and foreign affairs.
2. Full civil rights for Jews and removal of their present disabilities in inhabiting Russia proper.
3. Amnesty for all political prisoners.
4. Removal of disabilities of working men and recognition of right of organization in trade unions, &c.
5. Appointment of a special Minister of Munitions and eventually of a mixed Munitions Committee.
6. A liberal and tolerant policy in respect of Finland.
7. Complete economy and emancipation of commerce, especially from German restrictions.
8. Alterations in the export arrangements of wheat in South Russia and generally in rates of exchange after the ultimate opening of the Dardanelles and the probable possession of Constantinople.

In addition to the above it is urged that the following concessions be granted after the war, or otherwise as soon as practicable:

1. Appointment of a new legislative body elected by universal male suffrage.
2. Autonomy of Lithuania, Siberia, and Caucasus.
3. Reforms of the schools, autonomy of the universities, and the establishment of secular elementary schools.
4. Reforms in the Church, restriction of the powers of the Synod and the restitution of the Patriarch.
5. Repeal of the Statute of the Ziemstvos of 1890 and reform of municipal administration, the power in which is at present largely exercised by great landowners.
6. Restriction of those privileges of local Governors which at present are exercised in defiance of the Minister of the Interior.
7. Restriction of the powers of the Upper House—the Council of the Empire.
8. The responsibility of Ministers.
9. Liberty of the press, of speech, and of Assembly—in a word, recognition of the essential rights conceded in the manifestos of October, 1905, and April, 1915.
10. Agrarian reforms.
11. The greatest possible encouragement of industries.
12. Conclusion of a new commercial treaty with Germany with terms designed to protect Russian industry; failing this the declaration of a tariff war.

### CABINET TO ACT SOON.

### Last Attempt to Harmonize Views with Those of Duma.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 14. (Dispatch to The London Chronicle).—M. Goremykin returned from the Imperial Headquarters yesterday and reported to his colleagues in an informal way on the results of his mission. It is understood the Cabinet will meet today or tomorrow to lay down a course of domestic policy for the immediate future. Though yesterday's conference of the Cabinet was strictly confidential, various versions of the Prime Minister's report claiming inspiration from fully trustworthy sources are already in circulation.

Thus the Bourse Gazette, which has excellent sources of information, says during this week the last attempt will be made to harmonize the views of the Government and the majority in the Duma and if they are not successful the Council of Ministers, having undergone certain changes, "will take entirely into its hands the task of organizing victory and realizing domestic reforms in the sense in which it understands them."

It is repeated that no objections will be raised to some of the points in the bloc program, but that the desire of the Duma to participate in the great problem awaiting the empire has been adequately satisfied by the nomination of its members to various war committees and commissions and that no ground exists for further attempts on its part to encroach upon the prerogatives of the Executive. In any case, it is argued that the permanence of the Duma is undesirable, as its sittings are merely aggravating the tension in the country, and that it would be more expedient to call the chamber together for short sessions whenever the Government has bills prepared to lay before it.

Accordingly it is thought likely that the Russian Parliament will be prorogued for a month.

Though there was no sitting of the Duma yesterday, many members were present in the committee rooms and lobbies, and reports that the Chamber was to be closed this week were the general topic of conversation. Among the Cadets and progressives the proposal was mooted that if the rumor should prove to be well founded members of parties named should reply by laying down their mandates.

## CZAR AND KING GEORGE CONFIDENT OF VICTORY

### The Monarchs Tell Each Other So in an Exchange of Telegrams.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent sends the following telegram forwarded by Emperor Nicholas to King George:

"In this serious time my country is going through I have decided to take the leadership of my armies in my own hands. In announcing to you this fact I once more express my conviction that with God's help and through the combined efforts of the Allies their final victory will crown this bloody war."

The Emperor, according to the correspondent, received this reply from King George:

"I am delighted to hear that you have now assumed command of your armies in the field. I heartily share your convictions that with the help of God you and your brave troops with those of the Allies, will finally secure victory with an honorable and lasting peace. My thoughts will be more than ever with you in these anxious times."

## AUSTRIANS WIN BY SURPRISE

### Unexpected Bombardment Drives Italians from Their Trenches.

VIENNA, Sept. 14, (via London.)—The following report of the operations on the Italian frontier was issued tonight:

After unsuccessful attacks by the Italians in the last few days, quiet prevailed yesterday near the Flitsch-Tolmino line.

A surprise bombardment by our artillery drove the enemy from a portion of his front several kilometers in extent. The Italians suffered severe losses.

On the Tyrolean front attacks by weak hostile detachments against our positions near the frontier bridge in the Popena Valley, south of Schluderbach and the district of Tonale, were repulsed.

The southwestern front is generally quiet.

ROME, Sept. 14, (via Paris.)—The following statement from the Italian General Headquarters, dated Sept. 14, was made public this evening:

Our reconnoitring parties attacked and repulsed strong enemy detachments in positions in the environs of Cimego, in the Valley of Giudicaria, and at Fossernica, in the Valley of Vanoi, (Cismon.)

On the Upper Cordevole the enemy has placed in position a great number of heavy guns, with which he has begun to bombard our front from Col di Toront to Col Diliana.

More detailed reports of our offensive on the 11th and 12th in the Plezzo Basin show still more the bravery of our troops. Thanks to their determined and unsparing efforts, we were able to wrest several strong positions on the upper ridge of the basin from the enemy, who were strongly entrenched and well provided with every means for defense, even most atrocious implements, such as asphyxiating bombs and liquid fire.

Upon the Carso front the night of the 12th the enemy threw a number of high explosive shells into our line. The rapid intervention of our artillery stopped this bombardment, which was not being accompanied by any attempt at attack and was quite without effect.

## AUSTRIAN DESTROYER LOST.

### Vessel Torpedoed by French Foundered on Way to Port.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN ITALY, Sept. 14, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle).—An authorized message just received from Rome announces that the Austrian torpedo vessel which was struck by a French submarine off Cape Planka on the Dalmatian Coast, west of Spalato, foundered while trying to reach harbor.

## RUSSIANS CAPTURE 14,000 TEUTONS

Continued from Page 1.

Duna and Vilia, northwest of Vilna, we are making further progress, fighting continuously. We took 5,200 prisoners, one cannon, 17 ammunition carts, 15 machine-guns and much baggage.

South of Olita our attack made progress.

In the bend of the Niemen, northeast of Grodno, the pursuit has advanced as far as halfway to Lida. Further south we are approaching the Szczara tributary. The railway to Lida was bombarded during the night.

Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: The pursuit in the direction of Szczara is proceeding, and enemy rear guards were defeated.

Army Group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: The enemy could not stop our pursuit. A few hundred prisoners were captured.

Southeastern Theatre of the War: The situation with the German troops is unchanged.

### Russians in South Press Foe Back.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 14.—A communication issued by the War Office today says:

The German pressure in the regions of Lake Pikstern and Sanken and the village of Rakiszki, west of the line of Jacobstadt-Dvinsk, continues.

In the region of the railway station at Podbrodze repeated enemy attacks have been repulsed. West of Podbrodze German attacks in the region of Mischogola are characterized by great intensity.

On the front from the region of Orany to the region of the village of Kossovo the enemy continues his prudent advance in an easterly direction.

More serious engagements have occurred in the region of the villages of Mosty and Csernica, west of Slonim. South of the River Pina the enemy's cavalry fell back to the region at the confluence of the Rivers Touria and Fripet.

Near Zwiedje, in the region of Derajno, we have successfully crossed the Goryn River and made progress fighting, capturing an entire Austrian battalion. In the regions of Derajno and Klevan the enemy assumed the offensive, which we checked. By an energetic counterattack we then advanced to the region west of Klevan, where in fights near the village of Oneszwa we took over 1,300 prisoners.

Yesterday the Russians in the region west of Wyszenewec repulsed the enemy from Rydomel and the adjacent neighborhood. The enemy hurriedly retreating here, sustained great losses and was driven out of Postoka Village. Up to the present the number of prisoners counted is 20 officers and 2,000 men.

Our fire checked attempts of the enemy who, in order to arrest our offensive, made a counterattack in the region of the villages of Gontow and Dykowec, southwest of Wyszenewec. We captured here also about 140 officers and 7,500 men, 1 heavy and 6 light guns, 4 caissons, 26 machine guns, and much booty.

In Galicia we are pursuing the retreating enemy in a westerly direction from the front of the Sereth River. Violent engagements have occurred in the regions of the villages of Gliadka, Cedrow, and Juzephowka, west of Tarnapol, and also near the village of Dzwiniacz, in the region of Zalesczikj.

In engagements in the region of Juzephowka and Dzwiniacz in the course of Sunday we captured over 2,700 soldiers and 35 officers and four machine guns.

From Aug. 30 to Sept. 12 the number of Austro-German prisoners taken by us has exceeded 40,000.

VIENNA, Sept. 14, (via London).—The following official statement from General Headquarters was issued tonight:

In East Galicia the situation is unchanged. Early Tuesday morning the enemy attacked our Stripa front, but was repulsed.

In Volhynia, after receiving reinforcements, the Rusians attacked at numerous points, while near Novo Alexinieo the fighting continues. The enemy has been repulsed with great losses near the Dubno and Stubel sectors.

Our troops fighting in Lithuania crossed the Grinda Plain, south of Slonim, in pursuit of the enemy.

## PLIGHT OF RUSSIAN REFUGEES.

### Their Distress Described as Frightful in Appeal for Aid.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—An appeal sent by telegraph by a mining engineer who is a resident of Moscow seeking to obtain funds to relieve the refugees pouring into that city, describes their condition as frightful.

The small English organization maintaining the hospital, according to the dispatch, is feeding 3,000 persons daily, but this charity is totally inadequate. It is asserted that the authorities are unable to cope with the situation, as they already have taken care of one-third of the total of Russian wounded. It is suggested that a fund be raised in London and turned over to the American Consul General.

"The distress is frightful," says the appeal. "Women and children are in their Summer clothes with Winter coming. Immediate preparations must be made to provide soup, shelter, and warmth. The English community is doing its utmost, together with the Princess Bariatinsky Fund, but this is insufficient to meet the awful distress.

"Moscow already has received one-third of the total wounded and the authorities are overwhelmed by this tremendous new influx of refugees. Outside assistance is vital to cope with the terrible destitution."

**BELL-ANS**
Absolutely Relieves Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance

## DIED FOR BELGIUM, SAYS HUYSMANS'S NOTE

### Minister of State Left a Letter of Farewell to His King and Country.

HAVRE, Sept. 14.—Louis Huysmans, late Belgian Minister of State, who died here on Thursday last, left in the hands of his son, Eduard, an envelope marked, "Not to be opened until the day after my death." The envelope was found to contain a fervent farewell to the Belgian stateman's King and country, written in the conviction that he would never see his own land again.

"In spite of the generous welcome given us by the great, noble French nation," the letter concluded: "in spite of the solemn oath of the allied peoples to revenge us and return to us independent and sovereign Belgium after having driven out the last barbarian; in spite of the hope I maintain that this word of honor shall be fulfilled, I feel I shall no longer be of this world when the hour strikes.

"Sorrow consumes me, kills me. It is in the land of France that my body will be buried, and I ask that over my tomb be planted a simple cross with my name and the words, 'Died for the Fatherland,' because it is for it that I shall have died before my time."

## BELGIUM LOSING RAILROADS.

### Protests Against Germans' Removal of Tracks to Poland.

HAVRE, Sept. 14.—The Belgian Government has protested to neutral States against the action of the German administration in tearing up and transporting to Poland the tracks of the Belgian railroads.

The protest is based on an article of the Fourth Hague Convention, which stipulates that the occupation of invaded territory shall constitute only an occupation de facto.

Removal of the railroads, the note contends, will make much more difficult the transaction of business by a large portion of the population of Belgium.

## CHANCELLOR IN MUNICH.

### Bavarians Greet Bethmann-Hollweg with Great Enthusiasm.

MUNICH, Sept. 14, (via London, Sept. 15.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, who is visiting Munich, last night received a great ovation after having attended a gala performance of the court opera with the King of Bavaria, who was accompanied by a brilliant entourage.

Following the opera, the Chancellor went with the entire party to the famous Biergarten Hofbrauhaus. The arrival of the Chancellor was the signal for a patriotic demonstration and the singing of national songs, cheering and speechmaking.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, in responding to the address of a local orator, lauded the achievements of the Bavarian soldiers on both fronts and concluded his speech with a toast to the King of Bavaria and the Bavarian and German armies, in which he expressed the hope that they would prove victorious and secure peace for Germany.

The party lingered until a late hour over steins of the best Bavarian beer, which Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg sipped with evident relish. The Chancellor remarked during the conversation that "many people must really envy us this happy sociability, which springs from the inner calm."

## SCOLDS A WOUNDED ITALIAN.

### His Reply to Her Reproaches Incenses the Archduchess Zita.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Sept. 14.—The Idea Nazionale says that at a hospital in Innsbruck the Archduches Zita, who was visiting the wounded, stopped at a bed where lay an Italian Second Lieutenant of Alpini, and spoke to him in Italian. The young officer answered courteously and, not knowing who she was, asked her: "Are you an Italian?" The Archduchess, annoyed, answered: "I was born in Italy, where I lived until I was married, but as an Austrian I have nothing in common with a coontry which has lost her honor." The officer, although wounded, sat up in bed, exclaiming: "We had enough honor left to declare war on Austria!"

Soon afterward the Imperial Chamberlain reprimanded the officer for having been disrespectful to the wife of the Austrian heir apparent. The officer calmly replied: "The Archduchess was disrespectful to the Italian nation, which is worse."

## NEW BALKAN LEAGUE?

### Said to be Considered, with Bulgaria, as Pro-German, Left Out.

ATHENS, Sept. 13, (via Paris, Sept. 14.)—The situation on the Rumanian frontier is not considered immediately menacing by persons in official circles here, especially in view of the fact that Rumania is not yet fully prepared for eventualities. The tenseness of the situation has prompted steps, however, for a closer understanding between Greece, Rumania, and Serbia, with a view to eventual action in case of an Austro-German attack.

Bulgaria has not been included in these negotiations, for it now is admitted that the Turco-Bulgarian agreement finally has been signed, and that Bulgaria will not accept Serbian concessions.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15.—A dispatch to The Times from Athens says that freight traffic over the Rumanian railways has been suspended.

## ADMIRES MORGENTHAU PLAN.

### But British Authority Says It Could Not Be Carried Out.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Dr. S. M. Zwemer of London, editor of the Moslem Review, and recognized as an authority on social and religious conditions in the Orient, is not enthusiastic over the suggestion of Henry Morgenthau, United States Minister to Turkey, to raise a fund varying in dimensions from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000 with which to defray the expense of transporting thousands of Armenians to America to save them from slaughter at the hands of the Turks. Dr. Zwemer has been in the United States for several weeks in behalf of the Arabian mission and left Chicago for New York this afternoon.

"Mr. Morgenthau's plan is a noble one," said Dr. Zwemer today, "but conditions preclude the possibility of its being carried out. The Armenians have maintained their integrity as a nation since 200 A. D., and, like the Dutch, are highly patriotic. They would rather suffer massacre and starvation than abandon their land.

"Further, it would be an impossibility to transport women and children through the war zone at the present time. I have absolutely no faith that the Turks would let them go. Although their word may have been given, it would prove the same as that of Germany with Belgium."

## ESPIONAGE IN GREECE.

### Two Frenchmen Said to Have Sold Official Dispatches to Russia.

BERLIN, Thursday, Sept. 9, (by Wireless Telegraphy to Tuckerton, N. J., delayed in transmission.)—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from Athens says that great excitement has been created there by the arrest of two French newspaper men, named respectively Papas and Marion, charged with acting as spies in behalf of Russia.

According to the dispatch, they are accused of having stolen since April hundreds of official telegrams of the German Embassy and also of King Constantine of Greece, as well as some British telegrams, and of sending copies of them to Petrograd.

Both the journalists and telegraph officials who were inculpated have been arrested, the dispatch adds, and the investigation is still proceeding.

A dispatch from Athens under date of Sept. 6 records the arrest of two men and a woman charged with trafficking in messages to King Constantine and the Greek General Staff. It had been established, it was said, that German and Austrian messages had been sent to Russia, and also that many dispatches from the British Admiralty were reported missing. The accused men were charged with plying a regular trade, giving information impartially to either side.

## 'STOP JEERING AT AMERICA.'

### London Sketch, Defending President, Gives Advice to Britons.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The Daily Sketch, a picture paper with an enormous circulation, under the caption "Don't Blame the President," prints an editorial protest against attacks upon the United States. The Sketch says:

"It is time we stopped jeering at America. It is poor policy, bad patriotism, and the taste is at least questionable."

Reminding its readers that the population of the United States includes millions of Germans, the paper says:

"Whatever is his own private sympathies, it is the business of the President to consider the interests and sympathies of his whole people. It is an impertinence for persons outside the United States to express an opinion as to whether the honor of America is inexplicably involved. The most we can say is that if President Wilson can maintain peace with honor, it is his bounden duty to do so. Let us mind our own business and leave the President to mind his."

## SERBS SILENCE FOES' GUNS.

### Artillery Interrupts Work on New Austrian Fortifications.

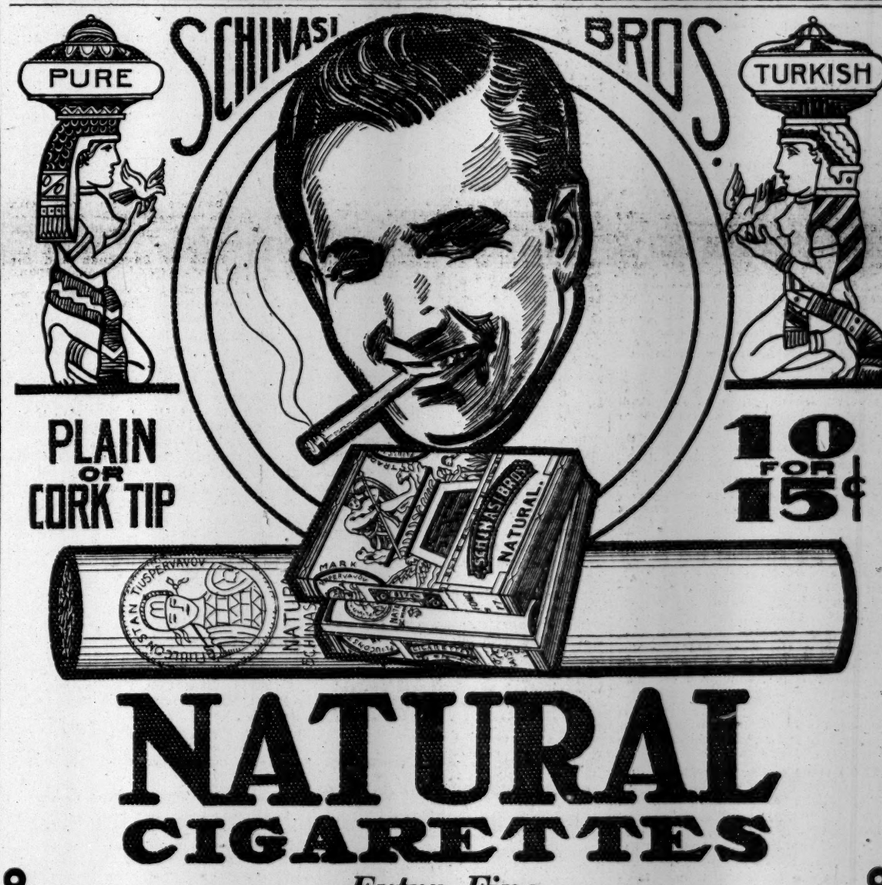
NISH, Serbia, Sept. 14, (via London.)—The following official communication was issued today by the Serbian War Office:

We interrupted Sept. 10 enemy fortification operation on the Danube on the front toward Orsova and Vishegrad and on the Drina on the front opposite Vishegrad.

On Sept. 10 there was an artillery engagement in the direction of Belgrade. An enemy battery was silenced. We have held up the fortification works of the enemy on the Bejania Height, on the left bank of the Save, opposite Belgrade.

### Cabinet Recognition of Aviation.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—The Cabinet decided today to create an Under-Secretaryship of State for aviation and aeronautics. The new post was given to René Besnard. M. Besnard previously has served as Minister of Labor, Minister of Colonies, and Under Secretary of Finance.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SCHINASI BROTHERS

# CALLS WAR A TONIC TO INDUSTRY HERE

### Every Phase Benefited, Says Statement by the Department of Commerce.

### AMERICAN GENIUS SPURRED

### Inventors Hastened to Fill Gaps in Trade Caused by Lack of Imported Materials.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. — Every phase of American industry has been benefited by the world war, according to an official statement issued today by the Department of Commerce forecasting the effect of the conflict on the industrial future of the country. The development of arms plants is noted as an asset of the nation in possible time of need.

"The blow in the face received by American industries through conditions brought about by the European war has acted as a tonic, has forced the nation to create new branches and enlarge the scope of existing phases of manufacture, opened the way to utilize on a vast scale great natural resources of the United States, and induced manufacturers and merchants to expand their markets into foreign fields, with prospects of permanent results," says the statement.

"American ingenuity has been applied with success to the making of articles previously imported.

"A review of the chief industries ministering particularly to the temporary needs of the belligerents across the Atlantic shows that the final outcome will be a very material addition to the manufacturing plants of the United States.

"Less conspicuous and spectacular, but of far greater permanent value, is the impulse given to the manufacture on American soil, with American raw materials, of a variety of articles for which we have hitherto been dependent upon foreign skill and enterprise.

"American ingenuity, adaptation, inventive talent, scientific attainments, and general enterprise have promptly rallied to meet wide-spread demands, and establish on our own soil the permanent manufacture of a number of wares, some of minor, others of major importance. The return of peace will see them well rooted, and able to withstand foreign competition.

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce points to the course of events that followed the cutting off by war of the aniline imports from Germany, and the supply of potash from the same source, with the resulting tremendous impulse given to the expansion of domestic manufacture. It also calls attention to the fact that, side by side with the increased production of artificial colors, has come the realization by dyers of textiles that the possibilities of the natural dyestuffs have been sadly neglected the past few decades.

"As a result the American works engaged in the preparation of extracts from the yellow oak of the Alleghanies, from the logwood of Jamaica, from the redwood of Brazil, from the cutch of India, are providing in enormous amounts the substitutes of the more brilliant but often more fugitive hues of the coal-tar products. At the same time, we can look forward with confidence to the evolution of a genuine American coal-tar color industry.

"Of the domestic potash supply it is stated that large amounts of the compounds of this element are present in the vast beds of kelp floating on the waves of the Pacific, close to the western littoral of the country; that each year the waters of the Pacific Coast are producing a crop in which potash salts possessing a normal value of more than $90,000,000 are readily available for use in agriculture and the arts. Now a dozen companies are engaged in the campaign.

"The bureau advises the business men of the United States that at present time is opportune for them to study the Latin-American markets, to get in touch with the people of the countries, and thus to open the way for extensive business operations. In other countries also there are unprecedented opportunities for the extension of foreign trade, and, with the indications that we are entering upon a period as a creditor nation, we are in a position, as never before, to invest our capital in industries and developments in foreign countries.

"It does not believe that the cost of production in the warring countries of Europe will be lowered as a result of the war, or that there will be danger from that scurce to the holding of new markets already gained. Experience has shown that it is apt to be higher instead of lower after the close of the war, with higher interest rates, higher wages, and higher prices in the warring countries. Surveying the whole field, it may be said that the world's conflict has been of unmeasured value to American industry as a whole."

## SWISS CATCH MANY SPIES.

### Mostly Austrians and Germans—Three Sentenced on Monday.

GENEVA, Sept. 14.—Since the beginning of the war eighty-four persons have been arrested by the Swiss authorities on the charge of being spies. The arrests, made in various towns, were mostly of Austrians and Germans.

At Lausanne yesterday three spies, their leader a German, were sentenced to a year's imprisonment and to pay heavy fines.

### Again Report Cholera in Germany.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to The Temps from Madrid says the Spanish Official Gazette announces that cholera has broken out in the cities of Furstenwalde and Furstenberg, in the Province of Brandenburg, Germany, and in the districts of Dantzig and Koslin.

# GERMAN ATTACK ON ALLIES' LOAN

Continued from Page 1.

the conferences, so that the feeling of various sections toward the plan can be measured.

### Expect Some Friction.

"I suppose," said one of the men who has been acting for this country in the negotiations since they were begun by cable some months ago, "that we cannot expect smooth sailing in such troublous times as these. In many localities German-Americans are influential in banking matters. They may cause discord in their institutions. They should not be allowed to have their way if they are influenced by selfish motives. I think that when we are ready to reach an agreement it will be universally recognized that we are not instigated by any desire to help the Allies win their struggle, but by the immediate necessity for helping ourselves. Doubtless many German depositors will offer strenuous objections. To them I should say that the depositors are not running the banks."

In the course of the day the several members of the commission discussed various phases of their plan with leading bankers, but they held no sessions as a whole and had no opportunity to learn how their suggestions had been received by the banking community. Members of the commission visited friends in the Wall Street district, but Basil B. Blackett, Secretary to the commission, said late in the afternoon that the preliminaries to a serious exchange of views had not been cleared away.

Some additional details of the plan proposed by the commission came to light yesterday, following a visit downtown. It is proposed to canvass the entire country for support for the loan, if one is agreed upon, and to form an underwriting syndicate that will far surpass in size and number of participants anything heretofore attempted. The notes or bonds are to run for a comparatively short period, five years, according to one suggestion; but not more than twice that length of time at the outside, and are to pay 5 per cent. net. That is to say, they will be free from British or French income taxes. To make refunding easier, the maturities may be arranged in five installments. The securities would be a first lien by the issuing nations, taking precedence over all domestic debts.

Although staggered at first by the amount which the Allies want, New York bankers began asking themselves yesterday if, after all, the United States is not rich enough to absorb a billion-dollar loan. Men who had been saying that not more than one-tenth that amount could be placed with investors were half convinced yesterday that the loan could be carried through as a great popular movement for continued prosperity here in spite of the wreckage of industrial Europe. It was said that the temper of the American public had been altered by the continuance of German submarine attacks on passenger vessels and that a loan for the Allies would receive much more popular support than would have been the case before the sinking of the Arabic.

The commission expects to see a number of financiers from other cities today, among them Festus J. Wade of St. Louis and Robert Windsor of Kidder, Peabody & Co., Boston.

Herbert Myrick, President of the Orange Judd Company, publisher of farm papers, sent a letter to the Reading Commission yesterday offering on behalf of American farmers to grant the Allies a credit of $1,000,000,000 to be taken in cotton and grain. He proposed that the farmers receive pay in notes running up to eighteen months, and that Great Britain and France agree to spend the entire sum in four months for a total of approximately 5,000,000 bales of cotton and 500,000,000 bushels of grain.

### Fatherland Fights Loan.

As an incident indicating the character of the campaign against the loan, it was noteworthy that the Fatherland, whose editor was shown recently to be in receipt of a subsidy from the chief German financial agent here, offered to the newspapers last night a paid advertisement, to be inserted next to war news, saying that "the Money Trust is plotting to lend one billion dollars of the American people's money to Bankrupt Russia, Broken France, and Insolvent England." The characterizations of the Allies were to be printed in capitals and black type.

## *GERMANS IN CHICAGO FIGHT ALLIES' LOAN*

### *Bankers Lukewarm on Subscribing to $1,000,000,000 Credit Without Collateral.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—There is wide divergence of opinion among the bankers of Chicago and cities within a radius of 200 miles as to the wisdom of lending $1,000,000,000 to Great Britain and her Allies unless the loan should be based on American securities. Chicago bankers are inclined to refuse extending any credit to the Allies that is not positively secured.

This attitude of hostility to the proposed loan and the decision of a number of Chicago bankers to decline to participate in the plan is in some degree attributable to threats made by powerful German-American interests that their deposits will be withdrawn from any bank lending money to the Allies and that German depositors will endeavor to start runs on banks participating in loans to the Allies.

George M. Reynolds, President of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, prior to leaving for New York this afternoon, said that in his judgment the loan plan without security was not feasible.

"The reports at hand are largely a matter of hearsay," said Mr. Reynolds, "and I prefer not to comment on them until we know more about what the Anglo-French Commissioners want to do. Personally I have received no advices."

"I know that this bank would not take any part of an unsecured foreign loan such as has been outlined in the press dispatches," said Edmund D. Hulbert of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company. "For Britain and its allies to seek a loan of a billion dollars in this country without security seems absurd on the face of it, and I would rather believe the report was put out more in the form of sounding sentiment than for any other purpose."

John J. Mitchell, President of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, said: "The Allies do not need $1,000,000,000 credit in this country, and $500,000,000 would be ample for the purpose to which they wish to apply it. However, without security it is difficult to see how they are going to borrow even the smaller amount. It was expected that the loan would be partly secured by American stocks and bonds and partly on the credit of the borrowing Governments without security, which probably would be fair enough. English and French credit has been a preferred security for many years, but the war has changed things. That the Allies need a loan is not disputed, and we can lend them a large amount if the security is right."

"If we accept the unsecured bonds of the Allies the Germans can and will object. We have already received unmistakable notice of this," said the head of a leading bank.

While Teutonic sympathizers are protesting vigorously against a war loan to the Allies being floated in America, strong appeals to them to aid their mother countries by buying German and Austro-Hungarian war bonds are being published in the leading German newspapers in the United States, and particularly throughout the Middle West.

## MILWAUKEE BANKS WARNED.

### German Depositors Threaten Boycott if They Aid the Allies.

*Special to The New York Times.*

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 14.—It is too early to talk about runs on Milwaukee banks in the contigency that they subscribe to the loan to the Allies. The Milwaukee banks have not been approached, and may not be asked to participate in the loan. This summarizes the opinions of half a dozen local bankers on the implied threats of boycotting banks by German-Americans.

It is known, however, that all local banks have been quietly advised that their German-American clients will withdraw all business possible from those banks participating in the loan.

## DENVER WANTS $1,000,000.

### Bankers Urge That Allies' Notes Be Secured by Collateral.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DENVER, Col., Sept. 14.—Denver banks, according to local financiers, are willing to take $1,000,000 of the Anglo-French war loan bonds if there is to be security for the loan in American collateral. Several bankers referred inquirers to President J. C. Mitchell of the Denver National Bank for a statement.

"If the war bond issue is floated in this country," said Mr. Mitchell, "I presume it will be spread over the entire country. It will be a loan perhaps of $500,000,000, and in such case I do not expect Denver banks will be asked to handle more than $1,000,000 of the issue.

"If the bond issue is on a basis of American securities as collateral, I look for the loan to be a popular one and to be taken by the country. If there is no offer of American securities as collateral, I doubt if the loan would be popular."

He stated that in the latter event, unless for some special reason, Denver banks could not be expected to take any large amount.

## $4,000,000 FOR BALTIMORE.

### Banker Ramsay Strongly Approves the Loan to the Allies.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 14.—Banking sentiment in Baltimore is generally favorable to the belief that the institutions and the investing public of this country will be willing to take up the loan of $1,000,000,000 suggested by the Anglo-French financial commission. The views of the Baltimore bankers were well expressed by John B. Ramsay, Chairman of the Board of the Merchants-Mechanics National Bank.

"I have no doubt that such a loan can be successfully placed," said Mr. Ramsay. "The credit of England and France will be all the guarantee that is needed to assure the safety of the obligation, and if offered at 5 per cent., free of taxation, the issue should find ready sale. I feel quite confident that Baltimore institutions will take at least $2,000,000 of it. With the confidence stimulated by such action, the investors here may be equally as willing to loan as needed. I will certainly urge upon the board of this bank to invest in the bonds as much as the capital we have in hand will permit."

## SOUTH LUKEWARM ON LOAN.

### Will Help, Says Banker, if England Buys Its Surplus Cotton.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Unless England shifts its position on cotton, Southern bankers will not look with favor on the proposed billion dollar loan to the Allies, in the opinion of Sigo Myers, Chairman of the Board of the National Bank of Savannah and the Oglethorpe Savings and Trust Company of Savannah.

"Since the North and West are more able to take care of the proposed loan, and since they will reap the major part of the benefits that will accrue, it follows that those sections ought to shoulder the burden if such a loan is negotiated," he asserted tonight.

"Doubtless the South would contribute to the loan," he added, "had not England placed an embargo on cotton and naval stores and declared them contraband of war. I am taking just about the same view for my section of the country as James Hill is taking for the Northwest. We both want to find a market for our products. Now, if England should arrange to take care of the surplus cotton crop of the South, that would alter the face of things."

## DENY THREATS BY GERMANS.

### But Many Ohio Banks Will Not Invest in Allies' Notes.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 14.—Cleveland bankers today scoffed at rumors that intimations had been made by German-American depositors that they would withdraw their money as a means of protest against the war loan under negotiation between the Allies and the American banks. Neither direct nor implied threats of such a nature have been made here, they declared.

Several bankers admitted having had inquiries during the past two weeks from depositors anxious to know if they were lending money on foreign securities. All declared the questioners appeared satisfied with assurances to the contrary.

F. H. Goff, President of the Cleveland Trust Company, made a public statement, declaring that, on account of the large number of German and Austro-Hungarian depositors, the bank's policy would continue to be against war loans.

CINCINNATI, Ohio., Sept. 14.—Bankers do not believe their German and German-American depositors contemplate withdrawing their deposits from the banks should the latter take up a part of the loan desired by the Allies.

Officers of the German National Bank said the matter was only another of those foolish things that start from ignorance. Some bankers, however, said they would refuse to participate in the loan, because the sympathies of many of their directors and depositors were against the Allies, and they believed Cincinnati's money should be used, as far as possible, for internal development, rather than in foreign investment.

## LOAN IS NOT UNNEUTRAL.

### Washington Officials Approve Credit Plan of the Allies.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—So far as official opposition from Washington is concerned, the way is cleared for the floating of the loan of $1,000,000,000 proposed by the Anglo-French Commission now in New York. The position of the Administration is that a step similar to that proposed by the Commission is necessary to protect American trade, not only in munitions, but also in the staple American commodities. It is argued that the establishment of a large credit in this country will be more desirable for that purpose than the heavy importation of gold.

The Administration has scrupulously refrained from even suggesting what the Federal Reserve Board should do, but the Administration has let it be known that the Board need not be embarrassed by diplomatic considerations; in short, by the considerations popularly described as involving neutrality.

The manufacture of warlike munitions in this country is known both officially and to the people. No restrictions have been imposed upon their export. The export of such articles therefore is regarded as a component part of the American foreign trade, and paper arising from it, even if drawn in the first place by a foreign belligerent Government, is to be considered simply from a banking point of view. This makes it plain that the loan to be placed in this country by Great Britain and France, if in required form, can be rediscounted in the twelve Federal Reserve banks.

The prescribed form is that of bankers' acceptances—drafts made on an American banker, payable in dollars in not more than three months, and accepted by him. A member bank, however, may accept such drafts up to six months' maturity, but without the rediscount privilege. This requirement is further eased, however, by the Federal Reserve Board's ruling of Sept. 7, which permits the renewal, almost indefinitely, of the rediscountable paper.

There is nothing in the Federal Reserve acts that limits this paper to personal or corporate sources. There is no prohibition against the handling of paper both by the member banks and the Federal Reserve banks, which was drawn in the first instance by the American Government, a foreign Government, whether belligerent or otherwise, or by accredited governmental agents in their official capacity. While it is doubtful that the expected drafts by which the loan will probably be floated will be signed by foreign Governments directly, even if they are so signed, this would raise no questions for the banks in the reserve system to answer, further than ascertaining that the signer was financially responsible. Officials here have looked at this question squarely, and it can be stated that the official nature of the transactions in their inception will not be considered when the paper comes up for rediscount.

At the State Department today it was practically admitted that the proposed loan had been submitted to the department and that no objection had been found to it, if it were limited to a credit proposition.

Officials view the proposed loan sympathetically, not because of its facilitating effect upon the export of munitions, but because of its support to the general trade markets of the country. It was pointed out today that the export of munitions would probably continue, as they are necessary to the Allies' welfare, but unless the loan or some equivalent for it could be floated, the general export trade of the country would be at a standstill.

It was stated that under the stimulating effect of the loan, cotton might get back to 12 or 13 cents, and there might be expected a similarly good effect upon the prices of other staples. British officials, it is said, have watched nervously the growing unrest here arising from the British blockade. It has been hinted that Great Britain would support the cotton market to prevent this unrest from becoming too insistent. The price has advanced $5 a bale since Great Britain took the drastic step of putting cotton on the list of absolute contraband.

## LONDON ON THE CREDIT LOAN.

### Belief There That It Will Have to be Backed by Other Measures.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 15, (8:32 A. M.)—Reports from New York of efforts by the Franco-British Financial Commission to establish a billion-dollar credit on behalf of the Allies are received skeptically here. The Times says in a financial article:

"A good deal of water is likely to flow under the Brooklyn Bridge before any such proposal can become practicable. Well-informed people will note that gold in increasing quantities is being sent to New York, and will pin their faith to its being used there for its proper purpose."

The Morning Post also considers the commission has not yet had time to arrange anything definite, but is not surprised at the large amount mentioned. It says banking and trading interests on both sides of the Atlantic soon will recognize that the best interests of both parties are likely to be served by the credits being on a very large scale and on the assumption that the war will last for a long time to come.

"We believe," says The Post, "that these large credits will have to be supplemented by a good many other measures, such as more gold shipments, further sales of American securities, and the attracting of American capital to this country in various ways, preferably for investment in home securities."

## GOLD FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

### $5,500,000 Due There Today from Australian Bankers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 14.—More British gold, nearly five and one-half millions of dollars in sovereigns, is due to arrive here tomorrow aboard the liner Sonoma from Australia and bankers. Banks here to which it is consigned will turn it over to the Mint for recoinage.

Including tomorrow's shipment the total of British money received here from Australia and New Zealand since June 30 approximates $20,000,000.

Early next month $8,000,000 is expected to arrive.

## U. S. CODES STOLEN?

### Mailbag Addressed to Guantanamo Naval Station Disappears.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 14.—A mail bag from Washington, consigned to the Guantanamo naval station, disappeared between the steamer and the train. The Government is investigating.

Local newspapers state it is feared that the bag was stolen by German agents. The reason is believed to be that it contained codes or other valuable United States Government information.

# CANADIAN OBSERVER VIEWS THE FRONT

### First Dispatch from First Correspondent Allowed to Visit the Forces in Flanders.

### HIGH MORALE OF THE ARMY

### Colonials Respected, He Says, for Courage, Self-Control, and Good Comradeship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 13, via London, Sept. 14.—The Channel was sparkling. The cliffs of France were warm in the sunlight. Boulogne was busy and orderly. The countryside as we passed through it at sixty miles an hour in a military motor car was resting dreamily after a fabulous harvest. We made a systematic round of camps, hospitals, flying grounds, and army headquarters. Now by the light of a solitary candle this dispatch is sent from a Flanders tavern only a few yards from the house of General French. These are the items of the first day's experiences of the first Canadian correspondents received here.

Details of the things Canadians at home so much wish to know we cannot communicate. Batteries have been betrayed, men have been killed and plans have been jeopardized by seemingly harmless despatches by loyal correspondents.

One might describe how this afternoon a German ragging "Come home Sweet Home," on an accordion in a trench fifteen yards from ours was in the third verse forever silenced by a bomb thrown by an outraged Queen's Own man, or how a Winnipeg lieutenant, now under reprimanded, yesterday at noon dared a German to meet him in "No Man's land" where they exchanged cigarettes and compliments for five minutes while their comrades fired elsewhere.

But one feels compelled to emphasize rather the general impression a thoughtful Canadian must have after seeing what we have seen thus far. Here one finds a series of armies—a great mass, organized, alert, obviously high in efficiency and with excellent morale. From camp kitchen and clearing hospital upward one finds evidence of general competence and cheerfulness.

This is not an organization over which the enemy can set the pace. Seeing it one feels that the John Bull of the caricaturist is no longer representative of the British type. The new type is a lean, youngish man with resolute face and clear eyes.

What we have so far seen of the French soldiers gives similar evidence of the good qualities the war has aroused.

One finds our Canadians healthy looking, content, well looked after, and respected, not merely because of the glories of St. Julien, for here courage is the rule and not the exception, but because our men have in day to day affairs shown self control, cheerfulness, sober pluck, and good comradeship.

Our party has been under the wing of Sir Max Aitken, who, with Sir George Perley, made possible this visit of representatives of the Canadian newspapers to the scene of operations.

BRITTON B. COOKE.
(Copyright in Canada.)

## PRINCE SHOT AS A SPY?

### Friends Here Fear for Safety of Sapieha in England.

Friends of Prince Sapieha, an Austrian nobleman, who left for Europe just before the war broke out last year, after having spent several years here, are becoming alarmed as to what has become of him. Some were talking yesterday of having heard rumors from England that the Prince had been tried and executed as a spy. The last heard of him was soon after the outburst of indignation in England over the sinking of the Lusitania, when he was sent to an internment camp.

Prince Sapieha sailed on the last trip of the Imperator, in July of last year. He got off at Plymouth, intending to spend a day or two in London before going to Paris, and his trunks went forward to the latter city. He had hardly arrived in London when Germany declared war upon France, hence the Prince had to cancel his Paris trip. Some friends invited him to visit them in Wales, and he wrote to a friend in Paris for his trunks. The friend complied, but included with them several trunks belonging to the Prince's nephew.

When the Prince got back to London he was summoned to Scotland Yard and interrogated. While he was there, according to word received by his friends here, detectives went through his trunks and found a uniform, a revolver, and a camera. The Prince had denied that he had any such things in his trunks; it is said they belonged to his nephew. The Prince is about 56 years of age, and not subject to military duty.

A charge of espionage was preferred against the Prince, according to the story his friends have received, but was not proved. He renounced his allegiance to the Emperor of Austria, according to the report here, as he has spent most of the last twenty years out of the empire, and he was allowed to go at liberty. Then, after the sinking of the Lusitania, when the cry was raised that all Germans and Austrians living in England should be interned, he was arrested. His friends here are inclined to give credence to the report that he had to stand trial a second time on an espionage charge.

# HOW DUMBA SPREAD HIS PROPAGANDA

### Eleven Foreign Language Newspapers Utilized, Some Attacking Manufacture of Munitions.

### WILD TALES VIA SAYVILLE

### One, Fed to Clevelanders, Was About a Wholesale Rising of Poles in Russia Against the Czar.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 14.—Continuing a series of articles exposing Austro-Hungarian activities The Detroit Free Press tomorrow will give details of how the Austrian secret agents, Hausner and Mlynarski, installed and maintained a national polyglot press agency and subsidy.

"Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Scranton, Philadelphia, and Toledo were the centres of this pernicious propaganda in the Middle West. New York, and Chicago were the fountain heads of it, and the Austrian Embassy at Washington, through secret agents Hausner and Mlynarski, its directing genius," says The Free Press.

Among the newspapers which have been eager servants of the Austrian agents are:

The Daily Szabadsag, (Liberty,) of Cleveland, whose editor, and later New York representative, Martin Dienes, alias William Warm, drafted the Middle West strike plans seized on Captain Archibald; the Daily Amerikai Magyar Nepsava, (American Hungarian Exponent,) of 178 Second Avenue, New York, whose editor, G. D. Berko, formerly Berkovits, figures in investigations now under way in passport matters, Berko was one of the first men to repudiate Dr. Dumba after the latter was discredited by the Administration.

The Kuryer Codzienny (Daily Courier) of Cleveland, Kasimir Gluchowski, editor; supported by Dr. Bogacki and Dr. Ernest Ludwig, Austrian Consul in Cleveland.

The Narodowiecu (Nationalist) of Cleveland, weekly; Stanislaus Dangel, editor and publisher; a radical pro-Ludwig and pro-Hausner publication.

The Dziennik Polski (Polish News) of Detroit, daily; editor, J. Karasiewicz; assistant editor, ex-Lieutenant Kraenzel of the Austrian Army, who now is known as J. Bar.

The Dziennik Ludowy (People's Daily) of Chicago, published by the Polish Socialist Party, and which is plaintiff in a libel suit against one of its contemporaries, in which the names of Count Bernstorff, Dr. Dumba, and Consul Ludwig of Cleveland appear as part of the record.

The Bicz Bozy (Scourge of God) of Chicago, weekly, Polish People's Publishing Company, publishers; its offices at 959 Milwaukee Avenue are only a few steps from the Western headquarters of secret agents Hausner and Mlynarski, at 953 Milwaukee Avenue, who are frequent visitors at its editorial rooms. The Bicz Bozy is anti-clerical and Socialist; its columns of late have been characterized by attacks on Bishop Rhode of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Green Bay, Wis. Bishop Rhode and his clergy have exposed the work of secret agent Hausner recently. The Bicz Bozy is now under investigation by the postal authorities.

The Dziennik dla Wszystkich (Everybody's Daily) of Buffalo, daily; edited by J. Kaminski.

The Telegram Codzienny (Daily Telegram) of New York, daily. This newspaper has been charged by its contemporaries with receiving money from Count von Bernstorff; it has vigorously denied these charges.

The Straz (Sentinel) of Scranton, Penn., weekly; organ of the Polish National Church. Its editor, Bishop Hodur, is an ardent protagonist of Dr. Dumba.

The Magyar Herold (Hungarian Herald) of Toledo, now defunct; its editor, Z. Zalay, introduced Editor Dienes, alias Warm, to Captain James F. J. Archibald, who bore Dienes's strike memorandum with Dr. Dumba's letter when it was seized.

### Espoused Austria's Cause.

These eleven publications have been marked in their editorial course either by a severe condemnation of the manufacture of munitions, circulating as they do among the laborers at plants, or they have otherwise espoused the Austrian cause. They have published great quantities of matter received by wireless via Sayville from Vienna and Berlin, these dispatches reaching them through the various Austrian Consuls working by direction of Dr. Dumba.

Denunciation of public officials and the priesthood, criticism of the national Administration at Washington, caricatures in crude form of duty and energy who opposed their propaganda, publication of inspired dispatches—these, and other activities, have marked the course of these periodicals.

The Cleveland venture, the Kuryer Codzienny, seemed to have extraordinary news facilities from its inception. Most of these came direct from the German wireless plant at Sayville, L. I. Dispatches direct from Sayville put Vienna into the closest touch with Editor Gluchowski, reading of the Kuryer would indicate, for Gluchowski apparently had scores of information that dwarfed the news-gathering functions of the great press agencies of the world.

One of these dispatches, scare-headed in the Kuryer, caused much commotion among the Cleveland Polish population, which numbers about 75,000. It was in the form of a lengthy article, via Sayville, and told of a gigantic movement on the part of the Poles in Russia to rise against the Czar. The intelligence was conveyed that these Poles, numbered thousands, and including among their relatives many residents of the Cleveland district, wanted to be annexed to Austria. The only news in the matter not via Sayville was a footnote with the official O. K. of Dr. Ernest Ludwig, Austrian Consul in Cleveland.

Meanwhile the Szabadsag was printing in Hungarian what the Kuryer was publishing in Polish.

In Detroit, the activities of the Dziennik Polski, under the direction of Editor Karasiewicz and Assistant Editor Kraenzel, or Bar, were along similar lines. Editor Karasiewicz's activities were such that recently he withdrew from membership in the Polish National Alliance and the Polish Falcons, due to their antagonism to his pro-Austrian views.

### Opposed by Count Wasilewski.

Opposed to the activities of Hausner, Mlynarski and other Austrian propagandists in Detroit was Count Stanislaus Joseph von Wasilewski. Bearing a safe-conduct from the German Minister to Holland, Count von Mueller, he made an investigation of the Austrian Landsturm in Cracow last year, being attached to the press bureau of that organization. Members of the same body were Messrs. Hausner and Mlynarski, not yet commissioned to visit the United States.

Count Wasilewski, on his way back to Detroit, was the guest of Ignace Paderewski at the latter's chateau in Morges, not far from Lucerne, Switzerland. Another member of Paderewski's house party that time was Henryk Sienkiewicz, the noted Polish writer, author of "Quo Vadis?" these men persuaded Count Wasilewski that the Austrian Government had adopted a dual course in its relations with the United States, and when he left the Paderewski villa for the United States, it was as an avowed anti-Austrian.

Count Wasilewski joined the staff of The Polish Daily Record in Detroit, and when agents Hausner and Mlynarski began their propaganda here, he was active in denouncing them. His life was threatened on numerous occasions, and he was denounced by Hausner as a traitor to his country. Count Wasilewski recently went to Chicago, where he is now engaged in literary work.

## PURSUED BY GERMAN AGENTS.

### Persistently Forced to Give Up Munition Jobs, Young Germans Assert.

*Special to The New York Times.*

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 14.—Though United States District Attorney Thomas J. Shellacy declined to make any statement, it was learned tonight that agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, were here shifting the story of a young German machinist, who says he has been persistently forced to give up employment in munition-making plants by agents of the German Government.

The machinist, who is about 26 years old, went to work in a big Hartford machine and tool-making plant four weeks ago, giving the name of F. W. Miller. He had previously worked for Brown & Sharp of Providence, and had proved an excellent machinist. When he signed his time card for the payroll then he used an unmistakably German name, which he admitted to the shop Superintendent was correct.

When the war started the young man was ordered home as a reservist, but because his brothers were in the army he refused to go and stayed here to support his aged mother. He was warned then that a long term in prison in Germany would be his fate if he did any work for munition manufacturers—that is, if he ever returned to Germany. Recently he was warned by a German spy to leave Providence. He worked at Pratt & Whitney's machine works in Hartford under an assumed name for several weeks, but was discovered and again compelled by a German agent to quit. He makes the extraordinary statement that the German Government knows where every German in this country is employed and has warned all working on war munitions that five years imprisonment would be the sentence if they ever returned to the Fatherland. Miller says his uncle is proprietor of a New York hotel and one of the best-known German-Americans in the country.

## TO SPEND $13,000,000 A DAY.

### New French Budget for Three Months to be $1,220,000,000.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—During the last quarter of the year the expenditures of the French Government probably will run in excess of $13,000,000 a day.

The Minister of Finance, Alexandre Ribot, will introduce in Parliament on Thursday a bill providing for appropriations of 6,100,000,000 francs ($1,220,000,000,) or slightly more than 2,000,000,000 francs a month. When this bill is adopted the total of appropriations since Aug. 1, 1914, will be 28,194,000,000 francs ($5,638,800,000.)

## SENATOR LEWIS DELAYS TRIP

### Plans to Obtain Release of Westerners in German Detention Camps.

Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, who was booked to sail on the steamer Ryndam for Rotterdam yesterday, canceled his passage about two hours before the vessel sailed. He said a number of matters prevented his sailing.

Senator Lewis had special letters to American representatives in Great Britain, Holland, France, and Germany, and it was said that he would make the trip in an effort to secure the release from German detention camps of a considerable number of persons from Chicago and other Western points.

# DUMBA ON LEAVE SUITS WILSON

Continued from Page 1.

Excellency to recall me on leave of absence for personal report.'

"This was a purely official message and now for the first time I authorize its publication. It was sent from the Embassy by the only means which I had to communicate with my Government, and to my astonishment it has become public, though not through me or the Associated Press, to which I had planned to give a formal statement when I was prepared to do so. In view of the situation now, I think that I will have nothing whatever to say regarding my position, beyond the statement which, however, probably have something to say to the public through the Austrian press, after I have returned home.

"Agents in New York are arranging reservations for me on a Dutch or Norwegian steamer, but the exact date of my departure has not been determined. I expect the British Government will afford me safe conduct. Mrs. Dumba will go to Washington for a brief stay before meeting me in New York, when we will sail."

Mrs. Dumba will leave Lenox tomorrow for Washington, where she plans to stay about a week.

Inquiries made yesterday at the offices of the Norwegian-America, Scandinavian-American, and Holland-America Lines as to whether reservations had been made on any of their ships for the sailing of Ambassador Dumba were met with negative replies. The Rotterdam of the Holland-America Line sails Sept. 25 for Rotterdam; the Kristianiafjord of the Norwegian Line, Sept. 25, for Bergen, and the Frederick VIII. of the Scandinavian Line, Sept. 22, for Copenhagen.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 14.—According to the Politiken, Ambassador Dumba will sail on the Frederick VIII. from New York on Sept. 22 for Copenhagen.

## DISCUSSED ARCHIBALD CASE.

### But Marshall's Washington Visit Was Mainly About Passport Frauds.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—H. Snowden Marshall, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, came to Washington today and consulted officials of the Department of Justice regarding recent passport frauds. It was reported that Mr. Marshall also discussed the conspiracy to foment strikes among workers in munitions factories. The fact that a Federal District Attorney discussed subjects of this sort with the Department chiefs, suggested that active prosecutions were about to begin, but official confirmation on this point was unobtainable.

Mr. Marshall saw Solicitor General Davis, now Acting Attorney General; Assistant Attorney General Warren, who is in charge of the legal side of international questions, and A. Bruce Bielaski, Chief of the Division of Investigation, which has been busily running down clues. It was said afterward that the case of James F. J. Archibald, who carried the dispatch that caused the United States to ask for the recall of Dr. Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, was discussed only incidentally. Mr. Warren told Mr. Marshall that when all the papers in the case had been digested they would be sent to him for final action.

Mr. Warren said afterward that it had not been decided to arrest Archibald upon his landing in New York. The practice of the Department is not to arrest suspected persons until indicted, unless there is reason to believe they will attempt to escape. No such intention is credited to Archibald, who is expected to come to Washington for a talk with Secretary Lansing.

## PLEA FOR ARCHIBALD.

### From His Lecture Manager, Who Says He Knew Little German.

Following the announcement from Washington that J. F. J. Archibald would be examined by officials of the Department of Justice on his arrival here, and that United States District Attorney Marshall would decide whether or not to prosecute him for using an American passport to carry treasonable correspondence to Austria, Charles Mercer, manager of Archibald's war lecture enterprise, for which the German Government supplied free film, sent a letter to the newspapers last night supporting Archibald's statement by cable that he did not know the nature of the papers he was carrying. In the letter Mercer says:

"It has just occurred to me that Mr. Archibald's speaking knowledge of the German language is, I know, very limited; that he is unable to read or write German at all is demonstrated by the fact that the small amount of correspondence he has with personal friends in Germany is sent to a public translator here in the city, and our checkbook records this fact.

"My reason for introducing this angle is to point out how reasonable it is to suppose that if Mr. Archibald had had the slightest inkling as to the contents of the "unsealed letter" he would most certainly have voluntarily turned it over to the proper authorities, or at least he would have destroyed it.

"It is ridiculous to suppose that Mr. Archibald would have knowingly attempted anything so unpatriotic, crude and hazardous as the carrying of Dr. Dumba's letter through the enemies' lines."

### Archibald Coming on Rotterdam.

The agents of the Holland-America Line received a cablegram from Rotterdam yesterday stating that the liner Rotterdam sailed from Falmouth on Sunday for New York, after embarking 163 first-class passengers, mostly Americans, and mails. All together the ship is bringing 276 first, 342 second, and 274 steerage passengers. This is the biggest cabin list since the homeward rush of refugees at the beginning of the war. Among the passengers is James F. Archibald, the bearer of the Dumba dispatches, and Haddon Chambers, the playwright and novelist. The Rotterdam is expected to arrive next Sunday morning.

# BIG GERMAN INFLUX WHEN THE WAR ENDS

### London Broker Writes That This Country Must Expect a Swarm of Immigrants.

### DISAPPOINTED WITH AMERICA

### Writer Believes We Will One Day Regret That We Did Not Punish the 'Vile War Party of Germany.'

The overrunning of the United States after the war by Germans, who will swarm here when peace is declared, is predicted in a letter received yesterday by Alexander M. Hudnut of Halsey & Hudnut, stock brokers, from their London correspondent, a well-known broker of that city.

The letter echoes the opinion, which, according to recent arrivals from the other side, is coming to be widely shared, that the United States, in spite of its course as to the Lusitania and the Arabic incidents, has not fulfilled expectations in its policy in regard to the war. The writer says in part:

"The hour that the first German soldiers set foot in Belgium was the commencement of Germany's defeat. In fact, I go further than that, and say the ultimatum (if it can be named that) which was sent by Germany through Austria was the beginning of the death of German strength and might.

"Germany, by revoking her honor, has met her doom—and we must remember that in this war frontiers have no bearing; only men, munitions, and money count. We have nearly as many men as our enemies. We shall soon have a greater supply of munitions, (thanks a great deal to the United States,) and as to money, Germany is bankrupt, and our credit is hardly traded upon. This is the whole position.

"Germany, in her snakelike fashion, had poured out millions to stir up rebellions and trouble in all her enemies' colonies. She totally failed. India was to rebel. Africa was to rebel. In the Far East her influence was to be paramount. Millions of pounds spent in forming her empire all gone.

"We know we must suffer much and mourn many, but we have saved and refreshed our honor, and all the wickedness of the Great War Lord will have its just retribution. The Russian retreat is hailed by the Germans as a great victory. While Russia retreats she wins, and I only hope and pray that Russia will continue to retreat and contain the German Army in Russia for the Winter. The Grand Duke knows his land and his people, and a willing retreat means many things besides defeat. Russia can do this there can be no support for the west.

"Remember also Italy is daily encroaching—killing, maiming, and taking prisoners. All a nibbling, weakening, and Germany has her limit.

# DE PINNA

FIFTH AVENUE
AT THIRTY-SIXTH ST.
NEW YORK

## Boys and Big Boys

Clothes for boys with a manly spirit—but not men's clothes.

Clothes for the boy in short trousers, for the boy in long trousers, and finally for the college young man.

To these specialties does the house of De Pinna confine itself—perfecting its knowledge of the requirements of these young gentlemen from season to season.

School outfits are provided, both clothing and haberdashery, with every item designed to meet the known requirements of the principal American schools.

### Norfolk Knickerbocker School Suits

As much good tailoring and correctness of cut are observable in these suits for school boys of 7 to 15 as in the De Pinna clothes for young college men.

The De Pinna knickerbocker suit at $8.75 has acquired a reputation which has made it a standard.

Only specially chosen, extra serviceable fabrics are used, in plaids, mixtures and plain colors. The assortment this Autumn is much more extensive than heretofore.

Similar suits, in the fine imported Scotch and English materials, ready-to-wear, up to $18.

### For Boys Going Into Long Trousers

English sack suits and English Norfolks, specially tailored for boys about to take this important step toward manhood.

In non-conspicuous mixtures and appropriate plain colors.

Prices $18 to $30.

### Boys' College Mackinaws

Different in texture and color from the ordinary mackinaws—selected for college use.

One specially good Mackinaw—a De Pinna design, at $9.

### School and College Haberdashery and Shoes

Complete outfits for boys going to out-of-town schools and colleges.

The De Pinna haberdashery shop has made a special point of obtaining the exactly correct things in shirts, underwear, hosiery, neckwear, pajamas, and bathrobes.

Shoes for class-room, for dress and for rough country wear—including the celebrated "Anniped" damp proof shoe for stormy weather.

### Correct Autumn Hats

English blocks and the latest American shapes for boys and young men.

Soft felt hats in colors suitable to the Autumn clothes, and the new English styles in stitched cloth hats.

Golf and college caps.

## DE PINNA

Exclusive Outfitters for Young People

Fifth Ave. at Thirty-Sixth St.


# TROOPS SENT OUT ON BORDER ALARM

## Bandits Threaten Two Places Near Brownsville—Six Mexicans Found Dead.

## NEW PRECAUTIONS TAKEN

### Border Citizens Prepare to Meet Any Outbreaks on the Mexican National Holiday.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Sept. 14.—Two companies of infantry were hurried out of Brownsville tonight for San Benito and Lyford, north of here, on reports that there was danger from Mexican bandits near those places.

With six Mexicans found dead today, five of them shot and one floating in the Rio Grande, extensive preparations were made tonight to prevent reprisals or outbreaks during a two-day celebration of the Mexican national holiday.

This celebration is due to begin tomorrow, according to Mexican custom. One suspicious movement of armed men carrying red flags on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande was observed late today. Except for this incident all reports of danger came from the American side exclusively, most of them from a considerable distance in the interior.

Three Mexicans among six prisoners taken as suspects after the Los Indios fight yesterday, were killed today near San Benito, Texas. It was stated that they escaped from the San Benito jail last night, and that their bodies were found some distance from town today with bullet holes in their backs.

The San Benito jail is a wooden crib, much resembling an ordinary corn crib except that it is made of two-by-four planks. San Benito city officials have said there never has been need of a stronger jail, owing to the scarcity of crime.

No statement was obtained from San Benito officers as to how the Mexicans escaped, but it was said that Mexicans living in the town may have helped them to get out.

About two dozen armed Brownsville citizens stood guard all night in the county building here. Others were posted at convenient concentration points in the city. These were precautions against too much celebration by Mexicans of their national independence day, which is Sept. 16, but which usually begins to rise into boisterousness in this section about Sept. 15. About seventy-five Brownsville citizens were organized today under one leader, a man of military experience, for guard duty.

Generally throughout the valley similar precautions were taken. These civil preparations were not made in fear of an invasion from the Mexican side, but against Texas Mexicans. The United States Army organization also tightened its patrol on the border. All these movements were made in the belief that thoroughness in preparation probably would prevent disorder.

Colonel Robert L. Bullard at Harlingen, whose United States troopers are mostly on duty some distance back from the international line, said:

"In my opinion, there cannot be any large outbreak, because too many Mexicans are getting frightened and running away. There may be some little trouble within the next four or five days, but I do not think there is much trouble likely after that."

Colonel Bullard has spread his patrols about interior towns for many miles north of here, through a system of cooperation with citizens of rural districts. Not enough troops were available to grant all requests for protection. Colonel Bullard therefore organized citizens and farmers and distributed the troops about rural tracts in small details. One of these detachments, unsupported, would perhaps be too small to risk a fight with bandits, but quickly can double its strength by calling out citizens in the immediate vicinity.

Colonel A. P. Blockson, at Fort Brown, today received reports from all points along the international line. They were mainly reassuring. He posted strong cavalry guards at frequent intervals along the boundary, and also used some infantry forces in this immediate vicinity.

A troop of Carranza soldiers opposite La Feria, about 30 miles up the Rio Grande, this afternoon blew bugles and left their posts. As they rode away a few shouted "Death to the gringoes." Later a band of about ninety men carrying two red flags occupied a vacated Carranza post.

Captain A. V. P. Anderson of the Twelfth Cavalry kept a close watch on these Mexicans. The red flag has been the emblem found on buttons on Mexicans on the American side of the border.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Major Gen. Frederick Funston, commanding the United States Army forces along the Texas border of Mexico, sent the following message to the War Department on yesterday's fighting:

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Sept. 13, 1915.

Adjutant General, U. S. Army, Washington:

Following just received from Major Anderson at Harlingen: "Confirm report sent this morning as follows: Sergeant Walsh, in command detachment ten men, Troop A, Twelfth Cavalry, stationed at outpost at Turner's Ranch, about five miles east of Santa Maria, fired on by bandits, estimated twenty or thirty, posted at five or more places covered by shelter surrounding camp at daybreak this morning. Fire returned. Fight lasted about half hour. Several hundred shots fired. Sergeant James J. Walsh shot in leg, not seriously. Trumpeter Harold T. Forney shot through abdomen, dangerously wounded. Private Anthony Kraftshot through head, lived half hour, dead. Another detachment closed in from Military Road. Bandits withdrew into bush. Our men closed in from Santa Maria, Harlingen, San Benito, and Los Idios, and have been at work all day endeavoring to locate bands believed to be principally people living in vicinity. Havre furnished supports for civil officers who have been searching all houses on river, seizing arms and suspicious characters. Many arms being seized. Five Mexicans found by our men near scene of fighting held and turned over to civil officers. Forney and Walsh in hospital here." FUNSTON.

### GETS FREE FROM BANDITS.

#### Railway Official, Held for $10,000 Ransom, Has Been Released.

EL PASO, Sept. '14.—Edward Ledwidge, an official of the Mexican Northwestern Railroad, who has been held for $10,000 ransom by bandits operating near the Cumbre Tunnel in Chihuahua, was released early today, according to information reaching here. A posse is pursuing the bandits.

Advices received here did not state whether Ledwidge escaped from the bandits, was delivered on payment of the ransom, or was rescued in a fight. Ledwidge was held by the Chavez brothers, bandits, in Chihuahua.

The meagre information indicated that Ledwidge had been shown alive to foreign residents of Chicto, Chihuahua, last night, and that the bandits declared he would be killed unless the ransom was forthcoming at 9 o'clock today.

A special train carrying General Manuel Ochoa's troops and a party of Americans with the ransom money reached Chicto this morning. It is believed here that the foreigners at Chicto anticipated the troops, attacked the bandits, and rescued Ledwidge.

### CONFERENCE HERE SATURDAY.

#### Envoys May Arrange Then for a Meeting with Carranza.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The Pan-American Mexican conference, made up of Secretary of State Lansing and the six South and Central American diplomats who issued the invitation to Mexican factional leaders for a peace convention, has again postponed its next meeting. Instead of being held tomorrow or Thursday in Washington, as seemed sure yesterday, the decision was reached today to hold the conference on Saturday, Sept. 18, in New York City. New York was chosen, as it will be more convenient to the Summer homes of the Latin-American diplomats, and also in view of the sweltering heat which has prevailed in Washington.

Ambassador Romulo S. Naon of Argentina had another meeting with Secretary Lansing today regarding the plans for the conference, and through him notification will be sent to the other conferees informing them of the date for the conference. It was intimated here today, although it could not be confirmed officially, that the conferees had practically made up their minds as to the course of action to be pursued. Despite the published statement that General Carranza is to be recognized, it is understood that the course of action does not contemplate the immediate recognition of General Carranza at this time.

However, the statement was made in a reliable quarter tonight that the Pan-American conferees will probably accept the counter-proposal from General Carranza that they, or agents representing them, meet him at a Rio Grande border town, as suggested in Carranza's answer to the Pan-American invitation, for the exclusive purpose of considering the affairs of Mexico from the international viewpoint. It was asserted tonight that the purpose of this conference would be to enable Carranza to spread upon the conference table his plans for dealing with foreign claims, the re-establishment of the finances of Mexico, and the treatment of foreign interests, and generally a showing of his claims to military control at the time the conference is held. If the showing is satisfactory, Carranza will expect to be recognized.

In a responsible quarter it was stated tonight that it was not the expectation of Carranza that he would be recognized before the first of next January, by which time he expects to have driven Villa out of the country, and to be in possession of Torreon, Chihuahua, and Juarez. The statement was also made that at the time that Carranza rejected the invitation of the Pan-American conferees to send delegates to a Mexican peace conference and submitted his counter-proposal for a conference between himself and the Pan-American conferees or agents representing them, he had substantial reasons for believing that his proposal for such a conference would be accepted by the conferees.

The State Department continues to receive reports indicating that Villa is suffering greatly from desertions from his ranks to the Carranzistas. One of the reports reaching the department today stated that about 300 of General Carrera Torres's men have gone over to the Carranza cause. This report came from the town of Zaragosa, in the State of Nuevo Leon.

### WARNING TO QUIT MEXICO.

#### Americans Again Advised to Leave —Reported Plot in Tucson.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. — Instructions issued months ago urging American citizens in Mexico to leave the country have been renewed to Americans in Sonora, Chihuahua, and other northern States where military advances and border disturbances now make conditions extra hazardous. State Department officials denied reports that the order had reference to this Government's future course toward Mexico.

FORT HUACHUCA, Ariz., Sept. 14.—Persistent reports of a plot to foment an uprising among the Mexican residents of Tucson, Ariz., on Thursday, Mexican Independence Day, resulted in an order today for two troops of cavalry from this post. The troops are on a "practice march" and will arrive at Tucson tomorrow.

They were ordered to the city after a visit here of Acting Mayor A. C. Bernard.

Arrangements to station a large number of armed men at the armory, water works and other public utility plants were made at a mass meeting of citizens. A third of the 20,000 residents of Tucson are Mexicans.

### ARGENTINA DEFERS ACTION.

#### Proposal to Take Up Mexican Question Rejected by Chamber.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 14. — The Chamber of Deputies has rejected a proposed resolution for an immediate interpellation of the Minister for Foreign Affairs on the subject of Argentina's intervention in the Mexican question.

It was decided to await further consideration of the matter by the Pan-American conference called by the United States.

### MEXICANS TO CELEBRATE.

#### Carranza Partisans Give a Dinner Tonight for Finance Minister.

The Mexican colony of New York will celebrate tonight the one hundred and fifth anniversary of the beginning of the Hidalgo revolution. It was on Sept. 15, 1810, that Hidalgo, the Mexican priest, started the uprising against the Spanish rulers of Mexico.

The guest of honor at a dinner to be given by the Carranzistas at Mouquin's tonight will be Luis Cabrera, the Minister of Finance in the Carranza Cabinet. Señor Cabrera is expected to make an important speech, in which he will defend the Carranza policy in Mexican affairs.

# START CITIZENSHIP IN NEW NIGHT COURT

## Thirty-three Aliens Take Out Papers as Foreign-Born Citizens' League Celebrates.

## GATHERING IS PATRIOTIC

### Cheers Banner Inscribed, "I Forever Renounce Allegiance to Any Foreign Prince."

Cuomo Curulli, who lives at 67 East Ninth Street and who came from Italy a few years ago, was the first man ever to take his first step toward becoming a citizen of the United States at night. Curulli, who makes his living by teaching Italian and English, was at the head of the small group of foreigners that was waiting in the County Court when the new Naturalization Bureau opened there last night, and he received his first papers a few minutes after 7 o'clock.

At just about this time another group of foreigners, larger, and many of them carrying small American flags, was beginning to gather in front of 82 Second Avenue to celebrate the victory won by the League of Foreign Born Citizens, which has its headquarters there. It was through the efforts of this league that the night Naturalization Bureau was established for the benefit of the thousands of working foreigners who can not find time to take out their papers during working hours of the day time.

As the group in front of the headquarters on Second Avenue, near Fourth Street, grew larger, many placards, on poles, for carrying in parade, and banners commenced to make their appearance amid cheers. One of them bore this inscription:

I forever renounce my allegiance to any foreign Prince or potentate.—Motto of the members of the League of Foreign-Born Citizens.

Another read:

Our brethren abroad are facing each other in anger. We are marching shoulder to shoulder for a United America.

County Clerk William F. Schneider was one of the men most actively interested in having the night bureau opened. A third placard read:

What's the matter with County Clerk Schneider? He's all right.

Other placards were to be seen in great number, each bearing some sentiment of the 1,200 members of the organization. Practically all of the members are foreign born, and most of them have taken out their first naturalization papers. Several automobiles in which rode Borough President Marcus M. Marks, President Churchill of the Board of Education, Secretary Louis W. Fehr of the Park Board, President Nathaniel Phillips of the League, and others who have become interested in its work, started out down Second Avenue and the foreign born formed in a cheering line behind them, accompanied by the band and a vigorous rendition of "The Star Spangled Banner."

About 9 o'clock the parade reached the County Court House. President Phillips was the first speaker introducing Mr. Curulli.

"I feel that a wonderful forward step is being taken tonight," he said. "By tearing out the roots connected with the land of his birth the immigrant shows enterprise, initiative, determination, ambition, and capacity for self-sacrifice. These are fine qualifications for citizenship. When they accept the privilege of citizenship I hope they will not be hyphenated Americans, but just plain, decent, law-abiding, patriotic American citizens, animated by one steadfast purpose, namely, to perform their sacred duties."

Miss Anne Rhodes, Chairman of the Women's Welfare Committee of the league, spoke briefly, advising the foreign-born to study English so that they might better understand their fellow-citizens. County Clerk Schneider and President Churchill also spoke.

Thirty-three foreigners took advantage of the first opportunity to take out their papers at night. Two of these were Germans, the rest were Italians and Russians. The bureau in the County Court House will be open every Monday and Tuesday night from 7 to 10 o'clock. On Thursday nights it will be conducted during the same hours in the Federal building.

### LINDON BATES MONUMENT.

#### Parents of Lusitania Victim to Erect Shaft in Berkshires.

The parents of Lindon Wallace Bates, Jr., who was lost with the Lusitania on May 7, are preparing to erect a tomb and monument to their son, according to information that reached here last night. The monument will be a reproduction of the famous Pompey's Pillar in Egypt and will tower 115 feet above the tip of a rocky mountain of the Berkshires on the Bates estate at New Lebanon, N. Y. The memorial and its place have been chosen because Mr. Bates greatly admired Pompey's Pillar, and was fond of climbing to the Berkshire mountain top, which before his death came to be known as "Lindon Bates's Rock."

The pillar will be of white concrete and will be visible for many miles, both by day and night. After dark searchlights will shine upon its sides from its base. Mr. Bates's body will be placed under the base in a permanent resting place.

While intending the monument principally as a memorial to their son, Mr. and Mrs. Bates, Sr., wish also to have it stand in memory of all those who went down with the Lusitania. An approach will be built to it so that those interested may visit it, and a spiral stairway inside will lead to a summit from which one may obtain an unexcelled view of the surrounding country.

Mr. and Mrs. Bates have been moved to erect the monument to their son not only through parental affection, but because they feel that the manner of his death should be commemorated. According to reports brought by survivors, Mr. Bates obtained a life preserver for himself soon after the Lusitania had been torpedoed and doubtless would have saved himself had his attention not been attracted by a frantic woman who had not secured a life belt. He removed his life preserver, according to the story, tied it around the woman, and then dived overboard, trusting to his swimming powers. His body was found weeks later at Eddy Island, off the coast of Ireland.

## MARCONI ABSORBS RIVAL.

### Poulsen Rights in England Acquired by Wireless Corporation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The financial editor of The Daily Chronicle says:

"A syndicate representing Marconi interests has acquired the Poulsen-Padna rights, and in due course the Poulsen system will become part of the Marconi organization."

According to this authority, an important option in connection with the British Poulsen wireless rights lapsed recently, though fresh arrangements would quite possibly have been made. In the meanwhile, however, the syndicate representing the Marconi interests, recognizing no doubt what a formidable rival the Poulsen system would be in the future if it remained independent, has stepped in and made an offer which apparently has been accepted.

For the present, owing to Treasury restrictions, formation of a subsidiary company and other financial arrangements for the completion of the deal cannot be put through, but after the conclusion of peace it may be looked upon as certain that Poulsen will be under the Marconi banner.

The Poulsen system of wireless telegraphy, worked out by Valdemar Poulsen of Copenhagen eight years ago, is said to be a much faster means of communication than that of Marconi. In 1907 Professor Poulsen also talked by wireless between Copenhagen and Berlin, some 250 miles, and proposed to establish a wireless telephone service to America, via Ireland. The Poulsen patents in the United States are controlled by the Federal Telegraph Company.

## MORE TROUBLE IN PORTUGAL

### New Rebellion Started in Principal Provincial Cities of Republic.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A new insurrectionary movement has broken out not only in Lisbon, but in the principal provincial cities of Portugal, says a dispatch to the Journal from Madrid.

Dispatches from the Portuguese frontier on Sept. 2 reported an insurrectionary movement at Braga and Caxias. Martial law was proclaimed in northern Portugal on Aug. 29 to suppress a monarchical movement.

## REWARD BARES GEM THEFT.

### E. C. Potter Offers $2,500 for Jewels from His Country Home.

The country home of E. Clifford Potter at Eastampton, L. I., was robbed of a large amount of jewelry on the night of Sept. 1, in the absence of the family. This became known last night through the publication of an advertisement by William F. Barthman, a jeweler at 174 Broadway, offering a reward of $2,500 for the return of the jewelry. The value of the jewelry is not known, but it is said that in the loot of the thieves were several articles prized for sentimental reasons.

When Mr. Potter discovered his loss, he hired private detectives who have worked in vain. Following the advertisement this morning, the police of Long Island will work on the case. Information as to the nature and value of the jewelry was refused at Mr. Potter's residence last night.

Mr. Potter is a wealthy real estate operator, a member of the firm of Potter & Brother, 30 West Forty-second Street.

## GOULD FIGHT GOES HIGHER.

### Income Tax on Wife's Alimony Before U. S. Supreme Court.

Howard Gould has not accepted the several defeats he suffered in the courts of this state in the matter of his right to deduct the income tax from the alimony of $3,000 a month he is paying his wife, Katharine Clemmons Gould, who obtained a separation from him in 1909. An order was filed with County Clerk Schneider yesterday, signed by Justice Hughes of the United States Supreme Court, on the application of Mr. Gould, requiring both him and his wife to appear before the court on Oct. 5 and show cause why a writ of error should not issue.

Mr. Gould contends that the courts here were in error in deciding that he had no right to deduct the income tax and that their interpretation of the law was wrong. The application set forth that during the months between January and July, 1914, inclusive, $210 was deducted from the monthly payments to cover the income tax. Mrs. Gould sued him for the amount and judgment was entered against him on Aug. 7, 1914. Then a motion was made before Justice Hendrick to have the judgment vacated, but he denied it on the ground that the alimony was not "income" within the meaning of the law.

Then the case went to the Appellate Division, which affirmed the judgment of the lower court. On April 8 last the costs and disbursements amounted to $2,282. But Mr. Gould did not mind and carried the matter to the Court of Appeals. Mr. Gould entered a demurrer on the ground that the Appellate Division had not given permission to submit the case to the higher court. The case was dismissed and then Mr. Gould went back to the Appellate Division and asked for permission to appeal. He said he wanted to discover whether alimony constituted "gains, profits and income" within the meaning of the income tax law and whether, if it did, the husband had the right to deduct the amount of the tax. The court refused to permit him to appeal and Mr. Gould appeared to be at the end of his legal resources.

The decision of the United States Supreme Court will doubtless show whether alimony is income or not, and if it is whether the husband may pay it from the principal. If the court decides that the courts in this State were in error, the judgment against Mr. Gould will have to be vacated.

## COUPLE BURNED TO DEATH.

### Die in Isolated House, Which May Have Been Set Afire.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHATSWORTH, N. J., Sept. 14.—In the ashes of their home, which was destroyed by fire shortly after midnight, the bodies of John Smith, watchman at a brick yard at Pasadena, in the pine wilderness, eight miles from Chatsworth and his aged wife were found today. Local officers suspect foul play.

Residents of Chatsworth driving along the lonely road near the brick yard at 2 o'clock this morning were attracted to the home of the watchman, which is nearly two miles from the nearest habitation, by a bright blaze. They found the building in flames, and one of the party, looking through a window, saw the two bodies side by side in a bed. The blaze cut off any attempt at recovery of the bodies then.

Officials investigating the case believe the flames could not have gained sufficient headway to suffocate the couple without waking at least one of them, and it is suspected that the fire was started to cover another crime. Efforts are being made to discover if Smith had any enemies.


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A school of the English type for boys under 14.
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A Complete Education for the Singer.
Superior instruction at moderate rates. Pupils assisted in securing positions. Write for booklet Y.
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**DETAILS**

These advertisements are purposely brief, emphasizing some one particular fact or feature about our work as it occurs to us from day to day.

But we have a mine of interesting data, rich in the gold ore of facts and figures, ready at a moment's notice for any owner who will give us the opportunity to explain the merits of the Thompson-Starrett service.

**THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY**
Building Construction


**To Give a "Porto Rico Dinner."**

In order to revive interest here in the affairs of Porto Rico for both the political and economic advantage of that fair island possession of the United States, Governor Arthur Yager, who is expected to reach New York tomorrow from San Juan, will give a "Porto Rico dinner," according to advices received here from Martin Travieso, Secretary of Porto Rico. Among the leading citizens who will be invited to this dinner will be all the former Governors of the Island.

A case for Wincarnis

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Too tired to think or read because of over-work, want of rest and excessive concentration. Take Wincarnis.

Sample bottle for 10 cents to pay for packing and delivery. Booklet Free.

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# HEAT KILLS THREE; NO RELIEF IN SIGHT

## Entire Country East of the Mississippi in Grip of Sun and Humidity.

## NO CHANGE FOR TWO DAYS

### Record Temperature of 99 Degrees in Orange County—Boston Has 92 Degrees, Chicago 90.

There were three deaths and seven prostrations reported in New York City yesterday as the result of the heat wave which is gripping the country east of the Mississippi River from the great lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. If the wave continues as expected for two days more it will break all records for September hot spells.

Temperatures of more than 85 degrees were reported in scores of cities along the Atlantic seaboard yesterday. At the same time the temperature is below the freezing point in many Western sections of the country.

The heat casualties in New York yesterday follow:

**The Dead.**

DRUMM, RICHARD, 40 years old, 158 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn; dropped dead at his home.

DUNN, CATHARINE, 70 years old, 248 Sumpter Street, Brooklyn; stricken at her home; died a few hours later.

SHEFFIELD, ELIZABETH, 61 years old, 208 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, S. I.; fatally stricken at her home.

**Prostrations.**

BURNS, WILLIAM, 33 Marion Street, Brooklyn, a watchman for the B. R. T., overcome on the elevated station platform at Rockaway Avenue and Fulton Street; taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

COFFEY, MICHAEL, a porter, of 302 East Twenty-sixth Street, overcome in front of his home; attended and taken home.

GLADES, AGNES, 18 years old, 25 Claremont Avenue, overcome at 2,812 Broadway and taken to Knickerbocker Hospital.

HUTTER, ARNOLD, a merchant of Manhasset, L. I., stricken while seated in a chair at 1 Broadway; taken to Volunteer Hospital, and later to his home.

MacGRATH, MARY, 15 Bay Avenue, Mariner's Harbor, S. I., overcome in front of 2,426 Richmond Terrace; taken to Smith Infirmary.

MURIO, CATHARINE, 201 East 104th Street; attended at 115 East Twenty-ninth Street for hysteria, due to the heat.

WINTERS, ANNIE, address not known; overcome in front of 31 East Twenty-fifth Street and taken to Bellevue Hospital.

A dispatch from the Weather Bureau in Washington last night said that no relief from the excessive heat which has gripped the East and South since the middle of last week is promised for the next forty-eight hours. The local forecast is "Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; not much change in temperature; moderate south winds."

Yesterday was the hottest Sept. 14 ever recorded at the local Weather Bureau. The maximum was reached at 2 o'clock, when the mercury registered 86 degrees. The Weather Man, with a big table before him, gave figures intended to show that yesterday was a sort of climax to a hot spell that began Sept. 4. From the files it is read that on Aug. 27 furs—the Winter kind—were worn and overcoats displayed in the shop windows.

The highest temperature of the year was recorded in Boston, 92 degrees. In Pittsburgh 70,000 children were dismissed from school because of the heat and Superintendent of Education William M. Davidson ordered that no more sessions be held until the record-breaking heat wave had passed. The Pittsburgh Weather Bureau thermometer registered 91 degrees at 5 P. M., the hottest hour of the day. There was much suffering in the steel mills, which were working overtime on war orders.

The maximum temperature in Philadelphia yesterday was 87, at 1 o'clock. For twelve days the maximum temperature in Philadelphia has been above the 80 mark, and on four days 90 or over was reached. At the same time the percentage of humidity has been above normal. Three deaths and many prostrations were reported. A total of eight deaths has thus far broken the hot spell.

Chicago sent word that at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the temperature reached 90 degrees, the record for the season. The Windy City has the first real hot spell of the year.

The mercury reached 99 degrees at many places in Orange County, N. Y. The oldest inhabitants say it is a record-breaking spell.

Forecasts issued last night promised thunder showers and probably cooler weather in several Southern States. Forecaster Scarr said if there was wind enough relief might blow up from the South, as the prevailing winds are from that section.

In the Ohio Valley and lower lake region Weather Bureau forecasts said last night that the temperature would probably moderate Wednesday night, with the approach of a disturbance central last night over Lake Superior, which came eastward from Colorado.

**Adamson's Annoyer Locked Up.**

Charged with threatening to rob the apartments of Fire Commissioner Adamson at 215 West 101st Street in offensive letters mailed to William Nichols, janitor of the building, Samuel Walton, a negro elevator runner in the apartment house, yesterday was arrested by Post Office Inspector Fitch. Commissioner Houghton held the prisoner, who waived examination, in $3,000 bail for the Federal Grand Jruy.

**Gregory Sent Back to Newport.**

Bernard F. S. Gregory, known in Horse Show circles, was surrendered to Inspector Tobin of the Newport, R. I., police yesterday by Magistrate Appleton in the West Side Court. Gregory is charged with obtaining by trickery a diamond-studded pin valued at $100. He was arrested at the Hotel Cumberland last Wednesday night.

# SUES FOR $150,000 ON HOTEL EPISODE

## Mrs. Davis Says Her Husband Divorced Her After She Met R. M. Eastman.

## STUDIO WAGES $50 A WEEK

### Young Woman Describes Defendant as an Elderly Man of Chicago, Who Is Wealthy.

A suit for $150,000 for alleged assau was begun in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Cecil M. Virginia Davis, who says she used to earn $50 a week as the manager of a photographic studio. She is 22 years old. The defendant is Robert M. Eastman, described as an "elderly man," whose address is given as 330 Hamlin Avenue, Chicago. Edgar J. Treacy is the plaintiff's attorney. He had no information to give concerning his client except that which appeared in the complaint. He said that today or tomorrow he would be ready with further particulars.

The complaint said that in 1914 Mrs. Davis was married but did not live with her husband for the reason that his business carried him to distant points, but that they were contemplating the resumption of marital relations. In the meantime she kept her job in the studio. In March, 1914, she was introduced to the defendant by a mutual friend. Mr. Eastman "immediately manifested a strong interest in her work," the complaint reads, "and offered to aid her and assist her in obtaining even greater success in her chosen occupation."

Mr. Eastman told the plaintiff, she said, that he was very wealthy and urged her to go to Chicago, where his home was, and where he would be able to extend much help. He promised he would procure her a much finer position in a photographic studio in that city or he would set her up in business for herself, furnishing the necessary capital." He also said, according to the complaint, that he was a patron of the arts and a philanthropist. Because of these statements and because of his age the plaintiff trusted him, and on May 3, 1914, went to Chicago.

The plaintiff met her at the station and escorted her to the Congress Hotel, where she registered. She said she wanted to go to her room alone, but that the plaintiff insisted upon escorting her there and then detained her in the room for two hours. She wanted to leave, but he had locked the door, she said, and so she could not go away.

Mrs. Davis said that her husband learned of this and divorced her in Kansas City. Since then she has been unable to find as lucrative employment as she once enjoyed. Justice Cohalan permitted service of the papers by publication.

## A POLICEMAN 2 LONG HOURS.

### Rookie's First Tour in Tenth Avenue Gives Him Enough of the Force.

The career of Thomas J. Henlon on the New York police force was brief, but according to Henlon, who ought to know, it was long enough to serve a peace-loving citizen many years. Beginning at 4 o'clock last Saturday afternoon in the West Forty-seventh Street Station, it ended about 6 o'clock that same afternoon.

Henlon, who is 24 years old, and lives with his parents at 301 East Fortieth Street, had some reputation as an athlete and passed his probation creditably. He had not been on post three hours when he hurried into the station and asked to be excused because of illness.

"I much prefer my former trade of plastering," said Henlon yesterday. "It may not be thrilling, but it's exciting enough for me. I had never been away from home all night before and listen to what I ran into when I walked out to Tenth Avenue to make people behave.

"There were six street fights that I had to go into and stop by physical force. Automobiles were continually irritating pedestrians, and each pedestrian insisted that I should outrun the machine and arrest the driver. Besides I had to go into four private houses to settle intimate rows between husbands and wives. No Siree, I'm through."

Henlon resigned on Saturday night and his resignation took effect yesterday. At 6 o'clock last night he walked into the West Forty-seventh Street Station and smiled happily at Lieutenant Clarkin at the desk. "Good-bye, Lieutenant," he said. "Life is hard at best, and I don't intend to make it any harder than I can help. Don't let 'em tear the street car tracks off that Tenth Avenue, but I'm through holding 'em down."

Policeman Henlon then took off his belt and handed it, with his shield, to the Lieutenant. Then with a bow of farewell to everybody he walked out to tell his wondering parents of his sojourn among the police.

## PUMP CO. FIGHT TO JERSEY.

### Reorganization Plan Declared Operative After Court Decision.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday denied the application of the minority preferred stockholders' protective committee of the International Steam Pump Company for leave to intervene in the foreclosure suit brought by the Guaranty Trust Company and others. This virtually offsets any plan of the minority stockholders to block in this State the reorganization plan of the company, as proposed. The court held that as a receiver for the company had been appointed in New Jersey, any action to intervene in the foreclosure suit should be begun in that State and in the name of the receiver.

Following the announcement of the decision of the court the joint reorganization committee of the international Steam Pump Company declared its plan of reorganization operative and fixed Oct. 14 as the date for payment of the assessment of $12.50 a share on the assenting common stock. The assessment on the preferred stock cannot be determined accurately until the common stock has paid its assessment, but it is estimated that the preferred stock must pay in the neighborhood of $14.50 a share. It was announced that 90 per cent. of the common stock and 74 per cent. of the company's preferred stock had been deposited. Of the company's bonds 94 per cent. were deposited. On the face of these returns the protesting preferred stockholders represent a small minority.

Following the decision of Judge Hough an order was obtained in the Chancery Court of New Jersey yesterday compelling the majority stockholders' committee to show cause why an action to intervene in the Guaranty Trust foreclosure suit should not be begun in New Jersey in the name of the receiver. This order is returnable next Monday in the court house at Paterson, N. J.

"The position of the preferred stockholders' committee of the International Steam Pump Company will be maintained as high as the Supreme Court of the United States if necessary, and the committee has no doubt whatever of the ultimate outcome of this situation, though it may mean long litigation," said Chairman McDougall Hawkes.

## FORMER NEW YORKER SLAIN.

### Duncan, Once a Professor, Killed with Hatchet at Home in Ohio.

XENIA, Ohio, Sept. 14.—Denman Duncan, 48 years old, a bachelor, employed as a paperhanger, was found dead with his skull crushed at his home at Yellow Springs, near here, today. A bloody hatchet was found outside the house and bloody fingerprints were on a door leading from Duncan's room. Duncan's body was found on the floor.

Duncan at one time was an Assistant Professor of Chemistry in a New York City college. His father, Dr. Amos Duncan, formerly occupied the Chair of Physiology at Antioch College here.

## FOR A DEFENSE CAMPAIGN.

### Committee of One Hundred to be Perfected at Meeting Tonight.

A meeting of the American Defense Society of New York City will be held at the Hotel Astor tonight to perfect the organization of the Committee of One Hundred, which has for its object the carrying on of an aggressive campaign in New York City for better national defense. The presiding officer will be Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan.

Among those who have accepted membership on the Committee of One Hundred are Charles Scribner, J. Sergeant Cram, Austin B. Fletcher, C. Grant La Farge, G. R. Dyer, W. T. Hornaday, Robert Appleton, Sidney W. Fish, Charles E. F. McCann, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Daniel Frohman, Allen W. Evarts, Donn Barber, Bradley Martin, L. E. Mahan, Howard Van Sinderen, Stuart D. Preston, George Floyd Vingut, Henry Reuterdahl, Edwin Arden, Russell Doubleday, James H. Hyslop, Dr. P. M. Butterfield, Lawrence G. White, Channing Pollock, C. Ward Crampton, Lawrence S. Butler, Henry C. Quinby, Lee de Forest, Richard Henry Gatling, Saul E. Rogers, Beverley R. Robinson, Dudley Davis, and Edson Bradley.


**GROW EVER STRONGER**

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| 160 Main St., Wh. Plains, N. Y. | |


# ROFRANO INDICTED, POLICE HUNT HIM

Continued from Page 1.

height of the disturbance a man appeared at a window of Rofrano's club and began to fire a revolver.

Several persons in the street were injured. One bullet struck three-year-old Lina Brienzi in the right eye as she sat in a window above the Gambera Club. Her sister and other members of the family accused Rofrano of the shooting. He was arrested, and later released. Lina Brienzi did not die, but she was maimed for life and shortly after the shooting her father brought a civil suit against Rofrano in her name. She obtained a judgment of $2,000 against Rofrano, which he avoided paying by going into bankruptcy. Some time later he came out of bankruptcy and compromised the judgment by paying the girl $1,500.

**Went Into the Law.**

Before this case was settled Rofrano became Superintendent of the Tenement House Department. In 1907 Rofrano, who had been saloon keeper, contractor, and politician with success, decided to become a lawyer. He entered the New York Law School, being admitted on the academic education guaranteed in the certificate from St. Joseph's Collegiate Institute of Buffalo. He passed the bar examination in 1911, and was admitted. He is now a partner in the firm of Simmons, Harris & Rofrano, 198 Broadway.

He represented Giuseppe Lotito, an Italian dock laborer, in a suit for damages, and won a judgment of $1,250 for his client. According to the client, Rofrano kept all but about $400 of the money for himself. Lotito brought this matter to the attention of the Bar Association last year in an effort to have Rofrano disbarred, but he was unsuccessful.

Rofrano broke with "Big Tim" Foley in the 1913 campaign, preceding Mayor Mitchel's election. His friendship with "Gene" and Clement J. Driscoll, who were Gaynor rather than Foley men, was strong. Clement Driscoll became a Deputy Commissioner of Police and antagonized Foley. "Gene" sided with his brother, and the two drew Rofrano with them. The final breach came at about the time of Mitchel's nomination, when, Foley says, Rofrano sought the nomination for Congress to succeed Daniel J. Riordan. Foley said he laughed at Rofrano's ambition. Rofrano said he simply became disgusted with Foley's political principles and decided to join the forces of good government.

Rofrano organized the Home Rule Democratic Club at 48 Madison Street in opposition to Foley's Downtown Democratic Club, and the two organizations have been the headquarters of the factions in the political feud.

**Feud in the Second Starts.**

Active hostilities began soon after Mayor Mitchel's election. On Dec. 17, 1913, Mike Giamari, who succeeded Rofrano as Foley's chief Italian lieutenant, and whom Rofrano is now charged with murdering, was stabbed in the back at Catharine and Oak Streets. The wound did not prove fatal, but that night Vincenzo Candillo, a Rofrano man, was shot and killed.

At once the Rofrano adherents accepted the theory that Mike Giamari's brothers, Albert and John, believing Candillo to have been Mike's assailant, killed him in revenge. Albert and John Giamari and Michael Geno, a friend of theirs, were arrested and charged with the crime. At their trial, the principal witnesses against them was Joseph Baldo, who was with Candillo when he was killed, and who identified the three prisoners as the murderers. While the trial was in progress, however, Baldo repudiated his identifications, saying that "Rocks" Cornell and Frank Fennimore, two of Rofrano's chief lieutenants, had forced him to commit perjury in making the identification.

From the witness chair in General Sessions, Judge Wadhams presiding, Baldo told how Cornell and Fennimore had intimidated him with use of Rofrano's name. He accused Rofrano himself of meeting him at Police Headquarters and of using words which seemed to give authority to the threats of Cornell and Fennimore. The three defendants in the case were discharged, and Rofrano, with apparent willingness, appeared before Judge Wadhams, to clear himself of Baldo's accusations. He escaped indictment for improper conduct.

**Mitchel Gives Him $5,000 Job.**

In June, 1914, Rofano was appointed Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner. Many persons used the evidence of this case and other accusations in an effort to have Rofrano removed by the Mayor and THE NEW YORK TIMES took the position that at best Rofrano was an undesirable man for the position. But, lacking positive evidence against his Deputy Commissioner, the Mayor refused to remove him.

The next violent outbreak in the political feud of the Second District came on New Year's night, 1915, when James Minott, Rofrano's cousin, but one of Foley's lieutenants, was shot and killed in Forty-second Street. Joseph and Anthony La Salle, two Rofrano men, were declared guilty of second degree murder in connection with the killing, and they are now serving twenty-year sentences in Sing Sing.

In March of this year Mike Giamari was killed and Gaetano Montimagno was subsequently convicted of the murder. The chief evidence against him was supplied by Joe La Salle, who hid after the Minott murder in "Rocks" Cornell's home in Brooklyn, where, he said, Cornell, Fennimore, and Montimagno plotted the murder in his presence. It was while the plotting was going on, La Salle testified, that Cornell frequently communicated by telephone with Rofrano. The indictment of Rofrano is based on the charge that Cornell and Fennimore were really his agents in the murder of Giamari.

Cornell was convicted of murder in the second degree in connection with the death of Giamari, and is now serving twenty years in Sing Sing. At his trial Rofrano took the witness stand to deny the accusations against him. After the trial he resigned his $5,000 place in the Street Cleaning Department.

Rofrano has made many influential friends. In July, 1914, he was the principal guest at a dinner given at the Italian National Club, 117 West Forty-eighth Street, at which the toastmaster was Magistrate Freschi, now Justice of the Court of Special Sessions. Commissioner Fetherston and others eulogized Rofrano highly in their speeches.


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Here is the newest model of the wonderful Aeolian-Vocalion—the phonograph that is arousing such wide-spread enthusiasm.

It contains the patented Sound-box constructed on novel, scientific lines, and which produces entirely new phonographic tones—rich, deep and mellow.

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It contains the new Automatic Stop—the simplest and most efficient device of its kind yet invented.

*The Wonderful Graduola*

And it contains the revolutionary tone-control feature called the Graduola—exclusive with the Aeolian-Vocalion. This gives you the additional phonograph privilege of *personally varying the music to your mood.* Its use is optional; you may let any record play itself if the interpretation suits you. If you wish, however, you can vary it in subtle details just as the artist himself varies each performance.

At its price—$150—this new model of the Aeolian-Vocalion offers marked advantages and musical superiorities over any other phonograph made, irrespective of price.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
AEOLIAN HALL, 29 WEST 42nd STREET, NEW YORK

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*Broadway and 33d Street*

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*Store Opens 8:30 Closes 6*

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**2700 Suits of Men's**

**$1.50, $2 and $2.50**

**Pajamas for 95c**

This is a typical GIMBEL purchase. BIG—as it has to be to get the price so low. Full of VALUE, and involving only PERFECT goods that are desirable from every point of view.

All things considered, it is BY FAR the BEST Pajama offering we have been able to make for a twelve-month.

The manufacturer who sold this collection to us is known for the *cut*, the *finish* and—well, for the all-round EXCELLENCE of his product. Light and heavy weights are included—some of the heavier ones just right for late Fall and Winter.

Materials include mercerized pongees, heavy cheviots, imported Scotch madras and other such fine fabrics. All sizes and a wealth of colors and effects.

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Partly due, perhaps, to the discriminating selection, as models, of the masterpieces of the past, partly to the craftsmanlike integrity with which they are fashioned, this is the quality that makes them as securely at home in the lofty Reception Rooms of the stately Mansion as in the feminine Boudoir or masculine Den of the more modest home.

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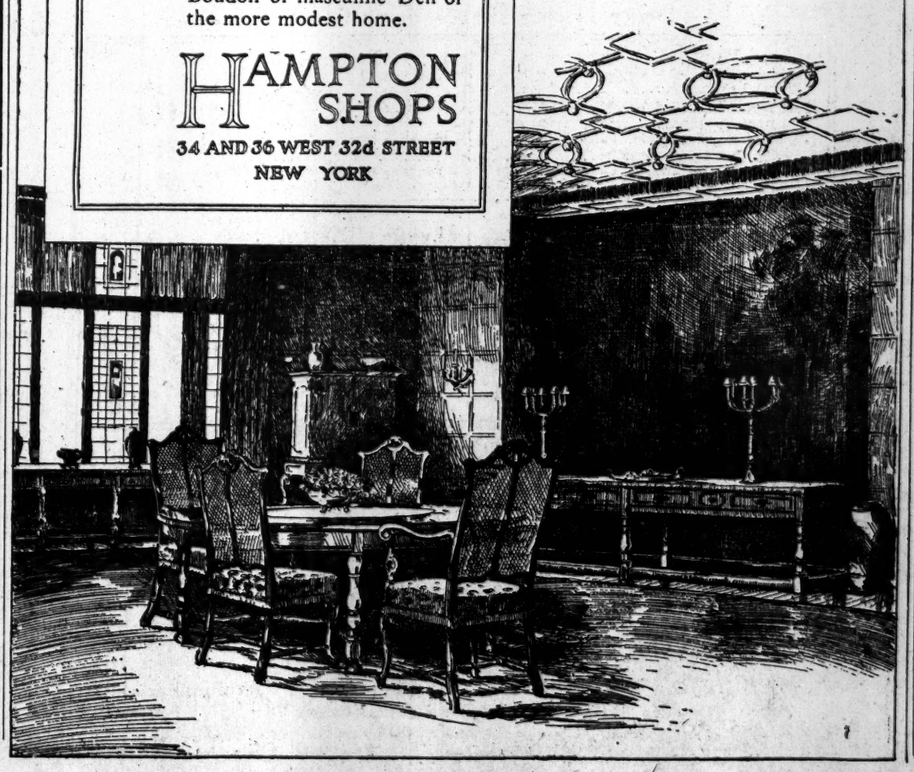



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All drivers and passengers in parading cars admitted free. For information regarding time and starting point of parade, apply at headquarters. Admission to track for non-participants in parade, 50c.

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**350 MILES—SATURDAY, Oct. 2d, 11 A. M.**
**SHEEPSHEAD BAY SPEEDWAY**
**World's Greatest Automobile Race**

at the world's newest, finest and fastest track. All America's most famous drivers. Speed records sure to be smashed. Greatest event in history of the automobile. $50,000 in cash prizes and the Astor Trophy.

General Adm. $2.00 GRAND STAND RESERVED SEATS (extra) $3.00. OPEN STAND SEATS, NOT RESERVED (extra) $1.00.

Boxes holding six persons, including admission ..... $50.00, $75.00, $100.00 and $150

Parking Space FREE to persons holding Boxes and Grand Stand Seats.

Parking space within oval fronting home stretch:
FIRST ROW.....$25.00. SECOND ROW.....$15.00.
These prices do not include Admission Tickets.
All other parking spaces in oval, $5.00, not including admission.
Tickets on sale at Tyson's and Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corp., 1696 Broadway, Between 53d and 54th Sts. Phone Circle 1915.

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What? Why the new play by the rising young playwright, Paul Henley! Just taken bodily by an unscrupulous manager and produced with Henley's fiancee playing the principal part! Read about it in the new novel

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PUSSY Willow is a pledge of wear to the purchaser—also an authority of style.

See the stamp on the selvage; —the label in the garment.

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Largest in New York
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# DENIES PELL PARTY DRANK MUCH WINE

## Mrs. Laimbeer Describes Dinner for W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., on Night of the Accident.

## WITNESS STILL HAS LIMP

### In Suit Against the Long Island Railroad for Death of Chauffeur She Corrects Former Testimony.

Gossip tending to indicate that a large wine dinner preceded the automobile tragedy in which S. Osgood Pell, William S. Laimbeer, and Mrs. Pell's chauffeur, Charles Gambino, lost their lives when an electric train ran down the Pell automobile on the Wreck Lead crossing of the Long Island Railroad at Long Beach on Sunday night, Aug. 3, 1913, and in which Mrs. Nathalie Schenck Laimbeer was crippled was dispelled yesterday by Mrs. Laimbeer at the continuation of the trial for $40,000 damages against the Long Island Railroad instituted by Dominico Gambino of 11 East Seventh Street, Manhattan. He sued for the death of his son, Charles Gambino, before Justice Manning and a jury in the Queens County Supreme Court.

In marked contrast to her haggard appearance when she testified last June in behalf of Mrs. Pell, who recovered a verdict of $25,000 damages against the railroad for the death of her husband, Mrs. Laimbeer appeared yesterday very much improved in health. The scars which marred her face had disappeared, although she walked with a perceptible limp. She told the story of the dinner party at the Hotel Trouville on the night of the accident, at which William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., was the guest of the evening, and repeated the story of the trip to the crossing preceding the crash.

It was on the cross-examination that Martin W. Littleton, representing the railroad, took up the wine episode. This phase of the case was not touched at the time of the trial of Mrs. Pell's case against the railroad last June.

"Were drinks served at the dinner?" Mr. Littleton asked. Instantly everybody in the crowded courtroom was on the alert.

"Yes," replied the witness, in a calm tone. "We had champagne and white wine."

"What did Mr. Pell drink?"

"He drank champagne. Mr. Vanderbilt drank white wine."

"Do you know how many bottles of champagne were served?"

"Yes. Mr. Pell bought a quart bottle of champagne at the beginning of the dinner and later the waiter opened a second bottle."

"How much was drunk?"

"Well, I drank one glass. I know that my husband drank two glasses. I know that only half of the second bottle was drunk because on leaving the table Mr. Pell said that it was too bad to leave a half bottle of champagne behind."

"Did Mr. Pell visit around at the other tables in the dining room?"

"Yes."

"Did he dance with ladies from other tables?"

"Yes. He danced with his wife and with ladies from other tables. I did not know the ladies with whom he danced.

"Did he drink at the other tables?"

"He always returned to our table after each dance."

"When he left the hotel to start for home did he show signs of drinking?"

"No; he did not. He acted perfectly natural."

In returning from the beach Mrs. Laimbeer said they first drove along a roadway which led into a narrow road going toward the railroad crossing. While on the broad stretch of road they passed a number of automobiles. According to Mr. Littleton's view, this indicated that the Pell automobile was going at a high rate of speed and was passing automobiles going in the same direction. When this was explained to Mrs. Laimbeer she exclaimed:

"No, we didn't pass them. I mean that we met them. They were going in an opposite direction and of course we passed them."

This explanation was not satisfactory to Mr. Littleton, who read from the testimony given by Mrs. Laimbeer at the Pell trial in June, where she testified they passed automobiles.

Perhaps I made a mistake in stating it that way," replied the witness. "We passed them because they were going in the opposite direction."

The railroad's defense will be presented today.

## FOUND FLAGMEN ASLEEP.

### Inspector Testifies in Long Island Hearing on Working Hours.

Inspector Edward D. Hutchinson of the Public Service Commission, testifying yesterday in a hearing before Commissioner Cram as to the working hours of watchmen on the crossings of the Long Island Railroad, declared that on an inspection trip on Sept. 2 fifteen watchmen were found asleep, and in some cases the gates were up.

"What protection would a pedestrian or an automobilist have against a passing train?" asked Edward J. Crummey of counsel to the commission.

"None, so far as the flagman was concerned," answered the Inspector.

C. L. Addison, counsel for the railroad company, demanded to know who the men were and at what crossings they were detailed. He declared that the railroad maintained a system of inspection, but that it could not keep the men from going to sleep when they knew no trains were due. Mr. Crummey refused to reveal the names of the men or the crossings, as he said he did not want to jeopardize the men's positions and added that their exhaustion might have been due to overwork.

"But they hadn't been on duty more than a few hours," said Mr. Addison.

Commissioner Cram upheld the lawyer in his refusal to give the names or the location of the crossings, saying that the commission was not acting upon the complaint of any particular person, but was making a general investigation.

The Inspector said the men were compelled to work continuously for twelve hours each day in the year, and told of one man who had worked for nine years without a day off. In case of emergency, the Inspector said, the watchmen are sometimes obliged to work twenty-four hours, and that once a month when the men change from the day to the night shift they have to work eighteen hours.

# LARGEST AMERICAN SUBMARINE LAUNCHED

## M-1, a New Type, to Steam 5,000 Miles at 16 Knots—Still Bigger Boat Building.

QUINCY, Mass., Sept. 14.—The submarine M-1, built for the United States Government by the Electric Boat Company at the Fore River Shipyard here, was launched today. The new submersible is 185 feet over all, with a maximum steaming radius of 5,000 miles and an estimated surface speed of 16 knots. She is equipped with four torpedo tubes and a deck gun.

The M-1 is not only the largest submarine yet launched for the United States Government, but is also the first example built in this country of a new type from which much is expected. All previous boats built by this company for the United States up to and including the L Class, that is to say, all boats now in service, except the G Class, which were made by other builders, were developed from the original Holland by the technical staff of the Electric Boat Company under the direction of L. Y. Spear, late Naval Constructor in the United States Navy. The type has been adopted by many of the great naval powers.

In recent years there has arisen a demand for very large submarines with a high surface speed, and all of the naval powers are now desirous of obtaining such boats with a surface speed of twenty knots an hour, to enable them to operate with the battle fleet. In fact, naval expert opinion in general looks toward the development of this type to replace the torpedo boat destroyer, just as the small type of submarine has replaced the torpedo boat proper.

This demand was the real reason for the appearance of the type represented by M-1, and it is a radical departure in design and construction from the perfected Holland. This type is constructed under new patents taken out by Mr. Spear, with naturally all the good features of the perfected Holland retained which were compatible with the new system of construction.

While the M-1 is considerably larger than any of the submarines previously launched, she is not so large as the fleet submarine Schley, building by the same company. The Schley in fact is an enlarged M-1, so that the trials of M-1 are awaited with great interest as foreshadowing the results to be obtained with the Schley.

The M-1 not only represents a new departure in hull construction and arrangement, but she also is the first vessel to receive a new and improved type of submarine engine entirely developed in America. These engines operate on the Diesel cycle, but have many important improvements over similar engines installed in European submarines. All of the United States submarines built by the Electric Boat Company since the D Class have been fitted with Diesel engines, but hitherto these have been modifications of engines of European design. Most of these boats are equipped with what are substantially duplicates of the engines installed in the German submarines. The M-1 engines have been designed to overcome such difficulties as have been encountered with the engines of European design.

The M-1 was launched in a practically completed condition, and will leave in the near future for Provincetown for trials.

# TWO DIE, SEVEN HURT WHEN AUTOS CRASH

## Ida Brown of Winter Garden Chorus and Waiter Delmar Killed Instantly

## AFTER MIDNIGHT SUPPER

### Dorothy Hunt Injured When Broker's Car Ran Into Greenfield's Auto on Pelham Parkway.

Miss Ida Brown, 20 years old, a Winter Garden chorus girl, of 243 West Ninety-eighth Street, and her companion, Walter Delmar, 34 years old, a clerk, of 550 West 153d Street, were killed early yesterday morning when an automobile in which they were returning from a midnight supper at Pell Tree Inn collided in Pelham Parkway, about 500 feet east of the Eastchester Road, with another automobile carrying pleasure seekers. Miss Dorothy Hunt, 18 years old, another girl in the Winter Garden chorus, who lived with Miss Brown, and Chester A. Marshall, a real estate broker, of the St. George Hotel, Brooklyn, who were riding with Miss Brown and Delmar, were painfully injured.

The other automobile was owned and operated by William Greenfield, a real estate dealer of 936 Intervale Avenue, the Bronx, and in the car with him were James G. Rae of 58 Sixth Street, Brooklyn; Tony Muzzi, 27, of 54 James Street, and the Misses Mamie Byrne, 22, and Rose Smith, 20, both waitresses in a Fourteenth Street restaurant, living at 221 East Eighteenth Street. All of these suffered injuries, the most serious being a possible fracture of the skull received by Muzzi, and a fracture of Greenfield's left arm. Muzzi was removed to Fordham Hospital. The other six injured were able to go to their homes after treatment.

Coroner Healy of the Bronx, conducted a preliminary investigation a few hours after the accident, and then held Marshall and Greenfield, the drivers of the automobiles, in $2,000 bail each on technical charges of homicide. Each of the others who came through the accident alive was held in $100 bail as material witnesses. The prisoners remained at the Coroner's office until bail was furnished for them by a surety company. They will appear at the inquest, which will be held on Sept. 24.

Marshall met the two Winter Garden chorus girls at the stage door of the theatre after the performance on Monday night and drove them to Delmar's home, where the man now dead joined the party. The four rode to the Pelham Tree Inn and had a supper which was not finished until nearly 3 o'clock in the morning. Marshall's automobile is a high-powered, low-built car, equipped to carry two passengers in the driver's seat and two more on chairs fixed on the running-board. When the party left the inn to return to Manhattan, Marshall and Miss Hunt were in the seat, Miss Brown and Delmar riding in the chairs.

Greenfield, Rae and Muzzi had dinner together at a Staten Island restaurant on Monday night, and later in the evening met the two waitresses. The party of five went for a spin in Greenfield's large touring car, and were going out Pelham Parkway when the collision occurred. The cars met head-on and all of the occupants were thrown out. Marshall's smaller automobile rebounded and turned over, landing on Miss Brown and Delmar, who were killed almost instantly.

The front tires of each automobile blew out with the force of the collision, and the noise of these explosions attracted mounted policemen of the Westchester Station, who summoned an ambulance from Fordham Hospital.

There was a fog over the road at the time and, according to Marshall, he never at any time saw lights on Greenfield's automobile. The only warning he had, he said, was when he saw the black shadow of the big car too late to avoid the crash. Each of the drivers said the speed of the other was excessive, but both were more inclined to blame the foggy darkness and the narrowness of the road than each other.

Miss Hunt said after the accident that just before the crash came there was some joking in her party about the dangers of automobile riding at night, and that Miss Brown laughingly said:

"Well, if I get killed, I want red roses on my grave."

She was dead within sixty seconds.

## BOY KILLED BY TAXICAB.

### Run Over at Play When He Backs Into Machine.

Barney Goldberg, 9 years old, of 92 First Street, was playing early last night in front of 88 First Street when he was run over by a taxicab, owned by the Hoffman Taxi Company and driven by Harry Weinberger of 296 East Second Street. Dr. Herrman from Bellevue Hospital took the boy to the Har Moriah Hospital at 138 Second Street, where he died on arrival.

Weinberger was not arrested, as his cab was going slowly and the boy backed into it.

## 400,000 ENJOY MARDI GRAS.

### Only Four Arrests in the Big Crowd at Coney Island.

More than 400,000 persons crowded into the thoroughfares and places of amusement at Coney Island last night to join in the celebration of the second evening of the Mardi Gras season. The occasion was Veterans' Day, and there were ten civil war and 300 Spanish-American war veterans in the parade. Several hundred Volunteer Life Savers marched with them.

The night was notable for the good order that prevailed. By midnight the police had made only four arrests, a smaller number than is usually made on the Island on the ordinary Summer night. The four men arrested were charged with such minor offenses as annoying girls with confetti and conducting themselves in a disorderly manner.

Tonight will be Woodmen of the World night, and the members of the order will form the parade.

## BOY EXPLORER DROWNED.

### Goes Swimming in Interstate Park and Takes Cramps.

Oscar Fowler, 16 years old, of 2172 Eighth Avenue, was seized with cramps yesterday while swimming in the Hudson and was drowned before campers and fishermen on the shore could aid him. With Erlich Russel of 32 Morningside Avenue he went after school yesterday on a boys' exploring expedition across the river to Interstate Park. Rescuers who put out from shore recovered the body.

William Clancy 12 years old, of 37 Old Broadway, while in swimming yesterday in the Hudson off 144th Street, called for help. As three motor boats put out to save him he sank. Frank Newman of the New York Motor Boat Club dived for him and pulled him to the surface. An ambulance from the St. Lawrence Hospital brought Dr. O'Rourke, who worked over the boy until he regained consciousness.

## EXPLODING TANK HURTS 3.

### Public School Children Not Disturbed by Street Accident.

A carbonic acid tank exploded in front of the Kranich Siphon Bottling Company plant at 66 Pitt Street yesterday. The head of the tank, a large brass cylinder weighing fifty pounds, was shot fifty feet into the air, and in descending narrowly missed a woman and her daughter, Samuel Ellner, 35, of 14 Suffolk Street, was struck on the head and injured internally, and taken to Gouverneur Hospital in a serious condition. Max Strete, 20, of 66 Pitt Street, received lacerations, and David Cohen of 705 Fifth Street has his left arm broken. The tank was heavily charged. It exploded when handed to Ellner in a wagon by Streto and Cohen.

At Public School 4, diagonally across the street, in which were 2,500 pupils, the explosion caused no disorder.

## DR. VAN AMRINGE'S FUNERAL

### Columbia Men Pay Last Tribute to Dean They Revered.

At the funeral of Dr. J. Howard Van Amringe, former Dean of Columbia University, at Trinity Church yesterday, the edifice was crowded with men of affairs, mostly distinguished alumni of Columbia.

There were delegations representing the various college associations in which Dean Van Amringe had been prominent. These included the Columbia Board of Trustees, the directors, the Alumni Federation, the Early Eighties, the Upper Eighties, the Forty-niners, and the Class of '74. Above all these, however, stood out the six men of the class of 1860, the last of the old class of which the dean had been a member. They were Egerton L. Winthrop, David Lydig, George Waddington, Thomas H. Messenger, Edgar M. Cullen, and F. P. Kepple.

The pall bearers were all Columbia men of note, being Seth Low, Nicholas Murray Butler, Edgar M. Cullen, F. P. Kepple, George Macculloch Miller, Gerard Beekman, James Duane Livingston, William C. Demorest, Charles R. Miller, John B. Pine, J. Van Vechten Olcott, and Edward Delevan Perry.

Mayor Mitchel, a '99 graduate of Columbia, was in one of the front pews, and scattered in the church were others who are well known in various walks of life. Among these were Herbert L. Satterlee, Magistrate Robert C. Cornell, William Barclay Parsons, William M. K. Olcott, Francis S. Bangs, Arthur T. Dwight, A. B. Simonds, E. E. Sage, Henry W. Slocum, Frederick A. Goetze, Francis E. Ward, Professor Charles A. Doremus, Benjamin B. Lawrence, Thomas B. Stearns, Silas B. Brownell, Hamilton Fish, Sr., Dean Greavenor, Dr. Reginald H. Sayre, Ambrose Henry, Arthur D. Walker, Vincent King, Howard Van Sinderen, Gustavus T. Kirby, Charles F. Hoffman, Stephen Baker, Talcott Williams, C. H. Mapes, Jacob Langthorn, and James Rice, the rowing coach.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, of which the former Dean was a vestryman for many years. The interment was in Morristown, N. J.

The will of Dr. Van Amringe was filed for probate in the Surrogate's Court yesterday. The entire estate, the value of which is not given, is left to the testator's daughter, Emily Bulow Van Amringe, except a number of personal belongings which Mr. Van Amringe especially valued. These were a silver vase and pedestal that were presented to him by the Alumni Association of Columbia on April 3, 1909; a silver loving cup, presented by the students in May, 1903, and the framed petition of the Philolelan Society to the trustees to make the decedent Dean Emeritus, together with the parchment containing the signatures of the petitioners.


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| Mogul Cigarettes: Package of 10 and 2 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 11c | Helmar Cigarettes: Package of 10 and 2 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 8c |
| Package of 20 and 4 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 21c | Package of 20 and 8 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 16c |
| Package of 50 and 11 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 53c | Package of 50 and 8 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 40c |
| Package of 100 and 21 Valuable Mutual Coupons | $1.05 | Package of 100 and 16 Valuable Mutual Coupons | 80c |
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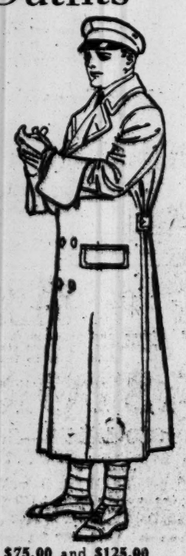

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The face which is admired for its beauty must have a satin-smooth skin, pink and white and youthful looking. The only thing I know of that can make such a complexion out of a faded, or discolored one—I mean a natural, not a painted, complexion—is ordinary mercolized wax. This remarkable substance literally absorbs the unsightly cuticle, a little each day, the clear, healthy, girlish skin beneath gradually peeping out until within a week or so it is wholly in evidence. Of course such blemishes as freckles, moth patches, liver spots, blotches and pimples are discarded with the old skin. If you will procure an ounce of mercolized wax at the drug-store, use like cold cream every night, washing this off mornings, you'll find it a veritable wonder-worker.

Another valuable natural treatment is a wash lotion which can be easily prepared. Dissolve 1 oz. powdered saxolite in ½ pt. witch hazel. Bathe the face in this and you'll find it "works like magic."—*Phyllis Moore in Town Talk.*

# '$40,000,000 ESTATE' FALLS TO $3,000,000

### No Taxes Due to Virginia from Miss Marshall, J. Frederic Kernochan Declares.

### DENIES CHARGE OF EVASION

### Insane Woman's Committee Says Collection Will Be Fought to U. S. Supreme Court.

J. Frederic Kernochan, a lawyer, of 44 Pine Street, read yesterday with interest the statement of Sidney Smith, Examiner of Records at Richmond, Va., that Miss Marie Marshall, an aged spinster, daughter of the late John R. Marshall, an old-time merchant of this city, who resides at Williamsburg, Va., had been evading taxes in Virginia for about fifteen years.

Miss Marshall is of unsound mind and lives in her own home near the Williamsburg Insane Asylum, and is attended by the asylum physicians, Mr. Kernochan is committee for Miss Marshall, and he denied that taxes had been wrongfully withheld from the City of Williamsburg or the State of Virginia. The attempt to collect such taxes will result in a lawsuit, he said, and payment will be resisted even in the United States Supreme Court. Mr. Kernochan said there had never been any attempt to evade just taxes, but that it was not proposed, even in the face of Examiner Smith's report, to pay upon exempt property.

The implication in a statement of Mr. Smith that payment had been evaded by Mr. Kernochan by the expedient of declaring in Virginia that the property was taxed in New York, and here that it was taxed in Virginia is resented. According to Mr. Smith, Miss Marshall has a life interest in real estate valued at $295,864 and other property aggregating $40,454,864, the incime from which has reached $2,445,534. He reported that the taxes due the State were about $175,000, the City of Williamsburg about $400,000, and the fee to the examiner $53,000.

Mr. Kernochan was puzzled as to how Mr. Smith arrived at the valuation of 40,454,864. He figures that Mr. Smith must be adding up the accumulation of years of taxes.

"Miss Marshall's estate is now probably $3,000,000," said Mr. Kernochan. "They are probably figuring out under a new law that it ought to have been taxed for fifteen years and so they are multiplying the $3,000,000 by fifteen. That's the only way I can figure it out. Of course, Miss Marshall's estate did not amount to $3,000,000 when her father died in 1881. It is made up of bonds and mortgages and whatever real estate has been added to it was through the foreclosure of mortgages. This is, however, only a small part of the whole. Miss Marshall is a New Yorker, though she has lived for years in Williamsburg, Va. The question involved in the case is purely legal.

"I want to say that there has been no attempt to evade the payment of taxes. All these years Miss Marshall has paid taxes on the real estate owned by her in Virginia and she has paid for the horses and carriages and indeed for all her property in that State and this includes the income she spent there. In New York her property is not taxable because it is nearly all in non-taxable mortgages.

"I do not believe there is any law that can go back twenty years, especially after the estate paid taxes every year. To enforce such payments there would have to be a suit in the United States Court. Such an attempt will be resisted by myself as committee, and it is probable that unless the Virginia authorities change their mind, this report will mean a law suit. We surely will resist payment."

Miss Marie Marshall is a daughter of John R. Marshall, who was in his day a prominent merchant in this city. He died on April 20, 1881. His daughter has been in Williamsburg since 1872. Her parents were then traveling in the South, and because she was of unsound mind it was deemed advisable to put her in the asylum there. Later she was established in her own house near the asylum. Though in Virginia since 1872, Miss Marshall, who is now more than 60 years old, has not enjoyed an independent income all that time. It was not until after the death of her mother that she obtained an interest in her father's estate.

Although John R. Marshall was born in Ogdensburg, N. Y., he came of a New York family, and Miss Marshall's great-greatgrandfather was John Marshall, who had a fine estate that took in all of what is now Hanover Square, and there the family mansion stood. Her mother was a Gasquet, a member of an old New Orleans family. When Mr. Marshall died the family lived at 65 West Twenty-third Street.

## FINDS SING SING PLEASANT.

### Convict's Joyous Letter Found on Elmira Man in Court.

The comparatively ideal existence of prisoners in Sing Sing was revealed yesterday in a letter found on Walter Gardner, 19 years old, of 129 West Ninety-eighth Street, arraigned on a short affidavit before Magistrate Appleton in the West Side Court. The letter, written to Gardner by Joseph Kopp, formerly of 539 West Fiftieth Street, now serving a three-year term for robbery, follows in part:

Friend Walt.

I am up here for three years, but, hey, Walt, why worry. I want to tell you it is much easier here than you think. Baseball every day, swimming the same. We have two hours every day in the water and we can talk and yell all we want to. We can talk in the shop. Movies every night in Winter and Saturdays in hot weather. We can write as much as we please if we have the stamps.

The writer said he did not want his friend to send him anything, as he could buy things cheaper at Sing Sing than here. He said he expected to be released in eighteen months if he "walked a chalkline," and concluded by advising his friend to be good, but to remember that Sing Sing "is not such a bad place after all."

Gardner was arrested on Saturday after trying to dispose of a gold chain in a Ninth Avenue pawn shop. He was discharged today and turned over to the custody of an official of the Elmira Reformatory, from which institution he was released on parole on Aug. 25 last.

## SAM. GARFINKAL DIDN'T FAIL.

### Piqued Schoolboy Who Ran Away Was Promoted with Class.

Samuel Garfinkal, 18 years old, did not fail in his examinations at the Boys' High School as he supposed last June, when he ran away from home to escape possible ridicule of his classmates.

The Garfinkals lived at 117 Sheffield Avenue, when Sam dropped out of sight, but after vain search the family moved to 256 New Jersey Avenue, far enough from the boy's old classmates that he should not suffer embarrassment.

"Now, Sam will come home," said Mrs. Garfinkal, but he did not return.

Then the mother went to see Principal Sullivan.

"Your son did not fail," he assured her, "he was promoted with the rest."

"If Sam only knew, I am sure he would come back now," declared the woman. She has now sought the help of the newspapers to carry the news to Sam.

## OLD WOODEN SCHOOL IN USE

### Erasmus Annex Opened to Pupils Under Adamson's Order.

Following Fire Commissioner Adamson's order permitting the temporary use of the old wooden annex of the Erasmus Hall High School in Brooklyn, the building was opened to the first-year students yesterday. Several upper classes occupied their rooms, and the lower grades will be at work today.

The old building has been pronounced not fireproof.

# WILL CONTEST COSTS TAYLOR HIS FRIENDS

### Lawyer Says He Was Shunned After He Took Case for John Wallace's Daughter-in-Law.

### FINAL FEES ARE ALLOWED

### His Claim Cut to $15,000 and Extra Allowance of $12,500 to Mrs. F. L. Wallace Is Thrown Out.

Justice Shearn of the Supreme Court received yesterday the report of a referee who was named to take testimony as to the value of the services of Talbot J. Taylor and Frances L. Wallace in the contest over the will of John Wallace, a dry goods merchant, who left an estate of $2,000,000. Mr. Taylor was allowed $15,000, $7,500 less than the referee recommended, and the court cut out an extra allowance of $12,500 which the referee thought Mrs. Wallace should receive. This was the last judicial act in litigation lasting more than five years, and in which a large fortune was spent in legal fees.

Mr. Wallace's will gave his son, Allen, $750,000 in trust, but providing that when the son died the principal should go to various relations in trust, and was finally to pass to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. This cut off Mrs. Frances L. Wallace, the son's wife. Allen Wallace became an incompetent and died in 1910. His widow immediately began the fight to break the will in order that her daughter, who was then 6 years old, should be provided for. She won the fight on July 8, 1911. It was a costly and a bitter contest. One firm of lawyers employed by her presented a bill for $165,000, but the courts reduced it to $30,000.

The feature of the fight was the position in which it placed Mr. Taylor. John Wallace, the maker of the fortune, was a grandson of Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt. He was a member of many clubs and of the most exclusive social circles. He had a great many rich and powerful friends. Mr. Taylor soon felt the displeasure of these friends of Mr. Wallace. At first they chided him for the assistance he was giving Mrs. Wallace to break her father-in-law's will, and then, when he persisted, they refused to recognize him and he found his clubs and many of the homes of old friends cold places for him to visit. After the fight was over he made his home in Paris.

In testifying before the referee Mr. Taylor said:

"For twenty-three years John Wallace and I were the closest friends. We saw each other every day; we lunched together. I knew him as a strong-willed man, a man of strong prejudices, and when the terms of his will were disclosed I felt that he had made an unjust will.

"I talked with Mrs. Wallace many times about it, and finally it was decided to take steps to break it. I went to see Michael Bouvier, a big man on Wall Street, and our mutual friend and an executor of the will. He was surprised and angry when he heard of the contemplated action and advised me against it. I told him that no man knew better than I did the violent dislikes and prejudices of John Wallace. That not only ended our business relations, but our friendship.

"Everywhere I went on the Exchange friends asked me what I was trying to prove John Wallace a lunatic for, and I had to defend myself, even in the clubs. One day I went into the Racquet Club, and Dan Worden wanted to know what I was getting out of the thing. For a long time I could not go into the clubs, but all the time I was away from them I was busy in the lawyer's office going on with the fight. We won after many protracted hearings."

## INVENT TEN NEW DANCES.

### Teachers Aim to Regain Business Won Away by Cabarets.

Until yesterday there were many persons in New York and other Eastern cities who were thought to be pretty well posted on the latest dance steps. This created a certain amount of amateur competition for the dancing masters. The dancing masters of the Second District, which includes a number of Eastern States, yesterday developed a plan of campaign, however, which they calculated would put the teaching of the very latest steps under their control for a few months, and at the end of that period they will meet again to create more new fashions in dancing. This step was taken in an effort to outflank what many of them had termed their greatest enemy, the New York cabaret, which, they said, was creating new dance steps faster than the dancing masters themselves could learn them.

The flanking movement was decided upon at a meeting of the Second District masters held yesterday in Duryea's Dancing Academy on West Seventy-second Street. This meeting followed the Congress of American Dancing Masters held on Saturday and Monday in this city. As a consequence of yesterday's meeting New York has now at least ten new dances to learn. All were demonstrated by Oscar Duryea yesterday, and after looking on awhile the gathered male and female dancing masters from this and other cities, the former in shirtsleeves and the latter looking as wilted from the heat as ever did suffering dancing pupils in any of their schools, took lessons in the new steps until they felt that they were letter per—foot perfect.

The names of the new dances were made public. They include the Pericon, the Globe Trot, the National Fox Trot, the Exposition Waltz, the March Militaire, and the Syncopated Waltz. The other four new dances are those "standardized" Monday by the dancing masters' congress.

The Pericon, it was explained, is intended principally for exhibition purposes. The Globe Trot is a rollicking, barn-dancy sort of thing intended for the youngest of the younger generation. The March Militaire is a product of the dance psychology produced by the war. The others are new forms of old dances.

Robert C. Campbell, an Albany dance teacher and the Chairman of the Second District, presided at yesterday's sessions. The tendency of dancers, he said, is to return to some of the graceful features of the waltz, and the aim of the dancing masters is to invent new and graceful steps to take the place of some of the "horrors" that the cabaret has produced.

"We want to purge present-day dancing," he said. "Variations of the old waltz steps have been introduced in a number of the new dances that are being brought out. Last year was a comparatively poor year for the dancing instructor despite the number of dancing schools that sprang up everywhere, for the war depression seemed to take people's minds from the art, but we expect a boom in dancing this season. It can be sensed already, and coupled with it will be a return to common-sense ideas in dancing. The hesitation steps will not be so popular this year as they have been; the syncopated walks will continue popular."

## SCHOOL SPECIALISTS UNPAID

### Schneider and Wirt Contracts Held Up by City Officials.

In October last the Board of Education decided to pay $10,000 each to Dean Herman Schneider of the University of Cincinnati and to William Wirt, Superintendent of Schools at Gary, Ind., to work out plans for vocational and prevocational schooling. Dr. Schneider's contract was to run to Jan. 1, 1916; Superintendent Wirt's contract was to terminate on Oct. 1, 1915. The contracts, however, have not been signed, nor has either specialist been paid.

The Corporation Counsel has submitted to President Churchill of the Board of Education a new type of contract calling for a report from each of the specialists and incidental services, but Superintendent Wirt's contract is carried to Jan. 1, 1916. Five thousand dollars is to be paid upon the signing of the contract and the other $5,000 on Dec. 31, 1915.

## CALLS MOTHER A WITCH.

### Daughter Says Spell Was Cast to Make Her Hate Husband.

Judge Joseph H. Beall in the Yonkers Court of Special Sessions, rubbed his eyes yesterday when Mrs. Harold Cole of 22 Victor Street complained that her mother, Mrs. Annie Bugle, was practicing witchery.

"She doesn't like my husband," said the complainant, "and is trying to make me hate him. She's at St. Joseph's Hospital and she's learned all about drugs, and now she's a regular wizard at casting spells on people.

"She put some white powder on my pillow, and I had trouble shaking off the feeling that my love for my husband was waning."

The Judge discharged the defendant after reprimanding her.

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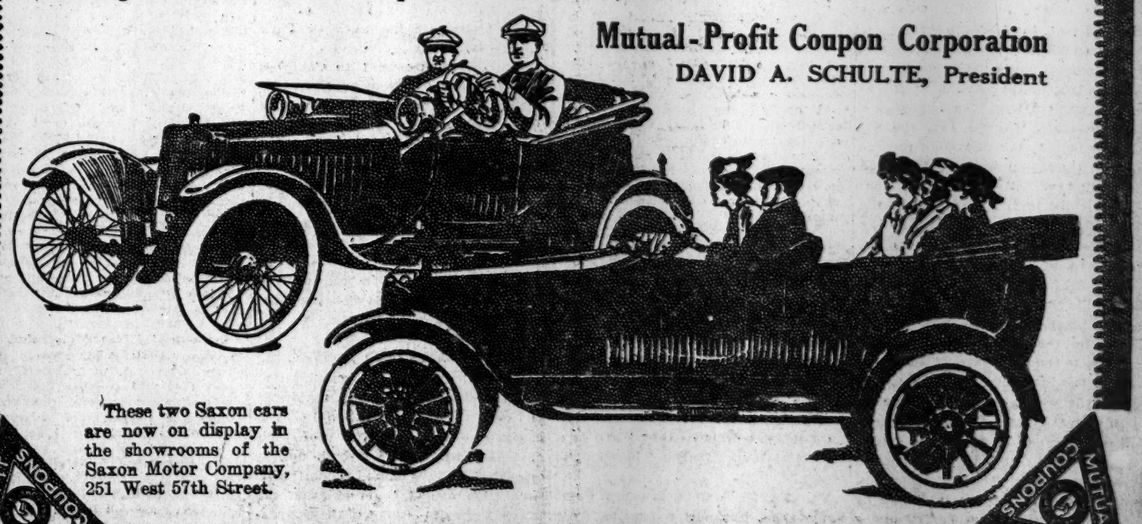

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## INCREASING THE PERSONAL ASSESSMENT.

When the plan to relieve the distress of the city and meet the exactions of the State tax-gatherer by an increase in the assessment of personal property was first put before the startled taxpayer the sum of the proposed increase was put at $4,000,000,000. Inasmuch as the city's present personalty valuation for purposes of taxation is only $340,295,560, the announcement, at first credited to the Mayor, was received with surprise, we may say, with amazement. Then doubt reared its head. In the whole State of New York the largest personal assessment ever known was only $800,000,000. Here was a proposal to list five times that amount in New York City alone. The suspicion arose that the enthusiasm of the amateur and not the practical experience of the Department of Taxes and Assessments was responsible for the plan. That proved to be the case, and there is now a notable scurrying away from the responsibility of the suggestion.

Yet perhaps the proposer of the plan was surprised at his own moderation. He might as well have put the increase at $10,000,000,000, for experience has proved that the ratio between the amount of the personal property assessment and the yield of the tax is highly variable and uncertain. The only certain thing, indeed, is that a very great part of the property assessed will escape taxation. In their report for the year 1913 the Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments devoted considerable attention to the subject of the personal property tax. We quote a passage from their report:

> A few years ago thousands of names of persons were on the personal tax roll from whom no taxes could be collected. In 1906, before mortgages were specially taxed, the levy on personal property under the personal property tax was $8,444,000; only about one-half of this was collected, namely $4,336,000. In 1912 the levy was $6,685,000, and to date a larger sum has been collected than on the much greater levy of 1906. The collections to date for 1912 are $4,508,000. While this proves that the assessment of 1912 is vastly improved over the assessment of 1906, it nevertheless shows what an ineffective thing the general property tax on personal property must remain in spite of the most careful assessment. It is impracticable, unequal, and unjust, as has been said scores of times by every special tax commission that has reported in this country during the last twenty-five years.

Nothing is better known to those who have given attention to the subject of taxation than the general agreement of those whose expert training and knowledge give them authority to speak in declaring against inclusion of personal property in the general property tax. Of necessity, the tax is unequal and unjust, since evasion is so easy and is so generally practiced. Nevertheless, personal property in this city and State does not escape taxation. The impost is levied in the form of special taxes on classified personal property. These indirect levies include the corporation tax, the tax on the organization of corporations, the inheritance tax, the stock transfer tax, the secured debt tax, the mortgage recording tax, the tax on motor vehicles, and the bank tax. All told, these special taxes yielded in the year 1913 in the State of New York $37,327,026. The Tax Board figures that this is the equivalant of a 2 per cent. tax on $1,866,351,312, or of a State tax of three mills on over $12,000,000,000. But in addition to this a tax was directly levied in the State upon personal property to the amount of $462,300,841.

Since the State of New York established the policy of imposing taxes upon special classes of personal property the ratio of personalty to realty has more than doubled. If the special taxes were abandoned altogether and recourse was had to the old plan of including personal property under the general property tax, the yield to the State and city would be far less than under the present method. Yet the proposal to discover and list the additional amount of $4,000,000,000 of personal property in this city necessarily involved the application of the old method. That the result would have been most disappointing, that the authors of the plan would have had to confess themselves baffled, has been demonstrated by long years of experience with the personal tax in this and other cities. The methods of evasion are easy, well known, and adequate to the purpose. The injustice of the tax indeed arises largely from the fact that it falls so largely on personal holdings the amount of which has been necessarily disclosed in the transmission of estates or otherwise made known through some process beyond the control of the holder, while much greater possessions in the hands of their owners are able to find concealment and thus escape the tax. The $4,000,000,000 plan will have to be abandoned. It lacks the merit of the Mayor's proposal to reduce taxes by lopping off needless administrative expense. The best the Tax Board can do is to try to reach as much taxable personalty as possible. The increase over the present assessment will be a good deal less than $4,000,000,000.

## TOSCANINI.

The prolonged uncertainty about the return of Mr. TOSCANINI to his post as conductor of the opera is wearing on the nerves of the thousands of estimable persons who constitute New York's musical public. The outlook for the opera season would be dreary indeed without the magnetic inspirer of singers and instrumentalists whose "readings" of the great works in the repertory have revealed new qualities. What could the Metropolitan Directors do this Winter if ARTURO TOSCANINI remained in Italy? Employ CLEOFONTE CAMPANINI? That would be practically impossible. Rumors of the disaffection of TOSCANINI have been current since the early Spring. If little attention has been paid to them the reason is that such rumors concerning the opera are common and generally false. It has been said lately that TOSCANINI would be too busily employed conducting certain benefit performances in his native land to be able to cross the ocean in time for the Metropolitan's opening. But those performances will be finished before it is time for him to embark. As for the rumor that he is angry with some of his fellow-musicians at the Opera House, that is probably as well founded as the statement that he has withdrawn because he was called conductor instead of director. Such gossip is not worth heeding.

The progress of the world war may bring upon us many afflictions, many even worse than the loss of TOSCANINI, but until the Metropolitan Directorate makes formal announcement to that effect we shall refuse to believe that TOSCANINI will not be here on Nov. 15. He is to produce a Russian opera of great reputation, BORODINE'S "Prince Igor," and he has other work cut out for him that nobody else could do as well.

## MR. LA FOLLETTE ON THE SEAMEN'S ACT.

Senator LA FOLLETTE, the Ancient Mariner of the Badger seas, has garnered the relics of the Seamen's act in his arms and is defending them without mitigation or remorse of voice. Last Summer he saw the country "the victim of a vicious and menacing "conspiracy" of the shipping interests, with commercial organizations, and such foes of humanity, to discredit the joint statesmanship of himself and ANDREW FURUSETH. The relentless paring down of the law at Washington, the wide and strong demand for its repeal, have left him "undismayed," says the Washington correspondent of The Newark Evening News, wherein he takes up two columns and a half in answering the criticisms of the conspirators. Washington tells us that "he has girded himself for fierce battle with the shipping interests." Likewise with the facts.

It would be a weariness of the flesh to follow in detail the "answers" which Mr. LA FOLLETTE makes to the fatal reasons against a measure which justified its opponents months before the day when it is to become effective. Sometimes he misstates the objection. The critics aver that the Seamen's act "violates no treaties," he says:

> It will cause the abrogation of between twenty and thirty treaties. This is in accordance with the provisions of these treaties, and with the provisions of Sections 16 and 17 of the act. Complying with the act, the Government has denounced these treaties and notified the Governments concerned that it is ready to negotiate new treaties to conform with the provisions of our law. The treaties will be restored shorn of the provisions they now contain and which are objectionable to the terms of the seamen's law.

The childlike confidence of this is touching. The Government muddles our relations with between twenty and thirty countries, which will cheerfully forego the maritime advantage thrown at their heads by the United States and conform to the seamen's law. As to the prediction before the law was passed that "it will drive from the sea "many of the American ships now "competing with foreign vessels," Mr. LA FOLLETTE declares that "this is a "gratuitous assertion, not based upon "fact."

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, then, has not withdrawn from the Pacific. The Robert Dollar Steamship Company did not change its registry to British because it could not operate its boats under the Furuseth-La Follette law. Japanese freighters have not come to this port. The Japanese are not the beneficiaries of the folly of Congress. The American Asiatic Society, urging Congress to reconsider that folly before "all prospects of "the rehabilitation of American shipping" are destroyed, was acting on gratuitous assertion and in conspiracy with the shipping interests. Mr. SAMUEL SEWALL of that long-famous Bath house of A. & E. SEWALL, was following gratuitous assertion when he said that his people were out of the shipping business, would build no more American ships, because "we've a better "use to make of what money we have "than to run ships for the benefit of "labor unions and politicians."

Now politicians and labor unions, Mr. LA FOLLETTE and Mr. FURUSETH, are the sole experts and authorities about American shipping. What is hard business fact to the men in the shipping business is "an untruth" or "a "gratuitous assertion not based upon "fact" to the Ancient Mariner of Madison. Fact angers him. And so he accuses the shipping men of a "conspiracy" to injure themselves for the sake of "chucking obloquy" at his undivided share of the law to handicap American shipowners for the profit of the foreign competitors.

The language test, Mr. LA FOLLETTE still insists, was necessary "to insure the safety of the traveling public." As construed by the Department of Commerce, the language test insures nothing except that the crew in each department shall understand orders in that department. The stoker doesn't have to understand the able seaman. Nobody is forced to understand orders not in his regular day's work. How is the passenger helped?

"Every season records some disaster on the great lakes," cries Mr. LA FOLLETTE, consequently there, as on the ocean, skilled men and multitudinous life-saving equipment must be had. Doubtless disasters will dare to happen, in the teeth of the law, but to do Mr. LA FOLLETTE justice, if the law is not repealed, there should be fewer disasters, for fewer American ships can afford to leave the dock. The lake passenger and freight steamships are likely to be driven out by the Canadians.

But we can't follow Mr. LA FOLLETTE through his long excursus among the ruins of the politicians' and labor unions' law. A month ago Mr. J. J. HILL, who knows something about commerce and shipbuilding, spoke what is becoming more and more the general opinion of that law: "Repeal the "monstrous Seamen's act, which could "not more effectually drive our last "vessel from the high seas if it had "been drawn with that purpose."

## THE GARY PLAN.

The Board of Education has its first meeting of the new school year today. The annual school budget will appear at a time when the city is hard up for money and, as usual, hard up for schoolhouses. The number of children on part time is estimated at more than 40,000, in some estimates thrice that number. In some school districts, as told by Mr. HOWARD W. NUDD in his instructive letter in yesterday's TIMES, the part-time situation "has become well-nigh intolerable." The Gary duplicate-school plan, as adapted to New York conditions by Mr. WIRT and described yesterday by Mr. NUDD, seems to offer the best and the cheapest means of doing away with part-time altogether, giving all children a minimum of three hours' instruction, and to most of them six or seven hours.

The Board of Education cannot do more necessary or useful work than to take up this tried adaptation of the Gary plan. Part-time must "go."

## GOOD REASONS FOR DECLINING.

Park Commissioner WHITTLE of the Bronx gives good and sufficient reasons for declining the Republican nomination to Congress in his district, let the politicians say what they will. Perhaps the chances of electing a Republican Congressman up there, with two Democratic candidates in the field, might be small, but politicians are generally willing to take chances. Mr. WHITTLE has been a competent Park Commissioner. He has fought for park preservation and he has made many improvements in the spacious and beautiful pleasure grounds in his charge. He has work in hand that he intends to do. He likes his job. The people of the Bronx appreciate his work as Park Commissioner.

If Mr. WHITTLE went to Congress he might be heard from again and he might not. The kind of ability a Park Commissioner requires does not necessarily make a good Representative in Congress. And, above all, when a man has been appointed to an important office he ought to hold it for the term of his appointment unless there are imperative reasons for taking another office. There is, as we understand it, no imperative reason for Mr. WHITTLE'S Congressional candidacy.

## GUARDSMAN AND ROOKIE.

The recurrence of the complaint of social prejudice in certain regiments and companies of the National Guard, because of the persistence of their club-like character, is worth noting, especially as the complaint comes this time from one of the rookies of the Plattsburg camp. Some of the Guardsmen have spoken slightingly, quite without justification, of the Plattsburg experiment, and this is a good answer to them, so far as it goes, but that is not very far. For one regiment does not constitute the National Guard in these parts, and the complaint of exclusiveness and prejudice is clearly aimed at one regiment. It is likely, also, that the club-like character of National Guard organizations will gradually disappear with the development of the force under Federal training. There have been rumors of attempts to introduce the same kind of exclusiveness in the regular army, among officers trained at the nation's expense. Our young military novice might magnify that, but it is not worth noticing.

The letter from the rookie which appeared in yesterday's TIMES was interesting first of all for its revelation of the writer's enthusiastic liking for his new soldierly avocation. He had never received military training before, but he values his month's experience at Plattsburg so highly, and is so strongly convinced of the benefit the nation will derive from the training camps, that he has already influenced a dozen of his friends to prepare themselves in the same way to serve their country in time of peril. There is no particular sense in condemning these men who are willing to give their time to hard military training, and pay their own expenses while doing so, for not joining the Guard. They are members now of the Federal military reserve and that is all we can expect of them. Would that all Americans might do their duty so well. Our correspondent, however, underrates the value of the National Guard training. To accuse the experienced Guardsman of this hour of knowing no more of military routine than the manual of arms is really preposterous. The men at Fishkill Plains a few weeks ago showed how much more they know than that.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**Opinions Made to Order.**

From the editorial comment in the German and Austrian papers on the demand for Dr. DUMBA'S recall, there is a good deal to be deduced, both as to the quality of journalism in those truly remarkable countries and as to the right of their inhabitants to claim that their opinions and convictions are soundly based on facts.

Not one of the Teutonic papers, apparently, reveals that Dr. DUMBA has done anything except warn Austro-Hungarians living in the United States that if they work in factories where ammunition is made for the Allies they will subject themselves to severe penalties if ever they return home, and that even if they elect to remain here they will still be punished by the sequestration of any property they may have in the old country. If that were the case, Dr. DUMBA might well seem, from the Austrian standpoint, simply to have performed what was naturally and obviously the duty of a man in his position, and the demand for his recall would seem a manifestation of injustice and malice toward the representative of one of the Central Powers.

Of course, the truth is that the mere issuing of such a warning would have excited little, if any, criticism, official or other, in the United States, and that if Dr. DUMBA did call the attention of his fellow-subjects to their danger, the fact did not come to anything approaching general knowledge here until after the discovery of several real and great offenses that had been committed by him. That his recall was asked because of these offenses, and not because of the warning he may or may not have given, the readers of the Austrian and German papers seemingly have not been allowed to learn. This is in effect the same thing as saying that they have been misinformed—whether intentionally or unintentionally by their papers could not be decided without knowing the extent of the knowledge of the editors themselves. They may be either parties to the deception or victims of it. One can hope the latter—if of particularly kindly temperament—but that makes little difference so far as the public served by them is concerned.

The episode is full explanation of the amazing statements made about the war, its origin and progress, by those, including some American expatriates, whose only sources of information have been the German papers.

**Inevitable Squealings Are Heard.**

Mayor MITCHEL has very promptly been informed that in describing as "painful and irksome" the economies which he says have been forced upon him and his departmental chiefs, he displayed such accuracy in the selection of adjectives as to make him an object of jealous envy for many whose trade has been, as his is not, just that. Not only are all the office holders whom he warned of an approaching cut in their salaries already making clear betrayal of pain as keen and irk as profound as the most captious of verbal critics could demand. In addition, some of them, for one or another rather mysterious reason bolder than the rank and file, are proclaiming both in voices distinctly and widely audible—through the ever-receptive reporters, that is.

In sad truth, however—and this detracts somewhat from the Mayor's credit for command of language—economy is always painful and irksome to everybody not equipped with some portion of the miser's gift for preferring potential to actual enjoyment. Of course we all call economy a virtue, and praise it highly in ourselves, and still more highly in those who happen to have the spending of our money, but deep in every heart lies the feeling that the virtue is a somewhat gray one, if not grimy—that it is a poor substitute for the energy and efficiency that makes money so fast that the rainy day will be guarded against in spite of expenditures limited only by tastes and needs.

It is a little surprising that the Mayor at this late day in his Administration should admit the possibility of further "economies." It seemingly behooves him to declare that he has already effected everything worthy of that name, and to insist that still more to cut down the city's expenses is mere recognition of inadequate income and a consequent necessity to go without things which it is for our interest as well as our pleasure to have. If the city's servants have not been paid too much in the past, nothing could be more certain than that it will not be as well served for less, and poor service does not mean economy, but waste—which is extravagance at its worst.

It is unfortunate for the Mayor's peace of mind that the salaries he can cut or cause to be cut are for the most part the small and the smaller ones. The rest are mostly "mandatory," and open only to voluntary return in such degree as the recipient, in noble, but somewhat inhuman, self-sacrifice, may choose. Probably he is not counting much on that to keep his budget down.

**Hopeless Rivalry Proposed.**

Again a London paper has suggested, naturally enough, perhaps, in the circumstances, but none the less injudiciously, that for every peaceful town in England hereafter bombarded from a Zeppelin a dozen towns of the same sort in Germany be subjected to the same treatment.

That would be to repay barbarity with barbarity, and not only, in this instance, is it considerably easier to say than to do, but if done it would deprive the doer of most of whatever present right he may have to claim moral superiority to his enemy. And the right to make that claim is a large and valuable asset for any nation, far outweighing, even on the most practical and materialistic grounds, the poor satisfaction that would be gained from repaying one atrocity with twelve.

And the British have already found, in the case of the captured submarine crews, that the policy of reprisals did not work well and had to be abandoned as soon as the Germans heard of its adoption. The latter insisted that the underwater sailors deserved no severer treatment than other prisoners of war, and promptly exercised a still greater severity on a still greater number or English captives.

Competition in a game like that promises neither success nor glory, and, whatever may be said about being too proud to fight, anybody can safely declare himself too proud to be a savage.

## MYTH OF HELPING HANDS.

### From One Who Paid Society's Bill, but Cannot Obtain His Receipt.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I inclose what, to me, seems a remarkable letter. Of the author of it I have as yet no other information than that contained in the letter itself, but should any of your readers be willing to help him, I will send them his name and address.

RICHARD HARDING DAVIS.
Mount Kisco, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1915.

**The Letter.**

Richard Harding Davis, Esq.:

The only excuse I have for writing to you is that I have seen you several times, spoken with you, and listened to you in the office of the Warden of Sing Sing Prison at the times when John H. Kennedy and James C. Clancy were the respective Wardens. I was, in those times, stenographer and clerk in that office assisting Mr. Hickey, the civilian clerk. I was an inmate. A year ago last February I ceased to be an inmate. Since that time I have been fighting indefatigably to recover my lost place in the world. There is a good deal of rant and cant about "giving the fallen brother a chance," "holding out the helping hand," &c., but in the past eighteen months I have learned that these beautiful ideas have never progressed from the theoretic stage.

I have on several occasions reported the addresses made by certain well-known sociologists and penologists, and had the temerity once, solely on the strength of the merits of my reportorial work, to solicit an interview with a prominent member of this "helping hand" coterie, with the view of asking permanent employment. The man I addressed is a prominent business man, a millionaire, and a governing officer of several large industrial enterprises. My advances were ignored. I have never, and never will, ask for charity. I have in the past been guilty of an offense against society, was found out, (thank God!) and fined a certain number of the best years of my life. I paid that fine, and now seek a receipt in full—that is, reinstatement.

Aside from any moral view of the case, I am intelligent enough to have learned my lesson—to have learned that it is easier to be good than bad. In spite of rebuffs and lack of success in obtaining permanent work, I have managed to earn enough honest money to pay my rent, clothe myself and wife, and so far furnish the indispensable things to my family. But I am exceedingly anxious to get something permanent—an assured income that will save myself and my wife a lot of worry. I have intelligence, a good education, and an experience in secretarial work. I am an expert stenographer and typist, a fairly fluent correspondent, and have a thorough knowledge of accounts.

As I said in the beginning of this inexcusably long letter, I have a faint hope that an appeal to you might win your interest. It is possible, I thought, you might use my services. May I hope to hear from you?

(Signed)

New York, Aug. 15, 1915.

### A Way for Landlubbers.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

In regard to Roger B. Hull's remarks on "How to Tell the Port Side," appearing in THE TIMES. I think the following is a far simpler expedient to determine the port and starboard sides of a ship, especially to the "landlubber," as the "wine" solution impresses me as being somewhat ambiguous. As port wine is not red wine, the uninitiated might be confused at times by following Mr. Hull's advice.

For example, the word "right" contains more letters than "left"; likewise starboard has more letters than port; therefore when facing the bow, or front of a ship, starboard is always the right hand side and port the left. One can never be mistaken by bearing the above in mind.

J. H., Jr.
New York, Sept. 13, 1915.

### Criticising the Host.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Siegfried Strauss in a letter to THE TIMES criticising the Administration and the American press for an unneutral attitude begins by saying, "I, as a German citizen, living in this country for nearly two years," and closes with, "And we Germans who enjoy at present the hospitality of the United States of America." * * *

By what laws of courtesy has a person who is "enjoying hospitality" the right to turn upon his host and berate him for following his own judgment?

Mrs. PERRY WILLIAMS.
Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 9, 1915.

### THE LEOPARD-LAND.

There's a leopard-land, with its yellow spots,
A-gleam with the sacred gold.
It lures men on through the barren wastes,
In the grip of the mad'ning cold.
The wolf-cry voices its cruel heart—
A heart that hungers for gore,
The north-wind croons through the ghastly bones
That fleck her desolate shore.

Like a leopard, she lurks in the shadows,
Watching a chance to spring;
You feel the greed of her vampire-miles,
In the siren-songs they sing.
Ever she stalks o'er the naked hills,
And beckons the gold-mad hosts,
While she gloats o'er the ghastly wreckage,
They leave on her lonely coasts.

Freighted-full is the treasure-chest,
She guards with her ruthless hand,
But only the strong may rend the vaults,
And ravish her ancient land.
For them, there is sunshine and roses,
On hills where the south-wind blows.
But the voiceless bones of the weakling,
Must people her greedy shows.

CHART PITT.

## MRS. ATHERTON REPLIES.

### Why Conscription Is Constantly Agitated in Great Britain.

New York, Sept. 12, 1915.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

In reply to Mr. Compton's letter from London published in THE TIMES, I should like to ask why, if 4,000,000 men have voluntarily offered their lives to Great Britain since the war began, the question of conscription is constantly agitated? Why this series of humiliating posters, in which King and country practically beg the subjects of the leading nation of the earth to come forth and fight for its existence? Why, if all Britain is loyal and eager to serve have there been constant strikes in coal mines and munition factories, keeping Lloyd George on the jump.

From this distance it looks as if the industrial class, being immensely in the majority, has seized the dark hour of Great Britain, not to prove its deathless loyalty, but to improve its own general status. As I said in the interview which provoked Mr. Compton's reply, no one questions the assertion that thousands of the industrial class have volunteered and are as ready to die in the trenches as the most reckless officer of that class in whom the impulse to go to the front when danger threatens Britain is practically automatic. But no one considers exceptions when arraigning a class. And, I repeat, to the outsider—and we of the United States get far more information than any of the belligerents get about themselves—the mass of the population in Great Britain constantly threatening the harassed Government with strikes and constantly threatened itself with conscription cuts a poor figure beside the masses of the other countries at war, where the men, whether in the service or not, are of one mind and soul.

Of course ignorance and lack of imagination have much to do with this. The British Isles, protected for generations by a powerful navy, have not even been threatened with invasion since the days of the first Napoleon; the fathers and grandfathers of these men lived and died in a sense of complete security. The Continental nations might have to sleep on their guns, but not they. Naturally they became indifferent and selfish, particularly toward the England of a class which has done so little, save in the way of vitiating charities, to ameliorate the conditions of the vast majority that work for their daily bread. By this I do not mean to say there have not been many and very great reforms, to which intelligent and public-spirited men of the upper classes devoted their lives; but the point is that there have not been enough reforms, not by a thousand.

Nor has there been sufficient education of the masses, by the newspapers, in patriotism. Every man in every land should be taught, and have it hammered in, that his country comes first and himself and all his personal interests next. It is his country that permits him to live; without its laws and developments he might grub a living out of the soil somewhere, but nothing more. Only the press can instill this principle and this lesson because no other medium has the opportunities for constant reiteration. The most individualistic is insensibly influenced by the daily dogma. Soon he ceases to argue—unless it should happen to be some dogma which could command no man's respect—and ends by accepting the daily teaching as a matter of course. In this era of enormous industrial enterprise and opportunies for making fortunes big and little, it is doubly necessary to instill this lesson of the nation's right of priority and watch that no weeds overgrow it. It is also wise never to let a people acquire the idea that a geographical accident insures their permanent safety. Such a doctrine cannot fail to make a people careless, selfish, unpatriotic; and when the crucial hour of the United States comes it will suffer from the same internal disorders and apathies, and from not unalien causes, although in its racial heterogeniety it will have more excuse than Great Britain.

One thing all must concede. This apathy of the masses in Great Britain cannot be laid by the most impatient critic to cowardice. Germany with her childish psychology kept on sending over her Zeppelins after they proved their comparative worthlessness, in order to terrify the population of England into demanding peace at any humiliating cost. We know that they are Kitchener's best friends, those horrible engines of the sky raining bombs upon the defenseless, and that the civilians that are not infuriated into immediate recruiting are merely interested with true British phlegm in the only war spectacle executed for their benefit. More is the pity that so brave a race, a race in which so primary an emotion as fear was forgotten before many a nation of our day was born, should not have rushed forward to a man in the hour Germany threw off her mask and threatened the world. If they had the war would have ended in six months. If they would do it today Great Britain would be invincible.

GERTRUDE ATHERTON.

### Letter Writers' Bad Habit.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Permit me to bring a matter before the attention of your readers which, though of no vital importance, is a source of constant annoyance to me, and, I am certain, to many other people. This is the very patent lack of uniformity in the pagination of private correspondence. Unless one is well acquainted with the eccentricities of the writer, one cannot tell whether the continuation of the first page is to be found on Page 2, Page 3, or Page 4. Moreover, one does not know but that he may have to revolve the page through an angle of ninety degrees in order to read the contents of the inner pages. Surely it is rational to suppose that people would write on the first, second, third, and fourth page respectively. But for some reason or other they do not. What business firm would think of shuffling the pages of a letter it has written, or would think of laying some sheets vertically, others horizontally, in order to confuse and annoy the recipient.

A. L. W.
Columbia University, N. Y., Sept. 13, 1915.

### Optimism.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I protest against the published misinterpretation of my letters. My statement was and is that I alone of the candidates against Tammany Hall have a chance of election. To put it more tersely, Mr. Perkins has no chance, and I have a good chance. The persons who are pushing Mr. Perkins know that full well. It looks as though they have some reason for presenting the District Attorney's office to Tammany Hall.

FRANK MOSS.
New York, Sept. 13, 1915.

### The Power of Commerce.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

As commerce is the foundation stone of a modern nation, why not compel the belligerent nations to arbitrate their differences by a combination of all neutrals threatening to raise the duty, say, 50 per cent. for a term of fifty years on all goods imported from the nation refusing to arbitrate.

MICHEL JACOBS.
New York, Sept. 8, 1915.

## WHAT WOMEN HAVE GAINED BY SUFFRAGE.

### How the Ballot Brings Them Not Only Self-Respect and an Added Weight to Their Opinions, but Also Greater Respect From Men.

By IDA HUSTED HARPER.

New York, Sept. 13, 1915.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

In your editorial this morning you present a bill of exceptions to my answers to Judge Cullen's question: "What do the women expect to gain by the suffrage?" Will you grant me enough space to explain the reasons for making those answers, which were as follows?

1. Women expect to gain through the franchise self-respect and greater respect from men.

2. They expect that their opinions on matters relating to social and civic questions will have more weight, and that they will be able to bring about beneficial changes.

3. They expect that political parties will be more careful in the choice of candidates, and that the influence of women will secure better enforcement of the laws.

I have just returned from a Summer in California, where I made a considerable study of the effect of woman suffrage during the four years that it has been in practice. Every woman that I talked with, of whatever age or condition, said that the immediate effect was an increased sense of dignity and importance on the part of the women and a very evident increase of respect on the part of men. The girls at the State University, who had no complaint to make of previous lack of respectful treatment from the male students, said that almost from the day that the suffrage was granted to women they could notice an improvement. It was subtle and involuntary, but clearly manifest. Women in the villages and small cities insisted that there was at once a distinct difference in the attitude of the men they met on the street and in the transaction of business, a recognition that they had gained a new value to the community. This is the testimony of women in all the States where they are voting citizens.

I know the women of California, as I resided in the State several years, and where I went, to the clubs, to receptions, to dinner parties, I noticed a marked advance in independence, in knowledge of public men and measures, in consciousness of power. At every social function I attended the women were discussing the candidate and issues of the approaching municipal election. This was not done in an academic way, but from the practical standpoint of those whose votes would help determine results. In all the equal suffrage States the same situation exists.

How could women fail to have an increase of self-respect, and how could men fail to have an added respect for women, when they are lifted out of the disfranchised classes. Every State protects its electorate by barring from a vote those who would be an injury to it, and these are declared in the various State constitutions to be the insane, the feeble minded, the convicts, boys under twenty-one and women. The amazing thing is that women can have any self-respect whatever while they are included among these "undesirables." It is not at all surprising that men of all classes have a supreme contempt for women from the political viewpoint when the Government has set its seal on their inferiority. No amount of fine words can neutralize this cold, hard fact. There is a wide gulf between the large respect that men in general have for women in general in private life and the small respect felt for them in public life, and this never can be crossed except by a bridge of enfranchisement.

The possession of power never lessens respect, and all the talk about the "squalid squabble of politics" does not obscure the clear fact that the suffrage is the supreme power in a country that is ruled through the votes of its people. "As to 'opinions,'" says THE TIMES in its editorial, "it is not the vote which registers, but the influence, the mental force, the persuasion with which they are urged that counts."

Just before the last election THE TIMES contained a leading editorial entitled "It Is the Vote That Counts," and in this and preceding and subsequent editorials it impressed upon the voters that the only way in which they could help the candidates and the issues was to go to the polls and vote on them. Not a line of these editorials was addressed to women, not the slightest effort was made to influence their opinions so that they could be registered at the polls by the male voters of their family. "Is opinion biological, regulated by sex?" asks THE TIMES. Yes, decidedly, if it is political opinion. In the equal suffrage States every candidate for a high office goes before the various organizations of women, explains his policies, and makes every possible effort to win their favorable opinion. Do the candidates do this in the States where women have no vote?

THE TIMES says in this morning's issue: "A committee of members of the State Bar Association in each of the sixty-two counties will be appointed by its President, Judge Clearwater, to explain to the voters the new features of the revised Constitution." Only to the "voters"? If "it is the opinions, the influence, and not the vote that registers," is nothing to be done to educate the opinions of the women of New York who are likely to "influence" those votes—the 250,000 members of the State Federation of Clubs, the hundreds of thousands in the Daughters of the American Revolution and other patriotic societies, the suffrage and anti-suffrage organizations?

"Why expect the changes brought about by women voters to be beneficial?" "Why expect political parties to be more careful in their choice of candidates?" Principally because this has been the effect of woman suffrage wherever it exists. In the choosing of local candidates for Aldermen, the Magistrates' Court, &c., it is well known what "interests" must be propitiated, what class of votes must be coralled. If the party "bosses" had to put up candidates who would be supported by a majority of the women in the community, is it not probable that a different selection would be made in many instances? If women, taken as a whole, would not use their political influence for the promotion of temperance, morality, better surroundings for their children, better conditions for working girls, then all the eulogies of women as a great moral and conserving force should be revised.

"As to 'the influence' of women in getting the laws enforced, the word throws suffrage out of court," is THE TIMES'S conclusion. It has often said that the present laws regarding the liquor traffic, gambling, the social evil, &c., were sufficient if they were enforced. They are not enforced because there is not a strong enough public sentiment demanding it. The officials elected to enforce these laws recognize only that part of public sentiment which has votes behind it, and this at the present time is wholly masculine, with a majority opposed or indifferent to their enforcement. If the transgressors of the law and those who uphold them would take the position of THE TIMES, that woman suffrage would not change this condition, the proposed amendment for it would have clear sailing Nov. 2.

IDA HUSTED HARPER.

## THE WOMAN IN BUSINESS.

### How She Is Prevented from Doing Creditable Work in Many Fields.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Through a number of instances I might cite there have come to me recently unmistakable evidences of an existing ingrained prejudice on the part of men in their business dealings with women and toward women securing a place in the workaday world—an unfair discrimination. That is to say, during these long years since man has been gradually gaining his almost universal suffrage, he has become accustomed to seeing himself in complete control of the work of government and of business and of commercial relationships. He simply fails to be influenced by the different economic conditions existing in business today, so far as these affect women, and he persistently exhibits injustice toward them, consciously or unconsciously, because of this old habit of thinking. That women wish fair play has long been recognized as the rule of the game by men in their sports and less frequently by them in business with one another. The war is showing women, however, what may happen in the case of a dire necessity, as in Europe today.

The advantage of a long and varied business experience, combined with the exercise of the vote, may be seen to be used unfairly when it works to keep women out of those positions that they could creditably fill today, and often, in justice, deserve. When work in any office or factory may be, by women, more deftly performed, and for smaller remuneration, it is quite obvious that they may be grudgingly permitted to perform it. But when the character of the work is non-mechanical or not of the strictly routine type, then are the possibilities of such work falling to women diminished. The idea that women, through long relationships with other aspects of life, may be able to contribute something of value in the development and maintenance of public welfare, in municipal affairs, and in business is but dawning in the minds of a few. When an inexperienced but ambitious youth presents himself to be tried out, what does he meet with? The head of the office studies him critically and is inclined to do the right thing, to say to himself: "Ah, to be sure, a coming citizen of our city and State. He looks promising, let us give him a chance." But where opportunities are being presented of a kind of which women might avail themselves equally well as men—perhaps where women could work beside the men performing work of a similar nature but bringing to it a different viewpoint which seems desirable and worthy of representation to many of us, what happens? Inducements are offered or a search diligently made for men, while it is taken for granted that the necessary ability is lacking in women and they are not considered in connection with the positions at all.

This exclusiveness of men, their want of fairness to such of their sisters as work in the world, has a most disastrous effect. Granting the advantage of a longer experience in the business world, with methods of organization, with the struggle to make a living for which men seem, in masterful strength, better equipped, does all this prejudice not induce the women to acquire either unpleasant effrontery and bad manners in public life or an unnecessarily harsh and bitter attitude about it all?

Chances to do great things may wait for the few, be they men or women, but the average woman finds her opportunities much restricted as to her choice of work in earning her living. She may become a teacher because woman's business is taking care of the child and training it; she may become a trained nurse, which demands personal service and sympathy—qualities not rare in women. But her entrance into other professions or into the increasingly organized business or administrative affairs of the city is being viewed too often with disapproval, if not apprehension. Tolerance toward their own sex is indeed to be accredited to men, but it is seen to be wanting toward women in their efforts and ambitions. This is not to be explained by the claims of a chivalrous attitude altogether, for we must recognize the fact that women are performing much of the unskilled labor, as well as that work which is least attractive to men.

E. J. SWAN.
New York, Sept. 13, 1915.

## DAMAGE FROM RATS.

### A Suggestion That It Might Be Lessened by the Use of Snakes.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The suggestion of H. C. Bailey of Scranton that azoa, one of the several micro-organisms used to destroy rodents, be employed for reducing the population of Riker's Island rats through the liberation of inoculated rats has the indorsement of his own experience and may be worth experimenting with at least as one phase of a serious and sustained effort to combat this dangerous rat plague so near to us. Unless there are late developments similar experiments made by the United States Biological Survey, aided by the Biochemic Division of the Bureau of Animal Industry, have not resulted in uniform or very satisfactory results. Of chemical means, probably barium carbonate administered with food b

# J. P. H. PERRY WEDS MISS ADELE LLOYD

### Large Gathering of Society at Ceremony in Church of the Heavenly Rest.

### BRIDESMAIDS IN YELLOW

### Reception at Home of Bride's Parents, Dr. and Mrs. Samuel Lloyd—Some of the Guests.

The first large wedding of the Autumn season was celebrated yesterday afternoon, when John Prince Hazen Perry, a son of Alfred R. Perry, and Miss Adèle Augustine Lloyd, a daughter of Dr. Samuel Lloyd and Mrs. Lloyd, were married at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Forty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue. The chancel was simply decorated with palms, and vases of white lilies were used on the altar. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. William Montague Geer of old St. Paul's Church, on lower Broadway.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore a trailing gown of soft white satin, completely veiled with white tulle, which also formed a long, satin-hemmed train the full length of the satin train. The corsage and sleeves were clouds of tulle, and sprays of orange blossoms held the tulle in place on corsage and train. The veil of French lace was draped irregularly, and formed a high coil at the back of her head, held with orange blossoms. She carried white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Sherman Ford, (Miss Elinor Lapham,) a recent bride, was the matron of honor, and Miss Katharine Wyndham Smith was the maid of honor. The bridesmaids were the Misses Eleanor and Katharine Du Bois of New York, Louise H. Ball of Chicago, and Priscilla Phelan of Boston. They were in short, full-skirted frocks of yellow taffeta, the skirts being raised and pouched, in the latest mode at the left side and finished with deep chiffon hems, and having long taffeta sashes. The chiffon corsages, cut low in the centre back and front, were filled in with larkspur blue embroidery, which appeared again in the centre of the buttons holding the girdles. The short yellow chiffon sleeves were finished with little frills. All carried large clusters of blue larkspur tied with yellow chiffon streamers, and wore large, dark brown velvet hats with the picture brims bent to suit each face, and finished with velvet bows. Those worn by the maid and matron of honor showed blue and pink French flowers.

Mr. Perry had Karl T. Frederick as his best man and the ushers were Leland S. Sutton, Roger B. Emmons, John M. P. Thatcher, Victor H. McCutcheon, Fitch Haskell, R. C. Wilson, Samuel Lloyd, Jr., a brother of the bride, and Harold E. Plummer of Buffalo.

The ceremony was followed by a small reception at the Lloyd residence, 12 West Fiftieth Street, which was decorated with white and yellow flowers. On their return early in November from their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Perry will live at 114 East Eighty-fourth Street.

The guests included Mr. and Mrs. William Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Williams, Dr. St. Clair Smith and Mrs. Smith, Dr. McKernon and Mrs. McKernon, Dr. Peterson and Mrs. Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hall, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Deming, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Helmle, Mrs. G. R. Preston, Miss Preston, Mr. and Mrs. John Lapham, Cornelius Du Bois, Mildred Du Bois, Delafield Du Bois, and Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Disbrow.

## NORA BAYES AT THE PALACE.

### She Divides the Honors with Laddie Cliff and Roshanara.

Nora Bayes rightly wins most of the plaudits in the not particularly impressive program at the Palace this week. She is always a power in vaudeville, and just now she is entertaining with an unusually good medley, a medicinal nightmare wherein she is visited in her dreams by the ghosts of all the songs she used to sing, from "Wurzburger" down to "Apple Blossom Time in Normandy".

Other that might be mentioned are Laddie Cliff and Roshanara. Mr. Cliff sings and dances. He knows how to dance, and proves it as if he were the George M. Cohan of the London music halls. He no longer takes the stage alone, for while he does his little tricks, Mrs. Cliff watches him from the other side of a grand piano.

Roshanara is a dancer out of India. She is direct from the Vice Regal Court of Calcutta "and all that sort of thing. She does a snake dance that is interesting quite aside from its haunting suggestion of Cissie Loftus imitating Nazimova in "Bella Donna."

## AGREE WITH MUSICIANS.

### Theatre Managers Accept Federation Directors as Arbitrators.

A peaceful settlement of the differences between the theatre managers and musicians has been reached. The managers, through the Board of Directors of the United Managers' Protective Association, have decided to accept the proffer of the Directors of the American Federation of Musicians to act as arbitrators in any differences which may arise between the two.

In making the offer, the representatives of the musicians' national organization stated that it was against their policy to interfere in the affairs of the various local unions, so they could not dictate to them, but that they would be glad to act as intermediaries. The managers decided it would be only fair to accept the good offices of the musicians' representatives, so the danger of a break between the two bodies has at least been temporarily avoided.

## "EMMA McCHESNEY & CO."

### New Title for Ethel Barrymore's Play—Skinner in 'Cock o' the Walk.'

The title of Edna Ferber's play in which Ethel Barrymore will be starred has been changed from "Roast Beef Medium" to "Emma McChesney & Co." Emma McChesney of Miss Ferber's magazine stories is the principal character of the play.

The title for Henry Arthur Jones's new play in which Otis Skinner will be seen has been decided upon. It is "Cock o' the Walk." The play is a comedy of character and situations, and Mr. Skinner's rôle is that of an old-time actor. Rehearsals are being held in the Park Theatre, the company being recruited largely from English players.

### THEATRICAL NOTES.

David Torrence, R. Peyton Carter and Fred Tyler, who were the original three brothers in Maude Adams's presentation of "What Every Woman Knows," have been engaged for those parts for Miss Adams's tour and season at the Empire.

Victor Herbert will conduct the orchestra at the first performance of his new operetta, "The Princess Pat," at the Cort Theatre, Monday night, Sept. 27.

Florence Raberts, whose last appearance here was in "The Strength of the Weak," at the Hackett Theatre five years go, has returned to the mangement of John Cort. She will be starred soon in a four-act comedy drama of Arizona life by Frank Dare, entitled "The Claim."

William Faversham began rehearsals yesterday of "The Hawk," the drama from the French in which he was seen here last season and in which he will appear on tour this season.

Frank Mandel's farce "Sherman Was Right" has been put in rehearsal by H. H. Frazee, with a cast that includes Hale Hamilton, Georgia Lawrence, Jeffreys Lewis, Martin Alsop, Sam Sidman, Ernest Cossart, and Aimee Dalmores. The first performance will be given on Oct. 4.

Florence Reed has three plays under consideration from which she expects to choose one for her use this season. At present Miss Reed is acting for a picture the Equitable Company is making.

Frank McIntyre yesterday withdrew from the cast of the farce "Brother Masons," which H. H. Frazee produced several weeks ago out of town. Mr. McIntyre had the principal role. It is probable that another comedian will be engaged and the play brought into New York.

## RETAINS BOSTON HERALD.

### M. F. Plant, Owner, Buys Up More of Its Property at Auction Sale.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—The property and franchises of The Boston Herald, Inc., publishers of The Boston Herald and The Boston Traveler, were bought at auction today by Morton F. Plant. The purchase price was $1,900,000, and the sale was made to F. DeC. Sullivan, who represented Mr. Plant.

By his purchase today, Mr. Plant, who has been the chief owner of The Herald and Traveler properties, largely increases his holdings in the voting securities of the company and becomes the largest holder of all classes of securities of the new company that has been formed to conduct the two papers. Thus there is virtually no change in control and no changes in management are contemplated.

The new company that has been formed to conduct the business will be known as the Boston Publishing Company. The officers are Robert Lincoln O'Brien, President; F. DeC. Sullivan, Vice President; James H. Higgins, Treasurer and General Manager, and Thomas W. Streeter, Clerk. The directors are Messrs. O'Brien, Sullivan, and Higgins. They have assumed all valid claims of unsecured creditors of The Boston Herald incorporated.

The auction was brought about as the result of a default by The Boston Herald, Inc., in the payment of the semi-annual interest on its bonds. The bonds are secured by mortgage and, in accordance with the terms of this mortgage, the property was sold. The sale included machinery, furniture, equipment, good will, copyrights, and trademarks, Associated Press membership, and the rights to the names "The Boston Herald" and "The Boston Traveler."

## GYPSIES ROB YOAKUM COWS.

### Band Driven to Queens County After Many Depredations.

FREEPORT, L. I., Sept. 14.—Benjamin Smith and Arthur Hewlett, acting for Sheriff Pettit, this morning sent a band of gypsies who camped east of this village last night over into Queens County. The chief of the band said they were going to Newark.

Members of the band, it is charged, broke into the Motor Parkway Lodge at Bathpage last Friday, chloroformed three women, and stole $45 from the cash drawer. The women were Mrs. Samuel S. Sadler, keeper of the lodge, and her two sisters, Mrs. John J. Vonaria and Miss Edith Kell, who were visiting her.

The woman said that several wagons appeared outside the lodge and that twelve men surrounded the place. They broke the door open and demanded money. When the women screamed, they say the gypsies produced bottles of chloroform and forced them into unconsciousness. Constable Powell says that by threatening to arrest the chief he forced him to return $35.

Shortly after the lodge robbery, the same band camped on the estate of B. F. Yoakum, at Farmingdale. He has a fine herd of Holstein cows, and these the gypsies proceeded to milk. After obtaining about 140 quarts of milk the marauders moved on adjoining cornfield and helped themselves to corn.

Residents of Merrick complained to Sheriff Pettit early last evening that the gypsies had held up two men on the highway and he ordered them to break camp and move on. The band was finally allowed to remain until morning after the chief had paid for two watchmen, Smith and Hewlett. They stood guard during the night and saw them move on toward Queens County.

## SOUTH CAROLINA GOES 'DRY'

### Votes 2½ to 1 to Wipe Out Last Vestige of Dispensary System.

*Special to The New York Times.*

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 14.—South Carolina decided for State-wide prohibition today by a vote of about two and a half to one.

With returns received in part from forty-three out of forty-four counties, the vote for prohibition is 33,562 and against prohibition 13,960. Only in one county was prohibition defeated by a large majority. Charleston voted against it by about ten to one. Dorchester is close and is in doubt.

Fifteen South Carolina counties now have dispensaries selling whisky. Of these Aiken, Calhoun, Florence, Jasper, Lexington, Georgetown, Orangeburg, Richland, Union, and Williamsburg have voted for prohibition. Others may go either way. The law will go into effect Jan. 1.

The vote will probably total about 60,000, which is more than the vote in a general election, but far under that polled i a Democratic primary.

The election today was the culmination of a fight that had lasted nearly a quarter of a century. This was the first time, however, that the issue of State-wide prohibition was presented on its merits to the people of this State.

There are legal differences of opinion yet as to whether today's election is final, the contention on one hand being that the Legislature had not the right to permit a referendum to enact a State-wide prohibition law. The Supreme Court of the State ruled that the election could be held and the will of the people obtained, but the question is open as to whether or not the election enacts the law.

The State dispensary was abolished in 1907, following many allegations of graft, and the system of county dispensaries instituted.

### Paterson Raises $4,000 for Jews.

Albert Lucas, Secretary of the Central Committee for the Relief of Jews suffering through the war, announced yesterday the organization of a new committee in Paterson, N. J. In two days the Paterson committee raised more than $4,000, of which amount $2,500 was contributed by the Congregation B'nai Israel, and the remainder by the Congregation Ahavath Joseph, both of Paterson.

### Johnson-Farrington Wedding Today

*Special to The New York Times.*

HACKENSACK, N. J., Sept. 14.—The marriage of Miss Blanche B. Farrington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Kipp Farrington of New Rochelle, N. Y., and George W. Johnson, son of ex-Senator William M. Johnson and Mrs. Johnson of Upper Main Street, Hackensack, will take place tomorrow at the bride's home. Only the immediate families will attend. Miss Farrington's grandfather, the Rev. William G. Farrington, was the first rector of Christ Episcopal Church, Hackensack.

### Hewes-Bradley Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Hewes of Newark, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Amy Mosier Hewes, to William James Lee Bradley, Jr., of Camden and Newark. Mr. Bradley is a son of former Senator and Mrs. W. J. L. Bradley of Camden. No date has been set for the wedding.

### HOLDEN—RUSSELL.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Holden of Syracuse, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Eloise Holden, to Alexander Russell of 230 Riverside Drive, this city. Both Miss Holden and Mr. Russell are well known in musical circles. The wedding is to take place this Autumn.

# GOMPERS APPEALS FOR SUFFRAGISTS

### In Official Bulletin He Asks Toilers to Support the Movement.

### BALLOT NOT A SEX PROBLEM

### Women Workers, He Says, Realize That Industrial Progress Depends on Political Freedom.

Declaring that a solution of the problem of industrial freedom rests upon every toiler having a rôle in the fixing of working conditions, Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in an official bulletin issued yesterday, urged organized labor to fight for woman suffrage.

"Women cannot assume equal rights with free men," he said, "in the industrial struggle while classified with idiots and irresponsibles in political affairs. The ballot cannot be long denied them. Industrial freedom is not a sex problem, it is a human problem. Men and women work side by side, and until both have a voice in the establishment of working conditions the problem will not be settled. Men workers will find women workers exploited against them just as long as women are denied responsibility as members of the political society.

"There are two tremendous movements for freedom at the present time—the labor movement and the woman suffrage movement. The Women's Trades Union League is visible proof of the ability of women to determine and manage their own affairs and to appreciate and assume responsibility as members of society. Not only do they assume responsibility, but they demand rights that go with responsibility.

"As a result of former conditions, traditions, and customs, protection and support have been assumed for all women. This fiction was maintained even though women went out of their homes to earn livings in shop, factory, and store. Some women have learned to break through stultifying traditions, to brush aside fiction, and to recognize facts—they have learned that a free individual must stand erect, be responsible for her own life and acts, give and accept justice, not special privilege. If women would be free, they must achieve their own freedom.

"Wage-earning women have begun to work out their own industrial freedom. As the President of the Women's Trade Union says, 'There are two great groups of exploited workers in the United States—immigrants and women. But women have felt the thrill of the impulse that leads to freedom; in all the walks of life they are demanding an equal voice in determining those things which touch the common life. This impulse stimulates protest against industrial exploitation. Strong women who earn their living in the struggle of the world feel that their protection and salvation lie in organization.

"Women realize that they cannot establish and maintain industrial freedom and responsibility unless they have also political freedom and responsibility. Wherever opportunity and development are restricted, their influence and power are also restricted.

"As a matter of justice, workingwomen demand the ballot. They demand a right to participate in the determination of political affairs because they are affected by the determinations. The ballot will bring power because it will bring full citizenship.

"There is no easy way, but if anything in life is worth while, it is the beautiful ideal of a rational individual ordering his or her own life in full acceptation of the opportunities and the limitations of freedom. Protection and regulation may offer immediate relief, but they are not freedom.

"Men must join the women in the effort to solve their common problem, or else they will find women used against them as competitors."

## BUYS PATERSON GUARDIAN.

### Charles Curie Closes Deal Involving Three Newspapers.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 14.—Negotiations were consummated this afternoon by which Charles Curie, a New York lawyer, the principal owner of the Press-Chronicle Company, publishers of The Paterson Press and Sunday Chronicle, purchased a controlling interest in the Guardian Printing and Publishing Company, publishers of The Paterson Guardian.

The stockholders of the Guardian Corporation elected Mr. Curie President; William B. Bryant, formerly of The New York Tribune, Secretary, Treasurer, and General Manager, and John L. Matthews, formerly of The Brooklyn Times, Vice President and Editor. By the transfer the Guardian company will come into possession of The Press.

It was stated on good authority tonight that The Press and The Guardian soon would be merged into one newspaper operating in the evening field and that The Chronicle would be continued as heretofore.

## RICH BOY'S CASE UP AGAIN.

### New Guardian Asked for William Crosseman Lee.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The Surrogate's Court has been asked to vacate the guardianship of William Crossman Lee, 11 years old, known as "the poor little rich boy," and to appoint other guardians.

The present guardians are Thomas Frederick Lee and Emma Kenyon Lee, the boy's stepfather and the stepfather's mother.

The application is made by William Mills, the boy's grandfather, who says the letters issued to the Lees were obtained on false representations and without notice to the boy's relatives.

The petition says that since the death of George W. Crossman, whose estate the boy had inherited, the Columbia Trust Company has had charge of the estate and should be continued.

An accounting proceeding will be heard on Sept. 24 in the Surrogates' Court in New York County, and it is important that the guardianship be determined at once.

### Paul F. Meyerheim, Painter, Dies.

BERLIN, Sept. 14, via London Sept. 15.—Paul Friedrich Meyerheim, the painter, died today.

Meyerheim was born in Berlin Aug. 13, 1842, the son of Friedrich Edward Meyerheim, a well-known genre painter. The younger Meyerheim was noted for animal studies, landscapes, and still life paintings. He exhibited at the exhibition in Philadelphia in 1878 and the World's Fair in Chicago in 1893, and at both places won medals for his work.

### Ormond Butler.

Ormond Butler, widely known for years in the theatrical profession, died on Sunday in a sanitarium in Baltimore, from paralysis, in his sixty-first year. He was stricken about a year ago at the Friars' Club, but recovered later. Mr. Butler was at one time a professional baseball player and formerly managed the Pittsburgh and Columbus teams. His theatrical career began at Ford's Opera House in Baltimore, and of recent years he had been the manager of Kolb and Dill, the German comedians. He is survived by a son. His funeral will be held today in Frederick, Md.

## GEN. EDW. H. RIPLEY DEAD.

### Civil War Veteran Was Founder of U. S. and Brazil Steamship Line.

RUTLAND, Vt., Sept. 14.—Brigadier-General Edward H. Ripley, who led the First Federal Brigade into Richmond after the surrender of Lee's army, died tonight after a long illness. He left Union College in the Second year of the Civil War and raised a company, going to the front as its Captain and winning rapid promotion by distinguished conduct.

After the was General Ripley became prominent in New York financial circles. He was founder and director of the United States and Brazil Steamship line and built the Raritan River Railroad.

### Geo. R. Wendling, Lecturer.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Sept. 14.—George Reuben Wendling, author and lecturer, died at his home here today in his seventy-first year. He was born in Shelbyville, Ill., and was a graduate of Miami and Chicago Universities, where he studied law, and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in 1867. Mr. Wendling then became editor of The Central Illinois Times, later becoming City Attorney of Shelbyville. In 1869 he was a member of the Illinois Constitutional Convention, and since 1880 had been a lecturer on popular topics. The best known of his books, "The Man of Galilee," was published in 1907.

### Gaston Dreyfus, Paris Banker.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—Gaston Dreyfus, head of the Governing Committee of the Paris Bourse, died here today, in his sixty-first year.

He was one of the best known bankers in Europe and was a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, an Officer of Takowo, a Chevalier of Francis-Joseph, and had received the silver medal of the Mutuality. M. Dreyfus was also President of a number of charitable organizations. He was a member of the Automobile Club and was active in the movement for improving the breed of the horses of France. Among the other organizations he belonged to were the Artistic and Literary Circle, the Bois de Boulogne, and the Cercle of Deauville.

### Obituary Notes.

Professor CHARLES HAWLETT WING, head of the Department of Chemistry at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology from 1874 to 1884, died in Boston yesterday, aged 80 years. From 1870 to 1874 he was Professor of Chemistry at Cornell University.

Mrs. FANNY FRANKENTHALER, widow of Louis Frankenthaler, died recently at her home, 7 East Ninety-third Street, in her seventy-first year. She was born in Germany and had lived here for fifty years. Mrs. Frankenthaler was a member of the United Order of True Sisters. She is survived by three sons and a daughter.

Mrs. ELIZA KATHERINE STEURER, who came to this city from Germany in 1883, died recently at her home, 312 Manhattan Avenue, in her ninety-seventh year. She was a pioneer resident of the Chelsea district, and is survived by a daughter and a son.

EDMUND JONATHAN WRIGHT, 73 years old, a salesman for the Eureka Silk Company of Manhattan, died from heart disease on Monday at his home, 3,115 Clarendon Road. Mr. Wright was born in Fayetteville, N. Y., and had lived in Brooklyn for more than thirty years.

Mrs. CATHARINE JONES, a native of Liverpool, England, and widow of William Jones, died on Monday at her home, 591 Enfield Street, Brooklyn, in her eighty-seventh year. She is survived by two sons and two daughters.

Mrs. DELIA WERNER, one of the oldest members of the German Evangelical Lutheran Church and widow of Henry Werner, formerly a large molding mill owner in Brooklyn, died recently at her home, 142 Dean Street, Brooklyn. She was 73 years old.

Mrs. URANIA MERRITT CARTER, wife of the Rev. Dr. George William Carter, pastor of the Grace Reformed Church, Lincoln Road and Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, died on Sunday at her residence, 155 Lincoln Road, aged 40 years.

Mrs. ANNA MARIE FREDERICKS, widow of Gustave A. Fredericks, a Manhattan merchant, and a direct descendant of the English Arundel family, which gave Arundel County, Md., its name, died from heart disease on Sunday at her home, 562 Seventh Street, South Brooklyn. She is survived by a son, Gustave H. Fredericks and two daughters, Mrs. Ida Beakley-Smith and Mrs. George W. Eckerson.

GARRISON KELLEY, a retired sparmaker who had a shop for many years in the Erie Basin district, is dead at his home, 818 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, from pneumonia. Mr. Kelley was born in Virginia 82 years ago and had been a resident of the Eastern District for sixty-five years. He was formerly a deacon and a teacher in the Sunday school of the Second Baptist Church of Williamsburg.

THEODORE S. CONKLIN, a lifelong resident of Patchogue, L. I., died at his home in that place on Monday. He was 63 years old and unmarried.

JOHN WENKE, 73 years old, a retired grocer, formerly in business at Washington and Rector Streets, Manhattan, and later in Brooklyn, died at his home, 102 Covert Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was a native of Oldenburg, Germany, and a member of the Oldenburg Society.

MERRICK DAVID LAWRENCE, Vice President and Treasurer of the firm of Downing Lawrence, marine railway engineers in Court Street, Brooklyn, died recently at his home, 518 East Twenty-ninth Street, Flatbush. Mr. Lawrence was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, and had been a resident of Brooklyn for sixty-eight years. He was a Mason and a member of the Maritime Exchange. He left a widow, two daughters and three sons.

JOSEPH OLIVER, 80 years old, a contractor and builder of 117 Wright Street, Stapleton, S. I., and one of the oldest residents of that place, died suddenly yesterday of paralysis. He was a native of North Ireland, but settled in Staten Island when a boy. He is survived by two sons and four daughters.

WILLIAM MOORE DUFFORD of the undertaking firm of Dufford & Vandervoort died yesterday at his home, 390 Park Avenue, Paterson, N. J. He was born in Beattytown, N. J., in 1851. Mr. Dufford was a member of the Mystic Shrine, Odd Fellows, the Knights Templar, and the Melit Commandery.

EDWARD J. SIMMONS of Yonkers, N. Y., died suddenly there on Monday while in a drug store, in his forty-sixth year. He was born here, but had lived in Yonkers for forty years. His home was at 108 Elliot Avenue.

The Rev. JAMES R. DANFORTH, formerly active in Philadelphia, where he consolidated ten churches of seven denominations for evangelical work, died recently at his Summer home on Squirrel Island, Me. He was a graduate of Beloit College and the Chicago Theological Seminary. His wife, two sons, and a daughter survive him.

ADAM HIX, senior member of the firm of Adam and Charles A. Hix, furniture manufacturers of Fort Plains, N. Y., died yesterday at his home there. His firm has been in business for nearly fifty years.

Mrs. ROSE E. LEVETT, wife of Walter B. Levett, a converter of cotton goods, died on Sunday at her home, 749 West End Avenue. She was born here, and was a member of the League for Political Education and the Society for Ethical Culture.

ORRIN CONVERSE, formerly connected with the Mineral Springs Manufacturing Company, died on Monday at his home in Stafford Springs, Conn., in his ninety-fourth year. He was born there and for many years owned a teaming business between Hartford and Providence.

EDWARD STACK, a real estate and insurance dealer, and connected with the Hoboken Water Department, died on Saturday at his home in that city, in his seventy-first year. He was born in this city and is survived by a son and two daughters.

JOSEPH G. CUPPLES, a Boston publisher and formerly with the firm of Cupples, Upham & Co., proprietors of the Old Corner Book Store, died on Monday at his home in Brookline, Mass., in his sixtieth year. He was a native of Scotland and came here in 1885.

CONRAD ALVES, a building contractor of Greenwich, Conn., died at his home there on Monday in his sixty-first year. He was a native of Germany and came here when 28 years old. Mr. Alves erected many of the important buildings of Greenwich.


HOTEL FOR WOMEN ONLY

Unmarried women coming to New York City should patronize the Junior League House, 541 East 78th Street.

The terms are moderate, $4.50 to $7.50 a week, including 2 meals on each week day; 3 meals on Sunday.

The Junior League House is an absolutely fireproof Hotel with all improvements, including hot water, electric light, elevator service and telephone.

This Hotel provides an attractive and comfortable home for unmarried women.

Investigate before you settle elsewhere.

JUNIOR LEAGUE HOUSE
Virginia Cogswell, Manager
541 East 78th St., New York City.
Telephone Lenox 7730.



TAKE THE CURE
—AT—
White Sulphur Springs
—WEST VIRGINIA—
MOST CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE IN AMERICA
THE GREENBRIER
EUROPEAN PLAN
OPEN ALL THE YEAR
FINEST BATH ESTABLISHMENT IN AMERICA
Staff of experieneed Physicians in attendance


# WM. DULLES DIES ON FISHER'S ISLAND

### Manufacturer Who Developed Wire Glass Is Stricken with Heart Disease.

### BEGAN CAREER AS LAWYER

### He Was Treasurer of the Presbyterian Foreign Missions for Eight Years—Prominent in Princeton.

William Dulles, the manufacturer, best known for the development of the wire glass used as a fire protection in most of the great hotels and office buildings of this city, died suddenly yesterday morning from heart disease at Fisher's Island, N. Y., in his fifty-eighth year.

He was a son of the Rev. John Welsh Dulles and Mrs. Harriet L. Winslow Dulles, and was born in Philadelphia. After receiving his early education in that city, Mr. Dulles attended Princeton University, from which he was graduated in 1878 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Two years later he received the degree of Master of Arts, and the University of Pennsylvania conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Laws the same year, after he had completed the law course. He retained his connection with Princeton all his life, at the time of his death being President of his class and a member of the Graduating Council.

From 1880 until 1883 Mr. Dulles practiced law in Philadelphia, giving this up to come here to enter the employ of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railroad. His connection with the road lasted until 1889, and during this time he was Assistant Secretary and Treasurer.

Mr. Dulles then became Treasurer of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, where he remained until 1897, when he turned his attention to the glass business, becoming President of the Appert Glass Company and Vice President of the Mississippi Wire Glass Company, and at the same time being Treasurer and a Director of both companies.

He was interested in other manufacturing companies and corporations, and was President and a Director of the Dulles-Baldwin Electric Drill Company and a Director of the Vulcan Mining Company. Mr. Dulles was a former member of the Board of Education and of the Common Council of Englewood, N. J., where he had his Summer home. He was a Trustee and Secretary of Mackenzie College in Brazil and a member of the Pennsylvania Society, the Presbyterian Union, the American Museum of Natural History, the New York Zoological Society, and the American Society of International Law. Mr. Dulles also belonged to the University of Pennsylvania, National Arts, and Manhattan Clubs, and the Pilgrims' Society of this city, the Duquesne Club of Pittsburgh, and the Down Town Association of New York.

For the last three years he had lived at the Hotel Gotham, at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. His wife, two sons, and two daughters survive him.

Mr. Dulles's funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon from the Englewood Presbyterian Church.

## SERENO S. PRATT DEAD.

### Secretary of the New York Chamber of Commerce Expires in Troy.

Sereno S. Pratt, Secretary of the New York Chamber of Commerce since 1908, and widely known as a financial writer and the author of "The Work of Wall Street," died yesterday at Troy, N. Y., in his fifty-eighth year. He was operated on several months ago, and was taken to the hospital in Troy from his country home in Burlington, Vt., ten days ago.

Mr. Pratt was born in Westmoreland, N. Y., and was the son of Enfield Loring and Mrs Mary Jessup Pratt. He studied for some time in the University of Vermont, which conferred the honorary degree of A. M. on him in 1915. In 1876 he joined the staff of the St. Albans Advertiser, later occupying editorial positions with The Commercial Bulletin, The Journal of Commerce, The New York World, and The New York Times.

For fifteen years Mr. Pratt was manager of the New York bureau of The Philadelphia Ledger, later becoming associate editor of The Wall Street Journal, of which he was afterward editor-in-chief at the time he became Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Pratt was a member of the American Economic Association, the New England Society of New York, and the Lawyers' Club. He lived at 104 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, and is survived by his wife, two daughters, and a son.

### Mgr. Racicot, Bishop of Pogla.

MONTREAL, Sept. 14.—Mgr. Racicot Bishop of Pogla, retired, died today after a long illness at Hospice Drapeau, St. Therese. Francois Theophile Racicot was born at Sault Au Recollet, Laval County, Oct. 13, 1845. He was ordained to the priesthood at Montreal in 1870. He was elected Bishop of Pogla and auxiliary to Archbishop Bruchesi in 1905. He retired in 1910, owing to a nervous disease.

*Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.*

### Born

WALSH.—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Walsh, 916 East 179th St., announce the birth of a son, Monday, Sept. 13.

### Engaged

DOWNING—HUMMEL.—Susan V. Hummel to John B. Downing.

MARKGRAF — ASHBURNER.—Louise M. Ashburner to Marc G. Markgraf.

### Married

COOLEY — BIRKENMAYER. — On Aug. 30, 1915, by the Rev. W. E. Williams, Julia M. Birkenmayer of this city and Myron Lucius Cooley, M. D., of Waterbury, Conn.

HIGGINS—SLACK.—Tuesday, Sept. 14, 1915, at Jersey City, Mary Veronica Slack to James Joseph Higgins of New York.

HOOKER—MORGAN.—At Rye Beach, N. H., Sept. 14, Emily Malbone Morgan, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Dr. G. Brinley Morgan, to Thomas Hooker, Jr.

IVES—SHRADER.—On Tuesday, Sept. 15, 1915, at Grace Church, Norwalk, Conn., by the Rev. J. Benton Werner, Miss Grace L. Shrader to Francis L. Ives.

JEPHSON — DAVIS. — Mr. and Mrs. Robert Benson Davis of 330 Riverside Drive, New York, announce the marriage of their daughter, Lucretia Weed Davis, to Mr. George S. Jephson of East Orange, N. J., at Cazenovia, N. Y., Sept. 8, 1915.

GRUNTHAL—GOODMAN.—Sept. 12, Nellie B. Goodman to George B. Grunthal

**Brooklyn.**

GERARDI—SANTANGELO.—Sept. 12, Augusta Santangelo to John Gerardi.

LYNN—KEMPF.—Sept. 13, Katherine Kempf to Joseph W. Lynn.

### Died.

ARMBRUSTER.—Chas., aged 58. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 231 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Wednesday afternoon, 2 o'clock.


Crouch & Fitzgerald
For College and School

Light Weight Trunk, Medium Height, 36 Inches Wide, $15.

WARDROBE TRUNKS
14 West 40th St.
154 Fifth Ave., at 20th St.
177 Broadway
Commercial Trunks


### Died.

SHEPPARD.—Died at South Woodstock, Conn., Sept. 13, 1915, Dr. John Evans Sheppard of Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 46 years. Funeral services will be held at Bedford Presbyterian Church, Nostrand Ave. and Dean St., on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 15, at 4:30 o'clock. Interment will be in the family plot at Friends' Burial Ground, Frankford, Penn., on Thursday, Sept. 16, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Philadelphia relatives and friends are invited to meet at the Chapel of North Cedar Hill Cemetery, adjoining Friends' Burial Ground, where services will be held.

TAYLOR.—At Andover, Mass., Sept. 13, Professor John Phalps Taylor. Funeral at 22 School St., Andover, Thursday, Sept. 16, 2 P. M. Burial at Evergreen Cemetery, New Haven, Conn., Friday, 2:30 P. M. Friends are invited to both services.

TERWILLIGER.—Lansing Van Dusen, beloved husband of Florence Reed Terwilliger, on Sunday, Sept. 12, 1915. Funeral service at his late residence, 9 Maple Place, Ossining, N. Y., Wednesday at 3:30 P. M. Friends are welcome.

TOMLINSON.—On Sept. 12, Arthur W. Tomlinson, in his 76th year, beloved husband of Clara J. Tomlinson. Services at his late residence, 45 West 48th St., on Thursday, at 11 A. M. Interment, Greenwood Cemetery.

WEINBERG.—On Sept. 13, after a short illness, William Eugene, beloved son of Parry A. and Tilly Weinberg, in the 14th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at 635 West End Av., Wednesday morning, Sept. 15, at 9:30 o'clock.

WEISS.—Mrs. Debora Weiss, 415 East 9th St., on Sept. 14, 1915. Funeral Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1915, at 1 P. M.

BERRIE.—Alexander W., 2,802 Heath Av., Sept. 12. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

BROWN.—Mary E., 530 West 29th St., Sept. 12, aged 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COLAHAN.—Joseph J., Sept. 13. Funeral 827 10th Av.

DAVIS.—Fred T., 2,039 Webster Av., Bronx, Sept. 13. Funeral service today.

DELANEY.—Catherine, 1,176 Longwood Av., Bronx, Sept. 12. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DUNN.—John J., 325 East 27th St., Sept. 12. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ELMENDORF.—Josephus, 485 2d Av., Sept. 13, aged 74. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HATTON.—Ella, 313 East 87th St., Sept. 13. Funeral notice later.

HEALY.—Joan, 543 East 181st St., Sept. 12.

LORD.—Julia E., Sept. 13, aged 86. Funeral 224 8th Av.

McLOUGHLIN.—Patrick J., Sept. 13, aged 80. Funeral 60th St. and Columbus Av., today, 9 A. M.

McVAY.—Margaret, 244 West 149th St., Sept. 12. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MANNING.—Joseph, 4,901 8th Av., Sept. 13, aged 6.

MEESER.—Louise, Spurtan Duryil, Sept. 12. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MEYER.—Anna, 78 East 122d St., Sept. 13, aged 27. Funeral service today.

MOHALLEY.—Margaret, 244 East 142d St., Sept. 12. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

MONCRIEFF.—Charles, 501 West 148th St., Sept. 12, aged 61.

O'MARA.—Winifred, 429 West 57th St., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

TIMMERMANN.—William L., J., 453 East 138th St., Sept. 12.

WASSMANN.—Catharina, 354 West 44th St., Sept. 12, aged 68.

**Brooklyn.**

AMTHOR.—Mamie, 184 Warwick St., Sept. 14, aged 38. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

BURTON.—Georgiana, 482 Lefferts Place, Sept. 14. Funeral private.

DILLON.—Julia, 521 Grand St., Sept. 13. Funeral Sept. 17.

DOUGHERTY.—William H., 271 Clermont Av., Sept. 13, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow.

GALLAGHER.—Ellen A., 1,037 Bergen St., Sept. 13. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GULL.—Vincent, 687 Quincy St., Sept. 13, aged 34. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HEALY.—Julia and Mary, 23 Poplar St., Sept. 12. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

JONES.—Catharine, 391 Enfield St., Sept. 13. Funeral service today.

### Died.

MARTIN.—Veronica, 171 Stanhope St., Sept. 13. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

PFEIFFER.—Elizabeth, 222 Stanhope St., Sept. 14, aged 45. Funeral today.

SEIBERT.—Peter, 2,762 East 37th St., Sept. 12, aged 64.

WENKE.—John, 102 Covert St., Sept. 13, aged 73. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

**Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.**

BAUMAN.—Joseph, 658 South 20th St., Newark, Sept. 13, aged 18 months.

BERGER.—Freida, Newark, Sept. 13, aged 12. Funeral today, 3:30 P. M.

COLLINS.—Thomas F., 98 Pearsall Av., Jersey City, Sept. 12.

# BLOSSOM OF YALE INTERCOLLEGIATE GOLF CHAMPION—LAWN TENNIS—BOXING

## COLLEGE GOLF WON BY BLOSSOM, YALE

### Grant A. Peacock of Princeton Makes Poor Showing in Championship Final.

By the comfortable margin of 11 up and 9 to play, Francis R. Blossom of Yale defeated Grant A. Peacock of Princeton in the final match for the intercollegiate individual championship over the links of the Greenwich Country Club yesterday.

The defeat of the Princeton man by this wide margain furnished the climax of a series of surprises, for after Peacock had disposed of John Marshall, Jr., it was considered that he would have little difficulty in winning the crown.

Peacock was usually the longer off the tee, although he can scarcely be called a long driver, but the Yale man simply outclassed his opponent in the vicinity of the green. Blossom's short game may be imagined when it is said that he had no less than six one-putt greens on the first eighteen holes and that he missed only one putt on the round.

Peacock was continually short on his approaches and gave every evidence of being tired, such as sparing strokes with a mashie. Blossom showed that he was on his game when he laid his approach at the first hole so close to the pin that he had no difficulty in getting a three, winning the hole. His first mistake was at the fourth, where his third shot was bunkered, but as Peacock got bunkered too, the hole was halved. Taking another six at the fifth cost Peacock that hole, and it made him three down. Blossom played the next four holes in one under 4s, reaching the turn in 36 to his opponent's 41, and standing five to the good there.

After winning the tenth, Blossom pulled his drive into the rough at the eleventh and flubbed his second shot. It cost him the hole, but, as it happened, it was the only hole he lost all day. Long putts at the thirteenth and fourteenth holes saved them both for the Yale man, for Peacock outplayed his antagonist up to the green. On the fourteenth hole of 600 yards Peacock was hole high in 3, while it required 4 of Blossom's strokes to get within twenty feet of the pin. Peacock took 2 to get down, while Blossom holed his putt.

A badly judged second shot on the fifteenth and an indifferent putt cost Peacock that hole, but he was visited by hard luck on the sixteenth. Both had pitched their third shots almost dead to the pin, Blossom being about a foot away and Peacock laying himself on a dead stymie, which he could not negotiate. He was 7 down at the point. Pulling his drive into trouble at the home hole cost Peacock that hole, so that he was 8 down when the pair retired for luncheon.

The Princeton player materially improved on the afternoon round, but not so as to make any appreciable effect in the game of his other. His worst lapse came at the fourth, where he got buntered on his approach and took 3 to get out of the difficulty. Outside of that hole, Peacock was one over 4s for the afternoon portion of that match, yet he lost three holes. Blossom was out in 37, only 1 over par, and the single stroke was taken on the fourth.

The new intercollegiate champion is a native of Chicago and a member of the Exmoor Country Club. He is a junior at Yale and never before played in this competition. So far has it been underrated that he was simply a reserve player on the Yale team. The cards follow:

MORNING ROUND.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Blossom, out | 3 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | —36 |
| Peacock, out | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | —41 |
| Blossom, in | 3 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | —37 |
| Peacock, in | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | —42—83 |

AFTERNOON ROUND.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Blossom, out | 4 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | —37 |
| Peacock, out | 4 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | —40 |

## YOUNTAKAH WOMEN WIN.

### Mrs. Smalley and Mrs. Randall Take Prizes in Forest Hills Golf.

A field of fifty women gathered at the Forest Hill Field Club links near Newark yesterday for the first of the Fall series of one-day tournaments, under the auspices of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, and when all the cards had been posted, a pair of Yountakah contestants—Mrs. R. H. Smalley and Mrs. W. Randall—were tied for the prizes. Both had 83 net, but as Mrs. Smalley made the course in 89, she took the gross prize, leaving the other prize for Mrs. Randall.

In addition to the medal play handicap all the women took part in an eighteen-hole putting competition, Mrs. R. Neff of Montclair winning with a score of 41. Mrs. G. H. Curtis, an unattached player, and Mrs. I. O'Connell tied for the second prize with 42, but on the play-off Mrs. Curtis won. The scores in the handicap follow:

| | Gross. | H'cap. | Net. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mrs. R. H. Smalley, Yountakah | 89 | 6 | 83 |
| Mrs. W. Randall, Yountakah | 94 | 11 | 83 |
| Mrs. C. A. Dickson, Forest Hill | 94 | 10 | 84 |
| Mrs. G. Wood, Englewood | 100 | 14 | 86 |
| Mrs. F. Steinhart, unattached | 100 | 15 | 85 |
| Mrs. W. B. Hutch'son, Forest Hill | 107 | 20 | 87 |
| Mrs. H. B. Salmon, Forest Hill | 97 | 10 | 87 |
| Miss Hartshorne, Hackensack | 106 | 18 | 88 |
| Mrs. H. Blumenthal, Fairview | 93 | 5 | 88 |
| Mrs. R. B. Neff, Montclair | 104 | 15 | 89 |
| Miss J. Allaire, Forest Hill | 114 | 25 | 89 |
| Mrs. P. P. Young, Forest Hill | 110 | 20 | 90 |
| Mrs. A. Giles, Yountakah | 105 | 15 | 90 |
| Mrs. T. H. Thomas, Hackensack | 101 | 11 | 90 |
| Mrs. M. Wilson, New Brunswick | 106 | 14 | 92 |
| Mrs. A. Shoaf, Englewood | 99 | 6 | 93 |
| Miss G. Lintott, Forest Hill | 109 | 15 | 94 |
| Mrs. R. M. Mitchell, Yountakah | 105 | 11 | 94 |
| Mrs. Irvins Brown, Haworth | 102 | 7 | 95 |
| Mrs. L. M. De Vausney, unat. | 110 | 14 | 96 |
| Mrs. A. C. Drown, Forest Hill | 106 | 9 | 97 |
| Mrs. W. Seaman, Richmond Co. | 107 | 8 | 99 |
| Mrs. E. Meesick, Hackensack | 124 | 25 | 99 |
| Mrs. H. E. Manstel, Montclair | 107 | 8 | 99 |
| Mrs. R. R. Hoyt, Forest Hill | 125 | 25 | 100 |
| Miss E. O'Connor, Forest Hill | 125 | 25 | 100 |
| Mrs. Lester Ketcham, Fox Hills | 119 | 15 | 104 |
| Miss Julia Bredt, Essex County | 117 | 12 | 105 |
| Mrs. J. B. Edwards, unattached | 132 | 25 | 107 |
| Miss Grace Smith, Yountakah | 129 | 20 | 109 |

### Ridgewood Women on Links.

Women members of the Ridgewood Country Club played the first match round of their club championship yesterday. Matches will be continued each Tuesday until the title has been settled. The results:

Mrs. E. Rodrigo beat Mrs. J. S. Stokes, Jr., 3 and 1; Mrs. J. Noonan beat Mrs. W. W. Brackett, 2 up; Mrs. G. Fred Kobler beat Mrs. J. R. Kleinjung, 1 up; Miss Bopp beat Mrs. G. W. Hammerschlag, 1 up; Mrs. John Hawes beat Mrs. E. F. McDonald, 6 and 5; Mrs. M. Z. Graham beat Miss Dorothy Cowperthwaite, 4 and 3; Mrs. F. S. Coleman beat Mrs. F. M. Sommerville, 1 up; Mrs. L. W. Sugler beat Miss Edna Muns, 2 up.

### Ahearn and Mike Gibbons Signed.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 14.—Announcement was made here today that Mike Gibbons of St. Paul, Minn., and Young Ahearn of New York, welterweights, have signed a contract in New York for a fifteen-round bout in New Orleans the second week in January.


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## "MUTT" SHOW AT NEWARK.

### Dogs of No Pedigree Benched with Those of Aristocratic Breeding.

The first annual plain dog show promoted by the Humane Society of New Jersey was held at Vailsburg Park, Newark, yesterday. The object of the society in staging the show was to cultivate a better feeling for the dog that is not eligible to bench show honors. A total of 108 dogs were judged. Approximately 25 per cent. were dogs with pedigrees. The "mutts" of unknown ancestry had an equal chance with the pedigreed canines, and in many instances the mutts were the victors over aristocratic dogdom.

The classes included Boston terriers, Boston bulls, English bulls, German sheep dogs and hounds, poodles, mixed poodles, Irish terriers, and others.

The class carded as plain dog class drew the largest entry. It was a difficult class to judge, as there was no standard by which to make awards. The winner was a long-haired brown dog whose breed was unknown to its owner, Mrs. J. T. Braun.

Flying Pigeon, an imported Italian bullhound, said to be the only one of its kind in America, and Mack's Sensation, owned by the President of the Newark Kennel Club, were the centre of attraction, and won in their respective classes. Both are pedigreed dogs, and the latter has never lost in any competition. The former was never exhibited before. Miss Carrie Doolittle's Jack won in the Blenheim class, and Fred O'Brien's Fanny won in the Boston terrier class. H. E. Rost's triple entry in the German sheep hound class took all three prizes. H. F. Hastedtt won blue and red ribbons in the Irish terrier class with Nelly and Jimmy, dogs of the same litter.

## STARS WIN AT TENNIS.

### Tri-State Championship at Cincinnati Near Semi-Finals.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 14.—The Tri-State tennis tournament was today narrowed down to eight men in the singles event and to seven contestants in the women's singles, Mrs. Louis Feid, Jr., of Chicago, being the first of the women to win her way into the semi-finals.

All of the prominent out-of-town stars won their matches, Clarence Griffin and Ella Fottrell, San Francisco; Nat Emerson, Memphis, and Irving Wright, Boston, having little trouble advancing toward the finals.

Griffin won from Al Gessing, Cincinnati, 6—1, 6—1; Fottrell beat Al Zimmerman of Cincinnati, 6—3, 6—4; Emerson defeated C. Dinwiddy, Cincinnati, 6—0, 6—2, and Wright beat J. C. Neeley, Chicago, 6—1, 6—3.

Mrs. Fied won her two matches today by beating Imogene Poole and Lenora Hofer, both local girls. Miss Poole lost by 6—3, 8—6, and Miss Hofer, 6—1, 6—1.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the Norwegian girl, who is the American champion, played one match against Evelyn Luers of Cincinnati, and lost only one game in each set. The scores were 6—1, 6—1.

William M. Johnston, San Francisco, the national champion, again appeared for an exhibition match, playing two sets with Roland Hoerr of St. Louis in singles. His work was brilliant and he disposed of his opponent in easy manner, 6—2, 6—3.

### Maplewood Autumn Handicap Golf.

*Special to The New York Times.*

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., Sept. 14.—Brice S. Evans of Belmont Springs and A. F. Ellis of North Jersey tied for best net score in the qualifying round of the Autumn handicap tournament today with 68 each. Evans, a 2 handicap man, just missed a put on the eighteenth green for a 69. In the play-off this afternoon Evans defeated Ellis by one stroke, his game being featured by several wonderful shots from seemingly impossible lies. Two sixteens qualified for match play from a field of fifty, the first round taking place this afternoon. The summary:

First Sixteen, Qualifying Round.—B. S. Evans, Belmont Springs, 70, 2—68; A. F. Ellis, North Jersey, 85, 17—68; E. A. Dexter, Springfield, 87, 16—71; J. W. Kenney, Maplewood, 91, 20—71; Harold H. Ley, Springfield, 82, 10—72; R. K. Jarecki, Erie, 98, 26—72; P. T. Bodge, Maplewood, 80, 7—73; H. G. Ahern, Braeburn, 85, 12—73; A. C. Gould, Braeburn, 87, 14—73; E. T. Tifft, Springfield, 88, 15—73; A. V. Connery, Metacomet, 89, 15—74; Gardiner Hammond, Maplewood, 94, 20—74; W. H. Gould, Braeburn, 98, 23—75; W. Clendinning, Maplewood, 90, 14—76; E. J. Haley, Essex Country, 86, 10—76; F. D. Parsons, Springfield, 86, 10—76.

First Round—Haley won by default from Evans; Ellis vs. Clendinning, postponed; Hammond defeated Dexter, 2 and 1; Connery won by default from Kenney; Ley defeated Tifft, 3 and 3; R. K. Jarecki won by default from Gould; Bodge defeated W. H. Gould, 7 and 6; Parsons defeated Ahern 3 and 5.

### Elementary Schools Basket Ball.

The Elementary Schools Games Committee held its first meeting of the school year yesterday and arrangements were made for the basket ball championships. There will be two classes, 95 and 125 pounds. The championships are open to all schools of the city, and entries will close on Oct. 9. There will be an entry fee of $1. All games will be played under Public Schools Athletic League rules and regulations. There will be no interborough championships this year, but the championships of each borough will be decided, and first, second, and third place medals will be presented to the first three teams in each borough. Leo I. Kearney, Chairman of the Games Committee, appointed the following Basket Ball Committee for this year: Edward O'Connell, Chairman; J. R. Scappa, A. Greenburg, C. K. O'Hagan, and J. E. Dorman. The first Sunday World meet will be held at Brooklyn Athletic Field on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 9, and the members of the Elementary Games Committee will act as officials.

The committee voted to uphold the umpire in the case of a protested baseball game played between Public Schools 26 and 53 of the Bronx on the last school day in June. Because of a ruling of the umpire allowing a run to score for Public School 26 in the seventh inning, which made the score 2 to 2, the Public School 53 nine left the field and refused to play. The umpire gave the game to Public School 26 by the score of 9 to 0.

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## WOMEN PLAY FAST FOR TENNIS TITLE

### Favorites Win Matches in Tournament for New Jersey Championship at Englewood.

Form again ruled in the lawn tennis tournament for the women's championship of the State of New Jersey yesterday on the Englewood Field Club courts at Englewood, N. J. Seven players joined Miss Marie Wagner in the round before the semi-final, and each of the seven matches was decided in straight sets. There was plenty of spirited play, and two of the contests were forced to deuce sets. The playing through champion, Miss Anita Carrington, was forced to her best to win from Miss Helene Pollak at 6—4, 7—5. Miss Carrington hit the ball with the same dash and freedom that won her the title at Morristown last year. Miss Pollak put up a clever exhibition of sterling defense, and fought off the strong attack of the title holder. In the second set Miss Pollak made the score 5-all before the champion broke through her service for the set and match.

Mrs. Theodore Cassebeer and Miss Marion Vanderhoef put up an interesting exhibition before the latter won at 6—3, 7—5. Miss Vanderhoef played a clever net game and made a number of clever cross-court shots, which found the undefended spots in Mrs. Cassebeer's court. Miss Elizabeth Bunce scored a surprisingly easy victory over Mrs. D. C. Mills, while Mrs. Marshall McLean found little opposition from Miss Jane Rowson's side of the court. Another one-sided match brought Miss Florence A. Ballin victorious over Miss Abby Morrison at 6—1, 6—0. The summary:

New Jersey State Championship Women's Singles—First Round.—Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Mrs. R. A. Pope, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Ina Kissel defeated Miss Mariana Taussig, 6—4, 6—3.

Second Round.—Miss Florence A. Ballin defeated Miss Abby Morrison, 6—1, 6—0; Miss A. Lindley defeated Mrs. Van Winkle, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Marion Vanderhoef defeated Mrs. Theodore Cassebeer, 6—3, 7—5; Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Jane Rowson, 6—3, 6—0; Miss Ina Kissel defeated Mrs. L. Z. Murray, 6—1, 6—0; Miss Anita Carrington defeated Miss Helene Pollak, 6—4, 7—5; Miss Elizabeth Bunce defeated Mrs. D. C. Mills, 6—1, 6—4.

New Jersey Championship, Women's Doubles. First Round—Mrs. L. Z. Murray and Mrs. George Wagner defeated Mrs. C. N. Beard and Mrs. T. Cassebeer by default; Miss Edith Handy and Mrs. William H. Pouch defeated Mrs. Dickinson and Mrs. Morris, 6—0, 7—5; Mrs. Robert Le Roy and Mrs. Rawson Wood defeated Miss Abby Morrison and Mrs. Von Winkle, 6—1, 6—4.

Second Round—Miss H. Browning and Miss Green defeated Miss Sheldon and Mrs. Bradley, 6—1, 6—4; Mrs. G. W. Chapman and Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Stanton and Miss Mariana Taussig, 6—2, 7—5; Mrs. A. C. Miles and Miss Ina Kissel won by default; Miss Edith Handy and Mrs. William H. Pouch defeated Mrs. Robert Le Roy and Mrs. W. Rawson Wood, 6—2, 7—5; Miss Clare Cassel and Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Taylor and Miss Forbes, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Anita Carrington and Miss E. Bunce defeated Miss A. Lindley and Mrs. Alexander, 6—1, 6—2.

## JUNIORS IN FOURTH ROUND.

### Garland and Throckmorton Show Good Tennis Form at Forest Hills.

The third round of the metropolitan junior lawn tennis championship tournament was completed yesterday on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forst Hills, Long Island, when the matches went through as expected. With sixteen players left the favored youngsters are George P. Throckmorton, brother of the present title holder; H. P. Guller of the St. Paul School and Captain of the West Side Club junior team; L. M. Banks of Adelphi Academy, and C. S. Garland. This group of players showed the best form, and won their matches in an impressive manner. Garland, who gave Harold A. Throckmorton a hard contest for the national interscholastic honors, is in splendid shape, and up to the present has not been distressed in any of his matches. He will play Robert Rand in the fourth round today, when he will face the best player up to that time. This contest is expected to give a good line on his chances for the title.

It was expected that F. L. Loughman, one of the finalists last year, would prove a dangerous contender, but in his match with G. P. Throckmrton he made a dismal failure when he attempted to handle the speedy drives and overhead smashes of his opponent. Throckmorton uncovered a clever service and varied his shots so well that he gained a 6—1, 6—1 victory. The summary:

Metropolitan Junior Championship.—Third Round—M. Cutter defeated G. E. Jones, 3—6, 6—2, 6—4; R. Cohen defeated D. Dupscombe, 6—2, 6—3; C. S. Garland defeated G. Zabriskie, 6—1, 6—4; R. Rand defeated F. Barrett, 6—0, 6—4; E. Binsin defeated J. F. Kammerer, 7—5, 6—2; W. Hammerslough defeated A. Ehrman, 7—5, 6—1; H. P. Guller defeated J. Mangin, 5—7, 6—1, 6—3; E. Dowling defeated I. W. Raymond, 6—2, 8—6, 6—4; T. Woodford defeated Jabez Holmes, 6—3, 6—8, 6—1; E. L. Hopkins defeated B. Thoms, 6—1, 6—0; E. Benjamin defeated M. A. Taylor, 6—2, 3—8, 8—0; H. Haldenstein defeated A. Belmont, 6—3, 4—6, 7—5; G. P. Throckmorton defeated F. L. Loughman, 6—1, 6—1; L. M. Banks defeated G. Donaldson, 6—2, 6—1; A. Healy defeated G. Donaldson, 6—0, 7—5.

Metropolitan Doubles.—First Round—A. Ehrman and F. M. Charman defeated F. L. Loughlin and A. Healy, 6—3, 2—6, 6—2; E. E. Lecluse and E. Salambier, defeated J. M. Hopkinson and M. A. Salambier, 6—1, 6—2; W. Benjamin and W. Hammerslough defeated S. Kempner and D. Sulzberger, 6—0, 6—3; E. L. Hopkins and W. D. Clark defeated G. R. Preston and B. Bassford, 8—6, 6—1, 6—3.

Second Round.—H. Larsen and Gentner defeated F. Barrett and E. Dowling, 6—2, 6—4; C. S. Garland and W. I. Flitt defeated G. B. Emerson and J. F. Stone, 6—2, 6—2; T. Woodford and E. Shaw defeated L. Herzog and M. Hilles, 6—3, 7—5; G. A. Myers and W. H. Drayton defeated R. J. Van Kant and M. Carroll, 6—3, 7—5; R. Goldman and J. J. Wolf defeated W. S. Zabriskie and F. Champein, 6—1, 6—4; E. Binsin and M. A. Taylor defeated J. Mangin and L. Sussman, 6—0, 6—2; I. Raymond and G. Zabriskie defeated W. H. Hastings and W. Weeks, 6—1, 6—3; A. Ehrman and F. M. Chapman defeated E. E. Lecluse and R. Salambier, 7—1, 6—4; W. H. Benedict and M. Randall defeated W. Knight and R. E. Merrifield, 6—1, 6—4; H. T. Dickinson and W. P. Bluck defeated J. M. Baker and M. P. Baker, 6—0, 6—2; Goddard Saunders and Jabez Holmes defeated A. Gallagher and J. Proctor, 6—4, 6—4; C. Donaldson and T. Mortimer defeated H. L. Dudley and W. Watson, 6—0, 6—2; G. P. Throckmorton and Herbert W. Foster defeated H. H. Alden-shein and M. S. Webster, 6—2, 6—2; C. Hollander and B. Cohen defeated H. D. Vail and G. Ayres, 6—2, 6—0; L. M. Banks and H. P. Guiler defeated M. Bailey and G. Griffiths, 6—1, 6—3.

## COLLEGE MEN PLAY POORLY,

### R. Norris Williams, 2d, Credited with Two Victories, One a Default.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—Play of mediocre character marked the opening games today of the intercollegiate tennis championship tournament, in which representatives from all the big Eastern colleges are entered at the Merion Cricket Club. First-class form appeared in spots in some of the matches, but the performance of the college stars was, as a rule, below par, which was probably due to the fact that virtually all the entrants are topping off a very strenuous campaign. Former national titleholder, R. Norris Williams, 2d, of Harvard, put out Kenneth Kennedy of Pennsylvania 6—2, 6—3. Jerry Weber, Yale, defeated Jack Disston, Pennsylvania, 6—2, 6—2. William Blair, Cornell, defeated E. M. Edwards, Pennsylvania, 6—1, 6—2, and J. R. Rowland, the only Pennsylvania player to survive the opening round, defeated Jones, Dartmouth, 6—4, 6—2. Blair was later defeated by Rand, Harvard, and the remaining survivors are Koeniger, Dartmouth; Daner, Harvard; Coffey, Princeton, and Leonard Beekman, Princeton, the former national interscholastic champion.

As Williams and Beekman were picked as the probable finalists, these two came in for the greater amount of attention. Against Kennedy Williams was erratic but resourceful. Williams's ground strokes were as crisp as usual, but he was weak in volleying and he committed at least a half dozen faults in each set. The summary:

First Round.—Williams, Harvard, defeated Watters, New Orleans, by default; Hunter, Cornell, defeated Harvey, Princeton, 6—4, 6—1; Caner, Harvard, defeated Larmon, Dartmouth, 6—1, 6—2; Beekman, Princeton, defeated Hopkins, Yale, 6—3, 6—4; Pfaffman, Harvard, defeated Larmon, Dartmouth, by default; Blair, Cornell, defeated Edwards, Penn, 7—5, 6—2.

Second Round.—Koeniger, Dartmouth, defeated Rikker, Princeton, 8—6, 4—6, 6—2; Weber, Yale, defeated Disston, Penn, 6—2, 6—2; Williams, Harvard, defeated Kennedy, Penn, 6—2, 6—3; Caner, Harvard, defeated Hunter, Cornell, 8—6, 6—2; Beekman, Princeton, defeated Pfaffman, Harvard, 2—6, 6—1, 6—0; Rand, Harvard, defeated Blair, Cornell, 6—4, 4—6, 6—3; Rowland, Penn, defeated Jones, Dartmouth, 6—4, 6—2; Coffey, Princeton, defeated Decamp, Yale, 9—7, 6—3.

## CHICLE DISAPPOINTS RACE TRACK CROWD

### Seemed to be in "Soft Spot" in Nursery Handicap, but Finishes Third.

That Thompson-Whitney combination is full of surprises. Some of them are not agreeable. One of these latter came at Belmont Park yesterday when Chicle, impressive winner of the Champagne Stakes from a crackajack field, was beaten in the run for the Nursery Handicap by Whimsy, the property of a city jeweler, who races under the name of the Chorland Stable. The worst of it from "Jimmy" Rowe's point of view was that he sold Whimsy from Mr. Whitney's stable last Spring for $3,500.

Chicle was looked upon as the easy money of the day with which to get transportation money to Havre de Grace, where "the ponies" begin racing today. The layers all seemed to think the same way, and would only lay 9 to 20 against the carrier of the Thompson colors, while there was always 4 or 5 to 1 to be had against Whimsy, which was, however, heavily played to run as good as second.

Chicle broke in front and stayed there for just half the distance or the six furlongs to be run. Then both Achievement and Whimsy ranged up alongside the trio in the middle of the track, with Indian Chant on the inner rail and Pleione on the outside. Notter was seen to "go to the bat" when that unexpected thing happened, and the crowd set up a shout "Chicle's beaten!" They knew that Notter never uses a whip until things get serious for his mount. Chicle didnt like the sting of the "gad" at all, and tried to get away from it. But try hard as he did both Achievement and Whimsy hung to him. At the last furlong pole Whimsy took command of the situation and showed the way to the finish, gaining there by a length and a half in front of Achievement, which came fast enough in the last few strides to just beat Chicle out of second money, both horses being under a hard drive. So the big stake racing season of 1915 ended in a big disappointment for Chicle, as well as the owner of Whimsy. The summary:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds which have not won a; this meeting; selling; purse $500; five and a half furlongs, straight. Time—1:06.

Benjamin, Cleveland Stable's b. g., by Ildrim-Belle of Belle Meade, 102 pounds, 12 to 5, 4 to 5, and 3 to 10, (Fitz).....1
Maifou, R. Angarola's ch. f., 104, 7 to 5, 1 to 2, and 2 to 5, (Davies).....2
Southern Star, D. E. McGinnis's blk. f., 99, 12 to 1, 4 to 1, and 8 to 5, (Campbell).....3
Daddy's Choice, In and Out, and Jolli also ran. Marchena and Flag Day scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; purse $500; one mile. Time—1:41 2-5.

Ben Quince, E. Witte's ch. g., 4 years, by Peter Quince-Benita Brush, 107 pounds, 5 to 1, 3 to 2, and 3 to 5, (J. McTaggart).....1½
Borax, Joseph Kilcoyne's ch. g., 3, 95, 5 to 1, 3 to 5, and 7 to 10, (Garner).....2½
Brian Boru, J. Conklin and J. Conklin, 103, 2 to 1, 5 to 1, and 2 to 1, (Matthews).....3
Sam Slick, Rusila, and Santo also ran. Gloaming scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $500; one mile. Time—1:41 1-5.

Guy Fisher, E. F. Cooney's b. h., aged, by Sam-Appolonia, 115 pounds, 1 to 2 and out, (Davies).....1
Song of Valley, Frank Tammehill's b. g., 4, 102, 20 to 1, 4 to 1, and 3 to 2, (J. McTaggart).....2
Beethoven, Leonard Jacob's b. g., 5, 107, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 2 to 5, (Garner).....3
Napier and Coin also ran. Amalfi scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Nursery Handicap, for two-year-olds; value to winner $1,065; six furlongs, straight. Time—1:11 4-5.

Whimsy, Cleveland Stable's br. g., by Burgomaster-Whimsical, 106 pounds, 9 to 2, 3 to 2, and 3 to 5, (J. McTaggart).1½
Achievement, R. F. Carman's ch. c., 114, 7 to 1, 2 to 1, and 7 to 5, (Burlingame).....2
Chicle, L. S. Thompson's b. c., 122, 9 to 20 and out, (Notter).....3
Indian Chant, Pleione, and Watercress II. also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Corinthian Steeplechase Handicap for three-year-olds and up; value to the winner $1,170; about two miles. Time—4:10.

Swish, Harry La Montagne's b. g., aged, by McGee-Frail Front, 144 pounds, 9 to 2, 7 to 5, and 1 to 3, (Franklin).....1½
Kehtoh, Thomas Hitchcock's b. g., 4, 145, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 4 to 5, (Tighe).....2
Cherry Malotte, Greentree Stable's br. m., 6, 153, 7 to 2, 6 to 5, and 1 to 3, (Powers).....3
Bonnie Laddie, Adventuress, and My King also ran. Single Stick fell at the eighth jump, and did not finish.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens of all ages; purse $400; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:22.

Kilmer, W. A. Prime's ch. c., 2 years, by Plaudit-Expressing, 100 pounds, 9 to 10 and out, (J. McTaggart).....1
Puts and Calls, Mrs. L. A. Livingston's b. c., 3, 115, 9 to 10 and out, (Clement).....2
Sandow, Northwood Stable's ch. s., 4, 112, 30 to 1 and 4 to 1, (Davies).....3½
Vifir also ran. Raconteuse scratched.

### Winning Jockeys and Trainers.

The McTaggart brothers easily headed the list of winning jockeys in the twelve days' meeting at Belmont Park which brought racing in this State to a close. "Tommy" was successful in piloting fifteen winners past the judges. "Johnny" riding nine horses home in front of the processions. The veteran "Joe" McCahey came next with six winning mounts. Butwell rode five winners, Buxton four, Burlingame, Notter, Turner and Garner three each and Davis had two, both after severing his connection with Captain E. B. Cassatt's stable. Loftus, Connolly, Hoffman, McAtee, Louder, Lilly, and Pitz each rode a single winning horse.

James Rowe led the list of winning trainers with nine victories to his credit. S. C. Hildrith saddled six winners, Fitzsimmons five, Regan four, Mayberry, Heffner and J. S. Healy three each, Hirsch, Byer, Powers, J. Murphy, Cunningham, T. J. Healey and R. Benson two each, and fourteen others one each.

### Elementary Football at N. Y. U.

Elementary work of a varied nature continued to be the formula handed out by Coach "Tom" Reilley to the New York University football squad, which put in its appearance for football practice on Ohio Field yesterday afternoon. The practice took the form of drill in passing the leather and in practicing starts for the backfield candidates. Except for a few minutes of charging practice, which the linemen came in for, no real hard work was attempted, as the heat prevented anything involving speed of any sort. It is expected, however, that practice in tackling, for which the tackling dummy will be used, will commence by the end of the week, and the signal practice, comprising all ordinary formations will follow. Altogether five regulars of last year's eleven have reported thus far for the preliminary work, but Coach Reilley will be handicapped in his efforts to get the men out early by the fact that examinations for the February-September class of freshmen, which contains several of the most promising candidates, are being held this week. In all probability the coaches will not have the full quota of men to work with until next week, when the university is to open.

### Twenty Fordham Footballists Out.

Despite the continued hot weather yesterday the football season at Fordham was opened enthusiastically when twenty candidates reported for their first day of practice. Hurry Leigh, the new coach, was on hand and was assisted in getting things started by Captain Dave Dunn.

The candidates were kept busy for over two hours tackling and following the ball and in a general round of fundamental and limbering-up exercises. Captain Dunn, who was Fordham's best ground gainer last year, showed plenty of speed yesterday in returning the ball. He alternated with Phil Kearns in booting the ball. Most of the veterans were on hand yesterday. The five "F" men who appeared in uniform were May and Mulcahy, the tackles; Neil Cahill and Jack Conklin, the guards, and Dave Dunn of last year's squad.

Besides the regulars, several of the most dependable substitutes on the 1914 eleven reported for their first workout.

### Cornell's First Day at Football.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Cornell football practice opened this morning with a squad of about fifty men on hand, including a sprinkling of 'Varsity men available for this year, substitutes, and members of last year's freshman team. Intense heat did not deter the coaches from sending the squad through a two and a half hours' workout. Among the members of last year's team who reported today were Captain Barrett, quarter back; Shelton, left end; Anderson, right guard; Cool, centre, and Collins, half back. Allen and Tilley, both of whom are due to return, have not yet shown up. Coaches Sharpe, Reed, and Van Norman divided up the men and at once began preliminary work. Captain Barrett punted a good deal, and the backs began with the forward pass.

### Stevens Tech Starts Practice.

The football squad at Stevens reported Monday, and, in spite of the heat has been put through some stiff preliminary practice. Although only about thirty men have reported each day, Coach Rodgers is well pleased with the start and does not fear lack of material, as the squad will no doubt have doubled by the time college opens. Captain Todd and seven others of last year's team were on hand. Of the new men DeCay, of last year's Brooklyn Prep team, is the most likely looking candidate. The "grass drill," tackling the dummy, falling on the ball, and signal practice constitute the morning's work. The coach is losing no time in getting the men conditioned, as the first game with the Connecticut Aggies is only about two weeks away.

## BOXING COMMISSION TO SUMMON JOH

### Referee to be Asked Why He Gave Private Opinion on Brighton Bout.

Billy Joh, referee of the Packey McFarland-Mike Gibbons ten-round bout at the Brighton Beach Motordrome on last Saturday night, will be summoned to appear before the Boxing Commission at its regular meeting to be held next Tuesday, and he will be asked to explain why he gave THE TIMES an opinion on the bout. In the crisp, official report of the commission's doings at yesterday's meeting which was handed out to the newspaper men by Secretary Charles J. Harvey, there was absolutely no mention of any discussion of Billy Joh, nor was there any mention of the fact that he was to be summoned to appear before the commission.

The commission takes the attitude that no referee has a right to express even a private opinion on any bout.

After Secretary Harvey had issued his official statement on what transpired at the meeting, Major John Dixon, one of the members of the commission, was interviewed, and he stated that Billy Joh would be summoned to appear and explain why he gave his opinion. Another Commissioner, when asked about the Joh matter, denied that any such action had been taken. From the discussion with Major Dixon, it was gathered that the Boxing Commission is under the impression that Referee Joh erred in giving his opinion. Major Dixon quoted as a parallel case the action of Referee Patsy Haley, who at the Forty-fourth Street Boxing Club raised one of the contestant's hands at the close of the bout, silently implying that the hand raised was that of the winner of the bout. The referee's license was revoked.

Major Dixon, in the course of his talk yesterday, stated that he was unalterably opposed to referees' decisions, and stated that after witnessing the McFarland-Gibbons bout Saturday night he was more than ever assured of the wisdom of his course. Commissioner Dixon said that in a talk with Commissioner James R. Price yesterday he said that he was sorry that Mr. Price had not witnessed the bout Saturday night, because he felt sure that Mr. Price would become convinced of the evils of referees' decisions.

The big crowd of fans which witnessed Saturday night's bout probably have no idea that the bout was very nearly stopped before the end of the tenth round. Yesterday Commissioner Dixon stated that he had sent one of his inspectors to the ringside Saturday night to inform Referee Joh that unless McFarland stopped his back-hand slapping and the practice of throwing water into the ring was not immediately stopped, he would enter the ring in his official capacity and stop the bout.

Secretary Harvey's official report of the meeting contained the information that the commission had in an informal way discussed the contest and its attending features. No complaints of any kind were received in connection with the affair, therefore the judgment of the commission was that no action was necessary.


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at the
Panama Pacific
International Exposition
was awarded to
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Tareyton
London
Smoking Mixture

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# PHILLIES AND BRAVES PULL AWAY FROM DODGERS IN PENNANT RACE

## COBB SPOILS NEW PITCHER'S DEBUT

### Georgia Gem's Timely Single in Eighth Gives Detroit a 3 to 2 Victory Over Yankees.

Ty Cobb, the Georgia Gem, hasn't a bit of regard for a young pitcher trying to break into the American League to earn an honest living. George Mogridge, a long, lean southpaw, trapped by Scout Joe Kelley in Des Moines, was making his home début for the Yankees at the Polo Grounds yesterday and was doing very nicely, thank you, when Cobb had to intrude and spill the beans. Cobb won 3 to 2.

Mogridge was moving along smoothly with the Yanks in front 2 to 1 up to the eighth inning. He had plenty of nerve and wasn't afraid to pitch to the Tiger sluggers. The shock to Mogridge came in the eighth. Marty Kavanagh, pinch-hitting for Lawdermilk, singled to left centre. He went to third when Bush planked a double along the left field foul line. Vitt was tossed out at first base by Maisel on a pretty play and Cobb came up to bat.

The new pitcher tricked Cobb with a couple of sharp-breaking curves and the patient Cobb also waited until he was presented with three wide ones. With the count 3 and 2, Cobb sailed a single to centre field and sent Kavanagh and Bush home with the victory.

As the Boston Red Sox also won their game, the margin between the Bostons and Detroits in the pennant dash is unchanged. The Tigers are still very much in the fight, and a great deal will depend on the series between the two teams in Boston beginning on Thursday.

Lawdermilk, the beanpole pitcher, who used to associate with the St. Louis Browns, twirled par excellent ball for the Detroits yesterday. For six innings he gave them only one hit, and in the last three innings the Yanks hit safely three times. It was Lawdermilk's generosity with passes that gave the Yankees their only opportunity at run-getting.

Detroit got a run in the second. After Veach sided to Bauman, Crawford singled to right. He went to second on Burns's single to left. Young smashed a single through second, scoring Crawford. Miller, the Yankees' new centre fielder, made a rabid throw home and Young went to second. The Yanks were saved from further destruction by a brilliant play by Peckinpaugh. Peck hurdled high and nailed a hot liner from the bat of Stanage and doubled Young off second base.

In the third inning Lawdermilk became unruly. Cook walked and Peckinpaugh sent a fly to Veach. Cook did some foolish base running and got so far away that he was unable to get back to first base after the catch. Veach relayed the ball to Young and Cook was doubled up. Bauman got a single and stole second. Pipp walked and Maisel went to first by the same route, filling the bases. Hartzell shot a hot grasser at short and Bush fumbled the drive, permitting Bauman and Pipp to score. Maisel attempted to steal home but was nipped at the plate.

Mogridge did some neat pitching in the sixth inning. Bush got a single and Vitt rolled a grounder to the new pitcher. He made a low toss to second and all hands were safe. Cobb, Veach, and Crawford, the Tigers' heavy hitters, came up in succession. Cobb skied to Hartzell and Veach and Crawford were thrown out at first base by Bauman. The score:

| DETROIT. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bush, ss. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Vitt, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Cobb, cf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Veach, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| C'w'f'd, rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Burns, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 0 |
| Young, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| St'nage, c. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 2 |
| L'd'w'k, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| *Kavan'h, | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Ol'ham, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 34 | 3 | 8 | 26 | 10 |

| NEW YORK. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cook, rf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Peck'h, ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Cree, ... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bodie, ss. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| B'man, 2b. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| Pipp, 1b. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Maisel, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Hartz'll, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 |
| Krueger | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miller, cf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Caldwell. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Alex'r, c. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Mogr'e, p. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 28 | 2 | 4 | 27 | 14 |

*Batted for Lawdermilk in eighth inning.
†Alexander out, hit by batted ball.
‡Batted for Peckinpaugh in eighth inning.
‡‡Batted for Hartzell in ninth inning.
Batted for Miller in ninth inning.
Errors—Bush, Miller, Alexander, Mogridge.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | —3 |
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—2 |

Two-base hit—Bush. Stolen bases—Bauman, Cobb. Earned runs—Detroit, 3. Double plays—Peckinpaugh, (unassisted;) Veach, Young, and Burns. Left on bases—New York, 6; Detroit, 6. First base on errors—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mogridge, 2; off Lawdermilk, 7. Hits—Off Lawdermilk, 2 in 7 innings; off Oldham, 2 in 2 innings. Struck out—By Mogridge, 2; by Lawdermilk, 7; by Oldham, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and Dineen. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

### White Sox Fail Again at Boston.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—The Red Sox again today defeated their white-hosed opponents, winning the fourth straight game of the series with Chicago, two runs to one. Errors decided the contest, which was a tight pitching duel. Ruth allowed only two hits, one of these a double by John Collins in the third inning, following Gardner's error, which had given Murphy his base, and scored Chicago's run. It was John Collins's errors that won for Boston. With two men out in the seventh, he allowed Blackburne's throw to pass him. Wagner going to second base on what should have been an easy out. On another toss from Pitcher Benz to retire Henriksen, a pinch hitter, Collins again fumbled, Jauvrin, who was running for Wagner, racing home with the tieing run. Ruth then doubled to left, sending Wood, another substitute runner, in with what proved to be the winning tally. The score:

| BOSTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| H'zel, 1b. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 |
| G'ner, 1b. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Scott, ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| H'oper, rf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sp'ker, cf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| G'ner, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Lewis, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| W'g'r, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Y'rin, 2b. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Thomas, c. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 |
| *H'lken | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| C'rigan, c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Ruth, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| †Wood | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 27 | 2 | 3 | 27 | 14 |

| CHICAGO. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M'phy, rf. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| J. C'ns, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 2 |
| E. C'ns, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| J'kson, cf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Felsch, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| B'urns, ss. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Johns, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Schalk, c. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Benz, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Russell, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 29 | 1 | 2 | 24 | 14 |

*Batted for Thomas in eighth inning.
†Ran for Henriksen in eighth inning.
Errors—J. Collins, (2,) Speaker, Gardner.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | x | —2 |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —1 |

Two-base hits—J. Collins, Ruth. Stolen bases—Murphy, Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Scott, Hoblitzel, Benz, Murphy. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Boston, 5. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Boston, 2. Bases on balls—Off Benz, 2; off Ruth, 3. Hits—Off Benz, 3 in 6 2-3 innings; off Russell, none in 1 1-3 innings. Struck out—By Benz, 2; by Ruth, 5. Wild pitch—Benz. Umpires, Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes.

### Browns Make Clean Sweep.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—St. Louis made a clean sweep of the series of four games with Philadelphia by winning today's event 12 to 4. Three pitchers failed to stop the visiting batsmen, while Parks and Koob did good work for St. Louis. Sisler made three hits, giving him ten safeties for the series. Schang went to the plate five times. He received four bases on balls, and was once hit by the pitcher. The score:

| ST. LOUIS. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shot'n, lf. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Koob, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| How'd, 3b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Sisler, 1b. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| Pratt, 2b. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Lee, cf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| J'son, rf. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Dee, ss. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Lavan, ss. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Leary, c. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Parks, p. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| W'ker, lf. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Total. | 36 | 12 | 12 | 27 | 6 |

| PHILADELPHIA. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sch'ng, lf. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Walsh, rf. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Stru'k, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Lajoie, ss. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| M'In's, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 2 |
| Oldr'g, 3b. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| M'Tee, 2b. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 8 |
| M'Av'y, c. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| K'lson, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| W'koff, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Ancker, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| †Lapp ... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| †Haas ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 31 | 4 | 5 | 27 | 14 |

*Batted for Wyckoff in fifth inning.
†Batted for Ancker in ninth inning.
Errors—Howard, Lee, 2; Lajoie, Oldring, Meany, 3.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 1 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | —12 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | —4 |

Two-base hits—Jacobson, Oldring. Three-base hit—Shotton. Home runs—Jacobson, Oldring. Stolen bases—Sisler, Pratt, Lavan, Shotton. Earned runs—St. Louis, 9; Philadelphia, 2. Sacrifice Fly—Strunk. Double plays—Pratt and Sisler; Oldring, Malone, and McInnis. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 3. Bases on balls—Off Parks, 5; off Koob, 1; off Knowlson, 3; off Wyckoff, 3; off Ancker, 3. Hits—Off Parks, 4 in 7 innings; off Koob, 1 in 2 innings; off Knowlson, 2 in 1 inning; off Wyckoff, 4 in 4 innings; off Ancker, 6 in 4 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Koob, (Schang.) Struck out—By Parks, 3; by Wyckoff, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Wallace and Evans.

### Senators' Recruit Pitcher Wins.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Gene Dumont, a young recruit from Fargo, N. D., celebrated his debut with Washington today by holding Cleveland to two hits and no runs, while the home team was scoring three runs. Washington has won three straight from Cleveland and fourteen of the last sixteen games played. Score:

| WASHINGTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| B'ber, rf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| F'ter, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Milan, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Milan, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Newark | 70 | 62 | .530 |
| Kansas City | 69 | 64 | .519 |
| Buffalo | 69 | 69 | .500 |
| Brooklyn | 67 | 70 | .489 |
| Baltimore | 42 | 89 | .325 |

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | PC. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Providence | 85 | 47 | .644 |
| Buffalo | 82 | 48 | .631 |
| Toronto | 66 | 67 | .496 |
| Rochester | 64 | 67 | .489 |
| Montreal | 64 | 68 | .485 |
| Harrisburg | 60 | 71 | .459 |
| Richmond | 58 | 78 | .427 |
| Jersey City | 48 | 81 | .372 |

### Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**Detroit at New York.**
**Cleveland at Washington.**
**St. Louis at Philadelphia.**
**Chicago at Boston.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.**
**Boston at Chicago.**

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

**Brooklyn at St. Louis.**
**Newark at Kansas City.**
**Baltimore at Pittsburgh.**

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Harrisburg at Montreal.**
**Jersey City at Rochester.**
**Providence at Buffalo.**
**Richmond at Toronto.**

## BASEBALL

### Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**Detroit, 3; New York, 2.**
**Washington, 3; Cleveland, 0.**
**St. Louis, 12; Philadelphia, 4.**
**Boston, 2; Chicago, 1.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Cincinnati, 9; New York, 2.**
**Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburgr, 3.**
**St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 2.**
**Boston, 7; Chicago, 1.**

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

**Newark, 7; St. Louis, 6.**
**Chicago, 8; Baltimore, 7.**

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Buffalo, 5; Providence, 3.**
**Providence, 5; Buffalo, 1.**
**Rochester, 6; Jersey City, 4.**
**Rochester, 7; Jersey City, 6.**
**Montreal, 5; Harrisburg, 3.**
**Harrisburg, 13; Montreal, 6.**
**Toronto, 7; Richmond, 0.**
**Toronto, 5; Richmond, 2.**

### Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | PC. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 90 | 43 | .677 |
| Detroit | 89 | 48 | .650 |
| Chicago | 79 | 56 | .585 |
| Washington | 74 | 59 | .556 |
| New York | 59 | 72 | .451 |
| St. Louis | 57 | 78 | .422 |
| Cleveland | 50 | 85 | .371 |
| Philadelphia | 38 | 95 | .286 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | PC. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 76 | 56 | .576 |
| Boston | 72 | 62 | .537 |
| Brooklyn | 73 | 63 | .536 |
| St. Louis | 67 | 72 | .482 |
| Cincinnati | 65 | 70 | .481 |
| Chicago | 62 | 69 | .473 |
| Pittsburgh | 64 | 74 | .463 |
| New York | 60 | 73 | .452 |

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | PC. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 74 | 59 | .556 |
| St. Louis | 72 | 63 | .533 |
| Chicago | 74 | 62 | .544 |
| Newark | 70 | 62 | .530 |
| Kansas City | 69 | 64 | .519 |
| Buffalo | 69 | 69 | .500 |
| Brooklyn | 67 | 70 | .489 |
| Baltimore | 42 | 89 | .325 |

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | PC. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Providence | 85 | 47 | .644 |
| Buffalo | 82 | 48 | .631 |
| Toronto | 66 | 67 | .496 |
| Rochester | 64 | 67 | .489 |
| Montreal | 64 | 68 | .485 |
| Harrisburg | 60 | 71 | .459 |
| Richmond | 58 | 78 | .427 |
| Jersey City | 48 | 81 | .372 |

### Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**Detroit at New York.**
**Cleveland at Washington.**
**St. Louis at Philadelphia.**
**Chicago at Boston.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.**
**Boston at Chicago.**

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

**Brooklyn at St. Louis.**
**Newark at Kansas City.**
**Baltimore at Pittsburgh.**

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Harrisburg at Montreal.**
**Jersey City at Rochester.**
**Providence at Buffalo.**
**Richmond at Toronto.**

## MARQUARD BATTED ALL OVER THE PARK

### Cardinals Land on Rube in the Sixth Inning, Drive Him Out of the Box, and Win.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 14.—Rube Marquard, who gained fame because of the money he cost McGraw rather than because of any especial pitching ability, went on the mound for Brooklyn this afternoon, and the Dodgers were beaten by the Cardinals, 6 to 2.

Rube got along very well until the sixth inning, when the Cardinals batted him all over the lot, the two final hits against him in this frame being a double and a triple. Cheney, who followed him, allowed a couple of more singles in the same inning. Each cost a run.

By winning the game the Cardinals split the series, and also got an even break for the Summer's play, each team now having a record of eleven games won and eleven lost. Thus it may be seen that the lowly Cardinals were very potent factors in keeping the Dodgers in second place.

Southpaw Boardman, obtained from the Winnipeg Club, pitched well for St. Louis, having only one bad inning. Boardman was with the Athletics in the Spring of 1914. Until the fifth inning, when Brooklyn got its two runs, only one Dodger had reached second. Boardman was liberal with his passes, and handed out one or two in every inning, but seemed to have plenty of control in the pinches and forced the rest of the batters to pop out or hit into double plays.

Two more passes gave Brooklyn its runs in the fifth. McCarty, the first man up, got free transportation, and Marquard sacrificed, Boardman to Miller, who covered first. O'Mara walked. Daubert fanned, and McCarty and O'Mara pulled off a pretty double steal. Stengel doubled to left, scoring McCarty and O'Mara. Cutshaw hit to Betzel, who tagged Stengel as he was running into third.

Ten Cardinals went to bat in the sixth, and six of them scored. Bescher singled to centre. Betzel put one right in the same place, Bescher taking third when Meyers threw wide to second. Miller forced Betzel, Marquard to Cutshaw. Long singled to centre, which scored Bescher. Gonzales followed with a double that scored Miller, and Dolan hit for a triple, which brought in Long and Gonzales. This was enough for Marquard. Cheney succeeded him. Snyder singled to centre, scoring Dolan. Hornsby singled over third. Boardman singled to centre, scoring Snyder, but was out trying for second, Meyers to Getz to Cutshaw. Bescher, up for the second time, tapped to Cheney. The score:

| ST. LOUIS. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| B'cher, lf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Betzel, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Miller, 2b. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 3 |
| Long, rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| G'z'les, 1b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Dolan, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Snyder, c. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| H'n'by, ss. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| B'rhan, p. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total. | 33 | 6 | 11 | 27 | 13 |

| BROOKLYN. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| O'M'a, ss. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| D'bert, 1b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Ste'gel, rf. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| C'ts'w, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Myers, cf. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Getz, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Nixon, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| McC'ty, c. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| M'q'rd, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Cheney, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| *Hum'el | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dell, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total. | 28 | 2 | 5 | 24 | 16 |

*Batted for Cheney in seventh inning.
Error—Myers.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | x—6 |
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0—2 |

Two base hits—Stengel, Gonzales. Three base hit—Dolan. Stolen bases—O'Mara, McCarty. Earned runs—Brooklyn, 2; St. Louis, 5. Sacrifice hits—Marquard, Hornsby. Double plays—Hornsby, Miller and Gonzales; Miller and Gonzales. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; St. Louis, 4. First base on balls—Off Boardman, 6. Hits—Off Marquard, 8 in 5 1-3 innings; off Cheney, 3 in 2-3 inning; off Dell, none in 1. Struck out—By Marquard, 2; by Boardman, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—1:55.

### Phillies Beat Pirates Again.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 14.—The Pittsburghs were again beaten by Philadelphia today, the score being 4 to 3. Adams was hit hard, and after Cravath had sent one of his offerings over the left field fence he gave way to Hill in the third inning, who stopped the scoring. Chalmers was effective after the first inning. Score:

| PHILADELPHIA. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stock, 3b. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| B'cr'ft, ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Pask't, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| C'v'th, rf. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Lud's, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 2 |
| W'ted, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Nieh'f, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Burns, c. | 3 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 |
| Chal's, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Total. | 35 | 4 | 11 | 27 | 16 |

| PITTSBURGH. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Carey, lf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| J'st'n, 1b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| B'rn'y, cf. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| H'ch'n, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| W'gner, ss. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| Viox, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Baird, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Gibson, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| *Collins | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adams, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hill, p. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| †Murphy | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 32 | 3 | 8 | 27 | 12 |

*Batted for Gibson in ninth inning.
†Batted for Hill in ninth inning.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —4 |
| Pittsburgh | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —3 |

Two-base hit—Chalmers. Three-base hit—Stock. Home run—Cravath. Sacrifice fly—Wagner. Stolen bases—Stock, Carey, Viox. Double plays—Bancroft and Niehoff; Hill and Johnston; Wagner, Viox and Johnston; Wagner and Johnston. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburgh, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Pittsburgh, 7. Hits—Off Adams, 6 in two and one-third innings; off Hill, 5 in six and two-thirds innings. First base on balls—Off Chalmers, 4; off Hill, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Hill, (Burns.) Struck out—By Chalmers, 6; by Hill, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron.

### Rudolph Handy Man at Bat.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Dick Rudolph pitched in fine form today and held Chicago safe while he himself drove in three of the runs which won the game in the fourth inning with a home run. Two men were out and Connolly doubled. Egan singled and Connolly scored. Gowdy singled and Rudolph followed with a homer to left, which cleared the bases. Lavender was succeeded by Standridge, and he was hit hard in the eighth inning, in which Magee's double, a fielder's choice on Smith's grounder, Connolly's triple, and a sacrifice netted three runs. Rudolph eased up in the eighth inning and Good's double and Fisher's single saved the locals from a shut-out. Snodgrass, who was spiked by Fisher in yesterday's game, was in uniform today with his hand bandaged. It will be several days before he will be able to play. Score:

| BOSTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Moran, lf. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Evers, 2b. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| C'pt'n, cf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| M'gee, 1b. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| Smith, 3b. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Con'ly, rf. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Egan, ss. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Gowdy, c. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Rud'ph, p. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Total. | 35 | 7 | 11 | 27 | 13 |

| CHICAGO. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Good, rf. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Fisher, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Sch'te, 1f. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| P'lan, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Saier, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 |
| M'ray, cf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Bes'y, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Bres'n, c. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Lave'r, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| *M'Larry. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| St'nd'e, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| †Fluhrer. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 35 | 1 | 8 | 27 | 11 |

*Batted for Lavender in fifth inning.
†Batted for Standridge in ninth inning.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0—7 |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1—2 |

Two base hits—Magee, Connolly, Good. Three base hits—Moran, Connolly, Good. Home run—Rudolph. Stolen bases—Schulte, Fluhrer. Earned runs—Boston, 7; Chicago, 1. Sacrifice hits—McCarthy, Egan. Double plays—Lavender, McCarthy to Saier; Smith, Evers to Magee. Left on bases—Boston, 1; Chicago, 9. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Lavender, 1; off Rudolph, 1; off Standridge, 1. Hits—Off Lavender, 8 in 5 innings; off Standridge, 3 in 4 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Lavender (Connolly). Struck out—By Lavender, 2; by Rudolph, 5. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Eason. Time of game—1:45.

### American Association.

At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 6; Indianapolis, 5.
At Louisville—Louisville, 5; Kansas City, 1.

### Southern Association.

At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 1; Mobile, 0.
At Little Rock—Birmingham, 5; Little Rock, 2.

**BASEBALL To-day, 3:30 P.M. N. Y. Americans vs. Detroit. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.—Adv.**

## STRAIGHT-HEAT WINNERS.

### All Except First Race Taken in Order at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Straight-heat victories ruled at the Grand Circuit meeting this afternoon, not a race going beyond the regular limit. Single G. scored an easy triumph in the Onondaga 2:07 pace, sending a field of four starters to defeat. Carpenter drove Almah to victory in the 2:19 trot against eleven starters. Idora Worthy gave Almah a stern chase in the first two heats, but fell short on each occasion coming down the home stretch. Cox won handily in the 2:05 trot, piloting Margaret Druien across the line to win easily, with Joam close up, Rythmell being never a contender.

The Messina Springs Sweepstakes for two-year-old trotters was won by Sunloch. Revelry finished ahead of the field in the final heat, but the judges ruled against him on the ground that he ran part of the distance. The three-year-old division was captured by Eudora Spier, capably handled by Ernest White. The summary:

Messina Springs Driving Club Sweepstakes.—For two-year-old trotters; two in three. Purse, $1,400. (First heat Monday.)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sunloch, b. c., Sahib-Miss Sunbrosa, (Jones) | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Roy Bingen, b. s., (Mitchell) | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Revelry, blk. g., (White) | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Peter's Pride, b. c., (Bresee) | 4 | 4 | dr |
| Lord Monte, b. c., (Hopkins) | 5 | 5 | ro |
| Monoma, b. f., (Wetmore) | 6 | 6 | ro |

Time—2:28¼, 2:23¼, 2:25¼.

The Onondaga.—2:07 pace; three-heat plan. Purse, $2,000.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Single G., b. s., Anderson Wilkes-Little Gyp, (Gosnell) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Rastus, br. g., (McDonald) | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Major Ong, b. g., (Murphy) | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Anna Hal, b. m., (Rathbun) | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Frank Patch, br. s., (Cox) | 5 | ds | |

Time—2:06¼, 2:04¼, 2:05¼.

2:14 Pace.—Three in five heats. Purse $1,000.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Camella, b. m., Cummer, (Cox) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Patrick M., blk. g., (Stokes) | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Peter S., b. g., (Grady) | 3 | 7 | 3 |
| Joe Patchen, b. g., (Jones) | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| Fern Hal, blk. m., (McPherson) | 4 | 8 | 5 |
| Prestolite, b. m., (Geers) | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Elisha J., b. g., aged, (Garrison) | 7 | 4 | 8 |
| June Frost, b. m., (Hubbard) | 8 | 5 | 7 |
| Peter Oakley, b. s., (Snow) | Dis. | | |

Time—2:05¾, 2:06¼, 2:07¾.

Messina Springs Driving Club Sweepstakes.—For three-year-old trotters. Purse $970.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Eudora Spier, blk. f., Directum Spier-Eudora, (White) | 1 | 1 | |
| Mazda, b. c., (Lattimer) | 2 | 2 | |
| Deacon Hale, blk. g., (Mitchell) | 3 | 3 | |
| Samoor, br. h., (Jones) | 4 | 4 | |

Time—2:17¼, 2:15¾.

2:19 Trot.—Three in five, purse, $1,200.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Almah, br. m., Cochal-Regent's Last, (Carpenter) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Idora Worthy, b. m., (Rodney) | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Audrey Gray, b. m., (Cox) | 3 | 8 | 2 |
| Helena Constantine, b. m., (Dickerson) | 8 | 3 | 6 |
| King Bellini, b. s., (J. Dickerson) | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| Polly T., b. m., (Garrison) | 4 | 7 | 8 |
| Onward Forbes, b. h., (Murphy) | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| Dame Danver, b. m., (Grady) | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| Abdella Watts, b. m., (Shank) | 10 | Dis. | |
| F. C. W., b. g., (Burns) | 10 | Dis. | |
| Prinielida, ro. h., (McDowell) | Dis. | | |
| Host Peter, b. s., (Crossman) | Dis. | | |

Time—2:10¼, 2:10¼, 2:10½.

2:05 Trot.—Three in five. Purse $1,200.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Margaret Druien, b. m., Peter the Great, (Cox) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Joan, br. m., (McDevitt) | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Rythmell, blk. m., (Shanks) | 3 | 3 | 3 |

Time—2:06¼, 2:06¾, 2:06¾.

## RESTA TO TRY FOR RECORD.

### Practice on Sheepshead Bay Speedway Starts Saturday.

The first high-speed test of the new Sheepshead Bay Speedway, in preparation for the inaugural race for the Astor Cup on Oct. 2, will be made on Saturday by Dario Resta, the famous Italian driver, who has triumphed this year in the Vanderbilt Cup and Grand Prize races, the biggest automobile events of the season. In his trial on Saturday Resta will drive the same Peugeot car which he piloted to victory in the West.

Resta will try for a record at ten miles in his practice spin. In the elimination trials for the Chicago Motor Derby, which also was won by the Italian, he averaged 97.58 miles an hour and made a two-mile lap in world's record time, averaging 111.1 miles an hour. Subsequently, in winning the 100-mile match race with Oldfield, Burman, and Earl Cooper at Chicago, Resta averaged 101.8 miles an hour for the entire distance, hanging up another world's mark.

The record Resta will endeavor to beat Saturday is his own world's ten-mile mark of 5:46, an average of 104.35 

AUCTION SALES.

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**DAVID W BIOW CO.**

520-522 Broadway.

Tel. 6680-6681 Spring, near Spring St.

Today, Wednesday, Sept. 15, 10:30 A. M.

Special peremptory auction sale.

Very large and seasonable offering

Men's, Youths', and Children's

**CLOTHING**

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**Suits, Overcoats, Trousers, Reefers,**

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Also by order of a specialty house, a high-class quantity of

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**Men's Custom Made Suits**

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FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

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A Magnificent Collection of

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gathered in Europe and the Orient by a rug expert for a large American importing concern, now forced to sell in consequence of the unusual business conditions created by the war in the East.

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CATALOGUES MAILED ON REQUEST. Sale Conducted by Mr. H. Kasab.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer, REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, OFFICE NO 55 WILLIAM ST., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15TH, 1915, at 12 o'clock at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM.

NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$8,000 New York & New Jersey Water Co. 4 p. c. bonds, due 1950.
3 shares American Power & Light Co. common v. t. c.
$10,000 Northampton, Easton & Washington Traction Co. Ref. and Consld. Mtge. 5 p. c. bonds, due 1942, July, 1915, coupons attached.
$2,000 Northampton Traction Co. Ref. and Consld. 5 p. c. gold bonds, due 1942, July, 1915, coupons attached.
$10,000 Washington Farm Lands Co. 1st and Serial Mtge. 6 p. c. gold bonds, Series B, 2d lien, due June, 1923.
13 shares Equitable Trust Co.
$5,000 Kansas City Southern R'way 1st mtge. 50-year 3 p. c. bds., 1950.
10 shares Huguenot Trust Co. of New Rochelle.
10 shares N. Y., Chic. & St. Louis R. R. 1st prefd.
10 shares N. Y., Chic. & St. Louis R. R. 2d prefd.
5 shares New Yorker Staats-Zeitung.
150 shares Paumonok Inn & Cottage Colony, Inc., prefd.
200 shs. Paumonok Inn & Cottage Colony, Inc., common.
100 shs. Clinton Bank.
$4,000 note of Felix Prince dated Sept. 15, 1914, payable 4 months after date, interest at 6 p. c., endorsed by Saul Ollner, with 43 shares Clinton Bank as security for said note.
15 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
8 shs. Parker-Washington Co.
16 shs. Hudson River Traction Co. pref.
$6,000 Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Ref. & Ext. Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., Series "A," due 1962.
$4,500 Bond and Mortgage made by Margaret Wardwell Cleveland and Walter Avery Cleveland, her husband, to Everitt Harriman, dated Nov. 12, 1913, due 3 years, int. at 5½ p. c., on 4 tracts of land, containing 103.52 acres, more or less, in Township of Alexandria, County of Hunterdon, State of New Jersey, assigned.
$5,800 Bond and Mortgage made by Arthur M. Parks to Everitt Harrison, dated August 10th, 1912, due 3 years, int. 5 p. c., on 128 lots of land on the Rankin Park Land Co., Cranford, County of Union, State of New Jersey, and assigned.

MISCELLANEOUS.

One of the Most Exclusive Stocks Ever Sold at Public Auction, Formerly of

**Shauer, Dryfoos Co., Inc.,**

Retiring from Business, Consisting of STRICTLY HAND-EMBROIDERED

**Night Gowns**

**Chemises, Infants' Caps, Petticoats, Collars, Neckwear,**

Dress Patterns, Baby Pillow Tops.

Also a very fine stock of Hand-embroidered Flouncings and Edgings, Irish Laces, about 5,000 doz. Hand-embroidered Handkerchiefs, also Linens, Lingeries, Lawns, Ribbons, etc., etc. Also the most elaborate

**FIXTURES**

Installed only 4 months ago, consisting of 1 Elliott-Fisher Billing Machine, 1 Royal Machine No. 10, 1 Underwood Typewriter No. 12, 1 Yauman & Erbe Steel Filing Cabinet in 8 sections, 2 Combination Safes, 12 Bookkeepers, Flat and Roll Top Desks and Chairs, 25 very latest Chandeliers, 20 Hardwood Counters, a Protectograph, Wall Cases, Baskets, Trunks, Stock Boxes, Tables, Sample Trunks and Telescopes to match, and, in fact, everything found in a first-class establishment of this kind.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer,

Will Sell Today, Wednesday, Sept. 15, '15, at 10:30 A. M., ON PREMISES,

329 FOURTH AV., (near 24th St.), N.Y.C.,

The Above, Strictly Without Reserve.

NOTICE—These goods were all made for the most exclusive retail trade, and range in price as high as $75.00 each. I am positive that a sale of this kind occurs very rarely, and therefore it will be to your benefit to take advantage of same. For further information telephone Spring 4299.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION

LIQUIDATION SALE.

Entire Stock, Fixtures, and Machinery of the YANKEE WAIST COMPANY, SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer, Sells by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15TH, 1915, 10:30 A. M., on premises Nos. 3-5 East 28th St., near 5th Av., New York City, the entire high-grade stock of above, consisting of large lines of imported Valenciennes and Shadow Laces and Insertions to match; also other imported Laces in large quantities, Flouncings, Nets, All-Overs, Embroideries, Chiffons, Silks, Satins, Lawns, Marquisettes, Muslin, plain and embroidered Voiles and other Cotton Goods, Trimmings and Notions; plant, consisting of W. & G. high-speed Machines, Met. Finders, Singer Hem Stitchers, Buttonhole, Button Sewers, Cutters, and Singer 95-1 and Standard high-speed Machines; Singer and Standard Power Tables, 8 1¼ H. P. General Electric Motors, Ballard electric Cutting Machine, up-to-date Time Clock, Pinking Machine, Lace Measuring Machine, large amount of Cutting Tables, Electric Fans, Carpets, Wall Cases, and Office Partitions and Dividers to match, Show Tables and Chairs to match, Underwood Typewriter and Desk, Rolltop and other Desks, Safe, Files, Chairs, Tables, Work Benches, Partitions, Plant, &c., &c.

SALE ARRANGED AND CONDUCTED BY PHILIP SMITH.

By order of Yankee Waist Co.

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# BUSINESS WORLD

## Buyer's Wants

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DESIRE at once jobs ladies' suits, dresses, skirts, and waists; will pay cash. Eastern Merchandise Co., 458 Broadway. Spring 858.

JOBBER LOOKING AT DRESSES of all kinds all week. Room 1,603 15 East 30th St.

JOBBER looking at party, evening and velvetine dresses; orders given. 815 floor, 52 West 37th St.

JOBBER looking at plush and pile fabric coats. 6th floor, 158 West 29th St.

CONTRACTOR of cloaks and suits, with 25 machines, is open for engagement. S 30 Times.

PARASOLS FOR JOBBERS.

100 styles from $1.10 per dozen, 14 inch, beautiful designs, up to $9.60 per dozen; ladies' silk parasols, silk ribbon centres. 'Phone Franklin 996. Make appointment. S. Ornstein, 401 Broadway.

HAVE big variety of sport coats on hand, from $2.75 up; also white chinchilla coats, from $4. Buchinsky Bros., 27 W. 24th St.

400 SPORT COATS in all kinds of materials from $2 to $3.50; ready for delivery. Schneiderman Bros., 6 and 8 West 18th St.

CREPE DE CHINE WAISTS, $16.50 up for delivery, Daily Waist Co., 8 and 10 W. 19th St.

WIDE WALE CORDUROY, all colors, for sale, 7th floor, 144 West 27th St.

CASH for high-grade women's suits, coats, dresses, skirts, waists, petticoats, and furs. Uneeda House, 8 Lispenard St. Franklin 4248.

WILL BUY FOR CASH cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, &c.; quantity no object. Gross, Franzblau & Co., 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

CASH PAID for job lots of women's apparel. Frank Jacobovits, 10 Lispenard St. Fra. 1360.

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SALESMAN, to carry well-known line of children's white dresses for South and coast; good opportunity for right man; commission. C. S. T., 67 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Carrying silk petticoats, to handle side line of New Idea patent petticoat; good line for good road man; commission basis. S 31 Times.

SALESMAN, hustler, for a new idea petticoat; must have acquaintance and confidence of resident buyers; salary to the right man. S 16 Times.

**COMMERCIAL PAPER.**

Yesterday 3¼@3⅜ per cent. for the best names; Monday ...3¼@3¾

The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

**Name Prices on Spring Goods.**

Smith, Hogg & Co. of this city made these prices yesterday on goods for the Spring season: Red Seal zephyrs, 8½ cents; York seersucker, 8½ cents; York dress gingham, 7 cents; Silver Brook seersucker, 7 cents, and Everett classics, 6½ cents.

***

**Crude Rubber Prices Weaken.**

Crude rubber prices continue to ease off in the local market, in spite of the fair demand for this commodity that is in evidence. Smoked sheets and pale crepe were quoted at 28 pence a pound in London yesterday, and at 57¼ cents here. For the best Brazilian rubber, up-river fine, 55½ cents a pound was asked here, which is only 3¼ cents more than the record low figure paid for this grade.

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**Unsatisfactory Contracts.**

A mill representative yesterday ascribed some of the labor trouble besetting the textile and war industries to the efforts on the part of certain manufacturers to rid themselves of contracts that are found on investigation to be profitless. Strike clauses appear in most of the contracts, making them void in case of labor trouble. The manufacturer, then, who discovers that he has made a price too low can easily arrange for his workers to appear discontented, and the way is paved either for higher prices on the same contract or for other contracts in which there is more profit.

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**To Push Jewelry-Dress Movement.**

Ludwig Nissen, President of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade, has appointed all the members of the Good and Welfare Committee of the board as a special committee on jewelry fashions publicity. This committee will cooperate with the National Jewelry Fashions Publicity Committee, and whatever other committees may be appointed by the trade organizations. The national committee was appointed during the recent convention of the American National Retail Jewelers' Association in this city, at which the proposed movement to teach the harmony of useful and decorative jewelry with dress for various occasions was widely discussed.

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**Trading Up Instead of Down.**

Clothing manufacturers in general are trying to convince their customers of the benefits to be derived from "trading up" instead of down. The retailers, it is pointed out, could add considerable to their sales volume if they sold $25 and $30 suits instead of concentrating their efforts on selling merchandise that retails between $15 and $20. Frequently a retail customer has his mind fully made up to spend $25 for a suit, but, through the "trading down" policy of the salesman, the man is content to take something for $10 cheaper. If 1,000 suits are sold at $10 the sales volume amounts to $10,000, whereas if the customers who can afford it are induced to buy better class clothing the average price paid per suit might be increased to $20 and the sales volume advanced thereby to $20,000.

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**Percentage as Against Profit.**

One of the big mistakes of modern merchandising, according to a manufacturer who keeps well posted on the retail situation, is the application of the percentage system of mark-up to all grades of goods. While the percentage system may do in the cheaper classes of merchandise, the same mark-up should not be made on the costlier goods. On the higher priced lines consideration should be given to the amount of money taken in and not to the percentage of profit. For instance, percentages should be used in arriving at the sales price of clothing selling below $25, but on garments retailing at $35 or more the mark-up should be decreased. The profit on the cheaper merchandise might amount to $2 or $3, while the same percentage on higher priced goods might mean $10 or $15.

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**Weather Hits Coal Demand.**

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that the Summer weather of the last week or ten days has put an appreciable check upon the distribution of anthracite coal to the consuming public and has restricted the wholesale demand to a lesser extent. The mining interests booked enough business in the last week of August to give them a good start in September, so that even with a smaller volume of orders since then they have been able to operate the collieries on a more active basis. Four or five days a week is the rule now, with some mines producing the more popular brands working full time. Viewing the situation broadly, the Eastern bituminous trade is in a much stronger position than it was in midsummer, and the tendency is toward still greater strength.

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**More About Spring Ginghams.**

The Spring cotton goods situation became more unsettled yesterday when prices were made by one of the prominent commission houses on high-grade dress ginghams and seersuckers at levels which were lower by a quarter of a cent than the prices named on Monday on similar goods by the largest maker of them in the country. The latter prices, in turn, had been cut a half cent a yard below previous figures, which means that yesterday's list prices showed a reduction of three-fourths of a cent a yard from the quotations hitherto prevailing. This list also showed cuts of a half cent a yard from the previous list prices on a little lower grades of ginghams and seersuckers, which brought them to the levels set on Monday by the largest producer. In view of the policy that apparently has been adopted by this producer for the coming season, further actions is anticipated by the trade, and there is quite a little speculation as to just what form it will take.

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**Gray Goods Were Active.**

Buying of gray goods continued active yesterday. Sales of 38½-inch 60-48s were reported at 8 9-16 cents for delivery in October and November, but they can still be had for spot shipment at the price listed below. Bids of 3 11-16 cents were reported for 38½-inch 60-52s for similar delivery, but from all accounts the mills would not take less than 3¾ cents for any delivery beyond spots. There was no change in the situation as it affected 39-inch 68-72s, beyond the withdrawal of goods for late deliveries. Spot goods of this construction again sold freely at 4¾ cents, while sales of 56-44s in that width were put through at 3 5-16 cents. Four cents was again paid for spot 38½-inch 64-60s to such mills as would take it, others asking 4⅛ cents. A pretty good sheeting business was done, in which 5.50s figured to quite an extent, while sales of 3.95 and 4.20 yard drills were made for delivery this side of Jan. 1 at 4¾ and 4½ cents, respectively, with some sellers asking 4¾ cents for the 3.95s. Fancies continued active. General spot printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s....5⅞c 38½-inch, 64-56s..37½c
39-inch, 72-76s....5¼c 38½-inch, 60-52s..3⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s....4⅞c 38½-inch, 60-48s..3½c
39-inch, 56-44s....3½c 27-inch, 64-60s....2⅞c
38½-inch, 64-60s....4c 27-inch, 56-52s....2½c

**Dutiable Silks Drop Again.**

The Silk Association's report on dutiable silk imports in the five weeks ended Aug. 31 shows a still further falling off in receipts of those goods as compared with the same period a year ago. The respective totals were $2,428,824 and $2,482,278, while fabrics woven in the piece were valued at $808,966 and $836,072, respectively. The sharpest drop in the whole list was shown in imports of silk ribbons, which fell from $100,727 last August to $17,467 last month. Velvet and plush ribbon imports showed a further gain, but it was not so large as earlier in the season. Other good gains were shown in imports of ready-made clothing of silk, artificial silk yarns, silk laces, &c., and spun silk yarns. Raw silk imports totaled $588,641, against $647,686 in August. The grand total for the month was $3,071,296 against $3,149,126 in August, 1914.

## LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

**Reasons for Changing Rates of Duty in Certain Cases.**

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company filed a large number of protests at different ports against the assessment made by the customs authorities on a wide variety of merchandise for which the company was acting as forwarding agent. Among the ports at which entry was made were Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Galveston, Chicago, Rochester, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, and Seattle. When the cases were called for trial the railroad company failed to appear to defend the actions, with the result that all of the protests were overruled.

B. Altman & Co. were upheld in claims for lower duty on women's work baskets. They were returned at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for fitted leather cases, while the importers claimed a rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures in chief value of leather. The board concluded that the baskets were not "fitted" within the meaning of the paragraph under which the Collector took duty. A reliquidation was ordered.

The board decided that no relief could be given Rothschild Brothers & Co., who claimed that through a clerical error in making out the invoice the goods were invoiced at the price per "cabinet" instead of per "gross." As a consequence of this mistake, duty was levied upon an amount far in excess of the true dutiable quantity imported.

It was decided that personal effects brought into this country by Miss Alice L. Redewill will have to stand the full duty imposed by Collector Malone. The merchandise, besides wearing apparel of different kinds, included gloves. Free entry was claimed as a non-resident of the United States under Paragraph 642 of the present tariff law. The only testimony offered at the trial was that of a man who knew nothing about Miss Redewill's foreign residence beyond what had bee ntold him.

Lunham & Moore were sustained in a claim that firebrick was properly dutiable at 10 per cent. under the specific provision for "firebrick not specially provided for." Appraiser Sague reported the merchandise to be obsidianite ware. This resulted in the Collector taking duty at 20 per cent. ad valorem as a mineral substance, not decorated. A reliquidation was ordered.

## TWO SUITS FOR INCOME TAX.

**Trust Companies Ask Refund of Erroneous Collections.**

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company and the United States Trust Company of New York yesterday brought suits in the Federal District Court against Charles W. Anderson, late Collector of Internal Revenue of the Second District of New York, to recover taxes alleged to have been wrongfully assessed under the income tax law. The Title Guarantee and Trust Company asks for a refund of $11,004.67 and the United States Trust Company for a refund of $10,728.67.

Judge Lacombe has consented to the withdrawal of the writs of error and the discontinuance of proceedings in the suits brought by Collector Anderson against the Federal Mining and Smelting Company, the Quincy Mining Company, and the Esperanza Mining Company.

**Good Wools in Brisk Demand.**

LONDON, Sept. 14.—There were 9,300 bales offered at the wool auction sales today. Good wools were in brisk demand and steady. Scoured merinos sold at 2s 5d and greasy merinos brought 1s 7½d. The latter were taken occasionally for America. Low grades were neglected.

## EXPLAINS HUTCHINSON SUIT.

**Action Does Not Affect the Sperry & Hutchinson Co.**

George B. Caldwell, President of the Sperry & Hutchinson Company, made this statement yesterday in relation to the suit filed in the United States Courts at Trenton, N. J., by Shelly B. Hutchinson of Ypsilanti, Mich., against William H. Sperry of Cranford, N. J., in which Mr. Hutchinson charged that Mr. Sperry withdrew illegally more than $100,000 from the concern and seeks to enjoin Mr. Sperry from voting 4,790 shares of stock.

"This suit has absolutely no bearing or effect on the business of the Sperry & Hutchinson Company as now conducted. Mr. Hutchinson has had no connection with the company since 1904, at which time he sold his stock interest under contract to William H. Sperry, which contract, I understand, was carried out in good faith by Mr. Sperry and the money paid as agreed by both parties. Mr. Hutchinson some years ago brought a similar suit against the late T. A. Sperry, this action being practically identical with the one now instituted against W. H. Sperry. Mr. Hutchinson lost in the courts at Albany. Mr. Hutchinson is now seeking to promote an opposing company, in which a chain of stores and a coupon scheme are used. The plan is in no way connected with the Sperry & Hutchinson Company and is in no way considered as competitive of the present Sperry & Hutchinson system of national advertising and profit-sharing stamps and coupons. Mr. Sperry will defend the present action vigorously."

## EXPORTS SHOW DECLINE.

**Last Week's Less Than Half Those of the Week Before.**

There was a heavy drop in exports from this port in the week ended Sept. 11 compared with the week before, according to the Custom House report issued yesterday. Last week's shipments were only $16,068,706, against $34,088,-892 in the week before and $37,524,558 in the week before that. The Labor Day holiday and fewer steamships clearing from the port were said to be partly responsible for the notable decline in exports.

In the corresponding week last year exports were set down at $13,906,351. Exports from here to date for the year now total $974,606,582, compared with $602,813,884 in the same period of 1914. The week's shipments to England were the lowest in a long time, their value being placed at only $3,652,474. While those for France had a value of $1,991,-823, a very low figure for the latter country. Italian purchases, including wheat, aggregated $1,518,450, while exports to the British possessions reached $1,808,134.

Argentina led American countries with exports worth $1,909,871, while Cuban exports were up to $1,129,058. Chinese exports had a value of $243,819, while merchandise for the Philippines totaled $830,998.

Exports of domestics for the week totaled $650,154 and cotton duck $163,985. The largest single shipment of domestics went to the Philippines, its value being $271,895. London, as in the week before, led in duck shipments, their value being $108,298.

## POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

**Police Department.**

Assignments, patrol., 4 P. M., Sept. 15: E. A. Sperr, 1, as stat. house att.; T. F. Leahy, 1, assignment as stat. house att. discontinued.

Temporary assignments: Sergts. Keegan, 65, as Acting Lieut. in precinct, 25 days, from 12:01 A. M., Sept. 11; Ex. J. Patterson, 274, to T. S., 8 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; D. Lahane, Bridge Prect., to B. B. Squad, as custodian, 8 days, 9 A. M., Sept. 15; Patrol. Cahuff, 6, to D. B., 5 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 18; W. F. D. Schroeder( 16, to D. B., duty in District Atty.'s office, New York County, 5 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 12; A. Clark, 16, J. L. Price, 146, and W. H. Treadaby, 170, to 168, duty in raided premises, 30 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; C. B. Montanye, 28, to D. B., 20 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 13; D. Gamble, 31, to Marine Div., 8 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 18; P. J. Sweeney, 89, to D. B., 5 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 14; E. Hunger, 69, to C. O., duty in Property Clerk's office (Bronx Branch,) 30 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; A. Hoerner, 80, to D. B., 5 days, 5 A. M., Sept. 15; A. H. Quillan, 146, to 148, 10 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 18; A. J. Imperial and C. Festa, 146, to 11, L. D., 5 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 15; H. E. Price, 156, to D. B., 10 days, noon, Sept. 15; E. Grote, 184, as driver of patrol wagon, 8 A. M., Sept. 14, during absence of driver on sick report.

Temporary prejects indicated to 15 I. D.: 5 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 18: C. C. Kellerman, 22; J. Cross, 170; J. Vitale, 43; J. C. Jagel, 171. 5 days, 8 P. M., Sept. 18: W. T. Wright, 3; J. J. Wilson, 6, Sept. 19; 5 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 18; F. Rockelein, 149; G. W. Cook, 279.

Assignments Discontinued: Sergt. R. Kerwick, 285, (temporary,) to Tr. S., 8 A. M., Sept. 20; Patrol. H. D. Keith, 279, (temporary,) to Tr. S., 8 A. M., Sept. 14.

Leaves of Absence, (without pay): Sergt. M. Sullivan, 4, 5 days, 8 A. M., Sept. 13; Patrol. F. F. Reicke, 6, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; J. F. Schulz, 6, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 14; S. Rosenfeld, 21, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; L. Schall, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; K. Herskovits, 26, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; F. Muller, 20, 2 days, 12:02 A. M., Sept. 18; J. F. Quinn, 82, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 18; J. Cohen, 42, 1 day, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; D. Spiro, 48, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; B. Jacobs, 62, 1 day, 6 P. M., Sept. 17; M. Sobel, 153, 2 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 17; H. Hozinsky, 152, 2 days, 12 P. M., Sept. 16; W. Strutzenberg, 152, 1 day, 4 P. M., Sept. 14; H. Baar, 155, 1 day, 8 P. M., Sept. 17; P. J. Carmody, Bridge Precinct, 5 days, 4 P. M., Sept. 18.

Application for full pay approved: Patrol. Mulligan, 28, 7:30 P. M., Aug. 28 to 9:50 A. M., Aug. 29, while under suspension.

Advancements to grades: Patrol., to $1,400 grade, Sept. 21, W. Goodnow, 21; B. F. Steers, 283; P. Kelly, 43; I. Reuben, Traffic C. To $1,400 grade, C. R. McCartie, 12, Sept. 23; F. W. Gutherman, 5, Sept. 26; P. J. A. Burns, 6, Sept. 26; J. A. Hagan, D. B., Sept 26. To $1,250 grade, J. E. Sheedy, 16, Sept. 20; A. H. Johnson, 6, Sept. 24. To $1,150 grade, Sept. 25, J. S. St. John, 7; J. Harr, 6; J. W. Cowden, 13; J. L. Shattuck, 96; H. E. Damant, 86; W. Weirauch, 83; F. W. Carmody, 89; L. Trebing, 146; W. Hofman, 149; A. G. Rhodes, 183; W. H. Abernethy, 4; W. Fallon, 9th Dist.; A. Henne, 6; W. J. Coffey, 6; T. F. Jamison, 12; L. A. Walsh, 16; J. Rogers, 28; J. J. Loughran, 38; M. McGowan, 39; G. F. Colquette, 63; J. A. Schaefler, 140; J. A. Christ, 149; O. G. F. Eppler, 165; G. Braendly, 4th Dist.

**Fire Department.**

The time for wearing Summer uniform clothing has been extended to 8 A. M., Oct. 1.

Leaves of absence for four days, with pay, from 8 A. M., Sept. 15, for the purpose of attending the National Convention of the Army and Navy Union, at Atlantic City, are granted to the following. Credentials certifying as to their attendance will be submitted to the Office Chief of Department: P. J. Graham, No. 1, Chief of the 8th Bat.; M. J. Cummings, Chief of the 41st Bat.

The following will report to Fire 1st gr., A. J. Muir, at the 7th Regt. Armory, Park Av. and 67th St., for practice at 10 A. M. tomorrow: C. W. Roe, Jr., Engine 13; J. T. Foote, Engine 18; A. Hothersall, Engine 31; R. Bornholm, Engine 36; J. D'Acevedo, Engine 56; W. Clancy, Engine 76; E. J. Donovan, Engine 76; E. A. Dammeyer, Engine 79; J. A. Dressler, Engine 83; F. P. Gallagher, Engine 214; W. Hickey, Engine 214; T. E. Richards, Engine 227; F. J. Metzger, Jr., Engine 291; F. Ergensinger, Engine 291; F. Munn, Engine 344; C. A. Wilmot, Jr., Engine 350; E. H. Escher, Engine 262; A. G. Klein, Engine 263; H. Brenner, Engine 288; E. A. Woolley, Engine 287 (2d Sec.); W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 20; J. J. Shoppmeyer, H. & L. 22; E. Hickey, Chemical, H. & L. 35; A. Unrath, H. & L. 40; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 45; R. C. Fraser, H. & L. 60; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; J. Miller, No. 5 H. & L. 115; R. Hermen, H. & L. 127; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; G. Olsen, H. & L. 128; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137; J. J. O'Keefe, H. & L. 147; J. T. R. Murray, H. & L. 149; A. J. Stack, H. & L. 148.

Revocation of temporary detail, while on sick report, to take effect at 8 A. M., Sept. 16:

Fire, 1st gr. J. Laux, Eng. 230, to new Fire Alarm Station, Malbone and Washington Sts. and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Temporary detail, while on sick report, to take effect at 8 A. M., Sept. 16: Capt. T. J. Morrissey, Eng. 208, to new Fire Alarm Station, Malbone and Washington Sts. and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Special Leaves (with pay): Fire 1st gr. J. F. Thornton, Eng. 57, 12 hours, 8 P. M., Sept. 14; Fire, 1st gr. W. J. Fiala, Eng. 71, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; Fire 1st gr. J. F. Scanlon, Eng. 248, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; Fire, 1st gr. E. C. Von Bergen, H. & L. 42, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 18; Fire, 2d gr. J. Egan, H. & L., 5, 24 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 15; Fire, 1st gr. P. F. McKuvke, Eng. 53, 48 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 17; Capt. P. Murphy, Eng. 23, 24 hours, 8 P. M., Sept. 13; Fire, 1st gr. A. Levy, Eng. 15, 12 hours, 8 P. M., Sept. 17; Fire, 1st gr. B. Sandar, Eng. 76, 24 hours, 8 P. M., Sept. 17; Capt. J. J. Hayes, No. 1, Eng. 74, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 16; Fire, 1st gr. P. J. Brennan, Eng. 90, 12 hours, 9 P. M., Sept. 16; Fire, 1st gr. W. Yates, Eng. 235, 72 hours, 8 A. M., Sept. 18.

## DRESS GOODS OPENING.

Department 4 of the American Woolen Company, consisting of dress goods for the Spring, 1916, season, was formally opened yesterday. Prices on piece dyes selling under $1 a yard were increased about 20 per cent. over last Fall's prices. A large business was placed with the company before the opening, the most active goods being poplins selling at $1.10 and $1.17½ a yard. The popular numbers in the poplin line are 0073, selling at $1.10, and 90,610-8, priced at $1.12½. Poplins have been sold mostly to the houses making the medium and cheaper grades of garments.

The better class of concerns in the coat and suit trade have taken men's wear serges in a small way, and gabardines and whipcords in fair sized quantities. The gabardines shown in the line of the company range in price from $1.17½ to $1.50, the colors that have proved popular being tans, reseda, green, Copenhagen, navy and black. Whipcords are shown in a price range from $1.15 to $1.40.

An extensive line of fancy suitings and coatings was also shown yesterday. The suitings were priced at from 60 cents to $1.87½, and the coatings from 62½ cents to $1.87½. A large business is expected to be placed on a special Summer cloth produced by the company from mohair, worsted and cotton.

## ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—Akron D. G. Co.; J. H. Vineberg, notions, laces; 72 Madison Av.

BALTIMORE—A. A. Brager; F. B. North, carpets, rugs; Grand.

BALTIMORE—A. Brager; L. L. Brager, domestics; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss J. M. Armstrong, waists; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Strauss Bros.: I. Strauss, dry goods; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Siegel, Rothschild & Co.; B. Rothschild, umbrellas; 398 Broadway; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Stein Bros.; M. Stein, piece goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; I. Sonneborn, clothing; Somerset.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. B. Henderson, cloaks; 854 6th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, silk dress goods, silk, cotton goods; 854 6th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. H. Reed, carpets, rugs; 18 West 28th.

BESSEMER, Ala.—H. Goldberg, general mdse.; Aberdeen.

BOSTON—Magrane, Houston Co.; Miss G. Chesleigh, misses' coats, suits; Miss K. Sullivan, representing; Miss M. Barrett, laces, vellings, fichts. Miss Gray, infants', children's wear; Miss White, ladies' wear; Great Northern.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; W. A. Stewart, carpets, rugs; A. Sanborn, silk waists; H. Owens, ribbons; G. H. Guest, housefurnishing goods; J. T. Hagan, white goods; Mr. Creeron, millinery; basement; W. F. Varnum, boys' clothing; C. H. Hurd, women's hosiery, knit underwear; W. J. Brooks, silverware; E. E. Randall, men's hats; J. T. Donovan, men's hosiery, underwear; Mr. Burgess, children's hosiery; D. Robillard, boys' clothing; Mr. Hitchcock, men's clothing; R. J. Tremble, underwear, basement; Miss Spencer, girls' coats, dresses; Miss McHugh, misses' dresses; Miss Eastman, misses', children's coats; 51 Union Square.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; E. J. Pendergast, silks; 31 Union Square.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss L. Sweeney, corsets; Miss Cobham, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.

BOSTON—Schults & Guthrie; W. R. Guthrie, woolen cotton dresses, waists; 117 West 27th; Brystoll.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss M. G. Cronin, infants' wear; 31 Union Square.

BOSTON—T. Smith Co.; C. C. Smith, china, glassware, kitchenware; 470 Fulton St.; Navarre.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss L. M. Sweeney, corsets; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Filene's Sons Co.; C. Provandis, youths', boys', children's clothing; Broadway Central.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. H. Mann, wash goods; O. Downs, silks, dress goods; H. A. Cook, jobs, muslin underwear, corsets, petticoats, kimonos, bath robes, house dresses; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Griffin, ladies' waists; Mr. Sheffield, misses' coats; Miss Mead, muslin underwear; 118 W. 32d.

BUFFALO—M. Marchand & Sons; M. Marchand, dry goods; Imperial.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; W. Henderson, lace curtains, draperies; 18 W. 35th.

BUFFALO—W. Hengerer & Co.; E. W. Turner, notions; 18 West 28th.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss A. Thompson, muslin underwear, knit goods, infants' wear; 2 Walker.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Mr. Ferguson, laces, embroideries, hdkfs., ribbons; 2 Walker.

CANANDAIGUA—Canandaigua Dry Goods Co.; T. W. Lynch, dry goods, millinery, women's furs goods; Breslin.

CHAMBERSBURG, Penn.—D. D. Sollenberger, dry goods, carpets; Herald Square.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; L. P. Feiser, silk lingerie, tailored; 218 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Geo. Weinreich, laces; 115 Worth.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; R. M. Chamberlain, men's young men's clothing; (basement;) 104 Worth.

CHICAGO—Siegel-Cooper Co.; A. R. Mathews, silks; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—The Fair; G. Rice, women's misses' children's ready-to-wear, (basement;) 295 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; R. Buckner, boys' clothing; 438 Broadway; Belleclaire.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. Wiley, dress goods, ginghams, cloths, cassimeres; 104 Worth.

CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; F. Korets, millinery; 18 East 22d; Cumberland.

CHICAGO—S. Lyon Co.; S. Friedman, carpets, rugs, curtains, white goods; Latham.

CHICAGO—Butler & Tyrrell Co.; C. M. Brooks, china, glassware, pottery; Breslin.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; F. O. Stretch, silks, velvets; 23 E. Leonard.

CLARKSVILLE, Tex.—Hall-Ross Co.; F. L. Harwood, ladies' garments, basement; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. Q. Sprowl, suits, dresses, waists; 18 W. 23th.

CLEVELAND—Printz-Biederman Co.; A. Printz, woolen piece goods; 200 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—J. Ansfield Co.; J.

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# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Industrials Strong — Exchange Negotiations Still in Preliminary Stages.

There can be no doubt that far-reaching effects will flow from the handling of the international exchange situation. In some directions momentous influence will be exerted by the steps which will be taken through the negotiations between the British and French financial mission and our bankers which have begun, but which are likely to be drawn out for some time before definite conclusions are arrived at. Because they are likely to be drawn out for some time that part of the financial community which is primarily interested in the stock market had less keen interest in the international exchange situation than it had at the close of last week, when some assumed that an immediate decision on plans for the relief of the exchange market would be arrived at.

Being forced to the conclusion that it would probably take a good while to test out all the proposals and to agree upon a plan, the stock market has been disposed for the last couple of days to give itself over again to speculation, principally in the war stocks. It has been the more inclined to this because of the practical dismissal of fears of fresh complications in our relations with Germany. The talk that peace was near at hand to which some heed was given recently has not been repeated during the last few days and has been practically forgotten. This is another of the reasons for the renewed buying of the war stocks, for prolongation of the war, it is argued, means increased profits for this group of stocks. The railroads on the average declined yesterday despite the further very substantial rise in the industrials. The persistence of the demand for all industrial loans attests the fact, if attestation were needed; that the interest of the great majority of the customers of Stock Exchange houses is still in the industrials.

Foreign exchange rates fell off further in reaction from the too optimistic expectations formed last week that a few days would suffice to work out a plan for the stabilization of the exchanges. There has now been a reaction of 4 cents to the pound from the best prices reached on those expectations. The difficulties in the way of carrying through the plan which the British mission is understood to prefer, namely, a straight loan to Great Britain and France without security, may have had something to do with the day's reaction in exchange. Yet no doubt was felt that some arrangement mutually satisfactory would be arrived at.

It seems likely that the financial delegates would prefer to make no arrangement than to make one which would not give assurance of meeting the situation effectively; and to do that will require a very large amount. The balance of trade in favor of the United States for the week, reported yesterday, was unusually small, but that is probably not indicative of the export situation at large, for as munition shipments increase, the additions which they will make to the shipments of agricultural products and manufactured articles, other than munitions, will probable cause the balance to run in our favor to an extent which would absorb any ordinary size credit in a very short time. Since the amount needed will be very great it would seem reasonable to draw on all the forms of credit which may be available in this market rather than to depend solely upon any one form.

## LONDON MARKET FIRM.

### Traders Are Quiet Pending Publication of Budget Details.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Money was in increased demand today for the payment of the £40,000,000 call on the war loan, but rates were not affected. Discount rates were steady on the gold exports. American exchange was weaker, at $4.65¼@$4.65½, owing to a rumor that yesterday's big buyer was operating on behalf of the allied Governments.

The stock market had a generally firm appearance, but investment buying was quieter, pending the publication of budget details. The war loan declined a fraction, but gold mines and copper shares were steady.

The American was the best section. Erie and United States Steel were prominent at hardening prices. The closing was firm.

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

| | Days. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 10 or Over Less. | 10 Over up to 30. | 30 Over to 60. | 60 Over up to 90. |
| Boston | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| New York | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Phila. | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Cleveland. | 3½ | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Richmond. | .. | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Atlanta. | .. | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Chicago | .. | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| St. Louis. | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Minneap. | .. | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Kan. City | .. | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Dallas | .. | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| San Fran. | 3 | 3½ | 4 | 5 |

*Notes maturing in not more than 90 days secured by cotton or other staples, warehoused and insured, or in course of shipment, are discountable at the special rate of 3 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sixty days | 2½@2¼ |
| Ninety days | 2¼@2⅛ |

COLLATERAL LOANS.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Renew. Rate. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| On call | 2 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |

ON TIME.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 days | 2½@2¼ | 5 mos. | 3 @3½ |
| 90 days | 2½@2¼ | 6 mos. | 3 @3½ |
| 4 mos. | 3 @3½ | | |

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 months | 3½@3¾ | 6 months | 3½@3¾ |
| 60 to 90 days | 3 | @3¼ | |

Other names.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 months | 3½@3¾ | 6 months | 3¾@4 |

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Chge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Demand | $4.63¼ | $4.65½ | $4.65½ | —.00¾ |
| Cables | 4.67 | 4.66¼ | 4.66¾ | —.00⅛ |

Closing Rates.

| | Demand, (or check.) | Cable. |
|---|---|---|
| London | $4.65⅝ | $4.66⅜ |
| Paris | 5.96⅝ | 5.96 |
| Switzerland | 5.32 | 5.31 |
| Scandinavia | 25.75 | 25.80 |
| Berlin | .82¼ | .82⅝ |
| China— | | |
| Hongkong | 42.90 | 43.00 |
| Shanghai | 55.00 | 55.12½ |
| Singapore | 57.50 | ... |
| Greece | 5.34 | 5.85 |
| Holland | .40½ | .40⅝ |
| India— | | |
| Bombay | 33.00 | .. |
| Calcutta | 33.75 | .. |
| Italy | 6.59¾ | 6.38¾ |
| Japan— | | |
| Kobe | 49.37 | 49.45 |
| Yokohama | .49¼ | .49¼ |
| Philippine Islands— | | |
| Manila | 49.62 | 49.75 |
| South America— | | |
| Buenos Aires | 41.00 | 41.15 |
| Rio | 22.50 | 22.65 |
| Spain | 18.90 | .. |
| Austria | 15.12 | 15.17 |
| Russia | 34.00 | 35.00 |

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

| Bankers. | | Commercial. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 60 days. | 90 Days. | 60 Days. | 90 Days. |
| $4.62 | $4.60 | $4.60½ | $4.58¼ |

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $386,444,784; balance, $17,989,237. Sub-Treasury debit balance, $172,562.

The local banks have gained $5,829,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, $2.50 premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 28⅛d, off 1-16d; New York, 48¼c, off ⅛c.

# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, SEPT. 14, 1915.

| | Stocks, (Shares.) |
|---|---|
| Total sales | 451,448 |
| Same day last year | Exch. closed |
| Year to date | 101,950,782 |
| Same period last year | 45,989,158 |
| Average price and change 50 stocks | 79.33 + .34 |
| Same day last year | *Exch. closed |

| | High. | | Low. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Year's range to date | 79.72 | Sept. 14 | 58.99 | Feb. 24 |
| Range year 1914 | 73.30 | Jan. 31 | 57.41 | July 30 |
| Range year 1913 | 79.10 | Jan. 9 | 63.09 | June 10 |

*Closing average July 30, 57.77.

| Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 33½ | 33¾ | 2,000 | Alaska Gold Mines | 34¼ | 34¼ | 33½ | 33⅝ | — ¼ |
| 42⅛ | 42¼ | 29,500 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. | 41 | 42¼ | 40¾ | 42¼ | +2 |
| 69⅝ | 70⅜ | 1,900 | Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf. | 70 | 70¾ | 70 | 70¼ | + ⅛ |
| 61 | 61 | 100 | Am. Agricul. Chem. | 61½ | 61½ | 61½ | 61½ | ... |
| 65½ | 65¾ | 1,100 | Am. Beet Sugar | 65½ | 66½ | 65¼ | 65¼ | ... |
| 86 | 92 | 15 | Am. Beet Sugar pf. | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | ... |
| 59 | 59¼ | 17,800 | Am. Can | 57⅝ | 59¼ | 56⅝ | 59¼ | +1⅜ |
| 106 | 106¼ | 370 | Am. Can pf | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | + ⅛ |
| 68½ | 68⅝ | 2,900 | Am. Car & Fdry | 69¼ | 69½ | 68 | 68½ | — ½ |
| 151 | 153 | 800 | Am. Coal Products | 150¼ | 151 | 150½ | 151 | —1 |
| 8¼ | 8½ | 700 | Am. H. & Leather | 8⅝ | 8½ | 8¼ | 8¼ | + ⅛ |
| 37⅞ | 37⅝ | 600 | Am. H. & Leath. pf. | 38½ | 38½ | 37½ | 37½ | — ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 20⅝ | 4,400 | Am. Linseed | 15½ | 20⅝ | 18½ | 20⅛ | +1⅛ |
| 36 | 36⅝ | 1,000 | Am. Linseed pf | 34½ | 37 | 34½ | 37 | +3 |
| 53 | 53⅝ | 3,500 | Am. Locomotive | 53 | 58½ | 52⅞ | 55¾ | +1 |
| 96 | 98 | 100 | Am. Locomotive pf | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ | + ½ |
| 6¼ | 7 | 200 | Am. Malt | 7 | 7 | 6¾ | 6¾ | — ⅛ |
| 28 | 28 | 300 | Am. Malt pf | 28 | 28 | 25¾ | 26 | — ⅝ |
| 81 | 81¼ | 4,600 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 82 | 82 | 80¾ | 81 | — ⅛ |
| 80 | 82 | 100 | Am. Smelt. S. pf. B | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ | + ⅛ |
| 51½ | 52 | 1,500 | Am. Steel F'dries | 52½ | 52⅝ | 51 | 51½ | — ¼ |
| 108¼ | 109 | 200 | Am. Sugar Ref | 108½ | 108½ | 108⅜ | 108⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 114 | 115 | 100 | Am. Sugar Ref. pf | 114⅞ | 114⅞ | 114⅞ | 114⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 61 | 63 | 100 | Am. Tel. & Cable | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | +1½ |
| 122⅞ | 123 | 428 | Am. Teleph. & Tel | 122⅞ | 123 | 122⅞ | 123 | + ⅛ |
| 43⅝ | 44 | 2,800 | Am. Woolen | 44½ | 44½ | 43 | 43⅞ | +1 |
| 70¾ | 71 | 7,200 | Anaconda Cop. Co | 70½ | 71⅝ | 70½ | 70⅝ | ... |
| ... | ... | 50 | Asso. Oil S. 6 f | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | ... |
| 101¼ | 101¼ | 1,800 | Atch., Top. & S. F | 101⅜ | 101⅜ | 101 | 101⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 97⅞ | 98¼ | 100 | Atch., T. & S. F. pf | 98⅝ | 98⅝ | 98⅜ | 98⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 80¾ | 80½ | 5,400 | Baldwin Loco | 82⅜ | 81⅝ | 79⅝ | 80¾ | + ½ |
| 83 | 83¼ | 1,800 | Baltimore & Ohio | 83 | 83⅜ | 82⅝ | 83¼ | ... |
| 70¼ | 70⅞ | 200 | Baltimore & O. pf | 70¾ | 70¾ | 70¾ | 70¾ | — ⅛ |
| ... | ... | 10 | do., odd lot | 71 | 71 | 71 | 71 | ... |
| 349 | 350 | 4,200 | Bethlehem Steel | 340 | 340½ | 337 | 349 | +14 |
| 150 | 155 | 700 | Bethlehem Steel pf | 145 | 155 | 145 | 150 | +8 |
| 83½ | 83⅝ | 500 | Bklyn Rapid Tran | 83⅜ | 83⅜ | 83⅜ | 83⅝ | ... |
| 30 | 37 | 20 | Brown Shoe | 36⅜ | 36⅜ | 36⅜ | 33⅝ | ... |
| 66¾ | 67 | 2,400 | Butte & Superior | 66⅞ | 67 | 66⅝ | 67 | + ⅜ |
| 17½ | 18 | 200 | California Petrol | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | ... |
| 43⅝ | 44⅜ | 100 | California Pet. pf | 44⅜ | 44⅜ | 44⅜ | 44⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 153⅞ | 154½ | 900 | Canadian Pacific | 154½ | 154½ | 153½ | 153⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 44½ | 44½ | 600 | Central Leather Co | 44⅜ | 44⅝ | 44 | 44 | — ⅛ |
| 47⅜ | 48 | 2,400 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 48⅜ | 48⅝ | 47½ | 47½ | — ½ |
| 30¾ | 31 | 300 | Chi. Gt. West. pf | 30¼ | 30⅝ | 30½ | 30⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 84½ | 84½ | 1,300 | Chi., Mil. & St. P | 85 | 85 | 84⅛ | 84⅛ | — ⅞ |
| 126 | 127 | 100 | Chi. & Northwest | 126¼ | 126½ | 126¼ | 126½ | + ⅞ |
| 21⅜ | 22 | 25,500 | Chi., Rock Isl. & P | 20⅝ | 22 | 19⅝ | 21⅜ | +2⅝ |
| 44⅝ | 45 | 1,700 | Chino Copper | 45 | 45 | 44½ | 44⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 65½ | ... | 100 | Cluett, Peabody Co | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | +2½ |
| 46⅞ | 46⅝ | 7,600 | Col. Fuel & Iron | 46¾ | 47 | 46 | 46⅜ | — ⅝ |
| 125½ | 127 | 200 | Consolidated Gas | 126 | 126 | 126 | 126 | —1½ |
| 83 | 82⅞ | 200 | Continental Can | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | +1 |
| 17½ | 17⅞ | 1,300 | Corn Products Ref | 17¼ | 17½ | 17 | 17½ | + ⅛ |
| 95¼ | 95⅞ | 72,200 | Crucible Steel | 91¼ | 95⅞ | 91½ | 95½ | +4⅜ |
| 106⅞ | 107 | 2,600 | Crucible Steel pf | 106 | 107½ | 106 | 106⅞ | +1⅞ |
| 117 | 118 | 400 | Cuban-Am. Sugar | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | —2 |
| 107 | 110 | 100 | Cuban-Am. Sug. pf | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | +2 |
| 139⅜ | 143 | 100 | Delaware & Hud | 139⅝ | 139⅝ | 139⅜ | 139⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 117½ | 118 | 10 | Detroit Edison Co | 117¼ | 117¼ | 117¼ | 117¼ | ... |
| 29 | 29⅜ | 1,400 | Distillers' Secur | 26⅜ | 26⅞ | 25⅜ | 26⅜ | — ⅜ |
| 21⅜ | 21½ | 100 | Dome Mines | 21½ | 21½ | 21½ | 21½ | ... |
| 73 | 74 | 200 | Elec. Storage Bat | 74 | 74 | 73 | 73 | —1 |
| 30 | 30¼ | 19,015 | Erie | 30¼ | 30⅝ | 29⅝ | 30 | —¼ |
| 50¾ | 50¾ | 15,900 | Erie 1st pf | 50¾ | 51 | 50½ | 50½ | + ½ |
| 39¾ | 40¼ | 2,400 | Erie 2d pf | 39⅝ | 40¼ | 39½ | 40 | + ⅛ |
| 26 | 30 | 100 | Federal Min. & S | 25⅜ | 25⅜ | 25⅜ | 25⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 43 | 45½ | 100 | Federal Min. & S. pf | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | ... |
| 170¼ | 171½ | 1,200 | General Electric | 171½ | 172¼ | 171 | 171 | —1 |
| 264 | 267 | 1,400 | General Motors | 263 | 268 | 261 | 265 | +5 |
| 113 | 115 | 300 | General Motors pf | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | — ⅛ |
| 63 | 63½ | 5,750 | Goodrich (B. F.) Co | 63⅝ | 63⅝ | 62½ | 63¼ | — ⅛ |
| 115¼ | 118½ | 700 | Great Northern pf | 118½ | 118½ | 118 | 118¼ | + ⅛ |
| 40⅝ | 41⅛ | 1,600 | G. N. certs. ore prop | 41¼ | 41¼ | 40⅞ | 40⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 64 | 64½ | 400 | Guggenheim Explor | 63⅜ | 64¼ | 63¾ | 64¼ | — ⅛ |
| 102 | 104 | 400 | Illinois Central | 103 | 106 | 103 | 106 | ... |
| 34⅜ | 34⅞ | 1,500 | Inspiration Copper | 35 | 35 | 34⅝ | 34⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 20½ | 20⅜ | 250 | Inter.-Met. | 20⅜ | 20¾ | 20½ | 20½ | — ⅛ |
| 20½ | 20⅝ | 1,300 | Interboro Consol | 21 | 21 | 20½ | 20½ | — ⅛ |
| 7⅜ | 7⅝ | 500 | Interboro Consol. pf | 7⅝ | 7⅝ | 7⅜ | 7⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 103½ | 105¾ | 1,000 | Int. Harvester N. J | 100 | 106¾ | 100 | 100 | +3 |
| 26½ | 27 | 200 | Kansas City South | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | — ⅛ |
| 70⅝ | 70¾ | 12,400 | Lackawanna Steel | 68½ | 70⅝ | 68⅜ | 70⅝ | +2⅛ |
| 143⅜ | 144 | 100 | Lehigh Valley | 145⅜ | 145⅜ | 143⅜ | 143⅜ | +1½ |
| 43¼ | 45 | 800 | Long Island | 43½ | 43⅝ | 43½ | 43½ | +1½ |
| 112 | 115 | 100 | Loril., P., J. Co. pf | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 | —3½ |
| 118 | 120 | 200 | Louis. & Nash | 119 | 119 | 119 | 119 | ... |
| 44⅜ | 44⅞ | 1,200 | Maxwell Motors | 42⅜ | 45 | 42⅜ | 45 | +2 |
| 88⅜ | 89 | 250 | Max. Motors 1st pf | 88⅝ | 88⅝ | 88½ | 88½ | ... |
| 36½ | 37 | 400 | Max. Motors 2d pf | 36½ | 38⅜ | 36⅜ | 38⅝ | +1 |
| 84¾ | 85 | 5,500 | Mexican Petroleum | 86½ | 86⅜ | 84⅞ | 84½ | —1½ |
| 26⅜ | 27 | 900 | Miami Copper | 26⅞ | 27 | 26⅜ | 26¾ | — ⅛ |
| 6¾ | 7¼ | 700 | Mo., Kan. & Tex | 7 | 7 | 6¾ | 6¾ | — ⅛ |
| 14 | 15 | 800 | Mo. Kan. & T. pf | 14¼ | 14¼ | 14 | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 3¼ | 3½ | 800 | Missouri Pacific | 3½ | 3½ | 3¼ | 3¼ | — ⅛ |
| 57 | 57⅞ | 1,300 | Montana Power | 56 | 58 | 56 | 58 | +2 |
| 104 | 107 | 100 | Montana Power pf | 106½ | 106½ | 106½ | 106½ | — ½ |
| ... | ... | 120 | do., s 3 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | ... |
| 104 | 107 | 60 | do., odd lot | 106¾ | 106¾ | 106¾ | 106¾ | ... |
| 81¼ | 82 | 100 | Nat. Cloak & Suit | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 | + ⅛ |
| 25½ | 26 | 1,800 | Nat. En. & St. Co | 27 | 27 | 25½ | 25½ | — ⅛ |
| 63½ | 64½ | 900 | Nat. Lead Co | 64¼ | 64¼ | 63½ | 63¼ | —1½ |
| 140⅞ | 141⅞ | 200 | Nevada Con. Cop | 143⅝ | 143⅝ | 143⅝ | 143⅝ | ... |
| 144 | 146 | 400 | N. Y. Air Brake | 146 | 146 | 145 | 145 | —1 |
| 92 | 92½ | 3,100 | N. Y. Central | 92½ | 92½ | 91⅝ | 92 | — ¼ |
| 67⅛ | 67⅞ | 600 | N. Y., N. H. & H | 68 | 68 | 67½ | 67½ | — ¼ |
| 67¼ | 67⅜ | 65 | do., odd lot | 67¼ | 67¼ | 67¼ | 67¼ | ... |
| 26⅞ | 27 | 900 | N. Y., Ont. & West | 26½ | 26⅞ | 26½ | 26½ | — ⅜ |
| 109¾ | 109⅝ | 1,000 | Norfolk & Western | 110 | 110 | 109⅝ | 109⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 107 | 107¼ | 900 | Northern Pacific | 107⅜ | 107⅝ | 107 | 107 | — ⅛ |
| 30 | 30⅜ | 100 | Pacific Mail | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 32 | 34 | 100 | Pacific Tel. & Tel | 32½ | 32½ | 32½ | 32½ | + ⅛ |
| 109 | 109½ | 1,000 | Penn. R. R | 109⅝ | 109⅝ | 109½ | 109½ | — ⅜ |
| 87½ | 88 | 1,200 | Philadelphia Co | 88½ | 89 | 88 | 88 | — ⅜ |
| 68 | 70 | 100 | P., C., C. & St. L | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | —2 |
| 33 | 33½ | 1,000 | Pittsburgh Coal | 33¼ | 33⅜ | 33 | 33 | — ⅛ |
| 101 | 102 | 100 | Pittsburgh Coal pf | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | 101½ | 101¼ | + ⅛ |
| 61¾ | 62 | 1,500 | Pressed Steel Car | 62¾ | 62½ | 61¾ | 61¾ | — ⅛ |
| 98½ | 100 | 100 | Pressed Steel C. pf | 98½ | 98½ | 98½ | 98½ | —1⅝ |
| 158 | 158 | 700 | Pullman Co | 158 | 158 | 156⅞ | 157 | —2 |
| 37¼ | 38¼ | 400 | Railway Steel Sp | 38¼ | 38½ | 37¾ | 37¾ | — ¼ |
| 22½ | 22¾ | 2,700 | Ray Con. Copper | 22¼ | 22¾ | 22¼ | 22¾ | ... |
| 149⅝ | 149⅝ | 5,900 | Reading | 149½ | 150¼ | 149⅛ | 149⅝ | ... |
| 43 | 43¼ | 1,700 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 43⅜ | 43⅜ | 43 | 43¼ | + ⅛ |
| 101⅞ | 102 | 400 | Rep. Iron & S. pf | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 101⅞ | 102 | 20 | do., odd lot | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 | ... |
| 5 | 5¼ | 300 | Rumely, Co. | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5 | 5 | — ⅛ |
| 8 | 8⅛ | 600 | Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf | 8⅛ | 8⅛ | 8 | 8 | — ⅛ |
| 3½ | 3⅝ | 800 | St. Louis & San F | 4 | 4 | 3½ | 3½ | —1 |
| 5¼ | 5½ | 300 | St. L. & S. F. 2d pf | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5 | 5½ | — ½ |
| 14½ | 14⅝ | 300 | Seaboard Air Line | 14½ | 14⅝ | 14½ | 14⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 33¾ | 34 | 100 | Seab. Air Line pf | 33⅜ | 33⅜ | 33⅜ | 33⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 90 | 95 | 100 | S.-S. & I. Co. pf | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90¼ | +1½ |
| 88⅝ | 89 | 1,500 | Southern Pacific | 88½ | 88⅞ | 88¼ | 88⅝ | ... |
| 80 | 85 | 200 | So. Porto Rico Sug | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | ... |
| 15½ | 15¾ | 500 | Southern Railway | 16 | 16 | 15¾ | 15¾ | — ⅛ |
| 51 | 51⅞ | 400 | So. Railway pf | 51½ | 51½ | 51 | 51½ | + ⅛ |
| 56¼ | 57 | 100 | Standard Milling | 55⅞ | 55⅞ | 55⅞ | 55⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 117¼ | 117⅝ | 6,670 | Studebaker Co | 117½ | 118⅜ | 116 | 117½ | + ⅛ |
| 106⅞ | 108½ | 100 | Studebaker Co. pf | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | + ⅛ |
| 56½ | 56⅝ | 3,200 | Tennessee Copper | 57 | 57½ | 56 | 56 | — ⅛ |
| 155½ | 156 | 1,150 | Texas Co | 155 | 156½ | 155 | 155 | +1 |
| ... | 156 | 100 | Tex. Co. sub. cfs. f.p. | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | —5½ |
| 59 | 59¼ | 7,700 | Third Avenue | 58¾ | 59¾ | 58¾ | 59¼ | + ¾ |
| ... | ... | 35 | Twin City Rap. T | 135 | 135 | 135 | 135 | ... |
| 6¾ | 7 | 100 | Union B. & P. Co | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 129¼ | 129⅝ | 3,100 | Union Pacific | 129½ | 129⅞ | 129 | 129⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 80½ | 81¼ | 100 | Union Pacific pf | 80½ | 80½ | 80½ | 80½ | + ¼ |
| 47⅝ | 48¼ | 200 | United Cigar Mfrs | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | ... |
| 55 | 59⅞ | 40 | Un. Dry Goods pf | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | ... |
| 23⅜ | 23⅝ | 1,900 | United Frys. Inv | 23¼ | 23⅝ | 23¼ | 23⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 38⅞ | 39 | 100 | United Frys. Inv. pf | 38¾ | 38⅞ | 38¾ | 38⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 69 | 69½ | 1,000 | U. S. Express | 69 | 69½ | 68 | 68 | —1 |
| 76½ | 80 | 12,000 | U. S. Indus. Alco | 76½ | 80 | 76½ | 80 | +4 |
| 2½ | 4 | 200 | U. S. Red. & R. pf | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | — ¼ |
| 49⅜ | 50⅝ | 500 | U. S. Rubber | 50 | 50¼ | 50 | 50¼ | ... |
| 103⅝ | 105 | 10 | U. S. Rub. 1st pf | 103⅝ | 103½ | 103½ | 103½ | ... |
| 75¾ | 75⅝ | 51,100 | U. S. Steel | 75½ | 76 | 74⅞ | 75¼ | — ⅜ |
| 113⅞ | 113⅞ | 300 | U. S. Steel pf | 113⅞ | 113⅝ | 113½ | 113½ | — ⅜ |
| 66⅝ | 66⅞ | 3,100 | Utah Copper | 67¼ | 67¼ | 66¼ | 66⅝ | + ⅜ |
| 37⅝ | 37⅞ | 500 | Va.-Car. Chemical | 37⅝ | 38 | 37½ | 37½ | — ⅛ |
| 29⅞ | 29⅝ | 400 | Western Maryland | 29⅝ | 29⅝ | 29½ | 29½ | — ⅛ |
| 42 | 48 | 300 | West. Maryland pf | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | —4 |
| 76¼ | 76¼ | 1,300 | Western Union Tel | 76¼ | 76⅜ | 76 | 76⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 116¼ | 116⅜ | 22,700 | Westingh. El. & M | 116⅜ | 116½ | 115¾ | 116¼ | + ⅛ |
| 187¾ | 188 | 1,000 | Willys-Overland | 188½ | 188⅝ | 187 | 188 | + ½ |
| 31 | 35 | 100 | Wisconsin Central | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 | ... |

## STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of those two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Railroads | 72.68 | 72.09 | 72.34 | —.02 |
| Industrials | 87.00 | 86.36 | 86.32 | + .70 |

COMBINED AVERAGE.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. 7 | 78.39 | 77.18 | 77.83 | —.01 |
| Sept. 8 | 78.53 | 77.41 | 78.06 | + .23 |
| Sept. 9 | 79.56 | 78.22 | 79.16 | +1.10 |
| Sept. 10 | 79.59 | 78.12 | 78.31 | —.85 |
| Sept. 11 | 78.09 | 77.59 | 77.87 | —.44 |
| Sept. 13 | 79.18 | 78.14 | 78.99 | +1.12 |
| Sept. 14 | 79.72 | 78.72 | 79.33 | + .34 |

Range of Fifty Stocks.

| | High. | | Low. | | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *Sep., 1915 | 79.72 | Sep. 14 | 76.71 | Sep. 1 | 79.33 |
| Sep., 1914 | Exchange closed. | | | | |
| Sep., 1913 | 72.75 | Sep. 15 | 69.81 | Sep. 4 | 70.14 |
| Sep., 1912 | 86.83 | Sep. 30 | 82.10 | Sep. 13 | 85.19 |
| Sep., 1911 | 78.64 | Sep. 6 | 69.57 | Sep. 25 | 72.45 |
| *Year, 1915 | 79.72 | Sep. 14 | 58.99 | Feb. 21 | 79.33 |
| Year, 1914 | 73.30 | Jan. 31 | 57.47 | July 30 | 60.20 |
| Year, 1913 | 79.10 | Jan. 2 | 63.09 | Feb. 1 | 68.04 |
| Year, 1912 | 85.52 | Sep. 30 | 75.24 | Feb. 1 | 78.30 |
| Year, 1911 | 84.41 | June 26 | 69.57 | Sep. 25 | 77.60 |

*To date.

## NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

| | | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Monday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6s | —Sept., 1916 | 102⅜ | 102⅞ | 102⅜ | 102⅝ |
| 6s | —Sept., 1917 | 103¼ | 104⅛ | 103⅞ | 104⅛ |
| 4½s | —June, 1965 | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 101⅛ | 101⅜ |
| 4½s | —Mar., 1963 | 101⅛ | 102¼ | 101⅛ | 102 |
| 4½s | —Nov., 1957 | 101⅛ | 102 | 101⅛ | 102 |
| 4½s | —May, 1957 | 101⅛ | 102 | 101⅛ | 102 |
| 4½s | —Nov., 1917 | 100⅛ | 101¼ | 100⅛ | 101¼ |
| 4½s | —May, 1917 | 100⅛ | 101¼ | 100⅛ | 101¼ |
| 4½s | —Mar., 1964 | 98⅜ | 98⅝ | 98⅛ | 98⅜ |
| 4½s | —Mar., 1962 | 98⅜ | 98⅝ | 98⅛ | 98⅜ |
| 4½s | —Sept., 1960 | 98⅜ | 98⅝ | 98⅛ | 98⅜ |
| 4½s | —Mar., 1930-60 | 98⅜ | 98⅝ | 98⅛ | 98⅜ |
| 4s | —May, 1959 | 94½ | 94⅝ | 94⅜ | 94⅝ |
| 4s | —Nov., 1958 | 94½ | 94⅝ | 94⅜ | 94⅝ |
| 4s | —May, 1957 | 94½ | 95 | 94⅜ | 94⅝ |
| 4s | —Nov., 1956 | 93⅝ | 94½ | 93¾ | 94⅛ |
| 4s | —Nov., 1955 | 93¾ | 94½ | 93½ | 94⅛ |
| 4s | —Nov., 1936 | 94½ | .. | 94½ | .. |
| 4s | —May, 1917 | 100 | .. | 100 | .. |
| 4s | —Nov., 1918 | 99⅝ | .. | 99⅝ | .. |
| 4s | —May, 1919 | 99⅛ | .. | 99¼ | .. |
| 3½s | —Nov., 1955 | 85½ | .. | 85½ | .. |
| 3½s | —Nov., 1954 | 85½ | 86 | 85½ | 86 |
| 3½s | —May, 1954 | 85¼ | 85⅝ | 85½ | 85⅝ |

## STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Monday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-American | 16⅛ | 16¾ | 16½ | 17 |
| Atlantic Refining | 625 | 635 | 630 | 635 |
| Borne-Scrymser | 280 | 290 | 280 | 290 |
| Buckeye Pipe Line | 101 | 106 | 100 | 102 |
| Chesebrough Mfg | 720 | 740 | 720 | 740 |
| Colonial Oil | 130 | 140 | 130 | 140 |
| Continental Oil | 240 | 245 | 240 | 245 |
| Crescent Pipe Line | 46 | 48 | 46 | 48 |
| Cumberland Pipe L. | 50 | 54 | 50 | 54 |
| Eureka Pipe Line | 245 | 250 | 245 | 250 |
| Galena Signal Oil | 160 | 163 | 160 | 163 |
| Galena Signal Oil pf | 133 | 140 | 135 | 140 |
| Illinois Pipe Line | 150 | 158 | 156 | 158 |
| Indiana Pipe Line | 100 | 106 | 100 | 106 |
| Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd. | 9¾ | 10 | 9¾ | 9¾ |
| National Transit | 33 | 34 | 32 | 33 |
| N. Y. Transit | 218 | 223 | 220 | 225 |
| Northern Pipe Line | 102 | 102 | 102 | 103 |
| Ohio Oil | 152 | 154 | 153 | 155 |
| Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co. | 58 | 60 | 58 | 60 |
| Pierce Oil | 

**J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell**

25 Arizona Power Com. Stock
100 Appalachian Power Com. Stock
5 Auto Sales Gum & Chocolate 6s
100 Amer. Lithographic Pfd. Stock
25 American Chicle Com. Stock
25 American Brass Stock
100 Amer. & British Mfg. Com. Stock
25 Buckeye Pipe Line Stock
100 Bucyrus Com. Stock
150 Bush Terminal Com. Stock
50 Central Petroleum Pfd. Stock
100 Crocker-Wheeler Com. Stock
100 Cumberl'd Corp. Com. & Pfd. Stk.
100 Comput'g-Tabulat'g-Record'g Stk.
500 Eastern Steel Com. Stock
200 Eastern Steel 1st Pfd. Stock
223 Electric Properties Com. Stock
16 Franklin Trust Stock
100 General Manifold & Ptg. Stock
10 Guaranty Trust Stock
20 Home Insurance Stock
10 Harriman National Bank Stock
10 H. W. Johns-Manville Com. Stock
100 International Salt Com. Stock
125 Interboro. Rap. Transit Com. Stk.
100 McCall Corporation Com. Stock
5 Mo., Kan. & Texas Gen'l 4½s
20 Mechanics & Met. Nat. Bk. Stk.
100 Milliken Bros. Com. & Pfd. Stk.
30 Midvale Steel Stock
10 National Surety Stock
100 New York Dock Com. Stock
21 New York Dock Pfd. Stock
20 National Park Bank Stock
50 New Jersey Zinc Stock
50 New York Curtain Stock
5 Otis Elevator Deb. 5s
100 Phelps Dodge Co. Stock
30 Remington Typewriter Com. Stk.
100 Sweet Orr 2nd Pfd. Stock
10 Standard Oil of Kansas Stock
25 Scovill Manufacturing Stock
100 Terminal Warehouse Stock
25 Union Ferry Stock
18 Virginia Railway Com. Stock
25 Utah Securities Stock
6 Victor Talking Mach. Com. Stk.
5 Winchester Repeating Arms Stock
20 Worthington Pump Pfd. Stock
100 White Rock Water Com. Stock

**J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.**
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

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**STEAM PUMP**
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**Carbon Steel**
**Scovill Mfg.**
**American Surety**
**Guantanamo Sugar**
**Gilbert Eliott & Co**
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

*We Deal in*
Aetna Explosives
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Atlas Powder
Babcock & Wilcox
Du Pont Powder
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Hercules Powder
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New Jersey Zinc
Phelps Dodge & Co.
Standard Screw
Savage Arms
Winchester Arms
**FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.**
Phone Broad 5140, 30 Broad St., New York.
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**UNLISTED STOCKS**
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BABCOCK & WILCOX
BORDEN'S COND. MILK
NEW JERSEY ZINC CO.
OTIS ELEVATOR CO.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
SAFETY CAR HTG. & LGT.
**JENKS, GWYNNE & CO**
15 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

Ordnance Stocks
**Aetna Explosives**
**Atlas Powder**
**Du Pont Powder Pfd.**
**Hopkins & Allen Arms**
*Bought—Sold—Quoted*
**Hosmer & Webb**
Tel. 6962-6 Broad. 35 Broad St., N. Y.

**Driggs Seabury Ord. Com.**
**Midvale Steel**
**Int. Mer. Mar. Pfd. & Com.**
**Lima Locom. Corp. Com.**
**Guantanamo Sugar**
*Buy, Sell or Quote*
**Slattery & Co.**
*Specialists on New York Curb*
40 Exchange Place New York
*Telephone 4361 Broad.*

**Atlas Powder**
**Du Pont Powder Com.**
**Du Pont Powder Pfd.**
**Hercules Powder**
**Aetna Explosives**
**GWYNNE BROTHERS**
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad


# OUTSIDE SECURITIES

## Market Reactionary After Opening Strong--Mining Issues Generally Firm—Bonds Easier.

Tranasactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 375,095 shares of stocks and $33,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as folows: Industrials, 53,220; oils, 275; railroads, 200, and mining, 321,400. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,285 | ‡Can. Car & Foundry ...108 | 110 | 107 | 109 | |
| 600 | ‡Can. Car & Foundry pf..117 | 119 | 117 | 118 | |
| 2,010 | Can. Nat. Gas. | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 460 | ‡Car. Lt. & P. | 8¾ | 9 | ⁸⅝ | 8¾ |
| 95 | ‡Cramp S'bldg. | 82 | 83 | 82 | 83 |
| 225 | Driggs-Seab. | 113¾ | 114 | 113¾ | 114 |
| 21,000 | Sub. Boat, w.i. | 50¾ | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| 100 | Em. Mfg. Phon. | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 225 | †Fisk Tire. | 100 | 102 | 100 | 102 |
| 105 | ‡Hendee Mfg. | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| 4,000 | ‡Int. Mer. M. pf. | 3¼ | 3¼ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 6,000 | Int. M. M. pf. | 13¾ | 13¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 50 | ‡Int. Mer. M., new, w.i., pf. | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 80 | ‡Int. Nickel | 191 | 191 | 189 | 190 |
| 250 | ‡Int. Petrol. | 9¾ | 9⅞ | 9¾ | 9⅞ |
| 200 | Kath. Br. pf. | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ | 3⅞ |
| 25 | Kelly Sp. Tire. | 208 | 208 | 208 | 208 |
| 2,500 | †Lake Tor. St. | 14⅝ | 15¼ | 14⅜ | 15¼ |
| 800 | ‡Lake Torped. Boat 1st pf. | 16 | 16¼ | 16 | 16½ |
| 500 | Marc. of Am. | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3⅞ |
| 300 | N. Y. Transp. | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 600 | ‡Fyrene Mfg. | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13¼ | 13½ |
| 200 | Cor. of R.& H. | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| 600 | ‡Std. Motors. | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10⅝ | 10½ |
| 200 | ‡Steel Co. of Can. | 32½ | 33 | 32 | 32½ |
| 200 | Sterling Gum. | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ | 2⅝ |
| 1,000 | ‡St. Jo. Lead. | 12½ | 12⅞ | 12½ | 12⅝ |
| 4,200 | Triangle Film ctfs | 7⅛ | 7⅜ | 7 | 7⅜ |
| 800 | U.C.Stores, new | 9⅜ | 9⅞ | 9⅜ | 9⅞ |
| 200 | U. C. S. pf., new | 8 | 9½ | 8 | 9½ |
| 1,000 | U. Prof. Shar. | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ |
| 500 | U. S. Lt. & H. | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 700 | ‡World Film. | 3⅜ | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅝ |

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15 | Atlantic Ref. | 633 | 633 | 633 | — 2 |
| 35 | Ohio Oil | 154 | 152 | 154 | .. |
| 20 | Prairie O. & G. | 410 | 408 | 410 | .. |
| 18 | Prairie P. L. | 179 | 178 | 179 | — 1 |
| 10 | S. W. Penn. P. L. | 125 | 125 | 125 | .. |
| 10 | South Penn Oil. | 331 | 331 | 331 | — 5 |
| 25 | Std. Oil. Cal. | 310 | 308 | 310 | + 2 |
| 35 | Std. Oil, N. J. | 450 | 448 | 448 | — 2 |
| 45 | Std. Oil, N. Y. | 192 | 191 | 192 | + 1 |
| 62 | Vacuum Oil | 230 | 227 | 227 | — 1 |

RAILROAD.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 200 | Wabash pf.,(a) | 39½ | 39¾ | 39½ | 39¾ |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,500 | ‡Alaska Juneau | 12⅜ | 12⅜ | 12¼ | 12⅜ |
| 1,800 | ‡Alta - Consolidated Min. Co | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| 15,000 | ††Am. Commd. | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 |
| 1,200 | ††Atlanta | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 1,000 | ††Big Cot'wood | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 700 | Big Ledge Development Co. | 3½ | 3¾ | 3½ | 3¾ |
| 3,600 | ‡Booth | 47 | 47½ | 46 | 46 |
| 7,000 | Braden Cop. | 8¼ | 8½ | 8¼ | 8⅜ |
| 300 | Butte & N. Y. | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | 2⅛ |
| 2,000 | Caledonia | 98 | 100 | 98 | 99 |
| 200 | ‡Chile Copper | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ |
| 600 | Cons. Copper Mines | 2 | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ |
| 800 | Cons. Arizona | ¾ | ⅞ | ¾ | ⅞ |
| 3,000 | Diamond Black Butte | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 1,500 | ‡Emma Copper | 30 | 31 | 30 | 31 |
| 300 | First Nat. Cop. | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 700 | Florence | 45 | 45 | 44 | 44 |
| 200 | Goldfield Cons. | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ |
| 3,700 | ‡Goldfield Mer. | 19 | 19½ | 19 | 19 |
| 1,500 | Howe Sound. | 3⅜ | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |
| 3,700 | Jumbo Exten. | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 10,000 | Kennecott Cop. | 54½ | 54⅝ | 53⅜ | 53⅝ |
| 100 | Kerr Lake | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ |
| 33,100 | ‡Kewanas | 31 | 36½ | 31 | 36½ |
| 900 | Magma Copper | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ |
| 800 | McIntyre | 46½ | 46½ | 46¼ | 46¼ |
| 1,700 | ‡McKin.-Dar. | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 140000 | ††Mother Lode | 45 | 45 | 37½ | 39½ |
| 1,200 | ††Nat. Z. & L. | 38 | 39 | 38 | 39 |
| 300 | ††Nev. Hills | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 900 | New U. Bing. | 3⅜ | 3½ | 3⅜ | 3½ |
| 1,100 | Nip. M. Co. | 5⅞ | 6⅛ | 5⅞ | 6⅛ |
| 1,500 | ††Oro | 6 | 6½ | 6 | 6½ |
| 4,800 | ‡Rex Con. M. | 52 | 52 | 50 | 51 |
| 17,500 | ‡Sand. Kendall. | 11 | 13 | 11 | 12 |
| 3,500 | ††Silver Pick | 9 | 9 | 8½ | 8½ |
| 5,000 | Stewart | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| 21,000 | ††Success Min. | 89 | 89 | 87 | 88 |
| 27,000 | ‡Super. M. Co. | 23 | 23½ | 23 | 23½ |
| 1,500 | ‡W. E. Con. | 53 | 55 | 54 | 55 |

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20,000 | Can. C. & F. 6s. | 100½ | 100½ | 100 | 100 |
| 1,000 | D. & H. conv. 5s, w. i. | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ |
| 12,000 | Kenne. Cop. 6s. | 176 | 176 | 173 | 173 |

*Odd lots. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

***

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

| | Sept. 14. Bid. | Asked. | Sept. 13. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alliance Film | ⅛ | ¼ | ⅛ | ¼ |
| Brit.-A. T. Co., ord. | 13¾ | 14½ | 13½ | 14½ |
| B.-A. T. Co., ord. b. | 14 | 15 | 14 | 15 |
| Electric Boat | 470 | 490 | 490 | 515 |
| Electric Boat pf. | 470 | 490 | 490 | 515 |
| Franco -Spanish Pet. (a prospect) | 1 | 1¼ | 1 | 1¼ |
| Guantanamo Sugar | 60 | 62 | 59 | 63 |
| Hall Signal | 16 | 17 | 16 | 17 |
| Int. M. M., new, w.i. | 49 | 51 | 49 | 51 |
| Int. Motors | 26 | 28 | 27 | 29 |
| Int. Motors pf. | 55 | 60 | 55 | 60 |
| Int. Steam Pump pf. | 5 | 7 | 5 | 7 |
| K. S. T. new 1st pf. | 89 | 91 | 89 | 91 |
| Mutual Profit Shar. | 9 | 9½ | 9 | 9½ |
| M. Rumely, w. i. | 22 | 23 | 22 | 23 |
| Savoy Oil | 9¼ | 9⅝ | 9¼ | 9⅝ |
| Sherman Carbide | 6 | 8 | 5 | 10 |
| Sherman Carbide pf. | 5 | 10 | 8 | 15 |
| Wayland Oil & Gas. | 3⅜ | 4⅛ | 3⅜ | 4⅛ |

RAILROADS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wabash, w. i. | 10 | 10½ | 10 | 10½ |
| Wabash pf. (b) | 20 | 20½ | 20 | 20½ |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Arizona Duquesne | 38 | 40 | 38 | 40 |
| Canada Copper | ¾ | 1 | ¾ | 1 |
| Cashboy | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| Genesee Copper | 32 | 37 | 32 | 34 |
| Iron Blossom | 66 | 69 | 65 | 70 |
| Lone Star | 4 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| Majestic Mines | 40 | 50 | 40 | 60 |
| Stand. Silver-Lead | 1¼ | 1½ | 1¼ | 1½ |
| Tonopah Extension | 2⅛ | 2⅜ | 2⅛ | 2⅜ |
| Tonopah Mining | 5½ | 6 | 5⅛ | 6 |
| Tri-Bullion | ⅛ | ⅜ | ⅛ | ⅜ |
| Tuolumne Copper | ⅛ | ½ | ⅛ | ½ |
| White Knob Cop. pf. | 2 | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2½ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Calaveras 6s | 190 | 210 | 190 | 210 |
| Del. & Hudson rts. | ⅛ | ⅜ | ⅛ | ⅜ |
| Int. Mer. M. new 5s. | 78 | 80 | 78 | 80 |
| Pierce Oil 6s. | 79 | 80 | 79 | 80 |

***

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Monday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Aetna Explosives | 127 | 128 | 125 | 128 |
| Aetna Explosives pf. | 74 | 78 | 74 | 78 |
| Am. & Brit. Mfg. Co. | 8 | 10 | 9 | 11 |
| Am. & Br. Mfg. Co. pf. | 28 | 34 | 30 | 37 |
| Atlas Powder | 220 | 226 | 225 | 228 |
| Atlas Powder pf. | 94 | 98 | 95 | 100 |
| Bliss (E. W.) | 365 | 385 | 360 | 380 |
| Bliss (E. W.) pf. | 135 | 145 | 130 | 140 |
| Canadian Explosives | 335 | 355 | 330 | 360 |
| Canadian Exp. pf. | 104 | 108 | 105 | 110 |
| Carbon Steel | 26 | 28 | 28 | 29 |
| Carbon Steel 1st pf. | 45 | 50 | 45 | 50 |
| Carbon Steel 2d pf. | 27 | 32 | 24 | 30 |
| Colts Arms | 550 | 575 | 565 | 575 |
| Driggs-Seabury | 112 | 115 | 112 | 116 |
| Du Pont Powder | 675 | 685 | 675 | 685 |
| Du Pont Powder pf. | 100 | 6 | 98 | 102 |
| Hercules Powder | 378 | 384 | 363 | 375 |
| Hercules Powder pf. | 112 | 115 | 103 | 108 |
| Hopkins-Allen | 50 | 55 | 52 | 58 |
| Hopkins-Allen pf. | 95 | 102 | 95 | 105 |
| Lake Torpedo Boat | 14½ | 15½ | 14 | 16 |
| Niles-Bement-Pond | 113 | 115 | 113 | 116 |
| Niles-Bement-Pond pf | 95 | .. | 98 | 102 |
| Savage Arms | 285 | 305 | 290 | 315 |
| Submarine Boat | 48 | 49½ | 50 | 51 |
| W'chester Rep. Arms. | 2,200 | 2,400 | 2,200 | 2,400 |

## MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alta | .06 | Kentucky Con. | .02 |
| Alpha Con. | .02 | Mexican | .37 |
| Andes | .07 | Occidental Con. | .79 |
| Best & Belcher | .06 | Ophir | .22 |
| Caledonia | .50 | Overman | .09 |
| Challar | .03 | Potosi | .03 |
| Confidence | .16 | Savage | .06 |
| Con. Cal. & Va. | .10 | Seg. Belcher | .04 |
| Con. Imperial | .20 | Sierra Nevada | .30 |
| Gould & Curry | .03 | Union Con. | .34 |
| Hale & Norcross | .03 | Utah Con. | .03 |
| Justice | .03 | Yellow Jacket | .15 |

TONOPAH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Belmont | 3.80 | Comb. Fraction | .08 |
| Jim Butler | .77 | D'field Daisy | .03 |
| MacNamara | .45 | D'field B. B. | .02 |
| Midway | .10 | G'field C. M. | 1.27½ |
| Mizpah Exten. | .19 | G'field Kewanas | .38 |
| Montana | .30 | G'field Merger | .18 |
| North Star | .10 | Jumbo Exten. | 1.42¼ |
| Rescue Eula | .08 | Lone Star | .04 |
| Tonopah Exten. | 2.40 | Nevada Hills | .17 |
| Tonopah Merger | .25 | Rochester Mines | .26 |
| Victor | .27 | Round Mountain | .41 |
| West End | .53 | Silver Pick | .07 |
| GOLDFIELD. | | Varnal | .03 |
| Atlanta | .28 | MANHATTAN. | |
| Booth | .45 | Man. Big Four. | .05 |
| C. O. D. | .04 | | |

COLORADO SPRINGS.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dr. J'pot. | 9¾ | 10½ | Isabella | 15½ | 16½ |
| Elkton | 25⅞ | 26½ | Jackpot | 6¾ | 7¼ |
| El Paso | 76 | 90 | McKinney | 35 | 40 |
| Findlay | 2½ | 3 | Portland | 150 | 152 |
| Golden Cr. | 177 | 178 | R. B. H. | 2 | 4 |
| Gold Dol. | .. | 4 | Vindicator | 155 | 160 |
| Gold Sov. | 3 | 3⅝ | | | |

# ORDERS ROCK ISLAND DIRECTORS SUED

## Litigation Here for $6,000,000 Frisco Deal Profits Directed by Chicago Federal Judge

## ON AN OPINION BY TAFT

### Ex-President, as Counsel, Held Directors' Gains Illegal—Amster Procures Bond Interest.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—On the strength of an opinion prepared by William Howard Taft, Judge George A. Carpenter, in the United States District Court tonight, ordered the receivers of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company to bring action against present and former Directors of the company for the recovery of $6,000,000, the sum they are alleged to have mulcted from the railway company.

Under the court order the proceedings are to be instituted in the Federal Court of the Southern District of New York. The suits for recovery are to be based upon the transactions arising from the acquisition and subsequent divorcing of the Frisco lines.

The defendants to be named are Daniel G. Reid, R. A. Jackson, W. H. Graham, Ogden Mills, E. S. Moore, William H. Moore, F. L. Hine, George G. McMurtry, and G. T. Boggs.

Judge Carpenter's order directs that the American Steel Foundries Company, complainant in the receivership here, shall institute ancillary proceedings in New York court and secure the appointment of Jacob M. Dickinson and H. U. Mudge, co-receivers of the property, as receivers over all property belonging to the railway company in New York State. It further directs that the New York court will be asked to appoint Mr. Dickinson as sole receiver of all claims and causes of action which may exist in favor of the railway company against its present and former Directors. He is to have exclusive authority under the order to sue for the recovery of moneys alleged to have been taken unlawfully from the railway.

The appearance of ex-President Taft in Rock Island affairs came as a distinct surprise. Nevertheless it had been known for some time that he had been legal adviser to Receiver Dickinson, the court's personal representative in the proceedings. The results of his deliberations were contained in a typewritten opinion an inch thick, presented to the court today, charging that the Directors had unlawfully taken $6,000,000 in the Frisco deal.

Mr. Taft's appointment as adviser to the court's receiver came when Mr. Dickinson some time ago told Judge Carpenter that he wanted legal counsel to go to the bottom of the intricate puzzle. Judge Carpenter's answer was: "Get the best you can get." The selection of Mr. Taft followed. Mr. Dickinson served for a time as Secretary of War while Mr. Taft was President.

The court's order directing the filing of suits for the huge amount said to have been taken unlawfully from the railway by the Reid-Moore coterie means that if Mr. Dickinson is successful in his suits, several million dollars will be added to the road's assets.

The opinion of the former President upon which the Eastern suits are to be based has largely to do with the transactions between the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company, the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company, the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad and the Rock Island Company. The suits are the first legal actions for recovery brought against the railroad officials, although much testimony as to the transactions already has been developed in the inquiry conducted by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

## ROCK ISLAND PAYS INTEREST.

### Default on Debentures Averted with Two Hours Margin.

Default of the interest on the $20,000,000 debenture bonds of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway was narrowly avoided yesterday through the activity of N. L. Amster of Boston, the insurgent Director on the Rock Island Board. Mr. Amster, at the instance of Judge Carpenter of the Federal District Court in Chicago, raised the money with which to pay the semi-annual interest due two hours before the date of a technical default.

The amount required was $500,000. Mr. Amster said yesterday that he had raised $410,000 and that the other $90,000 had been raised through the influence of Judge Carpenter.

The $500,000 was deposited in New York and Chicago banks, and against it the court issued 6 per cent. receivers' certificates. The banks and individuals lending the money will take these certificates which will rank ahead of the stock and the debentures, but behind the refunding 4 per cent. bonds.

Mr. Amster said yesterday:

"The debentures run to 1932 and if there had been a default the principal, $20,000,000, would have fallen due immediately. This would have been a severe shock for the company."

According to Mr. Amster the Hayden Stockholders' Committee, which is working in opposition to the Amster Stockholders' Committee, refused to supply any of the $500,000.

"All obligations for October can be met out of cash in the treasury," continued Mr. Amster. "This includes the interest on the refunding bonds and also the $1,500,000 Bankers Trust Company note due Sept. 30. Our committee will go ahead now with a plan of reorganization and the payment of the interest on the debenture gives us six months to work out our plans."

## RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the first week of September show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Twelve roads | $8,454,649 | +$177,832 |
| Seven roads | 5,609,992 | — 254,602 |
| Total (19 roads) | 9,064,641 | — 76,770 |

MISSOURI PACIFIC SYSTEM for June—

| | 1915. | 1914. | 1913. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gross | $4,555,217 | $4,703,601 | $4,724,823 |
| Net after tax. | 1,091,507 | 1,102,682 | 1,186,886 |
| 12 mos. gross. | 58,209,306 | 59,985,731 | 62,155,500 |
| Net after tax. | 13,053,640 | 14,084,781 | 15,049,155 |

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN for June—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gross | 2,213,180 | 2,532,859 | 2,479,941 |
| Net after tax. | 590,325 | 653,478 | 596,068 |
| 12 mos. gross. | 29,883,629 | 33,289,717 | 34,136,597 |
| Net after tax. | 7,662,866 | 10,451,600 | 10,226,753 |

**Miscellaneous Earnings.**

AMERICAN RAILWAYS CO. subsidiaries consolidated gross earnings—

| | 1915. | 1914. | Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| August gross. | 472,614 | 504,253 | *$31,639 |
| 8 mos. gross. | 3,536,524 | 3,700,227 | *163,703 |

HAVANA ELECTRIC, RAILWAY, & POWER, (traffic receipts)—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2d week Sept. | 54,854 | 53,706 | 1,148 |
| Jan. 1-Sept. 12. | 1,887,311 | 1,975,164 | *87,853 |

LAKE SUPERIOR CORPORATION for the year ended June 30—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total income | 869,032 | 448,054 | *79,022 |
| Bond int. and gen. exp. | 337,370 | 424,644 | *57,274 |
| Surplus | 531,662 | 23,410 | 221,749 |
| Prev. surp. | 23,410 | 34,807 | *11,397 |
| Total | 25,072 | 58,217 | *33,145 |

NEVADA-CALIFORNIA POWER CO. (and subsidiaries) for July—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gross | 142,391 | 139,783 | 2,608 |
| Net after tax. | 74,285 | 71,625 | 2,660 |
| Sur. aft. chgs. | 41,956 | 44,502 | *2,546 |
| Balance after sink'g fund. | 37,347 | 39,999 | *2,652 |
| 7 mos. gross. | 945,172 | 851,640 | 93,532 |
| Net after tax. | 478,670 | 396,747 | 81,923 |
| Sur. aft. chgs. | 249,864 | 202,823 | 47,041 |
| Balance after sink'g fund. | 219,758 | 159,496 | 60,262 |

*Decrease.

# OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

## BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 35 | Balt. Elec. pf. | 42½ | 42½ | 42½ | 42½ |
| 8 | Con. Coal | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ |
| 1 | Con. Power | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 20 | Con. P., 20 flat. | 106¼ | 106¼ | 106 | 106 |
| 125 | Cosden | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 2 | Farm. & M. Bk | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 |
| 10 | Md. Casualty. | 86½ | 86½ | 86½ | 86½ |
| 5 | Mtg. Guar. Co. | 125 | 125 | 125 | 125 |
| 100 | Way. O. & G. | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | City Balt. 4s, '58, W. L. | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ |
| 3,000 | Con. Coal 6s. | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ |
| 500 | Con. Coal 6s. | 101¼ | 101¼ | 101¼ | 101¼ |
| 2,000 | Con. Pow. 4½s. | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85¾ | 85¾ |
| 5,000 | Elk. Fuel 5s. | 96⅝ | 96⅝ | 96⅝ | 96⅝ |
| 1,000 | Jam. C. & C. 5s | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| 10,000 | State Md. 4s, '22 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ |
| 10,000 | United Rys. & El. inc. 4s. | 57¾ | 57¾ | 57¾ | 57¾ |

## BOSTON.

MINING.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 425 | Ahmeek | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98½ |
| 2128 | Alaska | 34½ | 34½ | 33⅝ | 33⅝ |
| 25 | Algomah | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ | 2½ |
| 220 | Allouez | 54 | 54½ | 54 | 54½ |
| 2353 | American Zinc | 52¾ | 53 | 52¼ | 52¾ |
| 175 | Anaconda | 71¾ | 71¾ | 70⅞ | 71 |
| 563 | Arizona Com. | 8½ | 9 | 8½ | 8¾ |
| 100 | Butte-Bal. | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |
| 1320 | Butte & Sup. | 67 | 67½ | 66½ | 66¾ |
| 245 | Cal. & Ariz. | 62½ | 62½ | 62¼ | 62¼ |
| 86 | Cal. & Hecla. | 546 | 546 | 546 | 546 |
| 260 | Centennial | 16⅞ | 17 | 16⅞ | 17 |
| 30 | Chino | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 120 | Copper Range | 54 | 54½ | 54 | 54¼ |
| 25 | East Butte | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 337 | Franklin | 9 | 9½ | 8¼ | 9¼ |
| 518 | Granby | 83 | 84½ | 83 | 83¾ |
| 90 | Greene Can. | 38½ | 38½ | 38½ | 38½ |
| 20 | Hedley | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| 110 | Isle Royale | 27 | 27½ | 26¾ | 27½ |
| 10 | Lake | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 50 | Mass. Consol. | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 75 | Mich'gan | 2⅜ | 2½ | 2⅜ | 2½ |
| 62 | Mohawk | 71 | 72 | 71 | 72 |
| 85 | New Arcad. | 9½ | 10 | 9½ | 9⅝ |
| 575 | New Idria | 9¼ | 9⅝ | 9¼ | 9⅝ |
| 175 | Nipissing | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 60 | No. Butte | 29¼ | 29⅝ | 29¼ | 29¼ |
| 50 | North Lake | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| 30 | Old Dominion | 53½ | 53½ | 53¼ | 53¼ |
| 70 | Osceola | 81 | 81¼ | 81 | 81¼ |
| 365 | Pond Creek | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17 | 17 |
| 15 | Quincy | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| 225 | Shannon | 7¼ | 7¼ | 7 | 7 |
| 163 | Shattuck | 20 | 25 | 20 | 25 |
| 1695 | St. Mary's | 50½ | 53 | 50½ | 52¾ |
| 10 | Sup. & Boston | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 100 | Sup. Copper | 26½ | 26¾ | 26¼ | 26¾ |
| 1717 | Tamarack | 53 | 56½ | 53 | 55½ |
| 90 | Trinity | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 50 | Tuolumne | 45c | 45c | 45c | 45c |
| 446 | U. S. Smelt. | 40½ | 40¾ | 40 | 40¼ |
| 1094 | do pf. | 46½ | 46½ | 46 | 46 |
| 200 | Utah Apex | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ | 3½ |
| 100 | Utah Consol. | 12¾ | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ |
| 100 | Utah Copper | 66¾ | 66¾ | 66¾ | 66¾ |
| 205 | Wolverine | 56½ | 58½ | 56½ | 58¼ |

RAILROADS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15 | Boston & Al. | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 |
| 5 | Boston Elev. | 78 | 78 | 78 | 78 |
| 45 | Boston & Me. | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| 10 | Mass Elec. pf. | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| 110 | N.Y., N.H. & H. | 68 | 68 | 67½ | 67½ |
| 3 | Old Colony | 141 | 141 | 141 | 141 |
| 8 | W. E. St. Ry. | 64½ | 64½ | 64½ | 64½ |
| 2 | W. E. S. R. pf. | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 |

MISCELLANEOUS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 50 | Am. Ag. Ch. | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| 5 | Am. Ag. Ch. pf. | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ | 96½ |
| 10 | Am. Sugar | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 |
| 5 | Am. Sugar pf. | 114½ | 114½ | 114½ | 114½ |
| 320 | Am. T. & T. | 123¼ | 123¼ | 123 | 123¼ |
| 30 | Am. Woolen | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ |
| 214 | Am. Wool. pf. | 94½ | 94½ | 94 | 94 |
| 850 | A., G. & W. I. | 16⅞ | 17 | 16⅜ | 17 |
| 463 | A. G. & W. I. pf. | 32½ | 32⅝ | 32 | 32 |
| 20 | Edison | 228 | 229 | 228 | 230 |
| 28 | Ga. Ry. & El. | 116 | 116 | 116 | 116 |
| 5 | Mass. Gas pf. | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| 25 | McElwain pf. | 97¾ | 98 | 97¾ | 98 |
| 5 | N. E. Teleph. | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 |
| 67 | Pullman | 160 | 160 | 158 | 158 |
| 12 | Swift & Co. | 119 | 119½ | 119 | 119½ |
| 72 | Torrington | 35 | 35½ | 35 | 35½ |
| 60 | United Fruit | 134¾ | 135½ | 134¾ | 135½ |
| 110 | *Un. Shoe M. | 49½ | 49¾ | 49 | 49 |
| 20 | *U. S. M. pf. | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ |
| 3,715 | U. S. Steel | 75⅝ | 75⅞ | 75 | 75⅞ |
| 350 | Ventura Oil | 11 | 11 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ |
| 90 | Western Union | 76½ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ |

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $2,000 | A. T. & T. 4s. | 87½ | 87½ | 87½ | 87½ |
| 500 | A. T. & T. 4½s. | 100 | 100½ | 100 | 100½ |
| 23,500 | A., G. & W. I. 5s. | 71¾ | 72 | 71¾ | 71¾ |
| 3,000 | Mich. St. El. 5s. | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ |
| 2,000 | N. E. Tel. 5s. | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ |
| 3,000 | Pond Creek 6s. | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ | 95½ |
| 2,000 | W. T. & T. 5s. | 96½ | 96¾ | 96½ | 96¾ |

*Ex-dividend.

## CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9 | Am. Radiator. | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 |
| 253 | Chi. Pneu. Tool | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 |
| 13 | Com. Edison. | 136¾ | 136¾ | 130¾ | 130¾ |
| 10 | Dia. Match. | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| 30 | Ill. Brick. | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 16 | Kan. Ry. & L. com. ctfs. | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 10 | K. Ry. & L. pf | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| 50 | Mont. Ward. | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 |
| 34 | Public Svc. pf. | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 |

# NEW PEARSITE DYE IS NOW ON MARKET

### Kentucky Plant Begins Operation and Distributors Here Are Named.

### FIVE COLORS ARE PRODUCED

### Dr. Norton Favors Readjustment of Tariff on Dyestuffs Based on Various Needs.

It was announced yesterday that F. Bredt & Co. of this city had been chosen by the Pearsite Company, holder of the new oxidized cannel coal process for turning out dystuffs, as distributors of the new colors in this country. Bredt & Co. is an old-established firm of commission merchants, who have handled coal tar dyes for many years and have produced them at a plant in Union Course, L. I.

The announcement was made following the arrival in this city of Colonel H. P. Bope of Pittsburgh, Vice President of the Carnegie Steel Company and head of the Pearsite concern. The first regular run of the new dystuffs, which it is asserted will revolutionize the color-making industry of the world, began yesterday at the plant at Cannel City, Ky., and the output will be increased steadily up to the full capacity of the existing works.

According to authoritative information, the colors now being produced are a sky blue, a direct black, a benzol red, a wool black, and a direct green. John Lindemann of Bredt & Co., who will handle the new dyestuffs as selling agents, said that the colors enumerated were of the first quality and measured up to full requirements as regards fastness, and were equal in every way to the foreign standard products. Mr. Lindemann added that he personally had tested the new colors and was convinced of their adaptability to cotton, silk and woolen fabrics.

"The five colors referred to," said Mr. Lindemann, "are the only ones to be produced for the present by the Pearsite Company. Just as soon, however, as one unit can be combined with another unit the company will proceed to produce other colors until finally all colors are manufactured. We expect to receive the first shipment from the plant at the end of next week. After that the output is expected to grow daily so that by the middle of November the factory will turn out 10,000 pounds of colors a day. The capacity will be about 5,000 pounds a week until the middle of next month. Later, when running full, the output will be 40,000 pounds daily."

**Avoids Old Handicaps.**

It was stated that as the Pearsite Company produced dyes from its own raw material, it would not be handicapped by the difficulties under which many old-process concerns labor. Mr. Lindemann said that the agents were filling applications of mills for the new colors in the order received.

Dr. Thomas H. Norton, Government expert, investigating the chemical and dyestuff situation, said he had not had time to prepare a statement for the newspapers describing the process held by the Pearsite Company. He had made a careful examination of samples of a new class of colors developed from the waste products of petroleum, and said that he planned to have a large manufacturing plant test the colors to determine their durability and brilliancy.

"These colors," said Dr. Norton, "are from waste products of petroleum, the kind of waste that is costing the Standard Oil Company at Bayonne thousands of dollars each year to get rid of. While the Rittman process of extracting benzol and tuluol from petroleum is a demonstrated success, the process outlined to me today by an inventor whose name I am not at liberty to divulge at this time utilizes the petroleum wastes, and by its means a single process produces the dyestuffs required in coal tar textile industries. The process will receive careful investigation, and it seems a possible promise of much importance to the dyestuff industry."

Dr. Norton showed several samples of dyed woolen, silk, and cotton yarns which had been given to him by the inventor of the process. They were mostly in browns and yellows. He also showed a green which had been developed within the last week, and a blue, a product of twenty-four hours old. Several Wall Street investors called to confer regarding added potash production. Henry Morgenthau, Jr., son of the American Ambassador at Constantinople, was one of the callers. Ways and means of developing the possible production of the country will be taken up in a conference tomorrow between Dr. Norton and Professor Edwin Hart.

Dr. Norton made known for the first time his attitude toward a higher tariff to protect domestic color manufacturers from German competition. He said that there might be a few colors of recent invention imported in small quantities for which possibly the present tariff rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem was not adequate.

**Dr. Norton on Tariff.**

"On the other hand," said the chemist, "there is absolutely no question that many of the dyestuffs now imported and paying 30 per cent. duty can profitably be manufactured in this country with a lessened degree of protection. There are certain colors which probably would have ample protection so far as the difference in the cost of production is concerned, if the tariff rate were 15 to 20 per cent. There are others whose production would be sufficiently protected if the tariff rate were 25 per cent. The existing tariff rate of 30 per cent. on the great mass of so-called aniline dyestuffs is one illustration of the lack of logic shown in placing a horizontal flat rate of duty on a category embracing hundreds of different products, some of which involve very few and simple operations in their manufacture as well as products which are the result of intricate and complex transformations.

"Some products might be introduced without any tariff protection, on account of the slight element of labor involved in the cost of their manufacture. The protection afforded by freight interest on the value of the wares while in transit, and other items would in itself constitute an adequate measure of protection. The absolute lack of any imperative necessity for a high rate of duty on coal tar products is easily shown when we analyze the elements which enter into the cost of production. Chemicals which are employed during the various process in the manufacture of any kind of dyestuff, cost practically the same in Germany, France or England as they do in this country."

Dr. Norton emphasized that the initial cost to American dyestuff companies would be heavy and must be reckoned with, but that eventually the cost of production here would be reduced constantly. He believed that Congress should grant "absolute and unquestioned statutory protection from underselling on the part of foreign competing rivals rather than by interfering with existing tariff rates."

## LEVY WILL NOT RESIGN.

### Justice Contemplated Doing So, but He Is Urged to Remain.

Aaron J. Levy, Justice of the Municipal Court in the Second Manhattan District, announced yesterday that he will not retire from the bench as he had contemplated doing. He said:

"I desire to say that while it is perfectly true that I contemplated returning to the private practice of law, I have yielded to the judgment of my colleagues on the Bench, and others, and have determined for the present at least to remain a member of the Court."

## TRADE BALANCE GROWS.

### Figures for Two Months of New Fiscal Year Show Steady Increase.

Some striking figures are given in an analysis of this country's favorable trade balance issued yesterday by O. P. Austin, Statistician of the Foreign Trade Department of the National City Bank.

The excess of exports over imports in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, was $1,094,419,660, against $470,659,401 in 1914; $652,875,915 in 1913, and $666,431,554 in 1908, the former high record year in excess of exports or favorable trade balance. In the first twelve months of the European war, Aug. 1, 1914, to Aug. 1, 1915, the excess of exports over imports was $1,215,700,056, and in the first thirteen months of the war, Aug. 1, 1914, to Aug. 31, 1915, the excess was approximately $1,320,000,000, the August, 1915, figures being an estimate based upon the weekly statements of the Department of Commerce covering the trade of thirteen principal ports of the country.

The statement shows that while the high tide in excess of exports occurred in February, the movement is still running at the rate of over $100,000,000 a month, suggesting that the favorable trade balance for the current year may probably exceed that of the fiscal year just ended in case of a continuance of the European war with its demand for foodstuffs and war supplies.

## NEW INCORPORATIONS.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Thirty-one corporations chartered today had aggregate capital stocks of $447,300. They included:

Kinetic-room Corporation, moving pictures, films, apparatus, $100,000; George B. Read, Earnest A. Zeins, George Edwin Joseph, 165 Broadway.

Wester-Stone Company, cutlery, $125,000; Amelia, Max and Charles Wester, 71 Murray Street.

Advance-Rumely Thresher Company, engines, sawmills, ploughs, threshing machinery, $50,000; Joseph A. Bennett, George F. Worth, Howard C. Reid, 14 Wall Street.

The National Bung Company, Queens, merchandise, $25,000; Clarence H. Spear, Rose and John Stich, Neilson Avenue, Far Rockaway.

Cosmopolitan Novelty Company, artificial arms, dolls, novelties, $10,000; Charles Fried, Isaac Wolandski, John Ungar, 812 Broadway.

Seibels, Ceiling & Co., realty, insurance brokerage, $10,000; Clinton Combes, E. Ellis, Harry D. Mims, 52 Nassau Street.

The Balsam Realty Corporation, realty, $15,000; Violet W. Johnson, Henry Bayard, Jules A. Brulatour, 490 Riverside Drive.

Andrews and Nelson, jewelry, ornaments, fancy articles, diamonds, $20,000; Bertha Miller, Edwin W. Andrewa, Albert Winsten, 501 West 180th Street.

Interstate Retailers Association, merchandising, $5,000; Samuel S. Markel, William Wohlgemuth, Adolph Bauer, 980 Prospect Avenue, Bronx.

Neck Road Sales Corporation, realty, construction, $10,000; A. M. Fowler, A. P. Morswood, G. H. Brevillier, 32 Liberty St.

The Richmonite Company, boiler compounds for prevention of scale, boilers, $10,000; Herbert H. Neale, Joseph H. Amo, Fred Risch, 1,562 Amsterdam Av.

Alrod Realty Company, Bronx, realty, construction, $5,000; George I. Carpenter, Edith and Rudolph Lotwenthall, 382 East 176th St., Bronx.

Excelsior Advertising Company, Bronx, devices, designs, novelties, realty, construction, $5,000; Kasimir J. Rybicki, Edward A. Carraher, Henry Martin, 2,342 Webster Av., Bronx.

Crown Art Metal Company, jewelry, ornaments, novelties, trinkets, $5,000; Harlan S. Doncarlos, Thomas L. Martyre, William Foxen, 210 Nassau St.

Hotel Gresdale Company, realty, construction, $5,000; Oscar Vannamo, Samuel A. Terry, Fenwick W. Hatfield, 3 West 8th St.

Rodum Realty Corporation, Brooklyn, realty, construction, $5,000; Daniel S. Shalvey, William C. McGann, August P. Kirschner, 1,301 Putnam Av.

Long & Heller, North Pelham, moving-picture machines, lanterns, slides, films, advertising, $5,000; Charles A. and John H. Hejler, John E. Long, 124 East 23d St.

Capital increases: The Hermitage Company, New York, $500,000 to $650,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Commercial Envelope & Box Company, New York; John McCrodan & Co., Manhattan; Adolph A. Levy, Inc., Manhattan; The Travel Club, Manhattan.

## SHORT TERM NOTES.

**Government Issues.**

| Security. | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Argen. Govt. | 6 | Dec., 1915 | 100⅝ | 101 | 2.50 |
| Argen. Govt. | 6 | Dec., 1916 | 100⅝ | 100⅞ | 5.25 |
| Argen. Govt. | 6 | Dec., 1917 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 5.75 |
| Argen. Govt. | 6 | May, 1920 | 98⅝ | 98⅞ | 6.30 |
| City of Mont. | 5 | Dec., 1917 | 98¼ | 99⅛ | 5.15 |
| City of Q'b'c. | 5 | Apr., 1920 | 98¼ | 99¼ | 5.20 |
| Dom. of Can. | 5 | Aug., 1916 | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 4.60 |
| Dom. of Can. | 5 | Mar., 1917 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 4.85 |
| French Govt. | 5 | Apr., 1916 | 98 | 98¼ | 9.50 |
| German Govt. | 5 | Jan., 1916 | 98⅞ | 99⅛ | 8.00 |
| Norway Govt. | 6 | Oct., 1916 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Norway Govt. | 6 | Oct., 1917 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Swedish Govt. | 6 | Dec., 1916 | 99 | 99½ | 6.45 |
| Swiss Govt. | 5 | Mar., 1916 | 99¼ | 100 | 5.00 |
| Swiss Govt. | 5 | Mar., 1918 | 96⅜ | 97 | 6.30 |
| Swiss Govt. | 5 | Mar., 1920 | 95¾ | 96¼ | 5.95 |

**Company Issues.**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ala. Power. | 6 | Feb., 1918 | 100 | 101 | 5.60 |
| Am. Cot. Oil. | 5 | Nov., 1917 | 100⅜ | 100¾ | 4.95 |
| Am. Loco. | 5 | July, 1919 | 100½ | 101¼ | 3.20 |
| Am. T.&T. sub. | 5 | Apr., 1916 | 100⅞ | 101¼ | 3.05 |
| Ana. Copper. | 5 | Mar., 1917 | 101 | 101¼ | 4.15 |
| Balt. & Ohio. | 4½ | June, 1918 | 90⅜ | 90¾ | 4.55 |
| Balt. & Ohio. | 4½ | June, 1918 | 88⅜ | 88⅞ | 5.00 |
| B'klyn R. T. | 5 | July, 1918 | 99⅞ | 100⅛ | 4.95 |
| Can. North'n. | 5 | Sep., 1917 | 98¼ | 98⅝ | 5.75 |
| Can. Pacific. | 6 | Mar., 2, '16 | 101¾ | 102¼ | 6.70 |
| Con. Pr. Co. | 6 | May, '17 | 98½ | 99½ | 6.50 |
| Con. Gas. Balt. | 5 | May, 1917 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 4.70 |
| Ches. & Ohio. | 5 | June, 1919 | 93⅝ | 94 | 6.85 |
| Chi. & W. I. | 5 | Sep., 1917 | 98½ | 99 | 5.80 |
| Chi. Rl. Rys. | 4 | July, 1916 | 92 | 93½ | 12.80 |
| C. P. R. & L. | 6 | June, 1916 | 98½ | 99½ | 6.25 |
| E. Pow. & Lt. | 5 | .... | 1918 | 93 | 00¼ | 6% |
| Erie R. R. | 5 | Apr., 1916 | 100¼ | 100½ | 4.05 |
| Erie R. R. | 5 | Oct., 1915 | 100 | 100⅛ | 1.00 |
| Erie R. R. | 5½ | Apr., 1917 | 98⅝ | 100 | 5.50 |
| Gen. Rubber. | 5 | Dec., 1918 | 99¾ | 100¼ | 5.55 |
| Grand Rap. E. | 5 | May, 1916 | 100 | 100⅜ | 4.51 |
| Grand R. Ry. | 5 | June, 1916 | 100 | 100⅜ | 4.47 |
| Hav. El. Ry. | 6 | Sep., 1918 | 98½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Hock. V. Ry. | 5 | Nov., 1918 | 100 | 100⅜ | 1.50 |
| Int. Harv. | 5 | Feb. 15'18 | 100⅜ | 100⅝ | 4.75 |
| Lack. Steel | 5 | Mar., 1917 | 99⅝ | 100 | 6.00 |
| L. S. & M. S. | 5 | Dec., 1915 | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 1.00 |
| Louis. G. & E. | 5 | Apr., 1937 | 98¼ | 99⅛ | 6% |
| Mich. Ry. | 6 | June, 1919 | 99½ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Minn. Gen. E. | 6 | June, 1917 | 100½ | 101 | 5.50 |
| Mont. T. & P. | 6 | Apr., 1917 | 96 | 97¼ | 7.05 |
| N. E. Nav. | 6 | May, 1917 | 96¼ | 96⅝ | 8.50 |
| N. Y. C. & H. R. | 5 | May, 1914 | 100 | 100⅛ | 4.25 |
| N.Y.N.H.&H. | 5 | May, 1916 | 100¼ | 100⅜ | 4.25 |
| Nor. St. P. | 6 | June, 1917 | 99 | 100 | 6.00 |
| No. States P. | 5 | June, 1917 | 99 | 100 | 6.00 |
| Penn. R. R. | 6½ | Feb., 1915 | 100 | 100¼ | 1.00 |
| P. S. C., N. J. | 5 | Mar., 1916 | 100⅜ | 100⅝ | 3.75 |
| Sea. A. L. | 5 | Mar., 1918 | 100¼ | 100⅝ | 3.23 |
| Southern Ry. | 5 | Feb., 1916 | 100⅜ | 100⅝ | 4.00 |
| Southern Ry. | 5 | May, 1917 | 98⅝ | 98¾ | 6.15 |
| Sulz. & Sons. | 6 | June, 1916 | 100⅝ | 100¾ | 4.85 |
| U. S. Smelt. | 5 | June, 1918 | 98 | 98⅜ | 5.45 |
| Union Typew. | 5 | Jan. 15,'16 | 94 | 94⅝ | 20.35 |
| United Fruit. | 6 | May, 1917 | 101½ | 102 | 4.70 |
| United Fruit. | 5 | May, 1918 | 99¼ | 99½ | 5.15 |
| Utah Co. | 6 | Apr., 1917 | 100¼ | 100⅝ | 5.40 |
| West. E. & M. | 5 | Oct., 1917 | 100⅞ | 101¼ | 4.35 |
| West. E. & M. | 5 | Mar., 1917 | 98⅝ | 99¼ | 6.85 |
| W. Pr. Co. | 6 | Mar., 1917 | 98½ | 99½ | 6.25 |
| W. Va.T. & R. | 6 | June, 1917 | 98 | 98 | 7% |

## PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| American Light & Traction | 326 | 330 |
| American Light & Traction pf. | 104½ | 110 |
| Adirondack Electric Power | 14 | 16 |
| Adirondack Electric Power pf. | 49 | 58 |
| *American Gas & Electric | 104 | 106 |
| *American Gas & Electric pf. | 48 | 50 |
| American Power & Light | 59 | 62 |
| American Power & Light pf. | 79 | 82 |
| American Public Utilities | 36 | 38 |
| American Public Utilities pf. | 60 | 64 |
| American Waterworks & Electric | 5 | 8 |
| A. W. W. & E. participating pf. | 14 | 18 |
| Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf. | 55 | 60 |
| Atlantic Pow. & L. 7% cum. pf. | 45 | 50 |
| Cities Service | 46 | 50 |
| Cities Service pf. | 54 | 57 |
| Colorado Power | 17 | 19 |
| Colorado Power pf. | 92 | 97 |
| Commonwealth P. R. & L. | 50½ | 52½ |
| Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf. | 79 | 81 |
| Consumers Power pf., Mc. | 90 | 94 |
| Consumers Power 5s, 1929 | 90 | 91 |
| Dayton Power & Light | 30 | 32 |
| Dayton Power & Light pf. | 85 | 90 |
| Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s | 91¼ | 94¼ |
| Electric Bond Deposit pf. | 67 | 69 |
| Electric Bond & Share pf. | 100 | 105 |
| Empire District Electric 5s | 73 | 78 |
| Empire District Electric pf. | 60 | 70 |
| Federal Light & Traction | 14 | 18 |
| Federal Light & Traction pf. | 35 | 40 |
| Gas & Electric Securities | 66 | 70 |
| Gas & Electric Securities pf. | 50 | 70 |
| Great Western Power 5s, 1946 | 81½ | 83 |
| Lincoln Gas & Electric | 19 | 20 |
| Northern Ontario Light & Power | 10 | 13 |
| Nor. Ontario Light & Power pf. | 47 | 52 |
| Northern States Power | 29 | 30 |
| Northern States Power pf. | 86 | 87 |
| Ozark Power & Water | 15 | 20 |
| Pacific Gas & Electric | 49 | 50 |
| Pacific Gas & Electric pf. | 84½ | 87 |
| Republic Ry. & Light Co. | 13 | 14 |
| Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf. | 56 | 59 |
| Southern California Edison | 72 | 75 |
| Southern California Edison pf. | 93 | 97 |
| *Standard Gas & Electric | 3 | 7 |
| *Standard Gas & Electric pf. | 29½ | 30½ |
| Tennessee Ry. Light & Power | 5 | 6½ |
| Tennessee Ry. Light & Power pf. | 21 | 25 |
| United Light & Rys. | 35 | 40 |
| United Light & Rys. 1st pf. | 77½ | 80 |
| Utah Securities | 12½ | 14½ |
| Western Power | 13½ | 15 |
| Western Power pf. | 47 | 50 |

*Par value, $50.

# COTTON ADVANCES TO NEW HIGH LEVEL

### Strength of the Market Is Apparently Based Upon the Lack of Contracts.

### NET GAIN 13 TO 15 POINTS

### Census Bureau Statement Bullish in Tenor and Reports of Crop Damage Are Effective.

Another big burst of buying in the last half hour swept cotton bears off their feet and sent prices up to new high levels. There is a tendency to ascribe the advance to exaggerated crop damage reports, but this appears to be an effort by the bears to throw cold water on the upward movement.

The strength of the market apparently is based on nothing more or less than scarcity of contracts. Bears have sold all they care to sell and bulls also have sold as much as they care to sell. Consequently, when fresh buying enters the market the scarcity of contracts becomes acute. Hedge selling has not yet become a factor in the market, and until prices reach a level at which big trade interests or the leading longs decide to sell there is not much likelihood of a decline.

For the time being very little attention is being paid to the crop aside from the predictions that it will be much less than requirements. This would be interesting if it were true, but until the season is considerably older the result must be left to conjecture.

The report of the Census Bureau on Supply and Distribution was moderately bullish in its showing. It placed consumption by American mills during August at 465,000 bales compared with 408,000 in July and 388,000 in August last year. Stocks of cotton on hand in manufacturing establishments at the end of August amounted to 1,168,000 bales against 675,00 last year. The amount of linters consumed during August was 55,000 bales against 25,000 a year ago.

The market was more or less irregular until the middle of the session, when it became evident that all of the early selling had been absorbed without breaking the price. Renewed bull support in the last three-quarters of an hour gave the market a strong closing, with prices showing a net gain of 13 to 15 points.

Southern wires state that spot demand was not so keen as it had been. The South also sold occasionally, but not in sufficient volume to affect prices.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were steady, 10 to 15 points advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance, 10.45 for middling. Futures closed strong.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. | 10.57 | 10.39 | 10.56@10.57 | 10.41@10.45 |
| Dec. | 10.96 | 10.75 | 10.93@10.94 | 10.78@10.80 |
| Jan. | 11.11 | 10.90 | 11.09@11.10 | 10.93@10.97 |
| March | 11.41 | 11.20 | 11.40@11.41 | 11.23@11.27 |
| May | 11.60 | 11.40 | 11.58@11.59 | 11.54@11.56 |
| July | 11.79 | 11.72 | 11.74@11.75 | 11.71@11.73 |

Total port receipts, 37,621 bales. Last year, 13,537 bales.

RECEIPTS.

| | Yesterday. | Last Week. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New Orleans | 4,957 | 911 | 688 |
| Galveston | 10,782 | 3,807 | 7,852 |
| Mobile | 1,621 | 277 | 1,533 |
| Charleston | 2,972 | 278 | 537 |
| Savannah | 6,336 | 5,997 | 2,552 |
| Wilmington | 471 | 75 | 157 |
| Norfolk | 268 | 1,400 | 583 |

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Augusta | 3,486 | 1,861 | 2,706 |
| Memphis | 149 | 17 | 520 |
| St. Louis | 18 | 528 | 101 |
| Houston | 15,321 | 10,585 | 6,948 |

Exports, 8,282 bales; total thus far this season, 226,036 bales; total last season, 31,-836 bales.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

| Sales. | Spots. | Stocks. | Last Yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 340 Galveston | 10.40 | 158,353 | 85,630 |
| 4,000 New Orleans | 10 | 125,445 | 49,272 |
| 16 Mobile | 9.75 | 4,164 | 4,109 |
| 2,908 Savannah | 09¾ | 165,291 | 21,461 |
| 900 Charleston | 09¾ | 46,831 | 4,468 |
| — Wilmington | — | 29,827 | 7,958 |
| 498 Norfolk | 9.88 | 35,458 | 14,085 |
| 1,955 Augusta | 9.88 | 18,725 | 22,071 |
| 900 Memphis | 9.88 | 55,378 | 15,876 |
| — St. Louis | 09¾ | 1,722 | 13,735 |
| 3,866 Houston | 10.35 | 88,307 | 43,382 |

The Liverpool market opened steady. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling 16 points advance, at 6.27d. Sales, 12,000; receipts, 3,000, all American. Market closed barely steady.

**Lockport Daily Journal Sold.**

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The Lockport Daily Journal was sold today to the Corson Manufacturing Company, publishers of The Lockport Union-Sun, and will be consolidated with that paper tomorrow.

**Tennessee Copper Bonds.**

Arrangements have been made for the sale by the Tennessee Copper Company of $2,000,000 6 per cent. convertible bonds to the stockholders of the company. It was stated yesterday that a syndicate, headed by the National City Bank, would finance the issue.

## COMMODITIES MARKETS

### WHEAT.

The wheat market was again very much unsettled by conditions prevailing in the cash situation, and traders were puzzled over probable future developments. Early in the day the market advanced 1⅛@2¼c on active covering, prompted by reports of rains in the Northwest, which were expected to retard the movement of Spring wheat. Longs sold quite freely on the advance, and prices experienced an irregular reaction, closing at 1⅛c net higher for September, and unchanged to ⅛c advance for the later months. Cash premiums were very firm in all markets, especially in the Southwest. Notwithstanding the high prices obtainable, offers of Winter wheat from the country were not noticeably increased, and this gave rise to the belief that a very large amount of wheat is still in unmerchantable condition. Exporters and shippers generally were trying to cover their contracts for late September and early October, and no little confusion prevailed in the trade over extensions and grading. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat and No. 2 hard Winter were quoted at $1.21¼, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.03⅛, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 96⅛c, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo. Export sales were 800,000 bushels, mostly Manitoba.

NEW YORK PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | .... | .... | 1.14⅞ | 1.13 | 1.11 |

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.01⅛ | 99⅜ | 1.06 |
| December | .97⅛ | .95½ | .95⅝ | 95⅜ | 1.05 |
| May | 1.00⅛ | .99⅛ | .99 | 98⅝ | 1.11⅛ |

### CORN.

The corn market was firm and higher early in sympathy with wheat and on fears of colder weather. The official forecast, however, indicated little probability of frost in any part of the corn belt, and the market lost most of the early advance, but closed irregular, with September ¼c lower and late months ½@¾c higher. Receipts were a trifle larger at interior points, and Argentine corn sold here at 71¾c, cost, insurance, and freight New York. The local cash market was easy; No. 2 yellow corn quoted at 86c prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Close. | Prev. Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | .72 | 71⅝ | 71⅝ | 71⅝ | 78 |
| December | .57⅛ | 56⅝ | 56⅝ | 56⅝ | 77¾ |
| May | .58¾ | 57⅝ | 58 | 57½ | 79¾ |

### OATS.

The oats market was inactive, with comparatively small price changes, but the undertone was steady and closing quotations were ⅛ to ¼c net higher. Export sales amounted to about 150,000 bushels. The local cash market was quiet; new No. 3 white quoted at 40¼c and new No. 4 white, 39½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Close. | Prev. Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | .36⅜ | 36¼ | 36⅜ | 36⅜ | 44 |
| December | .36⅝ | 36¼ | 36⅜ | 36⅜ | 46¼ |
| May | .38⅞ | 38¼ | 38⅝ | 38½ | 49¾ |

### PROVISIONS.

The provision market was a little more active and prices were firmer on evidences of improved domestic demand for the cash article, which resulted in sellers taking off hedges and brought about a little more outside demand. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 12,000, estimated for Wednesday 22,000; Kansas City received 9,000, and Omaha 6,000

CHICAGO PRICES.

| Lard— | High. | Low. | Close. | Close. | Prev. Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| October | 8.20 | 8.15 | 8.20 | 8.00 | 8.15 |
| January | 8.72 | 8.67 | 8.72 | 8.57 | 9.82 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| October | 8.25 | 8.00 | 8.25 | 7.95 | 11.25 |
| January | 8.57 | 8.40 | 8.57 | 8.32 | 10.57 |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| October | 12.75 | 12.35 | 12.75 | 12.80 | 17.75 |
| January | 15.30 | 15.00 | 15.30 | 14.95 | 20.15 |

### COFFEE.

The coffee market was quiet and total sales for the day amounted to 16,250 bags, of which the greater percentage was in the form of exchanges from the near to the distant months. Prices at the outset were unchanged from those of Monday, but during the day a steadier tone developed and final quotations were net unchanged to 3 points higher. There seemed to be very little incentive to trade either way, but the undertone of the market was fairly firm, and prices were sustained by the attitude of Brazil, which is holding the market there well above a parity with local quotations. The local spot market was dull and unchanged with Rio 7s quoted at 6¾c.

Range of prices:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | .... | .... | 6.15@6.17 | 6.13 |
| October | .... | .... | 6.15@6.17 | 6.13 |
| November | .... | .... | 6.15@6.17 | 6.14 |
| December | 6.17 | 6.17 | 6.16@6.17 | 6.15 |
| January | .... | .... | 6.21@6.22 | 6.20 |
| February | .... | .... | 6.27@6.28 | 6.26 |
| March | 6.34 | 6.34 | 6.33@6.35 | 6.30 |
| April | .... | .... | 6.38@6.39 | 6.35 |
| May | 6.44 | 6.40 | 6.43@6.45 | 6.40 |
| June | .... | .... | 6.48@6.49 | 6.45 |
| July | .... | .... | 6.53@6.54 | 6.50 |

### COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was again firm, with buying by Cotton Exchange houses, and at the close of the day the September position showed an advance of 20 points on covering, while the later months were 12 to 15 points higher.

Range of prices:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spot | .... | .... | .... | 6.30@6.40 | 6.05 |
| Sept. | 6.18 | 6.35 | 6.18 | 6.34@6.35 | 6.05 |
| Oct. | 6.25 | 6.41 | 6.25 | 6.39@6.39 | 6.10 |
| Nov. | 6.15 | 6.35 | 6.14 | 6.34@6.35 | 6.11 |
| Dec. | 6.17 | 6.30 | 6.16 | 6.28@6.29 | 6.13 |
| Jan. | 6.27 | 6.38 | 6.25 | 6.37@6.38 | 6.23 |
| Feb. | 6.33 | 6.33 | 6.33 | 6.42@6.50 | 6.30 |
| March | 6.42 | 6.54 | 6.40 | 6.52@6.54 | 6.38 |
| April | .... | .... | .... | 6.55@6.60 | 6.40 |

### SUGAR.

The local market for raw sugar was somewhat unsettled yesterday, and, notwithstanding further sales of granulated for export, prices showed a slight decline, owing to continued liberal offerings from Cuba. The day's business was placed at 30,000 bags of Cubas for prompt and September shipment at 3⅞c, cost and freight, equal to 4.45 for centrifugal, and at the close there were moderate quantities still available at that price, but refiners were more inclined to hold off and await developments. The close was at 4.45 for centrifugal, 3.68 for molasses, and 3⅞ for Cubas, cost and freight.

Range of prices:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sept. | 3.38 | 3.38 | 3.36 | 3.35@3.37 | 3.40 |
| Oct. | 3.40 | 3.40 | 3.37 | 3.38@3.39 | 3.40 |
| Nov. | 3.25 | 3.25 | 3.24 | 3.23@3.24 | 3.25 |
| Dec. | 3.13 | 3.13 | 3.12 | 3.13@3.14 | 3.13 |
| Jan. | 3.03 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 3.04@3.05 | 3.03 |
| Feb. | 3.03 | 3.06 | 3.03 | 3.02@3.04 | 3.03 |
| March | 3.03 | 3.03 | 3.03 | 3.04@3.05 | 3.03 |
| April | .... | .... | .... | 3.05@3.07 | 3.04 |
| May | .... | .... | .... | 3.08@3.10 | 3.06 |
| June | .... | .... | .... | 3.09@3.11 | 3.06 |
| July | .... | .... | .... | 3.10@3.13 | 3.07 |

### BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts for week, 81,091 packages, as compared with 44,691 packages last week. Exports for week to Europe, 1,567 packages; to other countries, 93 packages. Imports for week, 29 packages. The market developed weakness following the last weekly report, and prices tumbled 1½c on most grades of creamery. Supplies were very excessive for the time of year, weather unseasonably hot and trade did not respond, as was expected. Pressure to sell became so strong that receivers did not hesitate to accept the lower prices whenever business would result. At the close the feeling is about steady on the fine and fancy grades of creamery, but is still unsettled on all other qualities. Exporters are doing a little business in creameries at 29@29½c, the latter for some fancy unsalted goods. Freight room has been engaged for about 5,000 tubs on this week's steamers. Ladles are quieter and a shade easier. Packing stock sustained under moderate receipts. Creamery, fine specials (93 score), 30½c; scoring, 29@30c; firsts, 24@28c; seconds, 29@23½c; thirds, 21@21½c; State dairy, finest, 26c; good to prime, 23½@24½c; common to fair, 21@23c; extra firsts, 24½@25c; firsts, 23½c; lower grades, 21@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22½@23c; ladles, current make, firsts, 21½@22c; seconds, 21c; lower grades, 19@20c; packing stock, fine make, fine, 20½c; current make, fine, 20c; No. 2, 19½@; lower grades, 16½@19c.

EGGS.—Receipts for week, 77,115 cases. The continued warm weather has interfered with the movement of nearby eggs, and this has diverted more demand to high-grade fresh, which have become scarcer in the receipts; the best grades are clearing well at somewhat higher prices than last week. Medium and low grade fresh collections show no improvement. Some inquiry for cheap refrigerators, but not a great deal of movement in the higher grades at this writing. Near-by eggs scarce, and higher. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 29@30c; extra firsts, 27@28c; firsts, 24½@26c; seconds, 22½@24c; thirds, 20½@22c; poorest grades, 19@20c; fair to good, 20½@21c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@20c; checks, good to choice, dry, 19½@20c; culls and inferior, 15@16c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 30½@31c; specials, 29½@30c; extras, 28c; firsts or poorer, 18@21c; dirties, 19@20½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by henery whites, fine to fancy, 36@37c; ordinary to good, 28@35c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 28@35c; Western, gathered whites, 27@32c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by henny browns, 31@33c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 25@30c; near-by refrigerator whites, 26½@0c.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—Forecast: N. and S. Car., Ga., and Fla.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs., probably thunder showers; moderate s. winds.

Ala., Miss., and La.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs., with probably thunder showers; moderate s. winds.

Tex.—Texas—Fair in s., probably local showers and cooler in n. Wed. Thurs., cloudy; fresh s. winds.

West Texas—Fair Wed., cooler in Pan Handle, Thurs., fair.

Okla.—Cloudy and cooler Wed., probably preceded by showers in e. Thurs., fair.

Ark.—Probably thunder showers and lower temperature Wed. Thurs., cloudy.

Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs., not so warm Thurs.

Ohio—Cloudy Wed., probably followed by thunder showers and lower temperature by night. Thurs., probably fair; fresh s. and w. winds.

Ind.—Thunder showers and lower temperature Wed. Thurs., probably fair; fresh s. w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Showers, followed by clearing and cooler Wed. Thurs., fair; fresh s. and w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Fair and cooler Wed. Thurs., fair; moderate to fresh w. winds.

Ill.—Cloudy and cooler Wed., with showers in e. and s. Thurs., fair.

Mo.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; showers Wed. in s., cooler Wed.

Wis.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; cooler in e. Wed.

Minn.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer Wed.

Iowa—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer in w Wed.

N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair and warmer Wed. Thurs., cloudy and possibly unsettled.

Neb.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer Wed.

Kan.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; probably showers Wed. in s.

Lower Mich.—Showers, followed by clearing and cooler Wed. Thurs., fair.

Upper Mich.—Fair and cooler Wed. Thurs., fair.


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THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
135 PARK ROW,

# REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

TUESDAY, SEPT. 14.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

### Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 918-930, e s, 62.4 ft n of 21st St. 40.1x123.1x38.8x118.1; 21st St, 17 East, n s, 96.9 ft e of B'way, 20x98.9; Walter J. McCanley to Peter Tracy, 14 W. 16th St; mtg $575,000, all liens, Sept. 13; atty T. G. Co., 176 B'way.....$1

RYDER'S ALLEY, s s, 79.11 ft w of Fulton St, runs s 30.2 x e 1.4 x s 136.4 toward Cliff St, (27) x w 26.1 x n 130.2 x 30 to Alley x e 25.9 to beginning; Dame & Townsend Co., to 27 Cliff St. Corp., 128 B'way; mtg. $47,000, b & S, Sept. 14; atty. L. T. & T. Co., 160 B'way.....$100

2D AV, 2.29½, w s, 75.6 ft s of 118th St, 25.2x110; N. Taylor Phillips, referee, to Addie De Witt Seligman and another, executors of Lorin S. Bernheimer. (foreclosure Sept. 2,) Sept. 11; attorney, Edmund Harley, 233 Broadway.....$25,000

12TH ST, 652 East, s s, 83 ft w of Avenue C, 25x103.3; Edwin R. Finch, referee, to Baldwin Staubach, at Pocantico Hills, N. Y., July 16, attorney, M. W. Wood, 233 Broadway .....$10,000

19TH ST, n s, 100 ft. e of Av. St. Nicholas, 150x100; Lawrence Jacob et al & Emma Jacob to 210 West 56th Street Co., 135 B'way; mtg. $27,500, all liens, Aug. 17; attys Elsman, L. C. & L., 135 B'way.....$100

SAME PROPERTY, 210 West 56th Street Co. to Mose Goodman Corp., 117 W. 118th St.; mtg. $48,000, all liens, Sept. 14; attys, same .....$500

22D ST, n s, 195 ft w of 3d Av, 20x98.9; Hewitt Realty Co. to Geo. E. Brewer, 16 E. 64th St., b & s, Sept. 10; atty. L. T. & T. Co., 160 B'way.....$100

47TH ST, 338-40 WEST, s s, 220 ft. e of 9th Av, 53x100.5; Hy. A. Metz, 92 Hamilton Av, Yonkers, N. Y., et al, heirs, etc, Jacob Metz to Metz Realty Co., 5 W. 31st St, mtg. $30,000, all liens, Aug. 13; attys. Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St.....$1

121ST ST, 151 East, n s, 339.6 ft w of 3d Av, 18.7x81; Catherine F. McCaffrey to Mary Moran; 151 East 121st St. (mtg of $8,500,) all liens, Sept. 11; attorneys, Egan & O'Reilly, 258 Broadway .....$1

139TH ST, s s, 383.4 ft e of Lenox Av, 41.5x99.11; Daniel T. Korn to 40-42 West 139th Street Corporation, 1,451 Broadway, Sept. 8; attorney, A. T. Scharps, 170 Broadway.....$100

104TH ST, 223 East, n s, 283.4 ft w of 2d Av, 16.8x100.10; Hy. Brettheimer et al to Mary E. and James J. Maguire, 1,664 Lexington Av, (mtg $5,200,) Sept. 13; attorney, Lawyer's Title Ins. Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

214TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 10th Av, 75x99.11; Max Marx to 204th Street Corporation, 836 Westchester Av, Bronx, all liens, (mtg $15,000;) Aug. 30; attorneys, Sternberg, J. & F., 233 Broadway .....$100

### Bronx.

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 197th St, 20x95; Bertha Pirk to Andrew S. Wright, 2,089 Ryer Av, Sept. 4; attorney, E. Rolph, 535 East 177th St.....$100

FULTON AV, n w corner of 170th St, 189x280; Cottage Realty Corporation to Tremont Fireproof Storage and Refrigerating Co., Inc., 351 East 170th St, (mtg $101,088,) Sept. 13; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$100

LOTS 115 and 116, map of Daily estate; Charles Cogswell to Salvator Connante, 1,135 Walker Av, east corner, (mtg $2,000,) Sept. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

LOT 82, map of Joel Wolfe estate; Antonio Tamilio to Annie Smith, 350 ft e of 178th St, May 7; attorney, J. A. Kehoe, 250 East 117th St .....$1

LOTS 167 and 168, map of Sound View Park, City Island Homes, Inc., to Belle L. Hammond, 457 King Av, City Island, Sept. 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

LOTS 264 and 265, map Bradish Johnson, Estate of Bradish Johnson to Isabella C. Harvie, 508 West 171st St, July 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$300

LOTS 95, 96, and 144, same map; same to William H. Sahm, 130 East End Av, July 27; attorney, same.....$1

LOT 237, same map; same to Robert Sanders, 168 So. 5th St, Brooklyn, July 27; attorney, same .....$175

LOT 394, same map; same to Carolyn E. Baskerville, Rahway, N. J., and another, July 27; attorney, same.....$1

LOT 11, same map; same to Edgar B. Lear, 320 West 145th St, July 27; attorney, same .....$350

LOTS 76 and 77, map of Sound View Park; City Island Homes, Inc., to Matilda K. Browne, 3,355 Sedgwick Av, Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

VALENTINE AV, o s, 185.2 ft s of Highbridge Road, 25x100; Mary A. Stromberg to Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., 2,364 Lorillard Place, (mtg $3,000,) Sept. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

138TH ST, n s, 154 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 16.8x75; Henry Henkel to Mary E. Sullivan, 693 East 135th St, (mtg $3,000,) July 12; attorneys, Friend & F., 132 Nassau St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Marie Devitt to same, ½ part, (mtg $3,000,) July 8; same attorneys.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary Henkel to same, July 8; same attorneys .....$1

136TH ST, 311 East, n s, 20x100; John J. Sullivan to Sadie L. Rockaway, Rockaway L. I., (mtg $12,000,) Sept. 11; attorney, Saul Bernstein, 149 Broadway.....$100

### RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

### Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 40.5 ft n of 61st St, 20x65; Lina Blum to Catherine Meehan and another, trustees, 800 West End Av, Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$20,000

MADISON AV, s w corner of 40th St, 54x120; Lillia B. Hyde to Equitable Life Assurance Society, 120 Broadway, Sept. 11, due Aug. 1, 1925; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway .....$275,000

RYDER'S ALLEY, s s, 79.11 ft w of Fulton St, 25.9x—; 27 Cliff Street Corporation to Luke H. Cutter, 137 West 126th St, prior mtg $47,000, Sept. 14, due Sept. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway .....$30,000

WAVERLEY PLACE, n s, 173.3 ft e of 6th Av, 28.6x100; Edw. J. Reynolds to Theodore Greentree, 201 West 78th St, prior mtg $26,200, Sept. 11, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Warren Leslie, 165 Broadway.....$2,400

17TH ST, n s, 219.6 ft e of 9th Av, 16.8x92; Charles J. Werner to John T. Stanley, 448 West 23d St, prior mtg $7,000, Sept. 13, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

27TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9; John Schaefer to German Savings Bank, 100 East 14th St, prior mtg $6,000, Sept. 14, 1 year; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway .....$1,000

32D ST, s s, 200 ft w of 5th Av, 25x98.9; J. H. Alexander, jr., and another, trustees, to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Sept. 14, 5 years, 4½ p. c.....$11,500

191ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 150x100; 210 West 56th Street Co. to Lawrence Jacob et al., executors, Diamond Point, N. Y., 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$27,500

SAME PROPERTY; Mose Goodman Corporation to 210 West 56th Street Co., 135 Broadway, prior mtg $27,500.. Sept. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; same attorney.....$20,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Sadie Roth, 1,413 Prospect Av, Sept. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; same attorney .....$90,000

218TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 10th Av, 75x99.11; 204th Street Corporation to Max Marx, 419 Convent Av, Aug. 30, due March 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. S. Marx, 123 Broadway .....$67,500

### Bronx.

CLINTON AV, w s, 46 ft n of Oakland Place, 25x100; Augusta Weizel and another to Elmer Hirschberg, 723 Union Av, Aug. 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Otto J. Kalt, 871 Brook Av.....$500

FULTON AV, n w corner of 170th St, 189x280; Tremont Fireproof Storage and Refrigerating Co., Inc., to Cottage Realty Corporation, 441 West 25th St, prior mtg $93,106, Sept. 13, due July 15, 1920; attorneys, Guggenheimer, Untermyer & M., 37 Wall St.....$7,000

LOT 11, Map of Bradish Johnson Estate; Edgar B. Lear to Estate of Bradish Johnson, Islip, L. I., July 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

LOTS 95, 96, and 144, same map; William H. Sahm to same, July 27, due as per bond; same attorney .....$900

LOT 257, same map; Robert Sanders to same, July 27, due as per bond; same attorney.$122

LOTS 167 and 168, Map of Sound View Park; Belle L. Hammond to City Island Homes, Inc., 49 Wall St., Sept. 14, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$1,500

LOTS 705 to 711, map of Laconia Park; Marcella M. Oakes et al. to Andrew Trenchard, 112 North High St, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Aug. 31, due as per bond; attorneys, Clock, R. & R., 391 East 149th St.....$2,500

MORRIS AV, s s, 237.11 ft n of 168th St, 39.6x100; Alotto Realties, Inc., to Josephine Eisenhauer, 645 West End Av, executrix, July 27, 5 years; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$21,000

OLD ALBANY POST ROAD, w s, 57.6 ft n of private road, 69.10x181; William A. Lappe to John Lappe and another, Maspeth, L. I., Aug. 31, due Aug. 1, 1915; attorney, T. J. Totten, 182 West 231st St.....$1,000

VALENTINE AV, e s, 13.3 ft s of 187th St, 24.7x85; Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., to Mary A. Stromberg, 2,414 Valentine Av, prior mtg $3,000, Sept. 1, 1915, 1 year, interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

225TH ST, n s, 305 ft w of White Plains Av, 32.4x—; Emma Moore to Eastchester Savings Bank, 9 South 3d Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 14, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Mortimer Bell, 9 South 3d Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$1,800

180D ST, n s corner of Sheridan Av, 104.10x— to Spring St x 109.7x34.4; Pearl Gottlieb to Richard Moller, Woodcliffe, N. J., prior mtg $5,000, Aug. 31, due as per bond; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$1,500

176TH ST, n s, 545.5 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 51x149.9; Kirwan Building Co., Inc., to Rockland Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, Sept. 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av.....$40,000

222D ST, n s, 130.5 ft e of 4th St, Wakefield, 75.3x88.11; Morris Liberman and another to Fannie Liberman, 719 East 218th St, May 3, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

### RECORDED LEASES.

### Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

GREENWICH ST, 208, store and basement; Archibald A. Forrest to Eric Forster, 208 Greenwich St, 5 years, from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Grossfield Bros., 116 Nassau St.....$8,000

MANHATTAN ST, s w corner of 109th St, all; Manhattan Avenue Theatre Holding Corporation to Max Machat, 832 East 164th St, 41-12 years, from July 1, 1915; attorney, D. Dreschler, 140 Nassau St....$12,000

WEST END AV, 328 and 330, e s, 90 ft n of 75th St, 35x100, all; Lillian M. Sorsel to Hotel Willard Co., 354 West 76th St, 20 years, from July 1, 1916; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$18,500

76TH ST, 252 and 254 West, s s, 100 ft e of West End Av, 55x104.4, all; Phelps Stokes Estate to Hotel Willard Co., 252 West 76th St. 21 years and 4 months from Sept. 1, 1915; attorneys Weselman & K., 55 Liberty St .....$21,000

### Bronx.

LOT 205, map of Bronx Terrace, all; Charles Rhinelander to Karl Bialek, Sycamore and Troy Avs, Bronx, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1915; attorney, Karl Bialek, Sycamore and Troy Avs.....$540

3D AV, 3,367, all; George L. Schneider and another to Charles K. Veith, 3,267 3d Av, 10 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, O. J. Kalt, 871 Brook Av.....$3,000 and $3,008

### LIS PENDENS.

### Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 173d St, 100x100; New York Life Ins. Co. against Reed Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

MANHATTAN AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 100th St, 75x94.8; two actions; East River Savings Institution against Quadriborough Land and Development Co. et al. (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, O. P. Hibbard.

PARK AV, 1,508; Hoffman Miller against Agnes Riehl et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. G. Lane.

35TH ST, 310 West; Victoria A. Romaine against John O'Reilly et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hill, Lockwood, Redfield & Lydon.

41ST ST, 44 West; Tenement House Department of the City of N. Y. against Havey S. Gay et al., (violation of tenement house law;) attorney, F. L. Polk.

47TH ST, 335 and 337 East; Columbia Construction Co. against Samuel Lustbader, Jr., et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, O. E. Davis.

115TH ST, 215 West; Morris S. Trop against Essie Duke et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, N. F. Schmidt.

### Bronx.

EAGLE AVE, w s, 140 ft s of 156th St, 18x99.2; Carl M. Owen, as trustee, against James S. Segrave et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Frueauff & Robinson.

FORDHAM ROAD, s s, 240.6 ft e of Loring Place, 21.7x91.5; Elizabeth M. Miller against Janpole & Werner Holding Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

LAND bounded on s by salt meadow land of Samuel Valentine, on w by a small creek, on n by salt meadow land of Andrew George, on e by a creek running w of Goose Island, in Eastchester Creek; also riparian rights in front of said premises; Mary Manda against Gertrude D. Hawes et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Gunkel.

### MECHANICS' LIENS.

### Manhattan.

25TH ST, 159 to 165 West; H. A. Berger's Metal Ceiling & Fireproofing Co., Inc., against Marguerite A. Hellman, owner; Henry Hellman & Co., contractor.....$160

42D ST, 356 West; Knickerbocker Chandelier & Electrical Supply Co. against Maria F. Dunsieth, owner; William Campb, contractor .....$40

72D ST, 118 West; Sargent & Co. against E. W. Browning, owner and contractor.....$1,150

### Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV, n w corner of 181st St, 73x131; Fordham Cornice Works, Inc., against University Heights Presbyterian Church, owners; John B. Roberts & Co., contractors .....$72

### SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

### Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 3,560 to 3,568; Michael Nocenti Co. against Moss & Brill et al., Dec. 9, 1913 .....$1,971

13TH ST, 207 to 223 East, and 14th St, 214 East; Michael Nocenti Co. against Moss & Brill et al., Dec. 9, 1913.....$1,384

CONVENT AV, 470; H. Miller, Inc., against May G. Knowles et al., Feb. 25, 1915....$57

### Bronx.

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 100x140; James Kelly against Ward Baking Co. et al., June 4, 1915.....$1,500

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 100.8x144.8; Louis Baptiste against Ward Baking Co. et al., June 4, 1915.....$350

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 101x145; James C. Forbes against Ward Baking Co. et al., May 29, 1915.....$565

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 100.8x144.8; Thomas Howden against Ward Baking Co. et al., June 1, 1915.....$2,654

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 100.8x144.8; Charles F. McGuire against Ward Baking Co. et al., June 1, 1915.....$440

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 100.8x144.8; Samuel S. Palmer against Ward Baking Co. et al., July 13, 1915.....$575

WALES AV, n w corner of 142d St, 100.8x144.8; Max Hegel against Ward Baking Co. et al., July 15, 1915.....$2,850

### BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

### Manhattan.

CLIFF ST, 27; Luke H. Cutter loans 27 Cliff Corporation to erect a five-story building .....$30,000

MADISON AV, s w corner of 40th St, 54x120; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States loans Lillia B. Hyde to erect a twelve-story building.....$275,000

191ST ST, n s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 150x100; Sadie Roth loans Moses Goodman Corporation to erect 3 six-story tenements .....$90,000

### Bronx.

176TH ST, n s, 545.4 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 50.9x149.7; Rockland Realty Co. loans Kirwan Building Co., Inc., to erect a five-story apartment .....$35,000

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, s s, 101.8 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 50x127.9; Comity Mortgage Co. loans H. C. Jackson Realty Co., Inc., to erect a five-story apartment.$30,000

## ESTATES APPRAISED.

BRIODY, MARGARET M., (Nov. 6, 1913;) net estate, $1,847. Michael Briody, the husband, receives all. Realty, $3,200; bank, $446.

HAYES, CAROLINE, (April 25, 1915;) net estate, $10,436. Henry B. Bird, nephew, receives $8,917; Mrs. Mary Thorpe, sister, $2,601; Mrs. Louise Welch, niece, $1,884, and Mrs. Wallace S. Fraser, no relation, $300. Residue to a nephew and five grandnieces. Bank, $11,524; personalty, $109.

RAND, LAURENCE B., (Feb. 4, 1914;) net estate, $13,696. All to widow, Kate S. R. Rand. Bank, $1,939; stocks, $1,552; personalty, $538; $10,331 of the estate was a trust fund which the decedent had power of disposing of under the will of George C. Rand.

WHITE, MISS ANN, (Sept. 2, 1914;) appraiser, John J. Lyons; net estate, $827,038; divided equally between John and Campbell Steward, nephews; Catharine and Anne W. Stuyvesant, grandnieces, and Augustus Van Horne Stuyvesant, grandnephew. Realty, $148,351; bank, $147,769; personalty, $200; stocks and bonds, $556,949. The largest holdings of bonds were: Cent. R. R. of N. J., $23,200; Union Pacific R. R., $20,160; City of New York, $24,400; New York Cent. & H. R. R. R., $21,300, and Southern Pacific R. R., $18,380. The larger holdings of stocks were: 322 shs. New York Cent. & H. R. R. R., $24,794; 364 shs. Ill. Cen. R. R., $34,702; 200 shs. Morris & Essex R. R., $16,500; 100 shs. Bank of Commerce, $16,500; 50 shs. Chemical National Bank, $20,250; 400 shs. Beech Creek R. R., $16,800; 200 shs. At., Top. & Santa Fe R. R. pf., $19,800, and 240 shs. Lake Shore & Mich. So. R. R. com., $94,925. Decedent received a portion of the realty from the estate of Goldsborough Banyer, who died in 1904, and a portion came to decedent under the will of Harriet B. White, her mother, who died in 1885.

ZELTNER, CHARLES, (Oct. 22, 1911;) net estate, $6,670. Realty, $8,250; bank, $2,764. Beneficiaries are the three daughters of the decedent, Lena, Caroline, and Clara N. Zeltner.

## QUEENS COUNTY COURTS.

### Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Manning, J.; Part II., Blackmar, J.—Calendar called in Part I. at 10 A. M.

Mitchell<Salant.
Socolosk<Lott.
Pink<Lamport et al.
Metzler, as admr<L I RR.
Carney<NY & Q Co Ry
Milliang<Gilkinson.
Ing—Endres<Schults.
Di Maio<Gargiulo.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be set for a day on this call:

Schuler<Concord Const
Agrillo<Schauck et al
Tiedeman<Linch, as receiver.
Eccardt, as admr<Armour & Co.
Cosgrova<Astoria Lgt, Heat & Power.
Falkner, an infant<NY & Q Co Ry.
McGivern<The Stein-Davis Co.
Fajella<Wells.
Spinelli<Reese (2.)
Guliano, an infant<CNY.
Ragey<R Hoe & Co.
Dreitlein<Burdman.
Dreuer<same.
Connors<same.
Duggan<NY & Q Co Ry.
Welk<B H RR.
Shiquletta<same.
Burch<CNY.
Kavanaugh<B H RR.
Heim<Wilkens.
Wood, as admr<Bradley Cont.
Bush<NY & Q Co Ry.
Spielman, an infant<Whitney.
Gaulocher<same.
McKeon<NY & Q Co Ry et al.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 285.

# COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

## FEDERAL.

### Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT.—Motion days during the month of September, 1915, will be as follows: Bankruptcy motions on Wednesdays, Sept. 22 and 29; general motions on Sept. 16, 23, and 30; notes of issue for the bankruptcy motion calendar must be filed on the Monday preceding the motion day; notes of issue for the general motion calendar must be filed not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the motion day.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy discharges.

Solon H Newmark, Robert M Bernagozzi, James R Turner, Frederick Fricker, James A Watt, George Drapp, Benj B Schwaid, Joshua Sicard, Martinelli, Casselli & Radini, Emily Schischlikar, Belmont Waist & Dress Co, Inc., J F Pierson & Co, Frank A Brobst, Under objections: C & G Hookless. Adjourned cases: Charles A Hawley, Nathan Tekulsky, M B Behrman & Co, Benjamin Rubin, Benjamin Moskowitz. Motions: Parson Mfg Co, Jacob Beach, Rabe<Baldwin, Hall<Wall & Hanover Bty Co, same, Bunnell<Schneck, Popkin<Nassau RR, Berry<Brown, Kokarkis<B H RR, Fiedler<C I & B RR, Kingsley<Nassau RR, Galligan<B H RR, Campbell<C & O RR, McCann<NY Con RR, Buethe<Bockar, Pearl<Weisberger, Popkin<Nassau RR, Reilly<Smith, Fitschchild<Rothschild, Perlmutter<Lazofsky, Zurath Gen Co, Co<Picken Con Co, Heath<Isear, Sweetwood<Sweetwood Piers Williams, Needham Piano & Organ Co<Heiser, Spyr<Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corp, Mazursky<Nassau RR, Gen Accid & L Co<B H RR, Isley<Mut F Corp, La Monde<De Soria, Bunnell<Public Bk, CNY<Loyal Bldg Co, Zoolanskos<Scranton Elec Co, Weinberg<Weinstein, Stover<Gamwell Fire Alarm Tel Co, Waxberg<L & D Rty, Morninghstar<Spiegel, Natl Surety Co<Iverson Gustafson Co, Frawley<Person, Orsini<Orsini, Yules<NY Con RR, Crossin<Hughes, Kaufman<H F Gundrum Co, (2.)

Zigmont<Pta Coal Co, Healey<Moran T & T, Orvig Dampskibsselskap, &c<NY & Ber. Actieselskabet Neptun <same, Wm J McDermott, I S Remson Mfg Co, J Henry Whalen, Forest S Chilton, Kobre & Sinsberg (4,) Donovan<Tompkins Ono Marcel Akalitis<P & R Coal & I Co, Sperry & Hutchinson<Murray Fenster et al Re Fox, (Scow Atlah) Brady<S S Traction, Warren R Bannister, Samuel Friedman, Max Meyer, Manchester Rub Co, Auditore Stev Co<SS Maleas, Thomas Misiokl, Schmidtmann<Atl Ph & Oil Corp, (2,) John Carr.

## NEW YORK COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Belle<Hirsch, Piatt<Int R T, Ward<Leonard, (2.) Glickstein<S Bklyn Ry, Lanagan<Nassau RR, Ettinger<Bennett, United Elec L & P Co<State Bd of T Com, Con Tel & Elec Sub<same, Re Ross, Tavarnese<B H RR, Fonti<Nassau RR, Zabriskie<Grundy, Pine St Co<same, Jones<same, Est of Coe<same, Marshall<same, Hunnewell<same, Williams<Pierce Co, Goldberg<Int R T, Mann & Co, Inc<Beach, Rabe<Baldwin, Hall<Wall & Hanover Bty Co, same, Bunnell<Schneck, Popkin<Nassau RR, Berry<Brown, Kokarkis<B H RR, Fiedler<C I & B RR, Kingsley<Nassau RR, Galligan<B H RR, Campbell<C & O RR, McCann<NY Con RR, Buethe<Bockar, Pearl<Weisberger, Popkin<Nassau RR, Reilly<Smith, Fitschchild<Rothschild, Perlmutter<Lazofsky, Zurath Gen Co, Co<Picken Con Co, Heath<Isear, Sweetwood<Sweetwood Piers Williams, Needham Piano & Organ Co<Heiser, Spyr<Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corp, Mazursky<Nassau RR, Gen Accid & L Co<B H RR, Isley<Mut F Corp, La Monde<De Soria, Bunnell<Public Bk, CNY<Loyal Bldg Co, Zoolanskos<Scranton Elec Co, Weinberg<Weinstein, Stover<Gamwell Fire Alarm Tel Co, Waxberg<L & D Rty, Morninghstar<Spiegel, Natl Surety Co<Iverson Gustafson Co, Frawley<Person, Orsini<Orsini, Yules<NY Con RR, Crossin<Hughes, Kaufman<H F Gundrum Co, (2.)

Kaelin<Sheldon, Bahnell<Hammond, Mendelsohn<Mendelsohn, Hartman<Hartman, Bermant<Keveney, Archer<Lewinthan, Dykman<CNY, Reilly<G H Parker Co, Summon<Kimmel, Terrance<Blaufox, Chamberlain<Chamberlain, Improved Rubber Prod Co<Miller, CNY<Lack, Re Finch, Roney<Coney, Sproessig<Sproessig, Stember<Stember, Koch<Koch, Sverdlof<Fleck, Flynn<Flynn, Kennedy<Mass Fire & Maine Ins Co, Weber<Weber, Levine<Pannell, Burke<Convent Av Con Co, Clagett<Claggett, Levin<Pannell, Kirdahy<Jacobs, Teele Co<Bartels, Coyne<Coyne, Jones<Jones, Leerburger<Watson, Simon<Bitterman, Re Steinberger, Bogullewitz<Clark, Brulding<Lawyers' Club, Cook<A Gordon & Son, Schneider<Orr, (2.) Shapiro<Parker Stearns Co, Sternd<Gould, Tinsdale<Dr Savage Phys Dev Inst, Spravieri<Spravieri, Gouert<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bk, Greenberg<Thalrose, Commonwealth Sec Co<W 184th St, Motherhood Edu Soc, Inc<Bell, Schlesinger<CI & BRR

PART II.—Finch, J.—Ex parte business.

PART IV.—Recess.

PART VI.—Recess.

PARTS III., V., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

### Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate: Bridget Corcorane, Edwin H. Fleming, Edward A. Fueshel, Julia Mahoney.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

### City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions:

Oakland Motor Co<Crabtree, Herrmann<Queens L & Title Co, Glennon<Write Away Pen Co of Am, Levins<Phillips, Goldberg<Brader, Saloman<N Y Rys, Bernstein<M Dougall, Singer<Blucher, Jacoby<McClurg, Myers<Cosgrove, Chanaud<Page, Rosenberg<Hecht, McCoy<Stansfield, Sterling<Beller, Gimenez<Buttenwieser, Helder<Harvard R & Const Co, Richmond<Sheffield F & D Co, Bongiorno<Buder, Monfredi<O'Rourke Eng Const Co, Gilman<Sturtz, Turco<Brady, Swiss<Lustgarten, Mitwahl<Sundelevich, Castania<Perlmutte, Smith<Siegel, Cinn<Schenkein, Goldsworthy<Adams Realty Co, Saglimbene<Western Ins Co, Fuss<Waltzer, U S Rubber Co<Thompson, Whiteh Rty Co<Crysal, Twyman<S W Childs & Co, Ehrenberg<Berndt, Kraus<Kammann, Groshut<Kinetophote Corp, Bodenslek<McElfatrick, Gottfried<The Tezor Co, Musical Courier Co<de Pasquali, Butler Bros<Kaiser, Birnbaum<Rohe.

O'Brien<Int R T, Greenberger<same, Woods<same, (2.) Schneiderman<same, Rosenberg<same, Lusterman<same, Gold<same, Papal<same, Sharff<same, Jandorf<same, Rosenberg<same, Hershman<same, Vella<same, Tomasino<same, Mayer<same, Eisenbaenigk<same, Ryter<same, Hertzberg<same, Fisher<same, Conyo<same, Ellenberg<same, Ray<same, Posner<same, McCartney<same, Di Gonerni<same, Andrews<same, Schatzberg<same, Hanks<same, Brenci<same, Tooey<same, Boxer<same, Gelfand<same, Vason<same, Grant<same, Florence<same, Langer<same, Klein<same, MacPherson<same, Doughty<Weston, Diamantasio<Ensign Imp Co, Gibney Tire & Rubber Co<Waverly Auto E Co, Diamond<Reichbach, Compact Directory Co<Baldwin, Larocque<Carlebach, Larocque<Carlebach, Gordon<Benquit, Pleasant Iron Works<Cohen & Goldberg, Schneider<Orr, (2.) Shapiro<Parker Stearns Co, Sternd<Gould, Tinsdale<Dr Savage Phys Dev Inst, Spravieri<Spravieri, Gouert<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bk, Greenberg<Thalrose, Commonwealth Sec Co<W 184th St, Motherhood Edu Soc, Inc<Bell, Schlesinger<CI & BRR

PART II.—Ransom, J.—At 10 A. M.

Cries<Int R T, Weiss<NY Rys, Constantin<Con Gas, NY C & H R RR<Murray, Hammer<E Isner Mendelson Co, Cunningham<McOwen, Tanenbaum<Lindeman Natl Cash Register Co<Brook, Nolan<NY Rys, Farrell<Macy, Stern<H & Cohen, Corcoran<Borden's Cond Milk Co, Daslansoff<Mohisaat, Patterson<Queen, Dauser<Adjust Rty Co Gibbs<5th Av Coach.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day as of course if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:

Miller<Lewenthal, Le Monde<Geo F Johnson Co, Uhlfelder<Sause Rty, Spicer<Kane, Martin<Krefeld, Randall<Int R T, Chats<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins, Loucero<NY Rys, Pease<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins, Preston<Hunt.

Rosenblum<Van B & NY Bill Post Co, Schettini<Cushman Bread Co, Forrest<Klein, Catalano<B & N R RR, McCallum<Levy, Lloyd<Horn & Hardan Co, Chernak<Levine, Ducher<Raucher, Dean<Spyer. Case on.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Sundheimer<Wichfeld, Kaempfer<Polskin, Reiser<Haas, Lynch<Lindau, Courtney<Met F Mfg, Beck<Bonwit & Co.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.

PART III.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Herin<Noonan, Rosofsky<Schultz, Bender<Breiner, Reid<Moriggia.

Herchkowitz<Mutual Life Ins Co, Cohen<Wiener, Riehl<Parker. Case on.

PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART V.—Lynch, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.. Case on.

PART VII.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

### Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Re Geiger—Abraham G. Meyer.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Hayes<Mazyola—Isidor Wasservogel.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—N. Y. Life Ins. Co<Fort Amsterdam Realty Co.—Geo. J. Gellespie. Re Klein—Richard C. Murphy.

### Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Kouwenhoven Estates, Inc.<Beatrice Herz—Patrick A. Gaynor. Anastasis Manaras<Constantin Sarantides—Wm. E. Slevin.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Levi P. Morton<Ephraim L. Ennis—Philip J. McCook. City E. R. Co.<Bellemore Holding Co.—Ely Rosenberg. Columbia Const. Co<Samuel Lastrader—F. H. La Guardia.

## BRONX COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Shearn, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar. Adjourned until Sept. 21.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

### Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

### County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—Motion calendar. Rosen<Balaban.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

### Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Munch<Fuchs—William E. Brush.

### Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Elizabeth M. Miller<Janpole & Werner Co.—Charles I. Fleck.

## KINGS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Carr, Stapleton, Mills, Rich, Putnam, JJ.—Motion calendar.

Hottenroth<E River Term RR, Bennett<Austro-A SS, Re Kings Co Trust Co (Lewis, dec.) Klein<B, Q & S RR, Millette, as admr<N Y, W & B Ry Co, (2.) Re Horton, dec. Fulton<Ingalls & Rich Co Sorg Co, Bechtel<Yonkers Paint & Dec. Co, Pensabene, as admr<F & Auditore Co, Terry et al<MacGregor Jones<Baldwin-Devine

Knowles, as adm, &c<NY N H & H RR, Nickerson<Electro Silicon Co, Williamsburgh Sav Bk<Kiesel et al, Knowles, as admr<NY N H & H RR, Profitos, &c<Commercial Advertising Co, Baldwin, as admr<Palmer, as exr, Daley, as admr<J Ehrgott Gen Co, Menzel, as admr<Ryan Con Co.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess

# THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

## Cliff Street Sale, Involving New Building and Long Lease—Builder Buys Lexington Avenue Corner—Two New Dyckman Flats in $225,000 Deal—Broadway Loft Transfer—Leasing Market.

An interesting sale which will result in an important business improvement in the old downtown section east of William Street has been made in the purchase of the property at 27 Cliff Street, fronting 27.1 and running through to Ryders Alley, 164 feet deep on the southerly line. The buyers, a syndicate known as the 27 Cliff Street Corporation, took title yesterday from the Dame & Townsend Company, subject to a mortgage of $47,000 and gave back another mortgage of $30,000 to Luke H. Cutter.

The property is just south of Fulton Street. It contains about 4,250 square feet and will be improved by the new owners with a five-story loft building from plans by James S. Maher to be ready by May 1, 1916, making an investment of about $150,000. A $30,000 building loan has been obtained.

The deal was closed by the Charles F. Noyes Company and it has also leased the proposed structure for fifteen years from May 1, next to the firm of Thurston & Braidich, dealers in crude drugs, gum arabic, &c., now at 128 William Street. The lease is at the rate of $9,000 a year plus taxes, insurance and repairs, making the aggregate rental for the fifteen-year term about $200,000. The sellers were represented in the sale by Sullivan & Cromwell as attorneys, the buyers by Stoddard & Mark and the lessees by Hector W. Thomas.

**Builder Buys Lexington Ave. Corner.**

A large apartment house operation will soon be started on Lexington Avenue, opposite Normal College, as the result of the purchase of four old dwellings on the northwest corner of Sixty-ninth Street, by the Brixton Construction Company, Edwin S. Brickner, President, from the George B. Post estate. The plot, which is 78 by 80 will be improved at once by the new owners with an eleven-story building having two suites on a floor. The property has been held at $200,000. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the deal.

**Two New Dyckman Flats Sold.**

Two new five-story apartment houses in the Dyckman section, not quite completed, have been purchased for investment by Ambrose S. Becker from the Hauber Construction Company, Charles Flaum, President. The buildings cover the southerly block front of 215th Street, 125 feet front, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue, the depth being about 100 feet. The houses contain 90 apartments and seven stores, of which only 50 per cent. has been rented. They are known as Drake Court and Isham Park Court. The holding price was $225,000.

In part payment, Mr. Becker gave twenty lots in Arlington Park, N. J. The brokers in the sale were S. and J. H. Albert.

**Transfers Broadway Loft.**

The twelve-story loft at 928 and 930 Broadway, 40.2 by 123.11, with an extension to 17 East Twenty-first Street, fronting 20 by 98.9 feet deep, surrounding the northeast corner, has been transferred by Walter J. McCauley, who took title last April, to Peter Tracy, subject to a mortgage of $575,000. The building adjoins on the north the structure formerly occupied by Brooks Brothers.

**Tenement Property Deals.**

The five-story tenement 221 East Eighteenth Street, on a lot 25 by 92 feet, has been purchased by the Sterling Realty Company through Duff & Brown.

Frederick Brown has resold to Charles Bakal 22 and 24 West 100th Street, a six-story new-law flat, on plot 40 by 100, near Central Park West. The seller acquired the property several months ago from Harriet Cohen.

**Sale of Hamilton Fish Leasehold.**

The M. Reichman estate has sold to Louis N. Hartog the five-story factory on the northeast corner of Second Avenue and Twenty-first Street known as 362 to 372 Second Avenue and 301 to 303 East Twenty-first Street, a Hamilton Fish leasehold, which has fifty-three years to run.

**Manhattan-Bronx Trade.**

Sadie L. Horowitz has purchased from John J. Sullivan 311 East 136th Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100, in exchange the buyer gave 208 West 140th Street, a five-story flat, on a lot 28 by 99.11.

**Brooklyn.**

Frank A. Seaver & Co. have sold the one-family detached house, on a plot 40 by 100, 1,255 Seventy-ninth Street, Dyker Heights, for John Heil to a client.

Paul A. McGolrick has bought from the Mechanics' Bank for all cash the four houses, 598 Bedford Avenue, a four-story double house, on a plot 28.2 by 100; 636 Union Street, a five-story new-law apartment house, on a plot 38.8 by 95, and 162 and 164 Franklin Avenue, two three-story double flats, on a plot 50 by 105.

**Jamaica Estates Property Sold.**

Joseph P. Day sold yesterday on the premises all the remaining plots and tracts of the Jamaica Estates, Jamaica, L. I., at foreclosure sale in the action of the Matawok Land Company against Katherine M. Galvin, Jamaica Estates, City Real Estate Company and the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, defendants. Ernest Scholvids of Philadelphia purchased in the interest of such bondholders of the Jamaica Estates as may care to participate, a large tract for $81,806.81. The attorney for the plaintiff bid in the balance for $132,046.

**New Jersey.**

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman have sold for Gilbert J. Zabriskie his residence on Lotus Road, Ridgewood, N. J., to Mrs. Sarah Cormick of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Salaam Temple, have purchased from the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark, the F. Wolcott Jackson property at the southeast corner of High and West Kinney Streets, Newark, N. J. The property consists of a plot 100 by 254, and a large brick building.

**Commercial Leases.**

Taylor, Sherman & Mock have leased for the 511 Fifth Avenue Company, Stoddard & Mark, attorneys, an entire floor in the Guaranty Building to be erected at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, by Harris & Maurice Mandelbaum and others. The lessees are F. L. Dunne & Co., tailors, of Boston. The lease is for a period of twenty years, at a rental aggregating about $250,000.

A. L. Monfort has leased for a term of years the building at 147 West Forty-fourth Street to Andrew Duggan, for George McKesson Brown.

William A. White & Sons have rented the store and basement at 24 Bond Street to Feintuch Brothers.

The Louis Becker Company has leased for the estate of Bridget Scallon, the store at 2,022 Amsterdam Avenue, to Matteo Settibrino.

**Dwelling Leases.**

Pease & Elliman have leased for Mrs. Richard Rodriguez the three-story dwelling at 220 West Seventy-first Street to Dr. Charles M. Hickey, and for the United States Mortgage and Trust Company to John H. Harper the five-story American basement dwelling at 49 East Ninety-second Street.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for Bolton Hall the three-story dwelling at 107 West Sixty-third Street to Helen A. Moran.

L'Ecluse Washburn & Co. have leased for Thomas A. Weatherly his residence at Plandome to Launcelot Armstrong of Manhasset.

**Mrs. Hyde Secures $275,000 Mortgage.**

A mortgage for $275,000, due Aug. 1, 1925, at 5 per cent., has been secured by Mrs. Lillia B. Hyde, covering the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Fortieth Street, 54 by 120. The property was recently leased with a twelve-story building by Mrs. Hyde to the Foster Institute of Domestic Arts and Sciences.

**$200,000 Broadway Lease.**

M. M. Hayward & Co. have leased the entire six-story building, 100 by 100, on the northeast corner of Broadway and Eighty-fourth Street for the McMillan Crawford Corporation for a long term of years to a new corporation, which will use the premises for garage purposes. The aggregate amount involved is about $200,000.

**Real Estate Notes.**

In connection with the coming convention of the Real Estate Association, which will be held a week from Thursday afternoon at Saratoga Springs, and continue Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, a special effort will be made to secure a closer affiliation of the local real estate associations throughout the State.

Plans have been filed for altering the seven-story store and apartment house at 786 Fifth Avenue and 5 and 7 East Fifty-ninth Street to accommodate light manufacturing, at a cost of $125,000. Mary B. Brandegee is the owner. Park & Tilford recently occupied the store. Louis E. Jallade is the architect.

### RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

16th St. 5 and 7 East, n s, 141.10 ft e of 5th Av, 50x92, ten-story loft and store building; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against C. M. Butler et al.; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; A. D. Truax, referee; due, $199,554.57; taxes, &c., $5,340.95; to the plaintiff for $175,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

Lexington Av, 222, n w corner of 33d St, 26.8x100, five-story flat and stores; W. A. Openhym et al., trustees, against Medoc Realty & Construction Co.; Kurzman, F. & G., attorneys; Harry Bijur, referee; due, $52,095.77; taxes, &c., $2,327.82; to the plaintiff for $54,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

Duane St, 42, s w corner of Lafayette St, 18.3x23.3x irregular, six-story loft building; adjourned to Sept. 28.

126th St, 7 West, n s, 126.10 ft w of 5th Av, 16.4x99.11, three-story dwelling; German Savings Bank against William Hills et al.; A. H. Mosle, attorney; G. B. Townsend, referee; due, $9,093.87; taxes, &c., $186.82; to the plaintiff for $9,500.

187th St., 661 West, n s, 161.8 ft w of Wadsworth Av, 16.8x94.11, two-story dwelling; L. Van Boskerck et al., executrices, against J. A. Homer et al.; R. J. Fox, attorney; J. F. Curnen, referee; due, $2,466.01; taxes, &c., $303.87; to the plaintiff for $2,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Essex St, 85 to 89, s w corner Delancey St, 75x about 87.6, two five-story tenements and stores and five-story loft building; Sheriff's sale; adjourned to Sept. 15.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James J. Donovan.

156th St, 865 East, n s, 28.8 ft w of Hewitt Place, 25x95.7x26.8x86.8, two-story dwelling; Barbara Kumpf against P. L. Biegen et al.; H. C. Rickaby, attorney; J. J. O'Brien, referee; due, $6,607.17; taxes, &c., $288.12; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

### TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

114th St, 318 East, s s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; four-story flat; Ida Weisman against Caterina Paradiso et al.; G. H. Ittelman, attorney; L. S. Greenbaum, referee; due, $2,739.69; taxes, &c., $547.26; subject to first mortgage of $11,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

79th St, 339 East, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 27.10x102.2, four-story flat; Julia Froman against Morris Schlossman et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; J. J. O'Connell, referee; due, $21,237.87; taxes, &c., $1,962.82.

Oliver St, 82, e s, 75 ft n of Oak St, 25x100x24.1x101, 2-story tenement and stores and 6-story rear tenement; City of N. Y. against M. A. Rofrano et al; F. L. Polk, attorney; H. A. Reimel, referee; due, $33,055.28; taxes, &c., $2,625.

By M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co.

119th St, 75 East, n s, 123.9 ft w of Park Av, 23.9x100.11, 5-story flat; Estelle Scholle et al, trustees, against Annie Alexander et al; Henry Hofheimer, attorney; J. H. Rogan, referee; due, $29,373.11; taxes, &c., $698.30.

By Henry Brady.

112th St, 307 East, n s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100, shop; James McDermott against Giuseppe Zibelli et al; J. O. Farrell, attorney; R. L. Stanton, referee; due, $3,885.17; taxes, &c., $683.84.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James J. Donovan.

Forest Av, 883, w s, 112 ft n of 161st St, 21x90, 2-story dwelling; Henry Wundrack against Bertha Wundrack et al; Arthur Hutter, attorney; E. D. Bolton, referee; due, $1,723.52; taxes, &c, $82; subject to 1st mtge. $4,000.

Lincoln Av, 152-4, s e cor 153th St, 50x100, 1-story dwelling; Emma Gett et al, administratrix, against J. T. Riley et al; H. G. Whipple, attorney; T. C. Larkin, referee; due $24,147.04; taxes, &c., $2,500.

### THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

4th St, n s, 239 ft e of Lewis St, for a three-story storage house, 38x18; estate of B. A. Fay, 150 Nassau St, owner; Forest Box and Lumber Co., contractor; cost, $2,000.

11th Av, w s, 25 ft s of 57th St, for a one-story office building and garage, 100x87; J. S. Appleby, 32 Broadway, owner; C. M. Andrews, 60 West 86th St, architect; cost, $16,000.

Olmstead Av, e s, 28.07 ft n of Hermany Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x40; William Helfrich, 2,069 Story Av, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost, $3,500.

Wilkins Av, e s, 127.76 ft n of Southern Boulevard, for a one-story frame shed, 30.17x106; Mary B. Egan, 1,330 Wilkins Av, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $500.

Prospect Av, w s, 157.33 ft n of 165th St, for a one-story brick store, 50x144.9; Newat Realty Co., Philip Wattenberg, 200 Broadway, President, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, architect; cost, $10,000.

Bailey Av, w s, 101.59 ft n of 192d St, for a three-story brick factory, 134.8x56.8; Gryphon Rubber and Tire Corporation, Percival Jones, 5 Nassau St, President, owner; Frank E. Newman, 1,123 Broadway, architect; cost, $27,000.


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Large, handsome house, every improvement; fine condition; over acre in lawn, trees, shrubbery; greenhouse; 10 minutes' station. Going to sell. See it; secure the bargain. OWNER, Room 708, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MANY NEW HOUSES JUST COMPLETED.

Prices from $8,500 to $22,500, on convenient terms. These houses are well worth inspection. We offer also villa plots of exceptional beauty, commanding extensive views, on reasonable terms.

**Kew Gardens**

Surrounding Kew Gardens Station.

**15 Minutes From Herald Square**

Via Penn.-L. I. Electric Express Service.

In the Beautiful Hills of Kew.

Information on request from JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York. Telephone Greeley—5250 and 5251. Representative at Kew Gardens office at Kew Gardens Station every day. Convenient trains for inspecting Kew Gardens. Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., via L. I. R. R. WEEK DAYS—8:17, 9:00, 10:00, 11:05, 11:50 A. M.; 12:30, 12:47, 1:34, 2:06, 3:00, 3:45, 4:08, 4:29, 5:00, 5:11, 5:33, 1:08, 1:56, 2:29 3:03 3:30 4:04 4:45 5:25 P. M. &c. Returning at frequent intervals.

**Make This Your Home—Only $500 Cash!**

In restricted park section, WOODHAVEN, L. I., 15 minutes out; near trains, trolley, golf, etc.; 7 delightful rooms thoroughly up-to-date; tiled bath and kitchen; parquet floors, decorated; steam heat, electricity, gas. Price $5,900. ARNOLD, 429 Vine St., Richmond Hill. 2 L. Phone 2250 Richmond Hill.

**Overlooking the Sound.**

House of 8 rooms and bath hot water heat, gas, electricity, sewers, sidewalks, etc.; 50 minutes from centre of Manhattan, 44 trains daily; restricted neighborhood; private bathing beach; anchorage; $500 cash, balance to suit. Title guaranteed.

A. STEPHENSON, 248 West 34th St., N. Y.

**$100 CASH BUYS 7-ROOM HOUSE**

All improvements; 35 minutes from city; balance $16 monthly; title guaranteed. Floral, Box 179 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

**Offices** Financial District, Low Rent. Convenient offices; one block from Wall St. subway station; single rooms or in suites. Unusual opportunity for any business requiring headquarters in financial district. Inquire on premises at 7 Pine Street, or Cammann, Voorhis & Floyd, 34 William St. Tel. 2260 John.

**1 East 45th St., Cor. 5th Av.**

A choice store, basement and first floor. Beautifully fitted up. Immediate possession. Reasonable rent. Right tenant.

JOHN N. GOLDING,

9 PINE ST. AND 5TH AV., COR. 45TH ST.

**133 WEST 72D STREET.**

MODERN BUILDING FOR

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS

Single and Double Suites.

Inquire Superintendent.

**LOFT, 40x90**

Very light, fireproof, sprinklered building, steam heat, power, elevator service; low rent; low insurance; immediate possession. Apply your broker or Owner, 521 West 26th St.

**Offices, $20.00** AND UPWARD

At subway entrance, 36 East 23d St. Modern 10-story office building. Best of janitor service. See Supt., or

GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT, Farr. 9494. 1133 B'way, at 26th St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

**59 WEST 89TH ST.**

**69 WEST 89TH ST.**

RENT, $1,700 EACH.

Three-story brownstone houses; two-story extension; 11 rooms, 2 baths; very desirable.

**331 WEST 88TH ST.**

RENT, $2,500.

Four-story and basement whitestone dwelling; bay windows; 14 rooms, 3 baths; electric light; parquet floors; very desirable.

OTTO DENCKER, 503 5th Av. Tel. 8977 Murray Hill.

**16 EAST 75TH STREET**

Four-story brownstone Dwelling, 25x100 for rent, furnished or unfurnished, for a term of years. Electric light, open plumbing, hardwood floors. French doors between hall, drawing room and dining room. Usual commission to brokers.

MINTURN POST COLLINS, Greeley 265. 1 West 34th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

**166 West 72d Street**

AN APARTMENT OF FOUR ROOMS, all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x18.6, also dining room. Tiled kitchen with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom with alcove shower and needle bath. If two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room. This apartment is sumptuously furnished and will be leased for the Winter months at $225.00 per month.

ALSO A THREE-ROOM APARTMENT, consisting of bedroom, combination living and dining room, tiled kitchen with ice refrigeration, and large bathroom with shower and needle bath. This apartment is handsomely furnished and will be leased at $150.00 per month. Maid service will be supplied if desired.

APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES. Telephone 7640 Columbus.

**38 West 59th St.**

FACING PARK

2-3, OR 6 ROOM KITCHENETTE APTS.

**SAN JACINTO**

18 EAST 60TH ST.

Any number of Rooms; Complete Service.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

**33 West 51st St.**

CLOSE TO FIFTH AVE.

NEW 12-STORY HOTEL.

Suites of 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 rooms, with baths. Furnished or Unfurnished.

WRITE, CALL OR 'PHONE

Raymond W. Jones, Mgr. 'Phone 6344—Plaza.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

**English Country Home**

Near the Water—Actual Water Rights.

CONVENIENT COMMUTATION TO THE CITY.

$8,000. Terms to Suit

Responsible Purchaser.

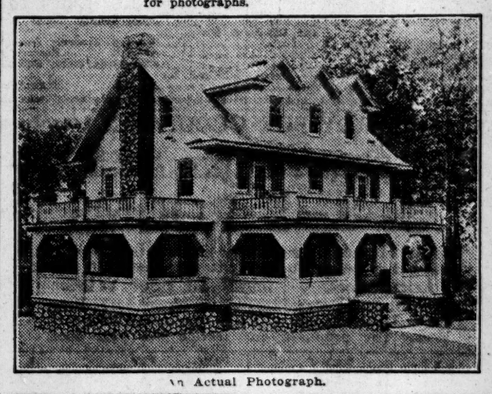
R. F. BARNES, 170 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1522-Cort.

A big, roomy, year round country home, large grounds, fine trees, in the healthiest section near New York. High elevation above mosquito zone.

Has separate entrance porch; large library hall; spacious living room, with huge brick fireplace, and beautiful dining room, with large bay window; butler's pantry and kitchen.

Second floor, four large bed chambers; spacious closets, tiled bath. Third floor, two bed chambers, bathroom, billiard and storage room, large veranda, open terrace and sleeping porch.

Every modern convenience, electric light, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, walls beautifully paneled in hard woods. Convenient to country club, golf, ideal outdoor and water sports. Send, call or telephone for photographs.



An Actual Photograph.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

**Highest Spot**

**562 WEST END AVE.**

AT 87TH ST.

**9 Rooms**

and

**3 Baths**

RENTAL $2,200 TO $2,800.

*Immediate Possession.*

*Absolutely Fireproof. Modern in all details.*

AGENT ON PREMISES.

**El Dorado**

Situated Best Section Central Park.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

*300 Central Park West*

*90th St. to 91st*

Suites of

5 Rooms and Bath.

10 Rooms, 3 Baths.

13 Rooms, 3 Baths.

An apartment house of the highest class, modern in every detail. Rooms are exceptionally large and well arranged.

Apply Superintendent, on Premises, or

M. RAYMOND, 507 West 113th St. 'Phone, Morningside—3240.

**57 WEST 58TH STREET**

***THE CORONET***

Only one 8-room apartment. White woodwork, parquet floors; southern exposure; refrigerating service.

USUAL CORONET QUALITY.

Apply on Premises, or

HARRIS & VAUGHAN, Inc.

569 Fifth Ave. Tel. 31 Murray Hill.

**Stanley Court,**

NORTHWEST COR.

West End Ave. & 106th Street.

CORNER APARTMENTS,

9 ROOMS, 3 Baths,

MODERATE RENTALS, Are available now.

VASA K. BRACHER, 2,010 Broadway. Telephone—Columbus 361.

**602 W. 139TH ST.**

NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE & SUBWAY

6 & 7 Rooms & Bath. Rents $50 to $70.

**3 W. 92D ST.**

ADJACENT CENTRAL PARK WEST.

7 Large Rooms & Bath. Rents $80.

KICK & SHARROTT

2608 B'way, near 98th Street.

**31-3 WEST 11TH ST.**

Eight-story fireproof elevator Apartment, four and five room suites. Rents, $60 to $95.

**45 WEST 11TH ST.**

Eight-story fireproof elevator Apartment, four-room suites. Rents, $50 to $70.

J. IRVING WALSH, 73 West 11th Street.

**57TH STREET, 322-328 WEST**

High-Class Elevator Apartments.

**8** Elegant large rooms; block to Broadway, "L" and sub. stations; most convenient part of city; unexcelled service. **$1000**

Ground Floor, Suitable for Physician.

NAUGHTIN & CO. 2,050 BROADWAY. Riverside—1146.

**ATTENTION** THE MILLARD, 18-20 West 107th St.

HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

4 to 8 EXTRA LARGE, $35 to $65 LIGHT ROOMS.

Best in New York at Price.

**GREYLOCK,**

**61 West 74th St.**

8 large, light, outside rooms; elevator service; southern exposure; near subway and elevated. Telephone Columbus 2945.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

**BRENTMORE**

**88 Central Park West**

Corner 69th St.

| | |
|---|---|
| 9 ROOMS | $3,750 TO |
| 3 BATHS | $4,000 |

Two Styles, Simplex and Duplex.

For rent from October 1st. Immediate possession may be arranged.

Apply on premises, or

Bing & Bing, 119 W. 40th St.

Telephone, 6410—Bryant.

ONE APARTMENT LEFT

**8 ROOMS**

**2 BATHS**

RENTAL, $1,800

**207 West 56th St.,**

Between Broadway and 7th Ave.

MOORE & WYCKOFF

546 5th Avenue

Corner 45th St 'Phone 1263 Bryant.

**HUDSONIA**

79th St. & Riverside Drive, 315-321 West.

An apartment house of the highest class. Thoroughly modern and comfortable in every detail. Rooms conveniently arranged. Choice residential section. Subway, car and bus lines almost at door. Resident management. 6 & 7 Rooms, $900 to $1,100.

OFFICE ON PREMISES. Tel. 9171—Schuyler.

**166W.72dSt.**

Superb Apartments

3 Rooms and bath, $900 to $1400

4 Rooms and bath, $1400 to $2000

EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE

Unobstructed light. Particularly fine bathrooms with tiled alcove shower. Kitchens are tiled and exceptionally well appointed. Ice refrigeration. Service of highest standard. Location and accessibility unsurpassed. Maids' service if desired. MAID'S ROOM, $120 PER ANNUM.

MANAGER ON PREMISES.

**Harperley Hall**

Central Park West at 64th St.

2 Rooms Bath and Kitchenette $750 to $1400

3-4 Rooms Bath and Kitchenette $1600

7 Rooms, Foyer and 3 Baths, $2,600

8 " " " 3 " $3,000

9 " " " 3 " $3,500

Exceptional Service. All Modern Conveniences, Including Refrigeration. Restaurant on Premises. Under Ownership Management.

**76 West 86th Street**

AND

**77 West 85th Street**

Attractive Apartments of

6-7-8-9 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.

All Large, Outside Rooms.

Rentals $1,000 to $1,800 yearly.

APPLY TO AGENT ON PREMISES.

**LIDO HALL**

110th St. at 7th Av. (N. W. Cor.)

7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths

Rentals $1100 to $1300.

Overlooking Central Park. Fireproof. Block to "L" or subway, car and bus. Seven rooms, ground floor, for physician. Representative on premises, or

W. F. Fuerst, 87 Nassau St.

**7 ROOMS $1,300**

**EMAHREL**

**317 W. 99th** Near Riverside

Modern Fireproof Elevator Apartments. Apply to Superintendent.

**THE ADRIAN,**

**58 West 72d.**

Eight large, light rooms, bath; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated, and surface lines. $1,100-$1,800. Inquire Superintendent.

**252-254 West 84th St.**

Excellent Block; Near West End Ave.

Six and Seven Rooms.

$35 to $40; all improvements. Janitor, 256.

**THE AYLSMERE,**

**60 West 76th St.**

Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,600. Supt. on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

**"The Dorchester"**

*12-Story Fireproof Building*

**131 Riverside Drive**

North Corner 85th Street

**10 Rooms with 3 Bath Rooms**

4 Rooms overlooking Riverside and 3 of the chambers with Southern Exposure.

Corner Apartment - - Rental $2,400

**7 Rooms with 2 Bath Rooms**

2 Rooms with Southern Exposure.

6th Floor - - - - Rental $1,600

**6 Rooms with 2 Bath Rooms**

2 Rooms with Southern Exposure.

9th Floor - - - - Rental $1,500

*We have only one price for the apartments we manage*

MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY

56 West 45th Street

*Telephone Bryant 7848*

Representative on Premises

**The Kenmare,**

327 Central Park West.

Corner 93d St.

Overlooking Central Park, convenient to "L" station at 93d St. and 91st St. Subway.

8 Exceptionally Large Rooms, $1,000 to $1,500 Per Annum.

Corner apartments, every room outside.

**The Del Monte,**

102 West 75th St.

Elevator apartment building located on an exclusive private house block; convenient to subway express station, "L" station, and all car lines; all rooms are exceptionally large.

7 & 8 Large Rooms

$800 to $1,400.

**Park Court**

403 West 115th St.

Between Amsterdam and Morningside Avenue West.

Convenient to 110th Street Subway Station, also surface lines. In the Columbia College section. Modern in every detail.

6 and 7 Rooms, Rent from $60 to $75 Per Month

**814-816 WestEndAv**

Between 99th & 100th Sts.

Located on restricted Park thoroughfare, in one of the best residential sections of the city, easily accessible to subway, elevated, bus and all surface lines.

8 Large, Light Rooms and 2 Baths, $1,400 to $1,500.

**Harold Court**

235 West 102d St.

Corner of Broadway.

7 Large, Light Rooms

Front apartments.

Rent $900 to $1,100

**The Portland**

612 West 115th St.

Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive.

Modern eight-story fireproof structure. One block from Broadway and 116th Street subway. Convenient to surface cars and 'bus line.

5 Rooms and Bath, Rent $50 to $52.50 Per Month

SHARP & CO., Broadway, Cor. 99th St.

ONE OF THE FINEST ON THE WEST SIDE.

**THE DELLA ROBBIA**

740 WEST END AVE.

NORTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.

Only Three 4-Room Apartments Left

Only Two 7-Room Apartments Left

The Finest on the West Side at Very Attractive Rental

CENTRAL LOCATION, EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE

ONLY A FEW STEPS FROM SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION

APPLY ON PREMISES, OR

SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents, 162 W. 72D ST.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

**150 West 79th St.**

Bet. Columbus & Amsterdam Aves. 12-Story Fireproof Building.

One 9-Room Duplex Apartment. Rental $2,600.

**587 Riverside Drive**

Corner 136th St.

5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms. Rental $780 to $1,380.

**1,100 Park Ave.**

Corner 89th St.

9 Rooms. Rental $1,600.

EDGAR A. LEVY, 505 Fifth Ave.

Telephone 6960—Murray Hill.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

CORNER APARTMENTS

**8 ROOMS**

AND

**3 BATHS**

RENTALS $2,400.

Absolutely Fireproof. Modern Improvements.

**CORNWALL**

*90th St. & Broadway*

Agent on premises, or

SLAWSON & HOBBS, AGENTS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

**325 WEST 83D ST.**

**THE DEVONSHIRE**

Close to Riverside.

7 Rooms & Bath $720 to $900

All Improvements.

Wm. Cruikshank's Sons

Tel. 6047 John. 37 Liberty St., N. Y. Or apply to Superintendent on premises

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

# The Chepstow

**215 West 101st St., N. E. Corner Broadway.**

10 Story Fireproof Building with 4 Elevators.

An exceptionally attractive corner apartment of

**8 Large Outside Rooms & 3 Baths—$2,100**

**Also 6 & 8 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths—$1,300 to $1,800**

**ROCKLEDGE HALL**
Riverside Drive, Corner 102d St.
Choicest Section of the Drive.
Private House Block.
Largest rooms on the West Side.
8 Rooms and 3 Baths,
$1,900 to $2,200.

**250 W. 104th ST.**
BET. BROADWAY AND
West End Av.
Nine-story fireproof apartment; private house location; one block from 103d St. Subway.
5 and 6 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
$1,100 to $1,450.

Most Reasonable Rent on the Drive.
**400 Riverside Drive**
Corner 112th Street.
Modern building, embodying all the latest improvements; very attractive floor plan. Rents on application.
7 and 8 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.

**PICKEN COURT**
706 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
Corner 148th Street.
Ten-story fireproof building; every convenience; excellent view; all rooms exceptionally large.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
$660 to $1,400.

**THE OSTEND**
2,880 BROADWAY, Cor. 112th St.
Modern elevator building; convenient to 110th St. Subway station; apartments are exceptionally large and well arranged.
9 and 10 Rooms, 2 Baths.
$1,200 to $1,800.
Apt. Suitable for Doctor or Dentist, 8 rooms, $1,200.

**CAROLYN COURT**
414 WEST 121ST ST.,
Bet. Amsterdam Av. and Morningside Drive.
All modern improvements; convenient to car lines and subway station.
3, 4, 5 Rooms and Bath.
$480 to $720.

**JANUS COURT**
106 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE,
South Cor. 121st St.
New fireproof and soundproof building; situated at highest point in city; every modern improvement.
5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.
$660 to $1,200.

**LINLITHGOW**
640 WEST 139TH ST.,
Corner Riverside Drive.
Ideal location; unexcelled view of the Hudson River and the Drive.
4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms,
$480 to $840.

Apply to Superintendents on Premises, or

**Calder, Nassoit & Lanning,**
Broadway, Corner 105th Street.

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NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.

# SPENCER ARMS

S. E. Cor. Broadway & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartments.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most convenient location in city.
RENTAL, $70 to $125.
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker.
Tel. Columbus 3996.

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MANHATTAN—West Side.

# Best Values
ON
# West End Ave.
# The Halsworth

645 WEST END AVENUE,
S. W. COR. 92D ST.
5, 6 AND 7 ROOMS,
2 AND 3 BATHS.
RENTAL, $1,200 TO $2,000.
Very Attractive and Light Apartments. Absolutely Fireproof. Every Improvement.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents,
162 West 72d Street.

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**AMHERST**
204 West 110th St.
8 ROOMS $1,700 PER ANNUM
3 BATHS
**STRAND VIEW**
309 West 99th St.
Near West End Ave.
7 ROOMS $1,500 PER ANNUM
2 BATHS
Apply on Premises, or
Bing & Bing, 119 W. 40th St.
Tel. Bryant—6410.

---

**The Borchardt,**
220 West 98th St., Cor. B'way
Modern 12 Story Fireproof House.
Only Two Left 7-8 Rooms Foyer, 3 Baths, $1,700-$1,900.
Rooms large and light; excellent service.
**Stuart Arms,**
226 West 97th St., Near Broadway.
8-Story, Fireproof Building,
*Convenient to 96th St. Subway Station,*
Beautiful Large Apartments,
7 Rooms & Bath, $1500-$1600
All Outside Bedrooms.

---

**9 Rooms**
Modern Elevator Apartment.
**265 W. 81st St.**
Bet. Broadway and West End Av.
**Rent, $1500**
References Essential. Immediate Possession.
Apply on premises, or
DERSCHUCH & CO., 150 Broadway.

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**Elevator Apartments**
4, 5, 6 Rooms;
$28 Up.
335 West 14th St.
NEWLY RENOVATED. ALL IMPROVEMENTS. DECORATED TO SUIT. BEST VALUE ON WEST SIDE.

---

73 WEST 92D ST.
PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK.
8 Large Rooms, $67.50
Beautifully decorated; abundant closet space. Short walk to all transit lines and prettiest part of Central Park.
Agent on premises or
KEMPE & CO. 87th St.-Broadway. Schuyler 5610.

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West Side, Above 110th Street.

# "Grinnell"

**Riverside Drive and 157th St.**
Subway station within 200 feet of building.
This DISTINCTIVE FIREPROOF building has been filled since the day it was opened.
A few suites to lease from October 1st.
All Large Outside Rooms.
RENTALS MUCH LESS than Middle West Side
Finest Apartments on Upper West Side.

---

NEW
# UNIVERSITY COURT

70 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, Cor. 117TH ST.
**Near Columbia University.**
Every convenience known provided; view for 50 miles from the parlor windows; the entrance with the spring of its fountains unsurpassed; undesirable tenants excluded; no dogs allowed.
4 Rooms, $480.
7 Rooms, Bath, $900.

# HAGUE COURT

NEAR COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,
400 West 118th St., facing Morningside Park.
**Corner Apartment**
ALL OUTSIDE, SUNNY ROOMS.
7 Rooms, Bath, 2 Toilets, $1,200
7 Rooms, Bath, 2 Toilets, $1,000
Apply Superintendent respective buildings or
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
508 5TH AV. TEL. 2718 MURRAY HILL.

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**Apartments**
Chester Court
86 West 119th St.
6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms and Bath newly renovated, $600—$1,200
Ronda and Chateau d'Armes
161st St. and Fort Washington Ave.
4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath, $480—$1,000
The Waramaug
629 West 115th Street
7 Rooms and 2 Baths $1,200—$1,300.
Further particulars and plans of all the apartments are on file at our offices at
10 East 45th St.
14 Wall Street

Douglas Robinson
Charles S. Brown Co

---

**2 & 3** Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette,
Unfurnished, $32.50 to $42.50.
Furnished, $42.50 to $57.50.
**WHITESTONE,**
609 West 127th St.
ALL NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
Superintendent, on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.
Tel., 6410—Bryant.

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**CONCORD HALL**
468 Riverside Drive,
Corner 119th St.
7-8 rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory.
$1150—$1700. STRICTLY FIREPROOF.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

# Great Rent Reduction

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

**The Northern** Northwest Cor. 181st St. & Northern Av.
3 blocks west of Broadway. Subway station at 181st St.
8 Immense rooms, (Corner,) 2 baths, butler's pantry, southern exposure. You will have to pay $125 for such apartments elsewhere $75 to $85 Formerly $110
5 & 6 Rooms & Bath, Butler's Pantry ..... $45 to $60 Formerly $60 to $75

**The Kenilworth** 45 Pinehurst Av., Northeast Corner 179th St.
Highest location in city, most desirable residential section. All rooms outside and extraordinarily large.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths (Front) ..... $55-$60 Formerly $65 to $70
5 Rooms & Bath (Front) ..... $50 Formerly $55
4 Rooms & Bath (Front) ..... $40 Formerly $45

**Riverside Drive, 745** Southeast Corner 153d St. **Onondaga**
Highest altitude on Riverside Drive, with magnificent views of the Hudson and Palisades. Spacious rooms, with every conceivable improvement.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths (Corner) ..... $95 to $100 Formerly $110
7 Rooms, 2 Baths ..... $80 to $75 Formerly $90
6 Rooms, 2 Baths ..... $55 to $65 Formerly $85

**Regent Hall,** 3100-3110 Broadway, N. E. Cor. 123d, S. E. Cor. 124th. **Bellport Hall**
High-class house, convenient to subway; block from Grant's Tomb and Riverside Drive.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths (Corner) ..... $60-$70 Formerly $80 to $85
6 Rooms and Bath ..... $45-$60 Formerly $65
5 Rooms and Bath ..... $38-$50 Formerly $55 to $60
4 Rooms and Bath, ground floor, front, adapted for physician ..... $40 Formerly $50

---

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

**The Duncraggan** 181ST ST. RIVERSIDE DRIVE
# 3--4--5 ROOMS
With all the improvements and devices that contribute to the health and comfort of Tenants. Rents $30 to $60.
**Located on a Plaza 120 Feet Wide.**
Commanding a magnificent view of the Park, River and Palisade scenery; within easy access of all transit lines. The proposed bus service will pass door.

**Rivercliff**
628 WEST 151st ST.,
Building just completed.
AT RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
3, 4 ROOMS, $35-$47.50
JUST THE HOME YOU HAVE BEEN LOOKING FOR; SPACIOUS CLOSETS, LARGE FOYER HALL, ETC.; BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED.

**The Trossachs**
106 NORTHERN AVE.,
JUST NORTH OF 181ST ST.
3,4,5 & 6 ROOMS, $30-$65
EXTRA LARGE, LIGHT, ESPECIALLY WELL ARRANGED, OVERLOOKING HUDSON AND PALISADES. SHORT WALK TO SUBWAY STATION. AGENT PREMISES.

Courteous and Competent Renting Agents on Premises or
87th St., Cor. B'way. KEMPE & CO. Schuyler 5610

---

# THE MAJESTIC

St. Nicholas Ave., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
**7 & 8 Rooms & Bath**
**Rental $720 to $1,000**
Large, light rooms, complete, elevator and telephone service. All modern conveniences. Close to Subway and elevated lines.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO. 299 Madison Ave.
Tel., Murray Hill—1481. Renting Agent on Premises.

---

West Side, Above 110th Street.

**Liberal offer by the Owner**
The owner of these houses is desirous of filling them at once. Hence will give extraordinary inducements to desirable tenants.

Brockton—Elevator.
661 West 180th Street,
N. E. Corner Broadway
4-5 Rooms, $40 to $50.

Swampscott—Elevator.
660 West 180th Street,
S. E. Corner Broadway.
4-5-6 Rooms, $37.50 to $55.

542 W. 179th St.—Non-Elevator
4 Rooms, $30.

These houses are exceptionally well managed and of recent construction, and are located in the best section on Washington Heights.
KNAP & WASSON CO., Agents,
4249 Broadway at 181st St.
3769 Broadway at 156th St.

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**Strathcona on the Hudson**
709 West 169th Street
Corner Haven Avenue
Unusually desirable apartments. Unsurpassed location. Unobstructed view of Hudson from every room; all large and sunny. Kitchenette with 2 and 3 rooms.
2-3-4-5 rooms, all improvements
NIGHT AND DAY SERVICE.
Rents $360 to $720
Apply on premises, or
CHARLES A. ADRIAN, Agent,
3536 Broadway
Telephone 2649 Audubon.

---

"OPPOSITE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY."
# The Melville
Amsterdam Av. at 118th St.
# The Winthrop
Attractive Apartments,
5-6-7 ROOMS, $600 - $900
All Night Elevator Service.

---

**536 W. 111th St.**
Modern fireproof building, adjacent to Broadway. Superb Apartments, large, light rooms. Appointments and service of highest standard.
3 Rooms, kitchenette and bath..... $570 to $700
4 Rooms and bath..... 780 to 825
5 Rooms and bath..... 840 to 1,000
6 Rooms, bath, extra lavatory..... 960 to 1,050
7 Rooms and 2 baths..1,100 to 1,250
APPLY MANAGER. ON PREMISES.

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**CARVEL COURT**
Cor. 114th St. & St. Nicholas Av.
5 and 6 Rooms.
High Class Elevator Apts.
ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
RENT $45 TO $55.

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**504 WEST 111TH ST.**
MODERN BLDG., NEAR BROADWAY
Night and Day Hall and Elevator Service.
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS
4 Rooms and Bath, $510 to $660
MANAGER ON PREMISES

---

**NEW HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS**
72-82 Seaman Ave.,
4 blocks west 207th St. B'way Sub. Station.
4-5-6 Rooms, $33 to $42.50.
Telephone each apt., parquet floors, large closets, tennis courts, near 4 parks. Apply M. JUST, 612 West 207th St. Aud. 461.

---

**GRAND CORNER**
7th Av., 1,919, corner 116th; open plaza, bet. subway and "L" express stations; 7-8 rooms, extra large, light, high class; all improvements; newly decorated; reduced to $80, $70, $65; great concessions; see our inducements before you select.

THE ST. ERMINS 549 W. 163d St.
Elevator Apartments.
3, 4, 5, 6 ROOMS.
Extra large, light, beautifully decorated; especially well arranged; all modern improvements; house completely renovated and under owner's personal management; moderate rent.

---

West Side, Above 110th Street.

603 W. 111th St.
# *The Antlers*
between B'way & Riverside
7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
Attractive Modern Apts.
Owner on Premises
$1,400

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# THE CAMPUS

39-41 Claremont Ave.
Above 116th St., Adjacent to Riverside Drive.
5 & 6 Rooms & Bath
overlooking Barnard, College and Columbia University; all rooms facing the outside and splendidly laid out. Also an attractive Suite
7 Rooms & 2 Baths
Modern fireproof building; under the personal management of the owner.
Rents Very Reasonable.
Possession at once.

---

**DYCKMAN ARMS**
140 Vermilyea Ave., Cor. 207th St.
AND
**ISHAM PARK APARTMENTS**
Vermilyea Ave. from Isham to 211th St.
2 Beautiful New Corner Buildings
JUST COMPLETED
3-4-5 Room Apartments
Southerly exposure, every modern improvement; 2 minutes walk from 207th St. Subway Station, and one block East of B'way.
*Like Living in the Country.*
Rents, $300 to $600. References Required.
ALDUS CONSTRUCTION CO.,
Owners and Builders.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

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# REED HOUSE
Broadway at 121st St.
7 rooms.... $900 $1200
Perfect Service.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

---

**3-4-5 Room Elevator Apartments** NEW BUILDINGS fine residential section, conveniently located; good transit facilities; 3 rooms, $24; 4 rooms, $29; 5 rooms, $48.
179TH AND MORRIS AV.
Take subway to 180th, then crosstown car, get off at Morris Avenue; or Jerome Avenue car to 179th.

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# Placid Hall

S. E. Cor. 151st St. & Riverside Drive
Elegant, up-to-date 6-7 Room Apartment.
FROM $900 TO $1,200.

---

**THE MARKENFIELD,**
605-611 West 111th St.
overlooking the Hudson; convenient to 110th St. Subway; 4, 5, 6 room Apartments. RENTS $600 TO $1,020.
LEROY COVENTRY, 156 W. 72d.

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123d ST., 510-518 West.
**COLUMBIA COURT**
TRANQUILLITY, DIGNITY & COMFORT.
3 and 4 rooms; modern elevator apartments; all conveniences; rents $32 to $45.

---

**PONCIANA**
Elevator House, 6 large rooms, $45. Now being overhauled. Choice of decorations to tenant. Supt. 509 W. 124.
WILCOX & SHELTON.
2,107 7th Av.

---

**HIGH CLASS, ELEVATOR,**
8 and 9 large outside rooms, $80, upward, strictly refined. Every improvement, apply on premises, 427 to 441 Fort Washington Av., at West 180th St.

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**Parthenon and Hesperus**
117th to 118th St. and Manhattan Av.
Most convenient location in city; elevated express trains two blocks; 2, 4, and 6 rooms; rents, $30 to $65; restaurant.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

*New Fireproof Apartments*

# 310 & 320 West 86th St.
*(Just west of West End Avenue)*

THE six room suites are all leased. We still have several seven room Apartments, one renting as low as $2,200—and a few eight room Suites with exceptional westerly view. It is an actual fact that there is an atmosphere about these apartments which is superior to anything we know of on the west side.

Ready for immediate occupancy.

Loton H. Slawson Company 171 Madison Avenue, New York
Agent and Manager.

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# 161 East 79th Street

Near Lexington Avenue
New Building Ready October 1st
Two apartments on a floor, each occupying whole width of plot.
Large sunny rooms.
7 and 8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1,900 to $2,500
Two Doctors' Apartments,
3 and 4 Rooms, $1,000-$1,200
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents
340 Madison Avenue
'Phone, Murray Hill—6200.

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**UNUSUAL APARTMENTS MAINTAINING THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF SERVICE**

**THE ALLERTON**
600 W. 113th St., cor. B'way
Modern 12-Story Building
Corner Suites of Exceptional Desirability
6, 7 and 8 Rooms and 2 Baths
$1200 to $1800

**THE FRIESLAND**
235 W. 103d St., cor. B'way
at Subway Station
Most Attractive Suites of
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath
$1050 to $1300

APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENTS, OR
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT, Inc.
Tel. Riverside 975 2705 Broadway, at 103d St.

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West Side, Above 110th Street.

**Manhattan Av. & 123d St.**
Near 125th St. "L" and Subway.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
2-3-4 & 5 Rooms
Kitchens and Kitchenettes,
$28 to $60 Per Month.
Large Rooms, Unusual Closet Space.
'Phone 3927 Morningside.

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**THE MIDLOTHIAN**
355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside, light and air. Apply to Janitor.

---

MANHATTAN—East Side.

**Murray Hill Apts.**
122-128 East 34th Street
S. W. cor. of Lexington Ave.
SEVEN & EIGHT ROOMS
RENTS, $1,200-$1,800

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**Bachelor Apartments**
THE BERWYCK
65-69 West 54th Street
TWO ROOMS & BATH
RENTS, $480-$720
CONVENIENT TO THE UNION AND UNIVERSITY CLUBS.
DOCTOR'S OFFICE, $900
APPLY TO
HERMAN L. R. EDGAR
81 Nassau Street

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**27 East 62nd Street**
Unusual
4-Room Housekeeping Apartments
Rentals $1,000-$1,200.
Only 3 left.
Apply on Premises, or
HARRIS & VAUGHAN, Inc.
569 5th Av. Tel. 34 Murray Hill.

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**1219 MADISON AVENUE,**
Southeast Corner 88th Street.
All apartments have dining room and living room facing the avenue. Each has a maid's toilet. All floors parquet and hardwood. Electric lights. All-night elevator service.
6 Rooms & Bath, $840 up.
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,000 up.
9 Rooms & Bath, $1,450.
MANAGEMENT BY RESIDENT OWNER. APPLY ON PREMISES.

---

**152 EAST 35TH STREET.**
ONLY ONE APARTMENT TO LET.
Eight elegant, large, light rooms and 2 baths, in high-class elevator apartment house. All improvements. All master bedrooms have southern exposure. Unobstructed front and rear views. Day and night service.
$1,800 PER ANNUM.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR FRANKLIN L. PARTRIDGE, 49 WALL ST.

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**LENOX COURT**
114 EAST 71ST.
8 rooms and 2 baths.
All Light Rooms, Rent $1500
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT.

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**THE PALACIO**
Northwest corner Park Av., 65th.
8 Rooms and 2 Baths.
All large, outside, sunny rooms.
RENT $1,700, $2,000. SUPERINTENDENT.

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**16-18 EAST 87TH ST.**
Between Fifth and Madison Avenues.
7 & 8 Large, Light Rooms & Bath, $45 to $55 Per Month.
Newly decorated, steam heat, hot water.
MARSTON & CO.,
30 East 42nd Street. Tel. 540 Murray Hill.

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**44 EAST 49TH ST.**
FINE APARTMENT, SEVEN ROOMS AND BATH; ALL LIGHT ROOMS; RENT $1,600.

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**CORONADO**
Northwest corner Park Av., 81st St.; high-class elevator apartment, 7 and 8 rooms. Rents $900, $1,200 yearly.

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**New Mildred Elevator Apts.**
140 EAST 92D ST.
Seven outside rooms, bath, two toilets; up to date; $700 to $750; also dental apartment in same building.

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MANHATTAN—East Side.

**Non-Housekeeping Apartments**
A few Apartments available for fall renting, 1, 2 and 3 large, airy, outside rooms with bath; modern in detail. Day and night attendance. Vacuum cleaning system, maid service, mail chute, open fireplaces, ample closet room. Meals served in apartments. Agent always on premises. 'Phone, Plaza—6070.
Rents, $600 to $1,320.
507 Madison Avenue. At 53d St.

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**The Manhanset**
63 East 59th Street
ADMIRABLY suited to professional and business people who seek a refined home with apartment house privacy and hotel service.
There are now available a few suites of 3 rooms and bath, ranging in rental from $56 to $70. These have been newly renovated and include the most desirable apartments in the Manhanset.
For details apply to Supt. Tel. 4490 Plaza

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**PARK AVENUE, 550** S. W. Cor. 52d St.
7 ROOMS & BATH, $1,350-$1,750.
Fireproof; all night elevator.

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# THE SUSSEX

55 EAST 65TH ST.
Apartments of seven or eight rooms. Rent $1,400. Extra maids' rooms. Private house block. Apply to Superintendent.

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**61-69 EAST 86TH ST.**
Choice apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms; most accessible location in Yorkville; elevator service.

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BROOKLYN.

**MONTAUK** ELEVATOR APARTMENT
354 Ocean Av., Flatbush
22 Minutes from New York.
At Woodruff Av. Station, Brighton Beach L.
Complete in modern conveniences and comfort, including liveried hall service, day and night, telephone; large, spacious rooms, elegantly decorated, &c.
2-5-6-7 Rooms
$25 to $95
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, YOUR OWN BROKER, OR
Second United Cities Realty Corp.
261 Broadway, New York.
Tel. Barclay 6500.

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**BEVERLY COURT**
Located in Beautiful Flatbush.
2104 to 2112 Beverly Road.
Semi-detached Buildings,
6 & 7 Rooms & Bath, $40 to $50
All outside, large, airy rooms.
Attractive Surroundings.
30 Minutes from New York.
Apply on Premises, your own Broker, or
Wood, Harmon Warranty Corporation,
261 Broadway, New York City.

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**Royal Arms,**
186 Prospect Place,
near Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.
The best elevator apartment in Brooklyn; containing all latest improvements.
3, 4 and 5 Rooms with Bath, $30 to $60.
Courteous Attendants in Uniforms.
Apply on premises or
J. J. BROOKE, 215 Montague St.

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**MOST EXCLUSIVE APARTMENTS IN BROOKLYN**
UNFURNISHED
One and two rooms, bath, kitchenette, housekeeping, non-housekeeping; gas and electricity and service included in rent, from $20 TO $40 PER MONTH.
Resident Manager on Premises.
POUCH MANSION, 345 CLINTON AVE.

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**EASTERN PARKWAY,**
749 to 781, Corner Kingston Ave.
$40 TO $50.
Modern apartments, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; in the most healthful section of Brooklyn; easy access to Manhattan via subway.

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BRONX.

**TREMONT COURT,**
1,950 Washington Av.
To let—4-5-6 room apartments and stors; all improvements. Elevator and telephone service all night. Reasonable rents.

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# Property Out of the City

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**Westchester—For Sale or To Let.**

707 North Broadway and 148 and 152 Robert Lane, Yonkers, two-story eight and nine room dwellings, just completed; very attractive; newest improvements, handsome decorations; high-class location; attractive prices. River View Building Co., on premises, and 718 North Broadway, Yonkers.

Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon.—Large, exquisite apartments, appearance of private dwelling, surrounded by shady lawns; each apartment an entire floor, 25 windows, piazza, heat, hot water supply; $900-$960 yearly. Janitor, 174 Rich Av., Mount Vernon.

Country house, Scarsdale, with 2 acres land, garden, stable, and improvements. Inquire C. Frank, Greenville Hotel, Scarsdale, N. Y.

HOUSE PLANS and specifications made according to your ideas. Rousseau, 2 E. 23d.

KENNETH IVES & CO., Westchester, 7 E. 42. Hudson River.

**Long Island—For Sale or To Let.**

Just completed, attractive bungalow, 5 rooms and bath, finished in most attractive manner; large verandas and nice plot of ground; two minutes from bathing beach, and only 40 minutes from city; will take $150 down, balance easy monthly payments. J. C. Colt, 1,218 Broadway, corner Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

NEAR LONG ISLAND SOUND.—Comfortable six-room cottage, on plot of ground large enough for poultry raising, near depot and trolley, one hour from city; $100 down, $12 monthly; particulars and free tickets. C. Finn, 1,218 Broadway, corner Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

Flushing.—Lot 40x181, on 17th St., $1,600; near trolley and L. I. Station. Flanagan, 754 Rector St., Woodhaven.

**New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.**

For Sale or to Let, Fanwood, N. J.—Practically new modern 8-room house, all improvements, on lot 200x267; 4 minutes' walk from station; fine location; asparagus, berries, and fruit trees; fine garage and hen house; rent, $50 per month; sale, $10,500; business compels owner to move. Opportunity, Box 21, Fanwood, N. J.

Small fruit farms, 75x500; five minutes to station; restricted section; twenty-mile view; new houses; every improvement; wonderful fruit; real opportunity, $5,000 to $6,500; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Stocked farm, 80 acres, with cattle, horses, pigs, poultry, tools, hay, rye, oats, corn, potatoes. $5,000. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

9-Room house, lot 47x289, 3 minutes from Bloomfield station; good condition. W. K., 177 West St., New York City.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL." All about the "Ideal Home Town." SECRETARY, Box 314, Nutley, N. J.

Comfortable home, Plainfield, N. J., sale or lease. Room 1,624, No. 61 Broadway, New York.

Bargain.—$6,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Property My Specialty. Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av.

LITTLE FARMS, hour out, for city workers; $10 monthly. Room 1701, 141 Broadway.

**Georgia—For Sale or to Let.**

SOUTHERN LANDS are low in price, but high in productive value; make two to four crops a year and give largest profits in grain, vegetables, fruits, live stock, and dairying. Unsurpassed climate; good markets. Southern progress is on the Southern Railway. Publications on request. M. V. Richards, Commissioner, Room 219 Southern Railway, Washington, D. C.

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# Country Property

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**To Let—Furnished.**

For rent, furnished, from October 1st, beautifully situated country home, 11 rooms, bath; electric lights, hot-water furnace, garage, arrangement for stabling if desired. Half mile from station; 62 minutes to Liberty Street; $50. Apply or address Magnolia Farm, Freneau, N. J.

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# Mortgage Loans

*Forty-five cents an agate line.*

For Sale.—2d mortgages, $3,500, 6%, expires June 10, 1917, on six-story mercantile building rented for $5,000; present first mortgage $24,000 expires 1918. F. De Angelis, 340 Broadway.

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**BANKRUPTCY SALES.**

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —In the matter of the general assignment of JACOB LEMPIT to MORRIS B. ARNOLD for the benefit of creditors.

Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, will sell at his place of business, No. 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 10.30 A. M., on this day, the 15th day of September, 1915, property herein consisting of skirts, piece goods, trimmings, machinery, and fixtures, including sewing machines, power tables, motor, safe, typewriting machine, etc.

The property can be inspected on September 13th and 14th, 1915, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. The assignee reserves the right to withdraw any property from sale or reject any and all bids.

Dated New York, September 4th, 1915.
MORRIS B. ARNOLD, Assignee.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

**BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.**

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH L. HIRSCH, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 22,098.

Notice is hereby given that a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the alleged bankrupt herein, and a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated September 13th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22,149.—In Bankruptcy.—HENRY SALZ, Bankrupt.

Henry Salz was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 9th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on September 28th, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated September 13, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21,779.—In Bankruptcy. —JENNIE BERNSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Jennie Bernstein are hereby given notice that on June 15th, 1915, she was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, September 27th, 1915, at 2:00 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, September 14th, 1915.

**U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On September 8, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named court on behalf of the United States against seven cases of eggs upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise or interested therein to appear before said court in the General Post Office Building, on September 29, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.
September 8, 1915.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

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**Small Suite of Offices**
to suit
**Lawyer or Physician.**
Light on all sides.
Open day and night.
Most convenient building in the city.
**The Times Building,**
**Times Square.**
Call to-day. Rent Moderate.
Rental Agent—Room 406.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

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# City Property

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.**

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate. 149th St. and Bl Ave.

JERE JOHNSON JR. CO., AUCTIONEERS, 187 B'way, N. Y., 183 Montague St., B'klyn.

**Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.**

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

CORNER FACTORY SITE,
Bergen St. and Grand Av.; about 50x150, for sale; bargain. W. A. Porter, 1,007 Dean St., Brooklyn.

**Queens—For Sale or To Let.**

MODERN COTTAGE, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements, heat, &c.; lawn and garden; 25 minutes via electric trains; will sell on terms of $100 down, $17 monthly. Tickets and particulars C. Yale, 1,218 Broadway, corner Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

FORCED TO SELL
waterfront plot 300 feet from Long Island Sound; all city improvements; very cheap to quick buyer. Address G. B., 84 Times.

Jamaica—Sacrifice, six rooms, bath, $3,900; eight rooms and bath, $5,900; all improvements. Piquet, 854 Fulton St., Jamaica.

SEE THE NEW HOMES AT KEW GARDENS.
15 minutes from Penn. Terminal.

**City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.**

468 West 145th St.—House to rent in which doctor will rerent a part.

**City Houses to Let—Furnished**

Well-furnished house on West End Av.; modern improvements, 10 rooms, 2 baths, $2,500. Telephone 5086 Gramercy.

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# To Let For Business Purposes

A MANUFACTURER'S SNAP—New heavy mill constructed building; 20,000 square feet; opposite freight and passenger station, modern in every respect; suitable for any class of manufacturing. Lowest rent and insurance. "We Build Factories to Suit." FEIST & FEIST, "Factory Specialists," 739 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

DESK ROOM to let. Two large windows, Singer Building, Room 1111.

Dentist of 20 years' practice will share his apartment with physician or specialist; private entrance for patients; Central Park West. A. G. L., 29 Times.

Comfortable home, Plainfield, N. J., sale or lease. Room 1,624, No. 61 Broadway, New York.

Doctor's Office.—Large, well lighted, furnished or unfurnished; may be seen at any time. 105 West 74th St. Telephone Columbus 1812.

LOFTS to let, 75x100, with power; concrete building. Spindler & Deringer, Colgate and Mercer Sts., Jersey City.

Desk Room, light office, reasonable. Evening Post Building, Room 401, 20 Vesey St.

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# Apartments to Let

**Furnished.**

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**East Side.**

Apartments to rent, furnished and unfurnished, full hotel service; restaurant; cheapest rates in New York; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $12 weekly and upward. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

**West Side**

THE WILSONIA,
225-229 W. 69th St., near Broadway.
1 Room and Bath, $25 up.
2 Rooms, Bath, and Kitchenette, $40 up.
3 Rooms, Bath, and Kitchenette, $47.50 up.
4 Rooms, 2 Baths and Kitchenette, $75.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN.
No Questionable or Objectionable Tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

We offer hotel conveniences and comforts at apartment house rates.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 1, 2, 3, & 4 Rooms
100 Cathedral Parkway, SPECIALLY
110th St. and Col. Ave. ATTRACTIVE.
with private bath and kitchenette:
Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils. Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 up monthly. CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished. Near Subway and "L"—Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River 3970.
CONVENTIONS ACCOMMODATED.

98th St., 305-307 West.—Schuyler Arms Hotel, between Riverside and Broadway. Strictly high-class house; beautifully furnished apartments; shower baths; 2, 3, 4, and 5 rooms, with or without kitchen, fully equipped for housekeeping; all-night elevator; telephone; bellboy and maid service; restaurant in building. Phone 3964 River.

An apartment that is a real home; location convenient to shops, theatres; West 71st St., 342, 6 and 8 rooms, 2 baths; living room 22x18, bedroom 22x16; elevator house; will furnish new rugs, furniture, beds, bedding, &c., to suit prospective tenant; rent $200 to $300 per month. Apply premises or Ernest Tribelhorn, 60 Wall St.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
Furnished, unfurnished; all sections; season, term. EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO., Murray Hill 4520. 507 5th Av.

67th St., 130 East.—Five large, light, all outside rooms and bath; handsomely furnished; complete outfit of china, glass, kitchen, and laundry utensils. Supt., 3867 Plaza.

Riverside Drive, 103d St.—Elegantly furnished five rooms, overlooking the drive, reliable party, $145, or will retain room and rent for $100. 500 Riverside.

97th St., 308 West.—Five unusually large rooms; southern exposure; handsomely furnished; $115; elevator house. Ernest Tribelhorn, premises.

51st, 305 West.—Elegantly furnished, elevator building, two, three, four rooms and bath; kitchens and kitchenettes; $12 up; references necessary.

738 West End Av., corner 96th. Beaut

# Apartments to Let

**Unfurnished.**

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**West Side**

An apartment that is a real home; the home you want before you have seen it; location convenient to shops, theatres; West 71st St., 342; Apartments 6 and 8 unusually spacious, airy, light, cheerful rooms, three baths, living room 21x24, bedroom 16x22; good layout; comforts of private house on one floor; sunshine in every room; high-class elevator house; attentive service; plenty hot water and steam heat; rent $1,350 to $1,800, being 20% lower than similar apartments rent for elsewhere; renting agent on premises.

THE NEWPORT

236 Street, 200-206 West, s. e. cor. Broadway. Five and six rooms, $55 to $75. Elevator, steam heat, electric lights. Quiet and respectable building. Apply on premises or to

WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar Street. Phone 5700 John.

Apartments 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath; 4 rooms and 2 baths; full hotel service; phone; maid service; newly decorated to suit; $35 per month up per room; meals optional; $8 a week; one block from "L" and subway express, cars, and bus lines; special inducements for leases; references; just completed; very exceptional opportunity owing to tardiness in completion of building; great sacrifice in rates. Hotel Nobleton, 126 West 73d St. Write for booklet.

422 WEST 20TH ST.

Charming location; unobstructed view Episcopal college grounds covering block opposite; 5 splendid rooms, bath, $36-$42; for quiet, refined people with no small children.

THE CHESTERSHIRE,
568-570 West 183d St.

1½ blocks from subway station; modern six-story elevator apartment, 6 and 7 rooms and bath, $45 to $65. Superintendent on premises.

Convent Av., 96-100.—Choice modern apartments of two-three, and four rooms and bath; one doctor's or dentist's apartment of five rooms and bath, with two entrances. Superintendent on premises.

Will sublet for one year unfurnished corner apartment, 6 rooms, foyer, and 3 baths; all light outside rooms; at the Rexford, 340 Broadway, for $1,800; can be seen between 3 and 6. Voightlander.

Finest 9-room apartment in New York; facing south, east and west; 4 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; balconies on Central Park and 64th St.; real fireplace. Harperly Hall, 41 Central Park West.

$36, 105 West.—Four large rooms, housekeeping, facing street, $60; also one large outside room; private bath; for bachelor; telephone; maid service; $35; studio apartment house.

St. Nicholas Av., 430, (facing St. Nicholas Park.)—Seven large, light rooms; steam heat; modern plumbing; location first class; $90. Janitor.

Attractive Maisonette, unconventional quarters; convenience of apartment, 3-4-7 rooms, 2 baths; $1,000, $2,000. 52d, 5th Av. MRS. ALEXANDER, Real Estate, 46 W. 52d.

Manhattan Av., 436, (near 116th St. "L" Station.)—Six rooms, bath; modern plumbing; steam heat; beautiful entrance; $25; newly decorated throughout. Janitor.

Six rooms and bath, 1,271 Broadway, Greeley Square; spacious and light; $1,200, $1,500 yearly; can be used by dentists, or studios. Room 229, 45 Broadway. 3796 Rector.

2,465 Broadway, at 91st St. Subway.—Seven-room elevator apartment; all improvements; reasonable. Apply Supt. or telephone John 2429.

The Hamilton.—Elegant apartments, 5 and 6 rooms; opposite City College; rent, $40 to $55. Apply to Owner, on premises, 477 West 140th St.

ELEVATOR, 5 ROOMS, $45.

Convenient, fashionable neighborhood. 509 West 112th.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large rooms and bath, newly decorated; immediate possession; rent moderate.

5-room apartment, unfurnished; sublet for 1 year from Oct. 1st. 200 West 58th St., 2d floor, Apartment E; $125 per month.

4-Room apartment, $40; new, desirable building; on Hudson; Washington Heights. Herter, 92 Haven Av. Audubon 8041.

West End Av., 847-9, (near 102d St.)—8 rooms, bath, $70-$75; 6 rooms, bath, $40-$42; all improvements.

A—156 WEST 72D ST.—Convenient to subway and elevated; 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; room service; $600-$900.

Three rooms, bath, Broadway, 2,708 (103d;) housekeeping; non-housekeeping; restaurant service; $40.

1724, 575 West.—Corner elevator house, 4-7 large, beautifully decorated apartments.

94th St., 319 West.—Handsome 5-7 room apartments. Superintendent on premises.

For apartments on Grand Concourse, consult H. A. Douglas, 2,428 Grand Concourse.

317 West 121st.—7 all light rooms; private hall, all improvements. $36.

150th, 202 West.—Modern apartments; seven all large, light rooms; $40, $50.

160th, 660 West.—Elevator apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms, $45 to $70.

**Brooklyn.**

6T, JAMES PLACE, NEAR FULTON ST. Delightful 6-room apt., $42; 7-room, $45; electricity, steam; parquet floors; near subway and L. Booklet. GOLDEN REALTY, 288 St. James Place.

Exclusive sunlit, uncommonly commodious five rooms and bath; hall attendant; large porch; high grade equipment. 111 Taylor St., Williamsburg Plaza.

**Bronx.**

MAPES AV., No. 1,970, just north of Tremont Ave., Bronx, N. Y. City, very desirable 5-room front apartment and 4-room rear apartment, all improvements, light and first floor; to small families only; rent $27 and $22; immediate possession. No connection with adjoining houses. Apply to janitor or J. C. HULL, Agent, 175 2d Ave., N. Y. City.

**New Jersey.**

New and up-to-date apartments of five and six rooms and bath, with heat, hot water supply and janitor service, will decorate to suit. Full particulars of Charles Fall, agent, Hoboken Trust Co. Building, 14th & Washington Sts., Hoboken. Telephone 393 Hoboken.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—HADDON HALL. Finest apartment in State; 8-story elevator; fireproof; strictly high-class; 6 and 7 rooms; decoration to suit; $65 and $75. Any broker or on the premises, 57 and 59 Union St.

# Apartments Wanted

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**Furnished.**

Wanted—A furnished apartment, seven light rooms, for eight months; Central Park or Riverside Drive district. Address Seagle, The Hague, Lake George, N. Y.

Have clients wanting high-class furnished apartments; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 80 East 42d St. Murray Hill 8392.

**Unfurnished.**

Librarian and artist want one large, two smaller rooms or floor, house, below 72d; under $50. A 329 Times Downtown.

# Boarders Wanted

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

**East Side.**

8TH AV., 47.—Comfortable family house; modern conveniences; transients; permanent; table board.

9TH, 12 EAST, (5th Av.)—Desirable, large, small rooms; private bath; reasonable.

218T, 145 East, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; electricity; private bath, excellent table; references; phone.

34TH, 117-119 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Large, single rooms, with board.

45TH ST., 8 EAST.
Table board; rooms; references.

618T, 159 EAST.—Beautiful, renovated rooms; steam, hot water; excellent table.

73D, 12 EAST.—Double and single rooms; excellent table; references; limited number of table boarders.

89TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Attractive rooms; conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate; telephone. Gross

MADISON AV., 213. (Near 36th St.)—Large and small rooms; some with private baths; newly furnished and decorated; table board; excellent cuisine; references.

MADISON AV., 213, (Near 36th St.)—Large and small rooms; some with private baths; newly furnished and decorated; excellent cuisine; references.

MADISON AV., 71.—Most convenient location in city; first-class house; attractive rooms.

**West Side.**

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, large rooms; steam; home cooking; healthy location.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, single; private bath; excellent table. 4589 Bryant.

58D, 57 WEST.—Sunny rooms, with board; refined, high-class house; telephone; references.

64TH, 54 WEST.—First-class single, double rooms, suites; private baths; electricity; references.

86TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; suite; private bath; references.

87TH, 851 WEST.—Large room, private bath; excellent table; telephone; electricity; reference.

# Boarders Wanted

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

**West Side**

58TH, 146 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished, decorated; large, small rooms; references.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

68TH, 50 WEST.—Electricity; steam heat; private bath; large and medium rooms; near Park, subway; excellent Southern cooking.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, single, suite; electricity, steam, hot water, home cooking.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Small, large rooms with private bath; exceptionally well-kept private house; business people; moderate terms; references.

71ST, 62 WEST.—EXCEPTIONAL BOARD; DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 256 WEST.—Attractive rooms; well appointed house; superior table; table guests.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; parlor dining room.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room; steam; first-class board; references.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, attractively furnished rooms; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; homelike; parlor dining; excellent table; conveniences.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table guests; reference.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive rooms, parlor dining; references.

77TH, 301 West, (344 West End Av.)—Select pension; exceptional immaculate accommodations; baths; exquisite furnishings; superior table; electricity.

78TH, 163 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, en suite, single; gentleman, business woman.

79TH, 114 AND 182 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Front rooms; private baths; superior table; high grade.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; also parlor floor; newly decorated; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine and service; private baths.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; all new high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; table guests.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Attractive, nicely decorated rooms; inducements to business couples; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Different from ordinary; large, small rooms; baths; electricity; phone.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 55 WEST.—Second floor front; private bath, medium, small rooms; running water.

82D, 45 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; reasonable.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Magnificent second floor, sunny front room; private bath; exclusive home; table service, appointments, unusual excellence

86TH, 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double rooms; private baths; superior table; refined home.

86TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, large rooms; suitable for gentleman appreciating fine home.

89TH, 318 WEST.—Very attractive large, small rooms, private bath; very convenience; exclusive house; excellent table; references; table guests.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate few couples or gentlemen; references.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Large first-floor front room; adults; exclusive Jewish home. Hellman.

91ST ST., 51 WEST.—Furnished large back parlor, with private bath; board.

92D, 117-119-121 WEST.—Sunny front room, opposite St. Agnes's grounds; room with private bath; parlor dining room; excellent food; permanent guests desired; telephone; references.

93D, 21 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; Park, "L," phone.

94TH, 38 WEST.—Desirable, large room; all home comforts; excellent board. Strauss.

102D, 253 WEST.—Salon floor, elegantly furnished, private bath; also one large room and bath. Mrs. R. Aarons.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; 3 large rooms and bath; also single room; between Riverside and Broadway.

113TH, 525 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private boarding house; table guest; home cooking.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting with bath, or single; table guests.

121ST, 150 WEST.—Homelike, sunny rooms; excellent cuisine; Hebrew family; telephone; table guests.

122D, 156 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; refined house; references; table guests.

149TH, 510 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small rooms; German cooking; private house.

145TH, 349 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, overlooking park; gentlemen, couples; Southern cooking; telephone.

152D, 531 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; running water, electric light; southern exposure; excellent table. Aud. 4878.

BROADWAY (245 West 104th.)—Comfortable rooms; southern exposure; home cooking. 7588 River.

GENTLEWOMAN, steam heated house, Riverside Drive, will rent 2 large, handsomely furnished rooms, overlooking Hudson; also large room, private bath; exceptional cuisine. Audubon 8926.

PRIVATE FAMILY have two beautifully furnished rooms to rent for the Winter, together or separate; excellent Southern cooking. Z 314 Times Annex.

PRIVATE JEWISH FAMILY will accommodate two table boarders, 122d, near Broadway. Address A. Davis, 1,264 Amsterdam Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Elegant rooms; bath, shower, &c.; superior board; $12 weekly; exceptional home surroundings. 4060 Morningside. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 588, Apt. 81.—Beautiful rooms; southern exposure; superior board; refined.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family Hotel of high standard; Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare; Lovely furnished rooms, suites; all comforts; Excellent chef and service; separate tables; Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation. Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

**Brooklyn.**

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL, FOR GIRLS from four to sixteen, has a few vacancies. Phone Bushwick 7662. 657 Madison St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NURSE takes invalids and infirm in her detached cottage; countrylike; homelike; terms reasonable. 357 77th St., Brooklyn.

# Board Wanted

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

BETWEEN 45th and 72d, 6th and Lexington Avs., or Washington Square district, two bedrooms, (not necessarily connecting,) with private bath or baths, and a large living room; must be high class in every respect; full Winter occupancy; highest credentials; give all particulars. Mother and Son, Box A 324 Times Downtown.

COUPLE WISH comfortable Winter home; refined, central location; not exceeding $80 monthly; give full particulars; references exchanged. A 319 Times Downtown.

# Furnished Rooms

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

**East Side.**

11TH ST., 10 EAST, (NEAR 5TH AV.)
Pleasant, large, small rooms; every convenience.

28D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Small and large rooms; private family; all conveniences; telephone.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

34TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, with bath, electricity; $6.50; telephone.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Floor, one flight; two large rooms, bath; together, separate; all conveniences; private house; exceptional; gentlemen.

37TH, 18 EAST.—Large, nicely furnished rooms, $6 to $10; bath; telephone.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Comfortable room; private bath; square room, single room; references.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring Beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV, 586, (near 51st.)—Elegant, sunny rooms in private house; absolutely clean; all conveniences; breakfast; references; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV, 265, (near 36th.)—Attractive large front room; bath. Murray Hill 728.

MADISON AV., 220.—Desirable rooms; running water; furnished, unfurnished; adjoining bath; electricity, telephone.

MADISON AV., 529.—Beautifully furnished rooms, with, without private baths; phone; electricity.

# Country Board

*Thirty cents an agate line.*

A REFINED private family having beautiful home, one hour from New York, would like elderly gentleman as paying guest. Address Refined, 950 6th Av.

**Westchester.**

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches, well-shaded grounds; river view. W. H. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

**New Jersey.**

WHAT ARE YOUR
LIVING EXPENSES?
THE MAN WHO PAYS $50 OR MORE A MONTH FOR RENT SPENDS AN ADDITIONAL HUNDRED FOR OTHER EXPENSES. HIS WIFE HAS THE PETTY WORRIES OF KEEPING HOUSE, OF SOLVING THE PROBLEM OF HELP.
LET US SHOW YOU A BEAUTIFUL WAY TO LIVE FOR LESS THAN YOU NOW PAY. TWENTY-NINE MINUTES FROM BROADWAY, FREEDOM FROM SUBWAY RIDING, SELECT NEIGHBORHOOD, TENNIS COURTS, BALLROOM, SUN PARLORS, EXCELLENT CUISINE.
FOR BOOKLET AND RATES ADDRESS
F. B. LAWFORD, PROP.
BRICK CHURCH STATION,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington,
East Orange, N. J.
"80 Minutes from Broadway."
Why live in a crowded flat when you can get an apartment consisting of parlor, bedroom and private bath with delicious meals and first-class service for $25 per week for two persons. Exclusive and homelike. Take Lackawanna, at Hoboken; Marlborough one block from East Orange Station. Send for booklet. Phone Orange 2020. Only a few suites left for Winter booking.
W. T. READE, Prop.

**Connecticut.**

Good, homelike accommodations; French cusine; beautiful rides. Rosemary, Fairfield, Conn.; hour out.

# Furnished Rooms

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

**West Side**

97TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; charming suite for bachelors; hot water, electricity; references.

127TH, 145 WEST.—Private family; airy room; modern conveniences; apartment 5; references.

127TH, 111 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; private house; references.

135TH, 849 WEST.—Single room, $2.50; double, $5; exclusive residence; telephone; desirable.

23D, 326 WEST.—Large rooms, $3-$5; hall rooms, $2.50; light housekeeping.

28TH, 4 WEST.—Newly furnished; fireplace; large closets; separate entrance; private family; $4; references; apply mornings. Beals.

49TH, 59 WEST.
Exceptionally desirable rooms in private house.

32D ST. AND BROADWAY.—Permanent rates; rooms, with and without private baths, 1 or 2 persons, $9 to $12 per week; single rooms, $7 per week; parlor bedroom and bath, 1 or 2 persons, $15 per week. Hotel New Strand.

52D, 55 WEST.—Room; private bath, electricity, telephone; vacant October; reasonable; gentlemen; references.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms, every convenience; desirable home; references.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Exceptionally large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; gentlemen; references.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished single rooms; electricity, elevator, telephone. Keen.

57TH, 264 WEST.—Large front corner room; bath, electricity, steam; beautifully furnished.

67TH, 109 WEST.—Large room; hot, cold water, electricity, telephone; reference required.

58TH ST, 21 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths, kitchenette, electricity, telephone, $7, $8, $10.

58TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; perfectly appointed; splendidly-kept house; rooms, $6-$12.50.

58TH, 118 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath; select, quiet home location; small room.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Parlor floor studio suite, with grand piano; also small room.

61ST, 119 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; hot water constantly; telephone.

65TH, 5 WEST.—Front room with alcove, telephone; one flight; $6. Beeson.

69TH, 143 WEST.—Attractive living, bed room; exclusive apartment; shower, electricity; breakfast. Wilde.

69TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive furnished rooms; baths, running water, telephone; references.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms; single, suite; electricity; steam; hot water; phone.

70TH ST., 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; suite, with private bath, or single; up-to-date in every particular.

71ST, 163 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large rooms; absolutely clean; excellent maid service.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated, furnished rooms; baths; electricity; meals optional.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Electricity; parquet floors; hot, cold water; no rooming house.

72D, 138 WEST.—Very desirable location; tastefully furnished rooms, with and without private baths; very reasonable prices.

73D, 173 WEST.—Nicely furnished, comfortable rooms; moderate; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Two exceptional, nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large front rooms, with private baths; small room; board; quiet location; phone; near Riverside Drive.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive single and double rooms; private baths; subway express; references.

75TH, 111 WEST.—New, large, small suites; continuous hot water, electricity, telephone; references.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Large rooms; also front parlor; connecting bedroom; $6, $8; telephone.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Parlor floor, bath, electricity, also large single, adjoining bath.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; dressing room; running water; exclusive neighborhood; telephone.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; suitable two, with large dressing room; running water; exclusive neighborhood; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Attractive, homelike, sunny rooms; near bath; continuous hot water; electricity.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Large, airy front room; southern exposure; conveniences; reference; reasonable.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, newly furnished; breakfast optional; moderate.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.
Very attractive, pleasant rooms; home comforts.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private house; suitable one, two; references.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Desirable, homelike rooms; quiet, private house; telephone; references.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Beautiful rooms facing museum; board optional. MacGregor.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; shower baths; select.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; large, small; electricity, telephone; subway, "L."

79TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive small rooms; also large rooms adoining private baths; references.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Large rooms, suitable three; rooms, private bath; single room; electricity.

80TH, 305 WEST. (SCHUYLER 8917.)
Attractive room, adjoining bath; apartment; bachelor.

80TH, 119 WEST.—Newly furnished house; suites and single rooms.

81ST, 265 WEST. (West End.)—Large, suite, separate; running water; shower; elevator. Pearson.

82D, 134 WEST.—Large, handsome second-floor rooms; private baths; single room; references.

82D, 280 WEST.—Attractive front bedroom; medium service; quiet house; private. Solly.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large furnished front room, private bath, electric light; references.

82D, 109 WEST.—Large room, nicely furnished; suitable for two; Koenig.

83D, 42 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; house just opened; table guests.

86TH, 55 WEST.—Exceptional second floor, private baths; continuous hot water; other rooms.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; breakfast.

88TH, 178 WEST.—Parlor, back parlor, bath; 2d floor, two rooms, bath; porch; en suite, single; electricity; meals optional.

90TH, 58 WEST.—Newly furnished, attractive, large, medium-sized rooms, with private bath, telephone; references; private house.

# Furnished Rooms

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

**West Side**

91ST, 54 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished house; rooms, en suite with baths, or single, $5, $7, $10; convenient "L."

91ST, 64 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; shower baths; refined private house; references.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Elegant, newly decorated, comfortably furnished rooms; private bath; telephone; references.

91ST, 38 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large, sunny rooms; private baths; electricity.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Desirable, furnished, large room; private bath; select, private house.

93D, 253 WEST, (Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished large room; suite; baths; private residence; references.

93D, 251 WEST.—Beautiful large, connecting rooms; southern exposure; also single rooms. Crane.

96TH, 330 WEST.—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; near subway; gentlemen only. Apartment 6.

95TH, (710 West End Av.)—Comfortable rooms; running water; moderate. Dick.

96TH, 88 WEST.—Large and small rooms, bath connecting; board optional.

97TH ST., 147 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive; well furnished room; bath; telephone.

97TH, 316 WEST.—One door from Riverside; single, en suite; gentleman; reference.

97TH, 126 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, with bath; private house.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Light, attractive rooms; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $2.50 to $5. McNamara.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; two attractive rooms; adjoining bath.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house, Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room, piano, bath.

104TH, 254 WEST.—Private house; desirable room; reasonable; references exchanged; near Subway, "L."

105TH, 221 WEST.—Neatly furnished parlor, bedroom; piano; heated; kitchen privileges. Arnest.

105TH ST., 248, (Broadway.)—Pleasant room, adjoining shower bath; private family; elevator. Phillips.

109TH, 301 WEST.—Three comfortable rooms; private home; entirely new; gentlemen. 3 B.

111TH ST., 504 WEST.—Attractive, light room, bath adjoining; exquisite elevator apartment; no other roomers. Apt. 10.

112TH, 536 WEST.—Large, attractive, cool room; high-class elevator apartment; gentlemen. Bridges.

112TH, 606 WEST, Apartment 1.—Large front room; reasonable; only roomer; southern exposure.

112TH, 541 WEST.—Two very desirable adjoining rooms, suitable two gentlemen. Apt. 3.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Large outside room; running water; private family; breakfast optional; single gentleman. Apartment 22.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Attractive, homelike rooms; private house; near Columbia University; convenient transportation.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—KITCHENETTE, PRIVATE BATH, LABORATORY; REASONABLE.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Large, sunny room; hall room; breakfast optional. Warington.

116TH ST., 420 WEST.—Exceptional single, double rooms obtainable at $25 and upward per month; excellent service included. Write, call, or phone 6800 Morningside.

116TH, 404 WEST.—Two attractive, sunny rooms; running water; private family. Apt. 2.

118TH, 480 WEST.—Homes for one or two; opposite Columbia; subway; all conveniences; unusual furnishings and care. Emmett.

118TH, 155 WEST.—Attractive room, bath; private house; refined Jewish family; gentlemen only.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Southeast corner rooms; Morningside Drive, near Columbia; suite two rooms, private bath, kitchenette; $4-$7.

118TH, 423 WEST.—$3, $4, $4.50, $5.50, $6, $6.50; board, $5. Gayer.

119TH, WEST, (Claremont Av., 49.)—Large outside room, beautifully furnished; opposite Columbia.

121ST, 420 WEST.—Outside double room; overlooking Columbia; elevator; electricity; shower. Apt. 53.

121ST, 402 WEST.—Single, double outside rooms, overlooking Columbia; modern. Apartment 23.

122D ST., (180 Claremont Av.)—Overlooking Hudson; large; small; suite; conveniences. Wells.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—Large outside room; 1 or 2 persons; no other roomers. Apt. 2W.

188TH, 618 WEST.—Cozy single rooms; private house; bath, telephone; gentlemen; references.

144TH, 513 WEST.—Handsome room, 16x16; alcove; running water, bath, shower; telephone; private house; clean, quiet; gentleman; permanent.

148, (8,604 Broadway.)—Bachelor (29) will rent large, airy room, all improvements. Mayer.

152D, 511 WEST.—Private family will rent beautiful front room or floor, with kitchenette; young couple, gentlemen; private house.

A PROFESSIONAL COUPLE, having ground-floor apartment, 56th, near subway, elevated, will let to one or two business people large, sunny room and living room, furnished Mission, mahogany; many books; steam; kitchen privileges; $8 weekly. Editor, Box 961, General Post Office.

BROADWAY, 2,181, (74th.)—Elegant room, bath adjoining; private home; breakfasts, gentleman. Potter.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St., West.)—Single room; private family; gentleman; telephone.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106.—Delightful, outside front rooms; overlooking Hudson, park. Apt. 92.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.—Attractive outside room, bath; private family; excellent service. Apartment 8A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745.—Suite two rooms, facing Drive; private family. Apartment 15.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (Corner 135th.)—Sunny room; elevator, shower; private family; 65.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

SUPERIOR accommodation in exclusive apartment near Riverside; express, subway. Telephone Riverside 5015.

WEST END AV, 569, (86th Subway.)—Desirable rooms; steam heat; gentlemen; references.

# Unfurnished Rooms

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

40th, 66 West.—High-class house; private bath; electricity; bright, airy; meals a la carte; references.

85TH, 300 WEST.—Studio suite or separate; private dwelling; refined surroundings; subway.

468 West 145th St.—Top floor of private house to rent for private flat.

794 West End Av. (98th), two rooms, private bath; maid service; low rent.

# Rooms Wanted

**Furnished.**

*Twenty-five cents an agate line.*

YOUNG CHRISTIAN COUPLE desires comfortable room with congenial, refined private family; convenient to board and within half hour Battery; piano, phone, and reasonable rent required; state price; references. A 309 Times Downtown.

Business woman, Presbyterian, wants medium-size room near 45th St. and 5th Av.; references. Particulars to 41 Wall St., Room 2,112.

WITH PRIVATE FAMILY; no other roomers; gentleman wants neat, reasonable room; state price. M 34 Times.

**Unfurnished.**

By young business woman, unfurnished, medium-sized room, with private bath, about $25 month; Gramercy Park section preferred; references required and given. A 318 Times Downtown.

REFINED YOUNG LADY wishes one or two unfurnished rooms, top floor, private house, with meal, not above 72d St.; reference exchanged. M 38 Times.

Unfurnished room desired by refined young man; good family; reasonable. M 51 Times.

# Situations Wanted, Female

*Fifteen cents an agate line.*

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, competent office assistant; accurate, reliable; salary, $15. A 313 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly understands credits, collections, &c.; also capable correspondent. L 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; 4 years' experience; salary, $10. A 314 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Excellent private family cook; best city reference. Hassett, 144 East 97th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Colored dressmaker; competent, makes women's dresses, also children's fine hand-made dresses. Mitchell, 214 West 84th St.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, out by the day, $3. Tel. 1780 Aud. S. Riehl, 502 W. 151st.

# Automobile Exchange

*Thirty-five cents an agate line.*

**$25 REWARD**

Will be paid for each legitimate prospect or lead of persons contemplating purchasing an automobile and eventually terminating into a sale.

This offer is made in good faith and represents one of the most reputable standard-made cars on the market selling around $1,250. Give your telephone number if possible.

ADDRESS Z 289 TIMES ANNEX.

A—A.—PRIVATE PARTY WILL SACRIFICE CONTENTS OF PRIVATE GARAGE regardless of cost; two late model up to date automobiles, electric starter and electric equipment throughout, every possible equipment, extra tires, tubes, rims and tools, &c.; small foreign Hudson, price $350; small 6-passenger Studebaker, price $375; above cars have been used very little; practically new; must be seen and demonstrated to be appreciated. See coachman private estate, 921 Putnam Av., two blocks off Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone 7112 Bushwick.

GENUINE BARGAIN.

I will sacrifice either one of my two up-to-date touring cars, Cadillac or Studebaker; self-starter, electric lights, &c.; fine condition; inspection invited. Call from 9 until 6, private, 1,365 Pacific St., corner New York Av., two blocks from Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 257W Bushwick.

Cadillac touring, 1914; in appearance and condition practically a new car; newly painted, electric lights; self-starter, good shoes, two extra shoes, silk mohair top; completely equipped; ready for immediate delivery. F. B. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Phone 7900 Columbus.

Stearns Knight, 1913, Touring, 4 cylinder, 7 passenger; electric lights and dynamo; new slip covers, complete equipment; thoroughly overhauled and sold with new car guarantee; ready for immediate delivery. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Phone 7900 Columbus.

Big sacrifice, $800; Krit light 5-passenger touring; purchased 1914; completely and luxuriously equipped, including electrical equipment; painted rich royal purple and green; any demonstration and trial allowed. Melrose 8649.

Stearns-Knight, 1915, touring, only used 1,000 miles; owner leaving town, will sell sacrifice price; see salesrooms Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,090 Broadway. L. T. Hollister, 19 Liberty St.

Packard (1916) limousine, 88 h. p. Rolls-Royce (1915) five passenger touring. Cadillac (1914) touring; like new. Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

White Steamer.—Exceptional sacrifice; cost $3,500 new; excellent condition; $325, with extras. Vlehmann, 735 Albert St., Astoria, L. I.

Oldsmobile Special, 1912 six-cylinder seven-passenger touring car; elegant condition; big bargain at $350. Lowa, 197 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

Packard, (6-48,) touring; Holbrook body; Victoria top; run 4,000 miles; absolutely perfect; sacrificing. C. W. Shay, 216 West 76th.

I can offer you a 14-months-old, 5-ton, steel body, tail-dump truck, with a hydraulic hoist, at a very low figure. Z 278 Times Annex.

Five-passenger touring car; latest equipment; classy runabout; fully equipped; electric light; Maxwell racebaout; private. 427 E. 57.

1914 Overlands, $400, $450; other Overlands equally cheap. 1,763 Broadway, (short flight up.)

Regal, 1913 coupe, first-class condition; run less than 5,000 miles. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,090 Broadway.

5-passenger touring; latest equipment. Classy runabout; fully equipped, electric light. Maxwell racer, private. 427 East 57th.

I can save a buyer $50 on a Model 43, 1916 Oldsmobile Touring Car; prompt delivery. Phone Greeley 5600.

Rauch & Lang dual controlled coach, like new; Edison batteries. X 233 Times Annex.

Rauch & Lang worm-drive brougham; owner leaving city; must sell at once. S 12 Times.

**Automobiles for Rent.**

Renault and Packard cars for hire, hour, day, or month; classy and up to date; reliable chauffeurs. Lewis, Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St. Phone 1509 Columbus.

Classy six-cylinder car, five or seven passenger electric equipped; owner drives; rates $850 month. Phone Columbus 10241.

Most Elegant 7-passenger Packard limousine in New York; only one; an exceptionally beautiful car. Rates reasonable. M 47 Times.

Beautiful Garford Six; seven-passenger touring; like new; wire wheels; hour, week, or month; owner drives. Lenox 8767.

Practically new Packard, $2.50 hourly upward; experienced owner drives; references. Harlem 9818.

Beautiful Fiat landaulet, by hour, day; special rate for month or season. Bord, 114 West 50th. Circle 1420.

O'Connor Rental Company; Packard cars for hire. 285 West 50th. Tel. 2177.

Large five-passenger touring car Coney Mardi Gras; evenings. Phone 429 Madison.

**Automobiles Wanted.**

Wanted, spot cash bargain in high class 1914 or 1915 seven-passenger touring car in good condition; no dealers; give full particulars. M 27 Times.

**Automobile Storage.**

F. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export. 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 3440.

**Automobile Instruction.**

Largest and Best School in WEST SIDE U. S. Send for Booklet and Y. M. C. A. Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 302 W. 57th St. Col. Special class for women.

Owners will profit greatly by taking our special six weeks' course. Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,121 Fedford Av., Brooklyn. Booklet and pass to school free.

STEWART Booklet explains WHY our AUTOMOBILE course is BEST. Inspect SCHOOL, our plant and be convinced. 225 W. 57th St. Ladies' classes.

# Situations Wanted, Female

*Fifteen cents an agate line.*

GENEVAN TEACHER.—Select, private school, wishes position as governess, companion; French, English, German; begin piano; long experience in intellectual training, character building; tactful, athletic; exc

# PERKINS PROMISES TO FIGHT TAMMANY

### If Defeated for Nomination He Says He Will Work for Anti-Murphy Candidate.

### MORE ATTACKS ON MOSS

### Declares He Will Conduct His Office Without Trying Cases in the Newspapers.

District Attorney Charles A. Perkins, who is a candidate on the Republican ticket for nomination to his present office, continued to attack his opponent, Frank Moss, who is also seeking the Republican nomination, in a number of speeches last night. Mr. Perkins spoke at the headquarters of four Republican district organizations, beginning with the First Assembly District, at 30 Macdougal Street. From there he went to the Fifth District headquarters, at 257 West Fourteenth Street, then to the Seventh District, at 269 Eighth Avenue, and wound up at the Ninth Assembly District organization club, at 474 West Thirty-fourth Street.

In his speeches, which were practically the same at each headquarters, Mr. Perkins said that Mr. Moss had been going around telling the voters not to vote for him because he, Mr. Perkins was unable to make a speech. While not conceding that he did not know how to make a speech, Mr. Perkins said he was convinced that Mr. Moss does not know how to refrain from making one. He said:

"If what you want is a District Attorney who will talk upon every occasion and who will appear constantly in the press with letters of explanation of what he is doing and what he is not doing, by all means cast your ballot for Mr. Moss. You will not be disappointed with the result, and if that is what you want you will be disappointed if you nominate and elect me. For I am a firm believer that the public prosecutor, who is only the attorney for the people in their criminal cases, should conduct the office in the same way in which any reputable attorney carries on his own private practice—preparing his cases without publicity, trying them in the courts, and not in the newspapers, and confining his public talk about his cases strictly to the communication of facts in which the public has a legitimate interest, without comment and, above all, without menace."

Mr. Perkins said he had done no more talking since taking office than he had been forced to do, but that his time had been spent in endeavoring to produce the greatest quantity of result in the time at his disposal. He said that 500 more cases have been disposed of in the eight months he has been in office than were ever disposed of in the same length of time in any calendar year; that more homicide cases were disposed of in the same months than in any other full calendar year with a single exception, that the standing calendar was never so low at this time of the year before, and that there never were so few prisoners in the city prison awaiting trial at this time of the year. He went on:

"Much as I wish the nomination and election, and I am sure, if nominated, I can be elected, provided there are but two candidates in the field, there is one thing which I desire more, and that is that the office be kept out of the hands of Tammany Hall. I assure you that if I am your nominee I shall work as hard for the election of the anti-Tammany candidate as I would work for my own. I believe any candidate asking your support should make the same pledge."

### MOSS WOULD NAME NEGRO.

### Promises Club He Will Appoint One as Assistant if Elected.

Frank Moss declared that he was responsible for the success of Governor Charles S. Whitman as District Attorney in an address last night at the Cosmopolitan Club, a negro organization, at 135th Street and Seventh Avenue. C. W. McDougald, a colored member of Mr. Whitmans staff, ousted by Mr. Perkins when he became District Attorney, presided.

"There should always be a negro on the District Attorney's staff," Mr. Moss declared. "If I am elected District Attorney, I will see to it that there is one. The colored assistant heretofore has received little aid from his colleagues in trying difficult cases. But my colored assistant could expect from me the same aid that I would give any of my white assistants."

He told of his work as First Assistant to Mr. Whitman and explained his efforts in the Becker and other famous cases. He had been largely responsible for the results obtained by Mr. Whitman, he declared.

### PRIMARIES IN MARYLAND.

### Weller (Rep.) Wins Gubernatorial Nomination—Democrat in Doubt.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 14.—Returns from today's primary election in Maryland show that Ovington E. Weller of Baltimore County won the Republican Gubernatorial nomination from William T. Warburton of Cecil County.

The result of the Democratic primary is in doubt owing to the long ballot and the fact that Republican ballots were counted first. At a late hour tonight United States Senator Blair Lee was leading State Controller Emerson C. Harrington in Baltimore City by a small margin. Harrington was leading in many of the counties.

### Bangor Rejects Commission Plan.

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 14.—This city today rejected the act passed by the last Legislature, providing for a commission form of municipal government. The vote was, for, 1,599; against, 2,178.

# TAX RATE TO JUMP, THE MAYOR ADMITS

### Difficult Problem to Reach Billions of Personalty Never Yet Assessed.

### CALLS LAW UNSCIENTIFIC

### Sub-Committee on Budget Cuts Some Bronx County Salaries and Abolishes a Few Places.

While experts in the Tax Department figured yesterday how to increase the personal assessment lists for 1916, which, it was admitted, might go as high as $4,000,000,000, and, while the sub-committee of the Tax Budget Committee continued to pare down department estimates, Mayor Mitchel admitted that the tax rate for next year would take a big jump.

Just how much the increase in the tax rate would amount to the Mayor said he could not determine at present, but he said that, owing to the imposition of the direct State tax of $13,000,000 and the probable increase of $1,000,000 in budget expenditures, the rate would go up one point for each $800,000. The present rate for Manhattan is 1.87 and the average rate for all the boroughs is 1.92. It was stated that the rate for next year might be any amount between 2.09 and 2.15. Should it reach the latter figure, it would mean an increase of twenty-eight points.

When asked about the determination of the Tax Commissioners to raise the assessments on personal property, the Mayor said he did not know what the Commissioners' figures were, but he did know that they had been instructed to raise every penny possible outside of the tax on real estate. He said there were billions of dollars of personal property in the city that had never been assessed, and just how to bring this within reach of the tax collectors was the problem.

"What do you think about the report that next year's personal assessment roll will reach $4,000,000,000?" the Mayor was asked.

**Trying to Reach Dodgers.**

"As I said before," the Mayor replied, "I do not know anything about the items of the Tax Commissioners, and those figures are too nebulous for me. Four billion dollars sounds big."

Later the Mayor made this statement:

"In view of the statements concerning the action of the Tax Department in attempting to assess at actual value personal estates, and the speculation concerning the results of that action, I wish to make clear the attitude of the administration upon this question.

"Tax experts generally, and all those who have studied the personal property tax law as in force in this city, agree that it is bad and unscientific. It is often confiscatory. It is easily evaded except by estates and those least able to pay. Personal assessments are a hit and miss affair, arrived at by guess work and without scientific basis, whereas they should be made through self-assessment.

"The law, however, is on the books, and it is the duty of the city administration to enforce it until replaced by a more just law and one capable of scientific and equitable enforcement.

"In the meantime we all recognize that many individuals and business houses are paying only a small proportion of what they should pay as their contribution to the cost of government. In view of the absolute necessity for relief to real estate, and in view also of the exigency created by the imposition of the crushing burden of the direct State tax, $13,000,000 of which the city must carry in its budget, the Tax Board is making a determined effort to reach persons under the law as it exists who have not hitherto borne their proper share of the burden of government. What additional revenue, if any, will be obtained remains to be seen.

"At any event, we are doing only what is our duty under the law, and if it is hoped that our efforts will result in some measure of relief. Even if we could look upon the matter as one in which we had discretion, we would be forced by the imposition of the direct State tax this year to take unusual steps to procure additional revenue in order, in some degree, to lessen the fearful burden under which the city is compelled to stagger."

**City's Protest Against $616,608.**

The construction put upon the tax law by the State authorities threatens to add $616,608 to the amount which New York City will have to pay as its share of the direct tax, and the Corporation Counsel's office yesterday filed with State Controller Travis a formal protest against such construction. The protest was sent to Albany by messenger. The difference of opinion hinges upon the question: Shall the value of bank shares be included in the assessed valuations upon the basis of which the tax is fixed and collected? Controller Prendergast holds that the tax law contemplates the levying of the tax upon the valuation of real and personal property, exclusive of bank shares, and in this view he is supported by the Corporation Counsel. The Corporation Counsel's office says that the State cannot legally assess the tax on the basis proposed, and in the letter of protest are given in detail the reasons behind this contention.

If bank shares are added to real and personal property, this will add $826,024 to the total amount of the direct tax, and $616,608 to New York City's share. The increase would bring New York City's entire contribution to the direct State tax up to $18,975,021. It was pointed out by the Corporation Counsel that bank shares are taxable anyway under Section 24 of the tax law, quite without regard to the direct State tax.

George H. Stege, President of the Society for the Prevention of Municipal Waste, said yesterday that it was absurd to expect the administration to raise the assessment on personal property to $4,000,000,000 or anything like that figure.

**Unpaid Taxes of $50,000,000.**

"The amount assessed in 1914," said Mr. Stege, "was $840,000,000, after combing the city and assessing men and women long since deceased, and others who had moved from the city years ago. In fact, in Brooklyn, the old city directory was used, and in Manhattan, hotel registers and the records of apartment houses. Of the tax of $6,-622,118 approximately levied, only $4,-000,000 was collected up to and including June 30, 1915, although personal taxes are all due May 1.

"Unpaid personal taxes are turned over to the Corporation Counsel for suit, and yet on June 30, 1915, there remained on the books of the Controller unpaid $50,081,196.71 of personal taxes. There were also unpaid $10,390,801.69 unpaid special franchise tax, and over $20,000,000 taxes on real estate of corporations."

Mr. Stege submitted a list showing how the city could save $17,926,000, "if the administration wants to keep the tax rate down." Among the reforms he mentioned was for the city to turn over the Ashokan Dam project to the Water Department; have the Controller collect the water taxes; do away with city automobiles; cut the engineering bill of the Public Service Commission in half; get rid of many secretaries; abolish the City Chamberlain's office, and the Commissioner of Accounts; have one administrative head for libraries and for parks; consolidate the Department of Bridges with Dock Department; abolish the Board of Inebriety; have an unpaid Commission run the Department of Correction; abolish many committees of the Board of Estimate; make the City Record a department of purchase; abolish all unnecessary printing of reports; establish a central bureau of engineering; have the Controller prune down his own department; restrict the activities of the Board of Health; put all charities under one head; abolish the Bureau of Fire Prevention; limit the expenses of the Board of Education, and cut the salaries of court attachés.

C. Leubuscher, President of the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, said the Mayor's order to his Tax Commissioners to enforce the personal property tax was "a notice to the public that the Mayor intends to have the city tax the workers' wages for the benefit of land speculators and other wealthy privileged classes here." He said the personal property tax is repudiated by every intelligent, unbiased tax expert in the country, and that Mayor Gaynor's commission on new sources of city revenue had stated that the personal property tax should be entirely abolished.

**Some Places Abolished.**

The sub-committee of the Tax Budget Committee, at its hearing yesterday, took up the question of the administration and running expenses of the four offices of Public Administrator in the greater city. Incidentally the position of Administrator's Agent in New York County was abolished by Chairman Wallstein, Commissioner of Accounts, for the time being at least. The job was originally held by Edgerton Kelly at $1,400 a year, but Kelly has been ill for the last year and a half and F. W. Arnold, Assistant Public Administrator of New York, who was on the stand, admitted that the position had remained unfilled during the period of Kelly's indisposition.

"If you have got along without an agent for a year and a half you will be able to continue," said Chairman Wallstein.

Charles S. Devoy, County Clerk of Kings, told the sub-committee that if fees were changed for work done for the District Attorney's office and the Corporation Counsel's office, it would save Kings County $100,000 a year.

"We are doing work for the Corporation Counsel's office that is worth $12,-000 a year in fees at least," said Mr. Devoy. "We save the District Attorney's office about $80,000 in fees they do not have to pay us. If we were allowed to collect the standard fees for preparing documents, recording and filing them, the income of the Kings County Clerk's office would easily be $150,000.

**County Salaries Cut.**

The salaries of nine out of the thirteen appointments in the County Clerk's office in the Bronx were cut by the sub-committee. The salary of Samuel W. Phillips, Secretary to Supreme Court Justice Gibbs, was reduced from $3,000 to $2,150. Edward J. O'Brien, Special Deputy Clerk, was reduced from $3,500 to $1,800. Louis F. Haffen and William Lyons, Assistant Special Deputy Clerks, were reduced from $2,500 to $1,800. On a pay roll of $37,700 a year the total cut and saving to the city will amount to $4,480 and will go into effect on Jan. 1 next.

Edward R. Carroll, clerk in General Sessions, submitted requests for appropriations increasing last year's figures from $395,245 to $407,420 for 1916. The sub-committee recommended $380,-300. The position of executive clerk of the Board of Assessors of the Finance Department, which pays $5,000 a year and which was held by St. George Tucker, brother-in-law of Ogden Mills, was cut out of the budget for next year.

John Quincy Adams of the Municipal Art Commission appeared before the sub-committee and the salary of his stenographer and typewriter was cut $200 a year. The hearing will be continued this morning.

# BANKER'S DAUGHTER PLUNGES FROM ROOF

### Miss Fenley Climbs to Top of Eight-Story Loft Building in Search of Death.

### NERVES AFFECTED BY HEAT

### Came from Kentucky for Medical Treatment—Had Accompanied Relative to Station.

As Henry Meyborg stood at the window of his home at 35 West Eighth Street, at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, with a vacant lot between him and the eight-story loft building at 39 West Eighth Street, he saw a woman's body fall, apparently from the roof of the loft building. He ran down, got a ladder, and scaled the high fence of corrugated iron which inclosed the lot that was being excavated for a building. Inside he found the body of a well-dressed woman, who had fallen so that her head was crushed back into her shoulders, but she was still breathing. Meyborg called him mother, Mrs. Annie Meyborg, who tried to aid the injured woman while her son summoned Patrolman Cassidy, who sent a hurry call for St. Vincent's ambulance. The woman died on the way to the hospital.

The body was clothed in a blue silk dress, and attached to her belt was a black leather handbag containing more than $15 in money and a slip of paper on which was written: "Dr. Pritchard, 143 West Seventy-second Street."

The police notified Dr. William Broaddus Pritchard, who identified the woman as Miss Elizabeth Fenley of Louisville, Ky., 31 years old, daughter of Oscar Fenley, President of the Kentucky National Bank of Louisville and a Director of the St. Louis Federal Reserve Bank. She had come to him here, he said, several weeks ago to be treated for a nervous disorder, and had been living in care of one of his nurses, Miss Edith Hebb, at the Hotel Majestic, at Seventy-second Street and Central Park West.

"Miss Fenley came here two months ago," said Dr. Pritchard. "She was a highly accomplished woman, but she had been suffering from a nervous disorder, and her family wanted her under the care of a nurse.

"She lived at the Majestic with Miss Hebb, who was her constant attendant wherever she went. Two weeks ago Miss Fenley's aunt, Miss Short from Louisville, visited her and my patient seemed to get much pleasure from her company. Yesterday Miss Short returned to Louisville on the 2 o'clock train from the Pennsylvania Station and Miss Fenley insisted on accompanying her to the train.

"It was unwise of her to make the trip because the heat of the past few days had greatly aggravated her nervousness. She had complained of not being able to sleep, and indeed I feared she would be completely prostrated. She went to the station and after that none of us had the slightest idea where she went; perhaps shopping we thought, or perhaps just for a trip downtown. She was a great reader and very much interested in everything about New York."

Miss Hebb, the nurse, came with Dr. Pritchard to identify the body, but was too overcome by the fate of her charge to say anything except that she had no idea how Miss Fenley came to leap from the roof.

On the ground floor of the loft building is an antique shop, but no one was there at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, the hour at which Miss Fenley fell to her death. On the iron stairway leading from the top floor to the roof were found Miss Fenley's black straw hat with a long black feather, which she had evidently put there beside the book, Alice Brown's "Children of Earth," which she had been reading, the play that won the $10,000 prize and then failed on the stage in New York last year.

The police are inclined to accept Dr. Pritchard's theory that the heat affected Miss Fenley, who wandered to the roof of the loft building and then either jumped or fell off. Her father was notified of his daughter's death, and ordered Dr. Pritchard to take charge of the body until he should arrive.

### SCHOOLS WANT $43,894,524.

### Board of Education Budget Shows Increase of $4,000,000.

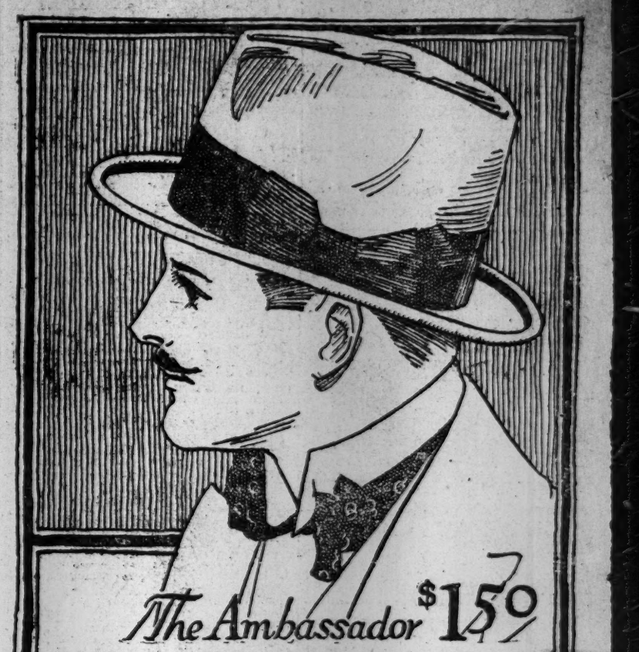
The Finance Committee of the Board of Education has completed its revision of the departmental budget for 1916. It amounts to $43,894,524.21 which is an increase of $4,053,542.68 over this year's appropriation. The bulk of the estimate and most of the increase is in the general fund, from which the expenses of instruction are paid. This estimate is $36,096,637.41, an increase of $3,342,130.49. For the special or maintenance fund $7,797,886.80 is asked, an increase of $711,406.19.

The committee explains that the increase in the general fund is larger than it ordinarily would be because there are material shortages in the fund for this year. There was, for instance, no provision for vacation schools. Promotion of teachers, made possible by settlement of litigation, will require $269,280. An item included for the first time is $22,000 for vacation pay of per diem school clerks and substitutes. Forty additional attendance officers require $36,000, and $45,000 is wanted for 200 temporary officers.

The budget will be considered by the Board of Education at its meeting today.

**Schneider's Men Protest Pay Cut.**

The employes in the office of County Clerk Schneider met after office hours yesterday to discuss what action should be taken to prevent the reduction in the pay of many of them by the Board of Estimate. Mr. Schneider made a speech. Deputy Clerk William B. Selden also spoke. He advised the men to stick together, to battle for their rights in the open, and not to attempt to use any private influence. The meeting appointed a Chairman, and a committee was named to prepare a plan of protest.

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You can't tell a Kaufman from a high priced hat.
$5 Style and $3 Quality for $1.50
See our windows to-day for the best styles shown anywhere
45 Stores **Kaufman** All Cities
Manhattan's Man Hatter.

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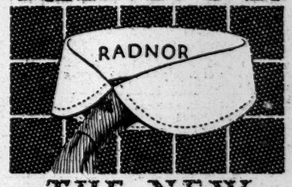

THE NEW ARROW COLLAR

*An Attractive Restaurant*
Shanley's expresses one of the most attractive sides of the restaurant life in the city.
Real life and diversion in the evening cabaret - seven to one.
For business men, shoppers and matinee-goers—the seven-course lunch—75c. (Music)
SHANLEY'S
Broadway 43rd to 44th St.

LONGACRE THEATRE, WEST 48TH ST., PHONE 28 BRYANT. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees TODAY & SATURDAY, 2:20.
POPULAR MAT. TODAY ENTIRE ORCHESTRA $1.00
HAUNTING MELODIES. "AN OPERETTA THAT ACKNOWLEDGES NO DEBT TO THE MERRY WIDOW."—Times. The Sensational Musical Comedy Success.
THE GIRL WHO SMILES
EXQUISITE SCENES. BY THE AUTHORS OF "ADELE," "ALMA," ETC., WITH Natalie Alt, Geo. Baldwin, Wm. Danforth AND AN OPERA SINGING CHORUS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way and 40 St. Evgs. 8.15. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2.15. MR. CYRIL MAUDE in his International triumph. GRUMPY
LYCEUM West 45th St. Evgs 8.15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2.15. in the Double Comedy Bill MARIE TEMPEST J. M. BARRIE'S ROSALIND and THE DUKE OF KILLICRANKIE
NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street. Evenings 8.10. LAST 6 TIMES. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2.10. The Greatest Musical Show Ever Produced. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES After the Play Visit NEW ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC DANSE DE FOLLIES. Atop This Theatre
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE—SPECIAL MONDAY, SEPT. 20—Seats Tomorrow. HOLBROOK BLINN'S COMPANY IN A PLAY ABOUT WAR, by Beulah M. Dix. MOLOCH
YOUNG AMERICA IS OUR IDEA OF A GOOD PLAY."—Evs. Sun. GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat. SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. TODAY and Sat. 2:15. UNDER FIRE with WM. COURTENAY.
HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15. "Exciting, Surprising, Amusing. A Positive Thrill."—Eve. Post. Rolling Stones
FULTON 46th St., nr. Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:25. SOME BABY! "A Laughing Triumph."—N.Y.American
GEO. COHAN'S Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:20. M. JULIAN ELTINGE in "CYNTHIA LUCY," by CHARLES KLEIN.
THE BIRTH OF A NATION AT LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15. TWICE Daily, Incl. Sunday Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2. Other Matinees, 25c, 50c & $1 D. W. GRIFFITH'S GIGANTIC SPECTACLE. Symphony Orchestra of 40.
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:20. COMMON CLAY with JOHN MASON and JANE COWL SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20. "Three Acts of Good Fun."—N. Y. Sun. THE BOOMERANG
Park Col. Circle. Phone 9590 Col. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. May Irwin "Laugh Genius" in the new comedy "33 WASHINGTON SQUARE" Mat. Today Best Seats, $1.
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat. 2:15. ALWAYS COOL—SLIDING ROOF. MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN
GARRICK 35th St., 6th Ave. Phone 6597 Greeley. 10-15-25c. TO-DAY 1 TO 11 P. M. LAURENCE D'ORSAY in "THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET." Other Spc'l Features. Symph Orch. Every Tuesday, "NEAL OF THE NAVY."
STRAND B'way & 47th St. Noon to 11:30. 10c to 50c. BLANCHE SWEET in "The Case of Becky." Strand Orch. & Soloists Next Week, Lou-Tellegen in "The Explorer."
PALISADES Amusement PARK OPEN EVERY SUNDAY IN SEPTEMBER. SURF BATHING EVERY DAY.
Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Every Eve. at 8:15. 12-Act Vaudeville Show ALL SEATS RESERVED DELIGHTFUL PROMENADE. 25c, 35c, 50c.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Matinee Today. THE MERRY ROUNDERS

VITAGRAPH THEATRE Broadway, 44th St. Twice Today & Every Day 2:30 and 8:30. "GREATEST WAR DRAMA EVER FILMED."—G. H. MELTZER, N. Y. American.
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By J. STUART BLACKTON featuring the distinguished actor CHARLES RICHMAN
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ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. at 8:20. MATINEE TODAY 2:20. THE OVERWHELMING SUCCESS OF THE YEAR."—Globe. COHAN'S GREAT AMERICAN FARCE HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY with FRED NIBLO. "GREATEST TRIUMPH OF COHAN'S CAREER."—Journal.
CANDLER W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15. THE HOUSE OF GLASS By MAX MARCIN. Best American Melodrama
LEXINGTON 51st & Lex. Av. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25c & 50c. A. H. Woods Presents THE YELLOW TICKET
STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25c & 50c. Selwyn & Co. Presents "TWIN BEDS"
YORK 116 St., nr. Lenox Av. Phone 1864 Morn. Ev. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25 & 50c. H. H. Frazee Presents "A FULL HOUSE"
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY, 47 ST. D'ly Mat. 25c to $1. NORA BAYES, WILLIAM A. BRADY'S "THE HONEY-MOONERS," ROSHANARA, LADDIE CLIFF, "The Slave Dealers," Harry Gilfoil.
COLONIAL MAT. DAILY, 25c. Fannie Brice, "Woman Proposes," Dooley & Sales, Taylor Granville & Co., others.
YORKVILLE 86th St. at 3d Ave. AMERICAN BELLES Burlesque Mat. Today 15c to 50c. Smoking Permitted.

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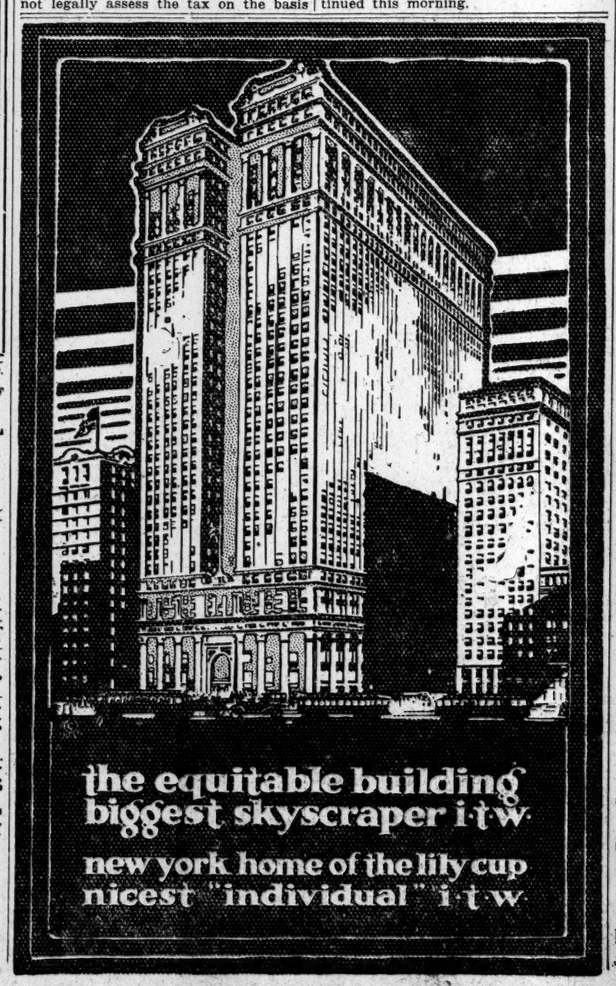
MAJESTIC EVERY NIGHT. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents PEG O' MY HEART. Prices: Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25 to $1. Wed. Mat. 25 & 50

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Unsurpassed Cooking. Popular Prices.
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MENU: Little Neck Clams, Cherry Stone. Consomme in Jelly, Frog Legs, Saute Meuniere, Crab Meat Ravigote, Half Fried Chicken, Virginia Corn on Cob, Candied Sweet Potatoes, Salad, Peach Ice Cream, Watermelon, Cantaloupe, Cheese, Demi-Tasse.
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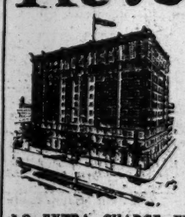
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